"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Partly cloudy today and Friday; somewhat warmer today; moderate to fresh southwest winds.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXX....No. 22,986. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

FIUME SURRENDERS; AIRPLANE TO TAKE D'ANNUNZIO AWAY

Not Worth While to Die for Italy, Poet Declares in His Farewell.

CITY RECOGNIZES TREATY

Council, d'Annunzio Having Handed Over to It His Powers, Accepts Caviglia's Terms.

REBELS INFLICT BIG LOSSES

Use Machine Guns and Grenades Against Regulars, Who Spare Them as Much as Possible.

ROME, Dec. 29.—D'Annunzio has issued a proclamation declaring it is not worth while dying for Italy. He said he was leaving Fiume by airplane.

This was semi-officially announced here this afternoon, together with the announcement that the Fiume agreement might be regarded as concluded.

Complete recognition of the Treaty of Rapallo has been given by d'Annunzio's representatives at the Abbazzia conference with General Ferrario, it was indicated in a report received from General Caviglia, commander of the Italian regular forces at Fiume.

A description of the last phases of the struggle in Fiume shows that the Legionaries reopened fire against the troops, who were merely holding the positions they had taken on Monday night.

The fight assumed the character of guerrilla warfare all along the line. The Legionaries took advantage of the natural resources of the terrain for laying ambuscades.

As the regulars were advancing across orchards they were enveloped by fire from machine guns which had been sunk to the level of the ground and cleverly camouflaged.

The houses seemed to have been abandoned, but when the troops approached the Legionaries, hidden behind windows, behind chimney stacks and on balconies and roofs, suddenly opened fire. Even women were found working machine guns.

The gravest losses were inflicted by hand grenades, which were used so freely as to give the impression that they must have been accumulated by scores of thousands.

Regulars Spare Their Foes.

It would have been an easy matter to get the better of the legionaries by employing artillery, but the military authorities refused such recourse except against military buildings.

The legionaries ultimately tried to force the regulars to retreat in order to relieve pressure on the city, but failed owing to the stubborn resistance, especially of the carabineers and Alpine troops, who fought courageously for more than three hours. The points where the struggle was bitterest were near the railway station and inside the Fiume Cemetery, which was virtually destroyed.

Colonel Maioli, head of the staff of the 45th Division, has issued an order saying: "All officers were at the head of their men without exception, even those attached to the staff."

Colonel Maioli led all his officers to the attack.

What the regulars especially resented were the insults levelled at them by the legionaries. A Calabrese soldier who had his leg broken said while being carried off on a stretcher: "The insults hurt me more than the wound."

The legionaries set fire to a powder magazine in the Recina Valley, southeast of the city, last night, according to a report from Abbazia. The explosion, which occurred toward midnight, set fire to the woods surrounding Fiume to the east, and great clouds of black smoke rolled down over the city.

An armored car advanced against the regulars at one point and inflicted heavy losses, the Alpini throwing themselves on the ground and continuing the struggle for some time. Major Dambara, in command of the Alpini, rushed toward the car, but was wounded twice and his horse was shot dead. When the fire ceased Major Dambara was able to struggle toward the car, and upon entering it found three dead legionaries and two seriously wounded commissioned officers.

The majority of the wounded were struck by machine gun bullets or splinters of hand grenades. They say the regular troops were ordered not to fire unless absolutely obliged to do so, while the legionaries have taken every advantage to inflict the heaviest possible losses upon their assailants.

An officer of d'Annunzio's legionaries arrived here from Fiume today and gave an account of events there. He said an officer of the regulars a few days ago presented himself on the bridge connecting Fiume and Sussak and asked what the legionaries would do if the regulars attempted to enter the city. The officer of the legionaries answered: "Try, and you will see."

At 11 o'clock that night there were two immense explosions, the bridges over the Eneo River being blown up. The streets around were literally covered with scraps of glass and wood. Many of the houses were wrecked.

Notwithstanding the warnings of the military authorities, several families near the bridges refused to evacuate their homes, and seven persons were injured.

d'Annunzio Abused Peacemakers.

According to the Messagero many influential persons in Fiume were badly treated or severely reprimanded by

Continued on Page Four.

Seaboard Florida Limited—Train De Luxe. Solid Pullman with Club and Observation cars. Lv. N. Y. 6:20 P. M. daily, commencing Jan. 3. Make reservations now. 1184 B'y.—Advt.

Denmark Pays $15,600,000, Schleswig Indemnity Quota

PARIS, Dec. 29.—Denmark made a payment of 65,000,000 gold marks (about $15,600,000) to the Reparations Commission on Christmas Day in fulfillment of the conditions of the annexation of Schleswig, as enumerated by the Versailles Treaty.

This payment, according to announcement made here today, represent Schleswig's portion of the German Empire's debt at the beginning of the World War, her part of the Prussian State debt and the value of German public property taken over by Denmark.

Credit has been given to Germany for the entire sum as a part of her war indemnity.

PRINCESS ASKS FAIR PLAY FOR KING

Former Mrs. Leeds Says Venizelist Propaganda Has Blackened Constantine's Name.

SHE APPEALS TO AMERICANS

Calls Restoration Proof of Democracy—Denies That She Financed Constantine's Cause.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ATHENS, Dec. 28.—The American-born member of the Greek royal family, formerly Mrs. William B. Leeds, now the wife of Prince Christopher, has given me an interview—the only one she has accorded to a newspaper man. I asked Princess Anastasia her opinion on the situation in Greece, and she said:

"During the war public opinion on both sides was controlled by propaganda. You remember how in France, for example, Europeans were able to put whatever complexion they liked on the American military effort. In the battle of the Argonne, one of the greatest battles of the war and of all time, more than a million men were under American command, and the American victory made further resistance by the Germans impossible. But that great battle was made to appear a minor effort, and by that piece of propagandism the whole political effect of the allied victory was changed. Europeans use this weapon with an effectiveness our more direct Americans find it hard to understand.

Power of Venizelist Propaganda.

"In his contest for power in Greece Venizelos had the use of the whole allied mechanism for propaganda. He kept constantly before the people of all countries a picture of a wicked and treacherous King. It was true that King Constantine had married a sister of the Kaiser. It was true that the King had tried to keep out of war until he should be compelled to enter by national duty and interest as he saw them. Out of this material, Venizelos, to whose personal ambitions the destruction of the King's influence was necessary, created a mythical character, who to the allied publics was scarcely less sinister than the Kaiser himself.

"It was far from a faithful portrait, but it served the Venizelist purpose, and it might have condemned Constantine to an ignominious page in history but for the fact that he had a friend who stuck to him through good and evil report. That friend was the Greek democracy. It was through no solicitation or scheming of his own that Constantine came back. He was out of power and in exile. From one end of the allied world to the other he had been abused and vilified. His enemies were in control of Greece. They were arrogant and relentless and were supported by the prestige of a victorious alliance. But the people of Greece wanted their King back, and they sent him a command that left no uncertainty as to their will. No other King has such a clear title. He is back in his place, and for the first time since Venizelos inaugurated his rule of violence, law, order and tranquillity are restored in Greece. The people have come into their own, and the reign of terror is over.

"It was only because the King had held out of the war as long as possible and had husbanded the resources of the country that it was possible for

Continued on Page Four.

FALL MALL Rounds—You'll like the idea—a free and easy draught.—Advt.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a Little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

GIANT STAR EQUAL TO 27,000,000 SUNS LIKE OURS

As for Our Little Earth, Betelgeuse Is as Big as Trillions of Globes Like It.

DIAMETER 260,000,000 MILES

Michelson Measures Colossus of the Skies Whose Light Comes to Us in 150 Years.

GREAT TRIUMPH OF SCIENCE

By the Famous Physicist Whose Researches Laid the Foundation for Einstein's Theory of Relativity.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—Professor Albert A. Michelson, the noted scientist of the University of Chicago, in a paper read today before the American Physical Society, in conjunction with the annual meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, announced the perfecting of a device for measuring the diameters of stars by interference methods. This is regarded by scientists as a stupendous achievement.

Professor Michelson's paper, which bears the title of "The Application of Interference Methods to Astronomical Measurements," gave the result of the first application of the device to one of the stars in the constellation of Orion, Alpha Orionis, whose distance has already been determined by parallax methods. The common name of this star is Betelgeuse. It has been possible hitherto to determine the distances of some of the nearer stars, though the nearest is trillions of miles away, by measuring their parallax, and the masses of binary stars have been computed by other methods involving mathematical consideration of their observed period. But the method announced by Professor Michelson is most remarkable in being the first which has successfully determined the actual diametrical size of a star.

The result of the measurement of Alpha Orionis, or Betelgeuse, as accomplished by Professor Michelson's method is astounding. Betelgeuse has a diameter, it was discovered, a little more than three hundred times that of the sun, and nearly as large as that of the orbit of the planet Mars. To be explicit the diameter of Betelgeuse is 260,000,000 miles. If it were placed as near to us as the sun its brilliant surface would fill out the whole visible heavens. Compared with the sun in volume it is 27,000,000 times as great. These dimensions make the bodies in our solar system seem most minute and insignificant and present the conception of celestial bodies of magnitudes hitherto unmeasured and almost beyond comprehension. It would take trillions of globes like our little earth to equal Betelgeuse in size.

Betelgeuse is the northernmost star of the brilliant constellation Orion, lying above the giant's shoulder. This constellation is the finest spectacle of the skies and is conspicuous on any clear evening in Winter. The distance of Betelgeuse from the earth is perhaps 150 "light years," that is the light that strikes your eye when you look up at it started on its journey from the star at the rate of 186,000 miles a second 150 years ago.

Method First Applied at Mount Wilson.

The method used by Professor Michelson was first applied with the eight-foot reflecting telescope at Mount Wilson, in Southern California. The mirror of the telescope was obscured by an opaque cap with two slits adjustable in width and distance apart. When the instrument is focussed on a star, then, instead of an image of the star, there appears a series of interference bands arranged at equal distances apart and parallel to the two slits. When the slits are separated a distance between them will be attained at which the fringes disappear. A simple formula then gives the angle subtended by the star, and when this angle and the distance of the star are known the diameter of the star can be readily determined.

A still more powerful device is obtained by using two adjustable mirrors with an "interferometer" attachment, instead of the telescope and slits. It is this latter device which has been ap-

Continued on Page Two.

Operate On Caruso to Check Pleurisy; Resting Comfortably, Physicians Say

Enrico Caruso was operated on at his apartment in the Hotel Vanderbilt yesterday for an acute condition resulting from the attack of pleurisy which he suffered during the week. His physicians said the immediate difficulty was relieved and the patient was resting favorably. An earlier bulletin declared the famous singer "must be considered seriously ill," though there had been some improvement, attributable to his strong constitution.

Last evening's report of the doctors said:

"Mr. Caruso has developed suppurative pleurisy, necessitating a surgical operation. This has been successfully performed, and he is now resting comfortably."

The morning statement said:

"Mr. Caruso passed a comfortable night. His condition this morning shows a slight but distinct improvement, but he still must be considered seriously ill."

Both announcements were signed by the five attending physicians—Drs. Lambert, Evans, Stella, Murray and Horowitz.

Some alarm was caused early in the evening by a report that several cans of oxygen had been taken to Caruso's apartment and that he had become worse. It was explained that the oxygen had been given at intervals since last Saturday, not because of a crisis in his condition but merely to aid in his fight against the disease. There was no reason for alarm, it was said, and those in his apartment, including Mrs. Caruso, were not apparently worried.

STRIKE AFTER TEST OF SLIDING SCALE

Newbern Workers Quit When Pay Envelopes Contain 10 Per Cent. Less.

WANTED INCOME SHARING

And Agreed to Be Paid on Production, but Did Not Like the Effect.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWBERN, N. C., Dec. 29.—Workers of the Newbern Iron Works and Supply Company, for whom a sliding scale of pay had been arranged as a means of keeping the plant in operation, went on a strike today.

The trouble began last Friday, when the men received their pay checks for the week. Their pay was to depend on a scale which would be raised or lowered by the volume of work performed.

This plan, according to E. L. Willis, manager of the company, was never put into actual effect owing to the fact that at the end of the week it was found by the management that the employes' pay, based on the sliding scale, would have been considerably under the second 10 per cent. cut that he had proposed and over which the men had made such a strenuous protest. Rather than carry through the sliding scale he informed the men of his action and paid them on the basis of the 10 per cent. reduction.

Dissatisfaction developed on the part of the men. Later developments, however, go to show that all of them do not agree in this. One member of the force said:

"I am going to stay on the job, as I am sure that times will become better and that the management will give us a fair deal and will pay us more money just as soon as they can. I have a wife and family and cannot afford to go on a strike, no matter what the rest of the men think."

Mr. Willis is of the opinion that the men will return to work soon. He wishes it to be known that the management of the company has never given up the actual supervision and running of the plant, but that he had promised to pay the men on sliding scale according to the amount of business. From now on, he states, the concern will run on a salary basis entirely.

His action in paying the men at a 10 per cent. cut in wages instead of forcing them to accept less, as would have been the case under the sliding scale, is expected to be finally accepted by them as evidence that the company has given them a fair deal. The purpose of the cut was to keep running and not merely to reduce expenses.

FRENCH AIR SCANDAL OF AMERICAN STORES

Estimated That Treasury Loses 3,000,000,000 Francs in Their Resale.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 29.—Some details of what is called here the "scandal of the American stocks" are now beginning to leak out as a consequence of a parliamentary inquiry, and some amazing cases of graft and fraud are being revealed. In all it is estimated that 3,000,000,000 francs was lost to the French Treasury by bad method and fraud in the sale of stocks which were left here by the American Army and sold at a cheap price to the French Government.

In one case the report tells how a dealer offered 65 centimes a box for 30,000 boxes of dried apples. The offer was refused by the director of the camp, and eight days later he sold the same 30,000 boxes to another dealer at 13 centimes a box.

In another case a large quantity of corned beef was sold at an absurdly low price to an English firm, which after reasonable delay resold it to the French Army authorities at a 30 per cent. profit.

The third case instanced in the report tells of the purchase by a private dealer of a shed full of food stores for 100,000 francs. The next day the dealer resold the shed with all its contents for exactly double that figure.

In most cases the disposal of the stocks at a low figure was due simply to incapacity and indolence, but in others clear cases of graft have been found, and in these proceedings are being instituted against the camp director.

Remember—Deerfoot Farm Sausage. Be insistent when the dealer suggests something else. No other sausage has that wondrous flavor. Deerfoot means highest quality.—Advt.

CITY TRANSIT TIE-UP DELAYS A MILLION

Police Reserves Called to Handle Throngs Jammed Into Manhattan Stations.

BLOCK COMES IN RUSH HOUR

Power Plant Mishap Halts Subway and Elevated Trains for 32 Minutes.

For thirty-two minutes yesterday afternoon Manhattan's subways and elevated lines were dark and motionless. The reserves from all precincts south of Fourteenth Street were called out to handle the congestion, several women fainted in the crush and about a million workers were delayed in reaching their homes.

At 5:30 o'clock, when the big dynamos in the traction power plant in Seventy-fourth Street, near the East River, were whirring at top speed, supplying current for the transit lines running at a maximum, a cylinder head on an "exciter" engine blew off. A cloud of steam poured out and soon the mechanism in the plant was dripping from the moist steam.

According to Frank Hedley, President of the Interborough, this dampness short-circuited the whole works and cut down the supply of current. An effort was made to transfer the entire task of generating the power to the big plant at Fifty-ninth Street, but this proved unequal to the task, and a shut-down of all lines was necessary.

The suspension of traffic and lights came at a bad time. The downtown stations were crowded to capacity with the regular throngs of homegoers. There was very little confusion or disorder, however, the police reported. For the most part the passengers took the tie-up philosophically and stood around, waiting for the service to resume. Up and down the rails, that did not glisten in the gloom, were stalled trains, jammed with passengers, who, reassured by the guards, waited for the "Go-ahead" signal.

As a precautionary measure, the reserves were sent to the main traffic points. The biggest crowds were reported congregated at the Brooklyn Bridge Plaza, in Times Square, at the Grand Central transfer point and at the Canal Street station of the B. R. T. Details of policemen were stationed on the platforms in the entrances to keep the would-be riders in line.

At one time the congestion at the Brooklyn Bridge became so great that two women fainted. They were carried into a drugstore in the Pulitizer Building and revived. The crush at the Canal Street station required the ordering on duty of the special policemen to supplement the bluecoats on the job there. The stations on the Broadway and Myrtle Avenue lines of the B. R. T. running from the Municipal Building all were taxed to their capacity.

Much of the congestion at the bridge, however, was relieved when Captain Edward J. Toole, commander of the Bridge Precinct, diverted the passengers to the surface cars running over the Manhattan and Brooklyn Bridges.

Coming as it did just when the matinee crowds were running up the regular Wednesday big business record at the Times Square station, the suspension of power threatened to create a serious situation. Signs of excitement were becoming apparent in the crowds of women waiting in the big and complex station when the reserves arrived and smoothed things over.

TWO MEN ARRESTED IN EASTMAN MURDER

Assistant District Attorney Hennis Predicts Important Development After He Questions Them.

An important development in connection with the efforts of the police and John R. Hennis, Assistant District Attorney, to solve the murder last Sunday morning of Monk Eastman, old-time gang leader, was predicted early this morning. The prediction followed the arrest obout 1 o'clock of two men by Detective Bottle. The detective refused to talk about his prisoners until they had been questioned by Mr. Hennis.

Mr. Hennis said he thought it best to disclose nothing about the prisoners until he had interrogated them. He added, however, that the police hunt for the gangster's slayer seemed nearer success than it had beeen at any time.

Ever since three men, now held as material witnesses and all employed in the Blue Bird ratskeller, 62 East Fourteenth Street, outside which Eastman was shot, were examined, the police have been looking for an ex-convict, who they believe did the killing.

Mr. Hennis questioned several men yesterday, but until the captures early this morning said no progress had been made in the case.

When you think of writing Think of WHITING.—Advt.

LABOR CHALLENGE ON IRISH REPRISALS MADE TO CABINET

Parliamentary Party Calls On It to Disprove Charges Against Crown Forces.

WANTS THEM WITHDRAWN

Immediate Election of Constituent Assembly to Settle Island's Future Also Proposed.

GREAT CAMPAIGN PLANNED

Attempt to Be Made to Arouse England in Favor of Self-Determination for Ireland.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—A movement calculated by its organizers to place the full weight of British organized labor in support of the Irish self-determination claims began with a specially convened conference of the Parliamentary Labor Party in London today, after which several members of the party's commission which investigated the situation in Ireland told of what they had observed and learned there.

A resolution was adopted unanimously challenging the Government to disprove the commission's accusations regarding reprisals and other outrages charged to the Crown forces. The conference was held as a curtain raiser for a campaign in behalf of self-determination and in opposition to the Government's alleged policy of repression to be inaugurated by the Laborites in Manchester on Jan. 17 and concluded in London on Feb. 15.

A. G. Cameron, chairman of today's conference, in opening the lengthy discussion on the inquiry commission's report, characterized it as "the most serious indictment against British methods in trying to govern Ireland ever placed before the British people." The speaker declared:

"The manner in which Sir Hamar Greenwood, Chief Secretary for Ireland, has evaded questions in the House of Commons reflects discredit upon himself and the House." Mr. Cameron added: "As a result of her handling of the Irish question, Great Britain has not a friend in the world."

Another resolution adopted by a large majority at this afternoon's session of the conference voices approval of the Parliamentary Labor Party's declaration regarding "outrages conducted in the name of the Sinn Fein and reprisals by servants of the Crown." It expresses satisfaction with the efforts of the labor inquiry commission to obtain a cessation of all violent and provocative actions with a view to opening peace negotiations between the Government and elected representatives of the Irish people.

Basis for Negotiation.

This resolution suggests the following ground as a possible basis for negotiation and settlement of the Irish difficulties:

First—Withdrawal of all armed forces; second, placing of responsibility for maintaining order in each locality in Ireland on the local authorities, and third, provision for immediate election by proportional representation of a constituent assembly charged to work out whatever constitution for Ireland the Irish people desire, subject only to two conditions, namely, protection of minorities and guarantees that the constitution shall prevent Ireland becoming a military or naval menace to Great Britain.

Brig. Gen. C. B. Thompson, who accompanied the commission, declared that the soldiers in Ireland were to a large extent merely children, and added:

"The army of occupation is masterful and criminal. The Black and Tans are violent in thought and deed. In addition to being the perpetrators of the worst outrages, they are the most provocative element in that unhappy country."

General Thompson said he thought the Prime Minister knew what was happening in Ireland, but, he declared, he "is the tool of the powerful clique who are working the Irish policy."

Tom Johnson, Secretary of the Irish Labor Party, donned a mask and said: "This is a little symbol which proves the complicity of the British Government in these murders."

J. Bromley, in moving the resolution deploring "The lamentable condition of affairs in Ireland," mentioned the Croke Park incident. There were cries of "Amritsar!" He concluded with a warning to the British Laborites that "the auxiliaries, with their class hatred, their political and racial hatreds and anti-Catholic bias, form the nucleus of a white guard."

When the discussion of the Irish question ended with the adoption of the resolution embodying a basis for negotiations for a settlement, Thomas Shaw, Labor member of Parliament for Preston, introduced an emergency resolution dealing with unemployment and proposing that the Government afford maintenance for persons for whom no work is available at the employment exchange, to the extent of not less than 40s. weekly for a householder and 25s. each for single men and women, with additional allowances for dependents.

The resolution, which was adopted, attributes the growing volume of unemployment and underemployment in a large measure to "interruption of world trading following on the war and defective peace treaties, in addition to the folly of the British and allied policy in relation to the Soviet Government of Russia," and condemns the Government

Continued on Page Three.

THE GREENBRIER offers every comfort and cuisine during holiday season. Bookings Plaza.—Advt.

Wilson Refuses $150,000 Offer for Article; Not Worth Such a Price, He Tells Syndicate

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29. — President Wilson has refused an offer of $150,000 for the first article to be written by him after he leaves office. This was stated at the White House today.

Details were not given, but the offer is said to have come from a newspaper syndicate which proposed to sell the article to a large number of newspapers.

In declining the offer President Wilson took the position that no article from his pen or that of any other man was worth $150,000. He contended, it is understood, that acceptance of the offer would not only be placing a false valuation on his writing, but would be taking an unfair advantage of the syndicate.

Many offers have been made to President Wilson in recent months for books and magazine articles. He is said to have accepted none, but it is well understood among his friends that he contemplates writing a history of his Administration, or that part of it covering American participation in the World War, with particular reference to the Peace Conference.

There has been a marked improvement in the President's state of health of late. He has shown much interest in his contemplated work and is said to have gathered an enormous amount of data, much of it from the official records.

Joseph P. Tumulty, Secretary to the President, is also being overwhelmed with offers from publishers and syndicate managers to write of his experiences during the Wilson Administration.

In view of his decision not to accept public office, but to devote himself to the practise of law in Washington, Mr. Tumulty is in a position to write his reminiscences and it is expected that he will do so.

FLORIDA—5 THROUGH TRAINS DAILY. Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Office, 1,346 Broadway (32d St.). Tel. Longacre 5800.—Advt.

Crime Wave Now Greatest In Secret Service Records

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Criminal activity at this time is the greatest in the history of the Secret Service, according to testimony by William H. Moran, chief of the bureau, before the House Appropriations Committee today. There were more arrests last year than in any year since 1897, he said.

"At the rate we are going now this promises to be a banner year in this respect," Mr. Moran said. "The activity in all lines of endeavor, particularly as to bank robberies, is serious.

"I think we have an incidental interest in bank robberies, because scarcely any of them is pulled off that does not involve the taking of registered bonds, unsigned bank currency, or something that we must protect. Two hundred and forty cases a month has been our average on forged checks alone."

15 INDICTED BY U. S. ON LOCKWOOD DATA

Eleven Individuals and Four Corporations Accused of Plot to Control Sand Trade.

PRICE FIXING IS CHARGED

Untermyer Denounces Eddy "Open-Competition" Plan Before Lockwood Committee.

Indictments under the Sherman anti-trust law were filed by the Federal Grand Jury yesterday against four corporations and eleven individuals affiliated with the Sand and Gravel Dealers' Board of Trade. The indictments, which are the first to be found in the Federal courts as a result of the Lockwood committee's investigation, charge a conspiracy to restrain interstate trade and commerce in the digging, production, transportation and sale of "Cow-bay" sand, which is widely used in construction work, and "to enhance the price of sand sent to the ultimate consumer."

The corporations and individuals named in the indictments were the Goodwin-Gallagher Sand and Gravel Corporation, Manhattan Sand Company, Inc.; Lenox Sand and Gravel Company, Inc., and the Colonial Sand and Stone Company; also John J. Gallagher, Vice President of both the Goodwin-Gallagher and the Manhattan Sand Companies; Peter C. Gallagher, Treasurer of the Goodwin-Gallagher Sand and Gravel Corporation and the Lenox Sand and Gravel Company; Frank F. Gallagher, Secretary of the Goodwin-Gallagher Corporation and Assistant Treasurer of the Manhattan Sand Company; Joseph Gallagher, Secretary and Treasurer of the Manhattan Sand Company; William J. Mahoney, President of the Lenox Sand and Gravel Company; Richard A. Scanlon, Secretary of the Lenox Sand and Gravel Company; Frank Rowsey, manager of the Manhattan Sand Company; Lawrence Rukeyser, President of the Colonial Sand and Stone Company; Martin and Thomas Lanigan, partners in Lanigan Brothers, and Eugene P. Clark, manager of the Sand and Gravel Dealers' Board of Trade.

The charges against the alleged sand combine were presented to the Grand Jury by Joseph Kaufman, special assistant to United States Attorney Francis G. Caffey, who was designated to prosecute violations of the Federal laws developed by the Lockwood committee.

Trade Board Formed.

The indictments charge that for three years the sand dealers named in the indictment have dug "Cow-bay" sand on Long Island for use throughout a great part of Connecticut, New York and New Jersey. Before the alleged conspiracy was entered into, it is charged, Gallagher Brothers, the Goodwin Sand and Gravel Company, the Phoenix Sand and Gravel Company and the Crescent Sand and Gravel Company were engaged as wholesalers, in active competition with each other. The most important dealers who, it is charged, were also engaged in active competition with each other were the Manhattan Sand Company, the Lenox Sand and Gravel Company and J. L. Keating, Inc.

The absorption by the Goodwin-Gallagher Sand and Gravel Company of the Goodwin Sand and Gravel Company, Gallagher Brothers, the Crescent Sand and Gravel Company and the Phoenix Sand and Gravel Company, all wholesalers, and the Lenox Sand and Gravel Company, the Manhattan Sand Company and J. L. Keating, Inc., dealers, who sold the sand to the ultimate consumers, is described in the indictments. The Keating company discontinued business.

"In or about June, 1919," the indictments continue, "the Sand and Gravel Dealers' Board of Trade was caused to be organized under the membership corporation laws of the State of New York by the Goodwin-Gallagher Sand and Gravel Corporation, the Manhattan Sand Company, the Lenox Sand and Gravel Company and the hereinafter indicted officers of these corporations * * * for the purpose of having the members of the Sand and Gravel Dealers' Board of Trade agree with the Goodwin-Gallagher Sand and Gravel Corporation and with each other upon resale prices to be charged by all of the members for all sand purchased by them from the Goodwin-Gallagher Sand and Gravel Corporation and resold by them to their

Continued on Page Four.

TRAVIS, JUDSON AND WENDELL INDICTED IN STATE BOND DEALS

Controller as He Quits Office and Controller-Elect Charged With Larceny of $230,650.

BROKER ALSO ACCUSED

Grand Jury Cites Purchases of Bonds at Prices Above Market Rates.

ITS WORK NOT COMPLETED

Hands Up Presentment, Pointing Out "Extreme Laxity" in Investing Public Funds.

Indictments charging crimes involving the larceny of $230,650 from the State of New York were returned yesterday against Eugene M. Travis, whose six years' service as State Controller expires tomorrow; James A. Wendell, Deputy Controller and Controller-elect, who will take office on Saturday, and Albert L. Judson, a bond broker.

The Additional October Grand Jury in New York County accuses the three of having wrongfully taken that amount from the State through two specific purchases of municipal bonds by the Controller for the State from Judson at prices alleged to have been above the market value.

The prospect of further indictments was inferred from a presentment handed up to Judge John F. McIntyre in the General Sessions Court by the Grand Jurors, who announced that they had not completed their work. The document also called the attention of the Legislature and the Governor "to the extreme laxity of the methods by which these public funds have been invested."

Within a few minutes of the returning of the indictments, the defendants and their lawyers, warned of what was impending, were in court. They pleaded not guilty, with the usual permission to alter the plea later. All three promptly were released on the nominal bail of $5,000 each, furnished by a surety company. None of their lawyers would comment on th ecase, Max D. Steuer, who represents Mr. Travis, announcing that he would make a statement today.

The comments made by the defendants themselves were as follows:

Controller Travis: "I have no statement to make at this time. All I can say is that I am innocent of the charges against me, and this innocence will be shown in due time."

Deputy Controller Wendell: "Not a word."

Albert L. Judson: "Indictments seem to be as popular nowadays as appendicitis used to be."

Heavy Penalties Involved.

If any of the defendants are convicted they can be sentenced to ten years' imprisonment on each of the grand larceny charges and to five years' imprisonment on each of the wrongful conversion charges, plus a fine of five times the amounts alleged to have been so converted, a total possible fine of $1,153,250.

The indictments against Mr. Wendell will not prevent his taking office on New Year's Day nor prevent him from discharging the duties of the office, in the opinion of Attorney General Newton, expressed in Albany last night.

The indictments are the direct outgrowth of charges made against the Controller last June by The Brooklyn Daily Times. At that time Mr. Travis, with the backing of the Kings County Republican organization, was the leading Republican aspirant for the nomination for Governor. The organization appointed a committee to investigate the allegations that Mr. Travis had been guilty of favoritism and laxity in purchasing bonds with surplus State funds, but the evidence in the hands of the Brooklyn newspaper was turned over to District Attorney Swann of New York County and the committee decided not to function. Mr. Travis meantime had renounced his candidacy, explaining that he would not remain in the field if his honor was to be attacked.

Assistant District Attorney Ferdinand Pecora was assigned by Mr. Swann to handle the case. After several weeks' quiet investigation by him, Mr. Swann decided that his assistant should present the case in open court before Presiding Justice Frederic Kernochan of the Court of Special Sessions, sitting as a Magistrate in John Doe proceedings, in order that the interests of Mr. Wendell, who had become a candidate to succeed his chief as Controller, might not be unfairly jeopardized.

Travis Fined for Contempt.

Hearings were held in October, and on Nov. 6 Justice Kernochan presented his decision, holding that the Controller had violated two State statutes relating to the audit and payment of claims against the State. At the same time he fined Mr. Travis $250 for seventeen refusals to answer questions as to his personal financial transactions, which he lumped as a single contempt of court. An appeal from the contempt conviction is pending.

Justice Kernochan admitted he was uncertain as to what action could be had in the case of Judson, and held that there had not been adduced sufficient testimony to hold Wendell. Previously the court had refused to allow Wendell's private financial transactions to be entered into in open court when Colonel William Hayward, his counsel, objected on the ground that he was a candidate for public office.

Mr. Pecora then took the evidence adduced in the proceedings, together with additional data, to the Additional October Grand Jury, with the result that it

handed up yesterday four indictments, in each of which all three defendants are named. One indictment of grand larceny and one under Section 1864 of the Penal Code, covering false and fraudulent audit and payment of a claim against the State, involve the payment on Nov. 1, 1917, for 2,013 New York City bonds of a par value of $1,000 at a price of $895 for each bond, whereas it is alleged the bonds in reality were not worth in excess of $845 each. Thus the State is said to have acquired from Mr. Judson bonds for its Sinking Fund at an excess over their true value of $100,650.

Another indictment for each of the two offenses concerns the payment on Jan. 16, 1919, for 3,250 City of New York bonds at $996.25, whereas they were worth only $956.25, the three defendants being accused of having wrongfully converted $130,000 by the transaction.

Jurors Tell of Lax Methods.

With the four indictments there was handed up this presentment, signed by John F. Dillon, foreman of the Grand Jury:

Hon. John F. McIntyre, Judge of the Court of General Sessions in and for the City and County of New York.

Sir: The Additional Grand Jury of the County of New York for the October, 1920, term has for several weeks past been engaged in the investigation of certain acts connected with the investment and administration by the State Controller's office of the sinking and trust funds of the State of New York. This investigation, initiated by the Hon. Edward Swann, District Attorney of the County of New York, has been ably conducted before us by Assistant District Attorney Ferdinand Pecora with marked fidelity and fairness toward witnesses and the accused.

We have presented to this court several true bills, which we have found upon the evidence submitted to us in this investigation, and our labors therein are not yet concluded. We deem it be our duty at this time, however, in view of the fact that the Legislature will soon convene, through this court to call the attention of that body and the attention of the Governor to the extreme laxity of the methods by which these public funds have been invested. These methods, in our opinion, do not properly safeguard the interests of the people. We earnestly recommend that the Legislature devote serious effort to the correction by suitable legislation of the abuses which under lax methods have characterized the investment of these public funds.

JOHN F. DILLON, Foreman.

Enters Pleas of Not Guilty.

Mr. Travis, who has been Controller since Jan. 1, 1915, and who for twenty-five years has gradually extended the sphere of his political influence from the Eleventh Assembly District in Brooklyn, where he lives, having served three terms in the State Senate before he became Controller, was the first of the defendants to appear. Nervous and seeming to have aged in appearance, he came into court accompanied by his attorney, Max D. Steuer, who entered for him a plea of not guilty.

Mr. Wendell appeared at the bar a moment later, accompanied by John B. Stanchfield of Stanchfield & Levey, his counsel, who entered a similar plea. Mr. Wendell has been in the State Controller's office nearly twenty-seven years, having risen to and maintained the position of Chief Deputy under both Republican and Democratic Administrations and having enjoyed varied political friendships. He was elected Controller last month by a plurality in excess of 590,000 votes, though he was under fire throughout the campaign. He will take office on his fifty-third birthday. He lives in Albany.

Mr. Judson, who lives in the Hotel Plaza and has an office at 30 East Forty-second Street, was the last to appear. His attorney, Walter R. Herrick, a former State Senator, entered the plea of not guilty for him.

It was on the motion of Mr. Pecora, who told the court there was no likelihood of the defendants not appearing for trial, that the court fixed low bail. Mr. Steuer, for all the counsel, moved for permission to inspect the minutes. Mr. Pecora opposed the motion, and Judge McIntyre set tomorrow as the day for arguing the motion.

The two indictments for grand larceny to which the three defendants pleaded were of the usual printed form with the amount and date of the alleged felonies filled in. The two indictments under Section 1,864 also were identical, except for the dates and amounts of the transactions.

The indictment alleging the conversion of $100,650 referred to the "moral obligation sale" which was the sensation of the John Doe proceedings. William S. Fanshawe of Fanshawe & Co. testified that the bonds sold on Nov. 16, 1917, through Judson, his associate, were redelivered at a compromise price representing a loss to the City of $50,000 to the Controller being under a "moral obligation" to pay for them at a price agreed upon nearly a year before, though the market price meantime had declined. A decline from $895 to $845 is alleged in the indictment.

Subsequently Mr. Travis issued a statement, in which he declared this transaction was the one blot on his administration, not because the State had paid for bonds in excess of their value, but because he had "squeezed" Fanshawe and had acquired the bonds at $100,000 less than the price orally agreed upon nearly twelve months before the sale was consummated.

The testimony in the John Doe proceedings on which the indictments largely were based showed that during Controller Travis's incumbency Judson cleared about $800,000 through the sale of bonds to the State. He had been able to get them from large financial institutions without putting up a single dollar or a single piece of collateral for security, and without making any advance or partial payments. Payment for the bonds was made to the brokers from whom Judson obtained them, usually the Fanshawe firm or Gibbons & Co., of which firm the members were Colonel William Fairservis and George B. Gibbons.

Particular interest attached to a letter offered in evidence by Mr. Pecora, signed by the Controller with a rubber stamp and by Wendell's initials. The letter was on the official stationery of the State Controller's office and showed that in the purchase of $3,250,000 worth of bonds from the Metropolitan Trust Company he was authorized to act as agent of the Controller. Mr. Travis, who waived immunity, denied on the stand that he wrote the letter. Mr. Wendell also denied its authorship, but thought it might have been written by his stenographer.

The allegations at the John Doe proceedings was that Judson had made to the State during Controller Travis's administration seventeen sales aggregating $30,000,000 worth of municipal bonds on which he had made a total profit of $1,000,000. Judson testified he put no limit on his profits but got all he could from the State.

BANK ROBBERS TAKEN IN BATTLE IN TOWN

People of Culver, Ind., Rise and Fight Them with Any Weapons at Hand.

2 OF PURSUERS WOUNDED

Five Bandits Captured After Rifling Cash Drawers but Before Looting Safe.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—One hundred residents of Culver, Ind., armed with rifles, shotguns and revolvers, fought a running battle through the streets of the town for nearly half an hour today with five bandits who had held up the State Exchange Bank and robbed it of between $1,500 and $2,000. Two of the pursuers were wounded, one severely, in the fight, which ended in the capture of all five men and the recovery of the money.

The robbers drove to the town in two touring cars, one of which they left in a piece of woods at the edge of the town. The five entered the other car and drove up in front of the bank shortly after 1 o'clock. Inside were William Osborn, the cashier; Assistant Cashier Carl Adams, Irene Bogardus, Miss Esther Sthal, a clerk, and William O'Connor, a business man.

Two of the gunmen entered the bank and ordered Osborn and the others to hold up their hands. The bank employes and O'Connor were ordered to back into a room at the rear, where the two stood guard as a third robber entered the bank and began rifling the cash drawers. He stuffed the money into his pockets as he went along toward the safe, which stood open, allowing free access to $20,000 in notes inside.

By this time the suspicions of a number of residents had been aroused by the appearance of the car in front of the bank. A man who peered through the bank windows hurried away shouting, "It's a hold-up!"

One of the two robbers who had remained in the car leaped out with a drawn revolver. He prodded the man in the stomach with his gun, and ordered him back into a butcher shop next door to the bank, in which there were four other persons. Then he ordered all five into the refrigerator and locked the door.

By this time several other residents had taken up the cry. A telephone girl blew a fire whistle and spread the alarm by phone. By the time the robber emerged from the butcher shop bullets began to fly in the direction of the car.

The robber reached the car and both he and the driver began answering the fire, which came from doorways and windows along the street. Russell Saine, a hardware merchant, fell to the sidewalk with a bullet in his neck. Jerome Sheial, a farmer, was shot in the hip. The robber who was pocketing the loot in the bank had just reached the safe when the firing began.

"Well, let's go," said one of the others.

The three were slowly backing toward the door when the driver of the car sped away. Several farmers had opened up with shotguns and the rain of buckshot was becoming too hot for him. He had received a slight flesh wound in the hand.

The three in the bank, trapped, hesitated to rush through the buckshot barrage.

"Show us another way out of this place, and be damned quick about it," said the leader to Osborn. "We won't hurt you or any of you people. We wouldn't harm a hair of your head but we've got to get out, and you had better help us."

Osborn led the way through a trap door to the cellar, and pointed to an exit at the rear.

The three leaped through it and darted down an alley. The posse, was soon at their heels and bullets sped over and around them as they ran. One robber was found under a brush pile. The other two gave themselves up.

In the meantime automobiles had taken up the pursuit of the robber car. One of the men left the machine a mile out of town, leaving the wounded driver to continue alone. The driver, Joseph Bowers, was captured an hour later at his home at Knox, Ind.

The three men captured on foot gave their names as Art Silbert, J. R. Burns and Peter Fox, and said their homes were in Chicago. Later, one of them was identified as Robert Osborn, said to be a distant relative of the cashier. A second was said to be a man named Miller and the third a resident of Over, Ind.

STEALS BOGUS NOTES.

Barefooted Burglar in Museum of Natural History Eludes Watchman.

When George Zimmerman of 48 South Eighth Avenue, Mount Vernon, a watchman in the Museum of Natural History, was making his rounds of the institution on Tuesday night he came across a barefooted man tooting an exhibit case on the third floor of the building, overlooking Columbus Avenue and Seventy-seventh Street.

The man had forced the glass door of the permanent exhibit of the Health Department on a platform near one of the windows, and as Zimmerman started to creep up on him with his pistol in his hand, the intruder ran toward the stairway leading to the main entrance on the Seventy-seventh Street side.

Zimmerman fired a shot at the man as he leaped down the stairway four steps at a time, but the man ran to the cellar, and, plunging through a heavy plate glass window, climbed a six-foot wall to the lawn, and escaped into Columbus Avenue.

The watchman then hurried back to the third floor, where he found that the man had extracted four stacks of bogus notes used as a means of warning visitors of the case with which disease germs are distributed.

Zimmerman explained to Detectives Leonard and Golding of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station that the man, who was a foreigner and stockily built, evidently thought the value of the notes to be $400, as a sign in the exhibit case represented them to be of that value.

The man got only $4 in good money, however, a one-dollar note having been placed on each stack to give them the appearance of containing genuine money.

The burglar left his shoes in the hallway near the stairway on the second floor, and it is believed he had been prowling about the Museum for hours in quest of booty.

NEGRO CAUGHT AFTER HOLD-UP

Capture in Theatre District Follows Attack Upon Tailor.

Leonard Dewey, a negro, 18 years old, of 226 West Sixty-second Street, was captured after a chase through the theatre district last night. He was charged with assaulting and robbing Julius Margolies, a tailor of 560 Fox Street, the Bronx. Another negro escaped.

Margolies was in his shop at 218 West Fifty-third Street, when two negroes entered. One hit him with a club and took $4 and the two fled. Margolies followed them into the street, shouting for help. A policeman responded and Dewey was caught at Broadway and Fifty-second Street. He was identified by Margolies as the man who struck him.

FIFTEEN ENTER SING SING.

New Batch of New York Criminals Have Total of 111 Years to Serve.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, Dec. 29.—Fifteen new arrivals, mostly burglars and robbers, sentenced to a minimum total of 111 years, were received by Warden Lewis E. Lawes at Sing Sing today to start prison sentences for crimes in New York City. Warden Lawes has accommodations for only a few more, after today's big rush. Examination of their commitment papers by Chief Clerk James W. Evers disclosed that their minimum sentences averaged seven and one-half years.

MILLTOWN SUSPECTS SOUGHT IN MANY CASES

Two Men Trapped Here as Bank Robbers Wanted in Pittsburgh and Towns Near Here.

Jerome B. Chaffee and Harry Bitzburger, ex-convicts, arrested Tuesday afternoon in front of the Hotel St. Andrew, Broadway and Seventy-second Street, in connection with the burglary ten days ago of the First National Bank at Milltown, N. J., were held without bail yesterday by Magistrate Mancuso in the West Side Court to await extradition. The Magistrate also held Chester J. Levine, arrested with Chaffee and Bitzburger, in $15,000 for examination next Friday on suspicion of being connected with the attempt to dispose of some of the $27,000 worth of securities stolen from the bank.

The capture of Chaffee and Bitzburger by detectives after a struggle, in which the officers drew their pistols, was brought about by Detective Fred Davis of the staff of Prosecutor Stricker of Middlesex County, N. J.

Detective Davis said yesterday that when armed civilians surrounded the bank in Milltown on the morning of Dec. 20 last they saw an automobile standing in a road near by. After "Sailor" Voorhees and Walter Watson, two of the bank robbers, were caught, Detective Davis took the number of the license. He learned that it had been issued to Chaffee, who gave his address as 238 West Seventy-third Street.

Police officials in Westchester County reported yesterday that Chaffee and Bitzburger were believed to be members of a band which has looted many homes in that country.

The police of New Rochelle were seeking Voorhess and Watson for burglaries there as a result of a confession by Arthur B. Clayton, recently sent to Sing Sing, who implicated them.

Fingerprints on a safe in Pelham Manor, robbed of Liberty bonds and jewelry valued at $5,000, were believed to be those of Chaffee and Bitzburger, it was said.

The men also are alleged to have participated in the robbery of $7,000 worth of clothing from the store of Charles Wellers at Peekskill and of $5,000 worth of liquors from the country home of Harold Stearns at Tarrytown. Several other suburban robberies are attributed to them.

Inspector Coughlin received word from Pittsburgh last night that Bitzburger's real name was Lloyd Henry Bitzburger and that he was the son of John P. Bitzburger, a wealthy plumber of Lancaster. Bitzburger appeared in Lancaster last October and soon afterward a bakery was robbed and $3,000 in Liberty bonds taken from a safe. On Nov. 11 Bitzburger was married at Harrisburg and five days later the First National Bank at Landisville, six miles from Lancaster, was entered and between $100,000 and $150,000 in negotiable securities taken. Bitzburger disappeared on the day of the robbery.

13 FREED FROM PRISON DURING CRIME WAVE

Charles Isola Among Those Released at Sing Sing—Most of Them From New York City.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, Dec. 29.—More than a dozen burglars and robbers, including Charles Isola, who served eight years for a Manhattan robbery, have been released from Sing Sing prison during the recent crime wave in New York City. Most of the offenders had been committed from New York City.

Some who have been freed in the last few days were:

For robbery—Melvin Myers of New York County; for burglary—Abraham Krauss of Manhattan, H. C. McGuiness of the Bronx, Robert Murphy of Manhattan; attempted burglary—Benjamin Masour of the Bronx; for grand larceny—Robert Carroll, Victor Besak, Harry Gordon and Antonio Romeo of Manhattan; Robert Shannon, Gabriel Rosenthal and Charles Palma of Brooklyn.

SEEKS TO CLEAR LORESCH.

Attorney Attacks His Indictment for Police Lieutenant's Murder.

The validity of the murder indictment against Nicholas Loresch, driver of the taxicab from which the bullet was fired that killed Police Lieutenant Floyd Horton on Dec. 16, was attacked yesterday by his attorney, Bernard H. Sandler, who sought permission from Judge McIntyre in General Sessions to examine the Grand Jury minutes. Sandler told the court that undue consideration was accorded to two of the witnesses, Mrs. Lucille E. Brooks and John Cavanaugh, by taking them before the Grand Jury without asking them to sign waivers of immunity.

Assistant District Attorney B. D. Dineen, of the Homicide Bureau, who opposed Sandler's motion, submitted a copy of the Grand Jury minutes to Judge McIntyre. The Court reserved decision.

DEFY BURGLAR ALARMS.

Thieves Disappear With Valuable Furs as Police Arrive.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 29. — Furs worth about $40,000 were stolen here early this morning from under the very noses of the police and detectives of private alarm systems in two of the most daring robberies staged in this city during the present crime wave.

In the first, thieves got away with $24,000 worth of furs by smashing in the front door of the Expert Furriers, a large concern on Arch Street. The door was equipped with the most modern and powerful system of anti-burglar devices. The thieves worked calmly while alarms went off at the detective agency and in the police station near by. Five minutes after the door was smashed in a score of detectives and police arrived on the scene in time to get the number of an automobile which is believed to have carried off the furs.

The other fur robbery was carried out much the same way in West Philadelphia.

FAVORS JERSEY PISTOL LAW.

Le Brun, in Letter to Gov. Edwards, Commends the Movement.

A letter to Governor Edwards, commending the movement in New Jersey to enact a law restricting sale and possession of pistols, was made public yesterday by George F. Le Brun, Secretary to the Chief Medical Examiner and of the Legislative Society for the Preservation of Human Life.

"While statistics of shootings, both homicidal and suicidal, compiled by me, have shown a decrease," he wrote, "yet the fact that pistols are sold without any restriction in New Jersey has practically nullified the law in this State, and in the majority of the shootings resulting in death in this city investigation has revealed the pistol was purchased either in Jersey City or Newark."

Mr. Le Brun said he was also preparing proposed amendments to the Sullivan law so that permits may be issued in this city only by the Police Commissioner, and in other parts of the State by Judges of courts of record.

MURDERS IMPORTER IN EAST SIDE STREET

Assassin Sneaks From Hallway, Shoots Man and Escapes as Scores Look On.

ENRIGHT SHIFTS 129 MEN

Takes Them Off Patrol Duty to Guard Raided Houses—Few Crimes Reported.

A gambling feud is believed by the police to be responsible for the shooting and killing yesterday morning of Salvatore Mauro, 55 years old, as he was walking in front of 232 Chrystie Street.

The shooting was witnessed by fifty men and women on their way to work in neighboring industrial plants. When four witnesses attempted to intercept the slayer as he ran to the hallway at 230 Chrystie Street, he wheeled about, and, leveling his pistol at them, drove them half way down the block in the direction of East Houston Street.

Mauro was part owner of an importing business at 292 Elizabeth Street. He left his home in the tenement at 121 East Houston Street and started in a southerly direction through Chrystie Street, shortly before 9 o'clock. Several men and women who were walking behind the man when he was shot told the police he kept glancing from side to side, nervously clutching a bulky object in the right side pocket of his overcoat.

When he had passed a few feet beyond the hallway of the tenement at 232, a stockily built man, evidently an Italian, ran from the hallway and, when within two feet of Mauro, pulled a pistol and shot Mauro through the back. The bullet penetrated Mauro's heart, killing him instantly.

Slayer Evades Blows; Escapes.

Several men near the victim struck to disarm the slayer, but he evaded their blows and jumping over Mauro's body ran into the tenement house one door south.

Policeman Smolick of the Fifth Street Station, was standing less than a block away. With the report of the pistol he ran up, and followed the slayer into the tenement at 230.

Meantime several persons telephoned to Police Headquarters, and in ten minutes reserves from the East Fifth Street Station surrounded the block. Smolick reported, however, that the slayer evidently had escaped into Allen Street through a back yard.

Captain Arthur Carey of the Homicide Bureau learned that Mauro frequently was seen in the company of men known in the vicinity as gamblers. It was reported that one of these had threatened Mauro's life. At Mauro's home detectives found considerable gambling paraphernalia.

Captain Carey said Mauro was not on the way to his place of business when shot down, and intimated that the slain man went through Chrystie Street in quest of the man who threatened him.

Nunzier Neglier, brother-in-law of Mauro and his partner in business, said he knew of no reason for the shooting. He never had heard that Mauro had any enemies among the gamblers.

129 Policemen Get "Soft Berths."

Despite the fact that Commissioner Enright several days ago told the Board of Estimate the department needed 769 additional policemen to efficiently cope with the crime situation, the bulletin of special orders yesterday revealed that 129 policemen had been withdrawn in the preceding twenty-four hours from patrol duty and assigned to guard gambling and disreputable houses raided by the police.

In addition to the precinct men assigned to those "soft berths," the Commissioner shifted thirty-one policemen from sanitary inspection work, under the Health Commissioner, to guard such places. The assignment of so large a number of men to such work caused considerable comment in the force.

Coincident with this assignment it became known that the sidecar motor cycle patrol would be started at 4 o'clock this afternoon in the Bronx, Queens and Staten Island. Thirty-nine new motor cycles, with a sergeant and a policeman in each, will be put into service. Commissioner Enright had explained to the Board of Estimate that not only was the outlying section of the city be more efficiently patrolled by this means, but it also was expected that better service would be obtained from patrolmen. Within the next week, it was said, the Commissioner expected to put forty-one more motor cycle squads on duty.

When a detective saw a youth counting a large roll of bills in front of the Pennsylvania Terminal last evening he questioned him. The boy said he was Walter Aydent, 17 years old, of 115 Castle Shannon, Pittsburgh, but refused to tell where he got the money. He was taken to the station, where the money was found to total $5,000 in small bills. The Pittsburgh Chief of Police was notified and a few hours later word was received to hold the boy, who was wanted for the theft of the money from Frank Moustisch, a mine foreman. Aydent then confessed. The boy had just purchased a ticket for Arizona when arrested.

Mysterious thefts from tenants in the apartment house at 300 West Seventeenth Street were cleared up last night with the arrest of Joseph Novotny, 42 years old, a fireman. He is charged with stealing a suit of clothes from the apartment of John Reeda.

Detectives investigating recent thefts in the house said they saw Novotny peering through a skylight into an apartment on the top floor. They arrested him on suspicion and, according to the detectives, he admitted having committed all the thefts of the last three weeks and of having served twenty-two years in prison.

Three Held on Holdup Charge.

Magistrate Douras in the Essex Market Court held three men in $15,000 bail each for examination on a charge of holding up John Schultz in a restaurant at 22 Second Avenue on Tuesday night. Schultz, who said he resided in a lodging house on the Bowery, said that while seated at a table he began to count $180 in bills.

He told the Magistrate that Joseph Anikikowitz, 25, of 712 East Sixth Street; John Canascho, 25, of 172 Fourth Street, Long Island City, and Charles Lapotsky, 27, of 234 Second Street, jumped on him, knocked him down and ran out of the restaurant with his money.

Judge Haskell in the Kings County Court imposed a ten-year sentence on Thomas Starr of 241 State Street, Albany, on his second conviction in the last ten years on a burglary charge. Starr, who is 28 years old, admitted he was sentenced to eight years in Sing Sing in 1911.

$500 A MONTH TO WIFE.

Woman Says Art Dealer Brought Girl Into Her Household.

Supreme Court Justice Cohalan yesterday directed Emile Rey, art dealer of New York and Paris, to pay $500 a month alimony to his wife, Mrs. Euphrosine Rey, pending suit for separation on the ground of cruelty. Mrs. Rey alleges that her husband transferred his affections to a French girl whom the plaintiff was compelled to accept as a member of her household.

Rey, who is Vice President of the General Association of Alsatians and Lorrainers in America, and was decorated with the Cross of the Legion of Honor by the French Government, superintended the transfer of the Morgan art collection from London to the Metropolitan Museum.

GIANT STAR EQUAL TO 27,000,000 SUNS

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

plied with such remarkable success in measuring the diameter of Betelgeuse.

The method of Professor Michelson has also been applied by a member of the staff at the Mount Wilson Observatory to the measurement of the star Capella, which has been known from spectroscopic evidence to be really a double star, though the two stars are so near together as to appear as one through the most powerful telescopes. By means of Professor Michelson's attachment to the eight-foot telescope it was possible to measure the minute angle of .045 second subtended by the two stars and to determine their successive positions as they revolved in their orbits. The calculated and observed results agreed with astonishing precision, the maximum error being .0001 of a second. The magnitude of this exceedingly small angle can be appreciated by the fact that it is roughly equal to that which would be subtended by a pinhead at a distance of more than a thousand miles.

Michelson's Device the Work of Years.

Professor Michelson, generally recognized as the foremost authority in the world on the subject of light, has been working on the principles involved in the mechanism of this device for a number of years. He perfected the idea last Summer, but kept the matter a secret from all except his most intimate associates.

He took the plans out to the Mount Wilson observatory in California last Summer and after some preliminary instructions left his assistants to conduct the tests with the device. Yesterday Professor Michelson received a telegram from the observatory announcing the success of the contrivance in its first experiment.

"There has never before been any means of direct measurement of the stars," said Professor Forrest Moulton, the well-known astronomer of the University of Chicago, in commenting upon the invention.

"The principles of the device are so sound that the figures may be accepted as absolutely accurate. This first test introduces us to a conception of celestial bodies of magnitudes hitherto unmeasured and almost beyond comprehension. This is just another notable achievement in the life of Professor Michelson, which has been devoted to intensive research in the subject of light."

Professor Michelson is a scientist of unique distinction in America and elsewhere. He has made one of the most accurate determinations of the velocity of light and has applied the methods of light interference to numerous delicate physical measurements of lengths and angles, among which was his accurate determination of standards of lengths for the French Government. The famous Michelson-Morley light experiment gave much of the inspiration out of which has grown the Einstein theory of relativity.

A Recipient of the Nobel Prize.

Professor Michelson is one of a very small group of scientists who have been awarded the Nobel prize for their researches.

He has been considered for many years America's leading scientist. He was born at Streino, Germany, in 1852. His primary education was obtained in the public schools of San Francisco. He then sought an appointment to the United States Naval Academy. President Grant found a place for him and he was graduated a midshipman in 1873. After a service of two years at sea he became an instructor in physics and chemistry at the Naval Academy, this really being the start of his career as scientist.

He became so enamored of scientific research that he resigned from the service in 1881, studied two years abroad and then was appointed Professor of Physics in the Case School of Applied Science in Cleveland, holding that position for six years. From 1889 to 1892 he was similarly engaged at Clark University, Worcester, Mass. He was then called to the chair of the department of physics at the University of Chicago, a position which he has ever since held.

The first international recognition of Professor Michelson came to him with his calculation of the velocity of light. More than thirty years ago by a method of his own devising he demonstrated that the earth, instead of slipping through the medium which transmits light, the so-called ether, drags this medium along with it. His experiments along this line resulted in his development of the interferometer, which then was the most efficient instrument devised for analyzing the spectra of incandescent gases and vapors.

Some time later Professor Michelson applied his interference methods to astronomical and spectroscopical measurements and ascertained the diameters of the satellites of the planet Jupiter.

After subsequently specializing in the improvement of scientific instruments Professor Michelson brought out the echelon, which has a solving power many times as great as the largest diffraction grating. It was for this distinguished service rendered to science with his echelon and interferometer that the Nobel Prize for Physics was awarded to him in 1907.

Honored by England, America, Germany.

In 1907 also Professor Michelson received the Royal Society's Copley Prize, the highest scientific honor that can be bestowed in the British Empire. He has received medals and honorary degrees from the Franklin Institute of Philadelphia, the Paris Academy of Sciences, the University of Leipsic, the University of Göttingen and many others.

In 1915 the public was informed that Professor Michelson had ruled 120,000 perfectly straight and parallel lines on a piece of metal 6 inches by 3 inches in area. The metal was a diffraction grating. It split a ray of light into the greatest number of shades of color ever seen. It measured differences between the wave lengths of various colored rays down to a millionth part of a centimeter, or one three-millionth of an inch, recording colors no human eye had ever seen.

Professor Michelson's special work has been the study of light—the light that passes between planets and stars and suns.

Professor Michelson is a brother of Charles Michelson, now the Washington correspondent of The New York World, and of Miss Miriam Michelson of San Francisco, author of "In the Bishop's Carriage," "The Madigans," "A Yellow Journalist," "The Duchess of Suds" and "The Superwoman." Professor Michelson is the father of Albert Heminway Michelson, formerly in the American consular service.

COLOSSUS OF THE SKIES.

The shaded portion of the diagram shows the size of Betelgeuse compared with the orbits of our planets. As will be seen, the star would nearly fill the orbit of Mars. The sun and the planets as shown here are greatly exaggerated. The sun, for example, it correctly drawn to scale, would be only 1-150th of an inch in diameter. It would take 27,000,000 suns like it to equal Betelgeuse, although the diameter of our sun is 856,000 miles.

DIAGRAM OF ORION.

Showing the colossal star Betelgeuse, whose diameter is 260,000,000 miles; one of the most brilliant stars in the sky on a clear Winter evening

PEASE AND ANDERSON AIDED.

Measurements With Michelson's Device Taken at Mt. Wilson.

By GEORGE ELLERY HALE.

Director of Mt. Wilson Observatory of the Carnegie Institution.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 29.—On Dec. 13, 1920, the diameter of the brightest red star, Betelgeuse (Arabic for "the Giant's Shoulder), in the constellation of Orion was successfully measured on Mt. Wilson. Stars are so remote that hitherto it has not been possible to measure their diameters, in spite of the fact that many stars must be much larger than the sun.

In his Presidential address last August before the British Association for the Advancement of Science, Professor A. S. Eddington, the well-known astronomer of the University of Cambridge, remarked:

"Probably the greatest need of stellar astronomy at the present day, in order to make sure that our theoretical deductions are starting on the right lines, is some means of measuring the apparent angular diameter of stars."

He then went on to predict that "the star with the greatest apparent diameter is almost certainly Betelgeuse, diameter 0.051 seconds of arc."

The result thus obtained is a remarkable verification of this prediction.

The measurement was made with the 100-inch Hooker telescope by Messrs. Pease and Anderson of the observatory staff. No telescope is powerful enough to measure directly the extremely small angle subtended by a star. This very difficult and delicate task is rendered possible by a method devised by Professor Michelson, director of the Ryerson Physical Laboratory of the University of Chicago and research associate of the Mount Wilson Observatory and California Institute of Technology.

While this method is too technical to be clearly explained in a short article, it may be said that it is based upon the phenomenon known as the interference of light. A special instrument devised by Professor Michelson for the application of the method is therefore called an interferometer, and a very large instrument of this kind, 20 feet in length, was recently built in the observatory instrument shop.

During Professor Michelson's visit to Mount Wilson last Summer, this interferometer was attached to the upper end of the tube of the 100-inch telescope and successfully adjusted and tested. After further tests and improvements, it has now been applied to the measurement of Betelgeuse.

The measured angular diameter is 0.046 second of arc, in surprisingly close agreement with Professor Eddington's calculations. While this is a preliminary value which will be improved by subsequent measures, it is probably correct within 10 per cent.

To learn the linear diameter of the star, we must know its distance from the earth. The three available measures of the distance of Betelgeuse are not in a very close agreement, but their average is probably fairly reliable. Using this value, the diameter of the star comes out 300,000,000 miles. In other words, it would fill the entire orbit of Mars.

The colossal size of Betelgeuse will be recognized when it is compared with the sun, which is less than a million miles in diameter. The sun, if it were a hollow sphere, would contain a million bodies as large as the earth, or if the earth were fixed at its centre, the moon, 240,000 miles away, could move in its orbit and have much room to spare. Yet, when we remember that the sun, in a state of very attenuated gas, many millions of years ago must have filled the entire solar system, we recognize the possibility that stars even larger than Betelgeuse may exist.

The new result beautifully confirms the recent conclusions of Russell and Hertzsprung, another student of stellar evolution. A few years ago Russell showed that there must be two great classes of stars, the giants, huge gaseous bodies in an early stage of development, and the dwarfs, which have condensed to the stage represented by our sun and by many yellow and red stars whose life histories are still more advanced. The validity of Russell's views has been borne out by the investigations of Dr. Adams and his associates on Mount Wilson through the use of Adams's new and remarkable method of measuring the distance and intrinsic brightness of stars with the spectroscope.

The successful measurement of the actual diameter of a stellar giant now furnishes the last link in the chain and prepares the way for a most promising extension of our investigations on the formation and development of the stars.

HOW TO FIND BETELGEUSE.

Watch for It in Orion, Which Rises at About 8 o'Clock.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Discussing the report of the achievement of Professor Michelson in determining the enormous mass of the star Betelgeuse, Rear Admiral John Adrian Hoogewelfe, now serving his second detail as Superintendent of the United States Naval Observatory, said tonight:

"Perfection of instruments for making stellar measurements of one sort or another is always important, and the results reported as having been achieved by the use of Professor Michelson's device mean that the astronomical world will now have at hand a new method for more accurately measuring the diameter and consequently the volume of the more distant fixed stars.

"Orion is one of the brightest constellations in the eastern skies. The story goes that Orion, a Greek mythical hero, a strong and handsome giant, after his death was placed among the stars, where he appears with a girdle, sword, lion's skin and club. Three of the stars in the constellation are in what is known as the girdle, another of the stars is Alpha Orionis, which now appears to be an even larger giant in the heavens than was suspected."

Professor Asaph Hall, one of the astronomers at the Naval Observatory, said:

"Alpha Orionis may be seen almost any clear evening in the eastern skies. Orion rises in the east about 8 o'clock, when the three stars in the girdle of the constellation appear. The bright star north of the belt is Alpha Orionis. The parallax of that star we know well. Professor Michelson's device is intended to enable us to get the angle with greater accuracy, and with that better known and the distance of that star determined, it is a matter of formula to work out the diameter and volume of the star."

HOTEL GUARD FIRES ON AN INCENDIARY

Attempt Is Made to Burn Another Building at Star Junction, Pa.

Special to The New York Times.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., Dec. 29.—An attempt was made to set fire to the Junction House, a hotel at Star Junction, and the incendiary, caught in the act, was fired upon by guards, according to a report which reached headquarters of the State police here today.

Alarmed by the presence about the hotel for several evenings of men who acted suspiciously, the proprietors of the hotel on Monday evening employed guards to keep watch over the building.

At 3 o'clock yesterday morning the guards noticed a man on the first floor of the hotel and watching him, saw him strike a match and apply it to a pile of newspapers, which he had gathered in the corner. Immediately the guards rushed the incendiary, but he eluded them and dashed to freedom in the darkness, escaping a rain of shots, which were sent after him.

The incendiary attempt and the near-capture created intense excitement at Star Junction, where three weeks ago the big Star Junction school house was destroyed by an incendiary fire. Eight rooms of the school have been rebuilt and will be ready for occupancy within a few weeks, it was stated today.

Yesterday's attempt, following closely on the heels of the discovery by a railroad crew of an alleged attempt to fire the Lebanon Avenue school, Uniontown, strengthens the theory of many, including County Commissioners, that the real firebug is still at large.

Two attempts to burn the First Presbyterian Church building at Fairchance, near here, were reported late tonight. Both times the blaze was discovered before it had gained much headway.

Less than twenty minutes after the discovery of the firebug in the hotel and his escape, William Heston and Samuel Baughman hurried into Star Junction and announced that the "phantom motor car" had passed them a few minutes before, going at a high rate of speed in the direction of Brownsville.

The two men were on their way to Star Junction, when they heard the shots. Less than five minutes had elapsed after the shots died away, according to both men, when a big closed car, carrying big lights of a greenish color, dashed by them. The men also noted that the "phantom car" carried two red lights behind instead of one.

Their description of the car tallied with that given by other persons who have observed it speeding away from the neighborhood of previous fires.

Additional claims have been filed with the County Commissioners for the $5,000 reward offered for the arrest and conviction of the incendiary.

ALFRED FRIED HOMELESS.

Appeal for Nobel Prize Winner Is Made in Vienna.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Dec. 29.—The president of the journalists' organization is publishing an appeal to the people of Vienna to help get an apartment for the famous pacifist leader, Alfred Fried, bearer of the Nobel prize, who is shelterless.

This shows the difficulty of obtaining accommodations in Vienna unless at a prohibitive rent.

FIND HIDDEN LIGHT BY A 'CHEMICAL EYE'

Scientists Witness Demonstration of a War Device by Professor Wood.

WOULD CONCEAL SIGNALS

Convention Also Hears Monopolies Discussed by Bolton Hall and Insurance by E. S. Lott.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—The development of a "chemical eye" through which rays of ordinarily invisible light could be seen, and which the discoverer said would prove of great help in warfare, was explained tonight by Professor Robert W. Wood of Johns Hopkins University, in an address before the convention of the American Association for the Advancement of Science.

Professor Wood demonstrated a machine of his invention which produced ultra-violet rays invisible to the naked eye. His audience then viewed the rays through a wide-angle telescope device which caused them to become visible and to take on a phosphorescent appearance.

These rays and the detecting device were the result of the war, Professor Wood said, the Government having asked a group of scientists to produce a light which would be visible to those who knew of it but would be invisible to the enemy. The discovery was made shortly after the armistice.

"Airplanes, battleships or land forces could use it for signaling," he said. "Also it could be used on aviation fields for night landing of airplanes. It would point out the landing field, but would be visible only to the planes equipped with the detector. Its uses are unlimited in war."

Bolton Hall, New York lawyer, told the economics section that regulation and control of business would never end high prices until "monopolistic control of land or of public rights" was taken from monopolistic hands.

A plea for more freedom in organizing the Bureau of War Risk Insurance was made by R. Cholmeley Jones, its director.

Extension of American insurance to foreign countries was advocated by Edson S. Lott of New York.

MARSHALL FIELD 3D GOES INTO BANKING

Joins a Chicago Firm of Investment Dealers and Will Head the New Concern.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—Despite the wealth already acquired and eventually to be inherited from the estate of his grandfather, Marshall Field 3d is going to engage in the buying and selling of investment securities. A formal statement, issued tonight, says:

"Marshall Field announces his plans to engage in the investment banking business in Chicago.

"Mr. Field has chosen for his associates in this work the partners of the firm of Glore, Ward & Co., and with them has incorporated under the name of Marshall Field, Glore, Ward & Co.

Mr. Field is said to be ambitious to have the name of Marshall Field occupy a place in the financial world equal to that which his grandfather established in the dry goods business.

The entire personnel of Glore, Ward & Co. will be retained by the new company, which will have these stockholders and Direct

MAY NAME 2 CABINET MEMBERS ON JAN. 1

Harding Drops Interviews for Two Days While He Confers With More Leaders.

PACKERS AGAINST WALLACE

Chicago Delegation Calls — Representative Kelley Confers on Naval Appropriations.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, Dec. 29.—Announcement made today that Senator Harding would see no correspondents during the day or tomorrow, coincided with the starting of rumors that the President-elect might give out his selections for Secretary of State and Secretary of the Treasury as a New Year's bulletin.

It was assumed that Mr. Harding wished to avoid discussion of Cabinet matters between then and now. He expects to have a visit from Chairman Will Hays before Saturday, while one of tomorrow's callers will be Senator Knox, who is coming from Washington with Edward B. McLean and H. M. Daugherty. The visit of Messrs. Knox and McLean is said here to be primarily to go over the plans for inauguration, Senator Knox heading the Congressional Committee and Mr. McLean being Chairman of the general committee.

The list of volunteer Cabinet framers was increased today by "Uncle Charlie" Patton, the 79-year-old Civil War veteran who has charge of press headquarters. He has been present at virtually every interview with Mr. Harding's visitors in the press headquarters. Today he picked his Cabinet and posted the following list on the wall:

Secretary of State, Charles Evans Hughes; Secretary of the Navy, John W. Weeks; Secretary of War, A. T. Hert; Secretary of the Interior, Frank M. Lowden; Secretary of Agriculture, H. C. Wallace; Attorney General, Harry M. Daugherty; Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Theodore Roosevelt.

In the Departments of State, Justice and Agriculture, "Uncle Charlie" confirms the judgment of most of those who are discussing the Cabinet. With regard to other posts, he asserted his independence. As proof of his caution, he pointed out, he was not prepared to select a Secretary of the Treasury, and in this he is supported by others, who are unwilling to decide between the influences exerted in behalf of Weeks, Dawes and Reynolds.

Live Stock Men Against Wallace.

Representatives of a variety of interests called upon the President-elect today. A committee of Chicagoans, interested in live stock marketing, came to oppose the appointment of Henry C. Wallace of Des Moines as Secretary of Agriculture and to present arguments against the Kenyon-Kendrick bill for Federal regulation of the packing industry. This bill has had the active support of Mr. Wallace, whose editorials in his agricultural paper have been read into the Senate record by Mr. Kenyon.

The delegation consisted of Everett C. Brown, President of the National Live Stock Exchange; C. B. Stafford, President of the Chicago Live Stock Exchange, and Kay Wood, Chairman of the Legislative Committee of the National Live Stock Exchange. After the conference Mr. Stafford said:

"While we do not feel at liberty to repeat anything Senator Harding said to us, we are going away feeling very confident that he will give the country a safe and careful administration, with less agitation calculated to embarrass business. We urged upon him the appointment of a Secretary of Agriculture whose policies would help in this direction. We did not come to propose or particularly favor any special person for that position, and we assured the Senator that the live stock interests would vigorously support whomever he should name, so long as a sound and assuring policy were pursued."

Kelley for Strong Naval Reserve.

Representative Patrick A. Kelley, who is Chairman of the subcommittee of the Appropriation Committee which has charge of naval matters, spent some time with Senator Harding, discussing questions of naval policy and appropriations.

Mr. Kelley explained afterward that in his view the potential strength of the Navy, quickly and readily available in case of necessity, was more important than its actual force at a given moment.

"By that I mean," he went on, "that if the naval vessels and industrial establishments are maintained at the point of absolute readiness of operation, and if the corps of officers is at all times sufficient to handle the navy, then the actual number of men in the organization is of secondary importance. At present we have a naval reserve, numbering something like 250,000 men, who have had six months to two years' service with the forces, and under the present law can receive thirty days' actual service each year, thus keeping them in touch with the operation of the navy.

"With such a reserve, thus efficient, it would be a matter of little time to fill out the organization for active service. Because of this, it is not of the utmost importance whether the enlisted personnel of the navy is 75,000 or 150,000. But great economy can be effected if the personnel is kept down, because every 1,000 men means an expenditure of $1,500,000 a year.

"It is thus a matter of the greatest importance what policy is to be adopted. The appropriation bill will be larger or smaller, according as it shall be determined whether the organization shall be in greater or less degree maintained in expectation of drawing from the reserve.

"The House committee has not reported the Naval bill yet. The estimates on which it was based asked for $679,000,000, the current Naval Appropriation act provides $455,000,000, and I imagine the bill as reported will be rather less than the current year's budget. But this must necessarily depend on the policy that will be adopted in dealing wih the features I have suggested.

"There has been a suggestion that we should reduce our building program. We already have twice the naval power of Japan, and when our current naval program and Japan's have been completed the relations will be about the same.

"In my judgment there is only one way to start the reduction of naval armaments and that is by agreement for proportional reductions. When our present naval program is completed we will have approximately the same strength as Great Britain and twice the strength of Japan. I should think that when that time comes it would be quite feasible for us to consider an agreement covering future construction, under which the proportions should remain unchanged."

Coal and Race Track Gambling.

Daniel B. Wentz of Philadelphia, President of the National Coal Association, called on Senator Harding with Fred M. Upham, Treasurer of the Republican National Committee, who is also a coal man. Mr. Wentz told Senator Harding that the situation as to bituminous production could now be regarded as very satisfactory.

Albert Sidney Gregg of Cleveland, General Superintendent of the American Civic Reform Union, called upon Senator Harding to enlist his interest in a bill for the elimination of race track gambling to be brought before the next Congress. He stated that Senator Harding had given him a sympathetic hearing.

Mr. Gregg said that his organization hoped to obtain the influence of the "dry" forces for the suppression of gambling. He predicted that the main body of these forces would support this measure rather than follow those now advocating Sunday blue laws.

Victor F. Lawson, publisher of the Chicago Daily News, and Colonel Charles D. Warren, of Detroit, former National Committeeman from Chicago, were others seen by Senator Harding today.

Harding Greets Aged Supporters.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Dec. 29.—Mr. and Mrs. Martin W. Frisbie of this city, who on their fiftieth wedding anniversary, Nov. 2, cast their votes for Harding, made public today a letter of thanks from the President-elect, in which he stated his pride that his father was a Civil War veteran, as is Mr. Frisbie, who served with a Connecticut regiment. The pair went to the polls together, Mr. Frisbie on crutches. He is 80 years old and his wife 76.

Harding Picks Cavalry Escort.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Troop A of the First Ohio Cavalry has been designated as President-elect Harding's personal escort in the inaugural parade. E. B. McLean, Chairman of the Inaugural Committee, was so informed today by Senator Harding. Troop A acted as esort to McKinley at his inauguration.

MARQUIS GONZALES DEAD.

Spanish Minister to Mexico Succumbs After Brief Illness.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 29.—Marquis Joaquin Gonzalez y Gonzalez, Spanish Minister to Mexico, died last night following a short illness.

The body of the Minister was placed this afternoon in a vault in the Spanish Cemetery. It will be removed under escort to Madrid in January. One thousand soldiers participated in the ceremony at the cemetery, which was attended by the diplomatic corps.

GIFTS TO POPE'S FUND.

650,000 Lire Received for Relief of Children in Europe.

ROME, Dec. 20.—The Osservatore Romano today prints the first list of offerings received as a result of a new appeal from Pope Benedict for the relief of poor children, sufferers from the war.

The list aggregates 650,000 lire, including 38,000 received from Rio Janeiro, 40,000 from the Philippine Islands and 28,000 from Mrs. Bellamy Storer, wife of the former United States Ambassador to Austria-Hungary.

PREDICTS FALL OF JAZZ.

Chicago Prophet Also Says Music Will Take Place of Booze.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—The demise of jazz music and a renaissance of good music were predicted by delegates to the National Music Teachers' Association today.

"Music," declared R. G. McCutchn, Secretary of the association, "will give the country the emotional stimulus formerly taken by booze. A singing nation is a contented nation. Music will drown out the insidious muttering of Red agitators."

DENIES BEING HOSTESS TO EAMON DE VALERA

Mrs. Maguire Contradicts Report That He Is Resting in Family Home in New Rochelle.

A report in The Advocate, a weekly Irish newspaper, that Eamon de Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," was visiting a friend, James K. Maguire, former Mayor of Syracuse, at New Rochelle, was denied by Mrs. Maguire last night at her home, 321 West 106th Street.

A TIMES reporter learned that the Maguires had sold their New Rochelle home in October, when they moved to this city, and that the present tenants of the New Rochelle house knew nothing of the Irish leader's whereabouts. The Advocate's announcement was as follows:

"We may state for the benefit of anxious inquirers that he (de Valera) is recuperating at the home of his friend, James K. Maguire, in New Rochelle."

Mrs. Maguire said last night that she had not seen de Valera in several months, and was surprised when told of the report that he was the guest of Mr. Maguire. "You may come and search the house if you wish," she said. She said her husband was out of town, but declined to say where.

TO AID STARVING IRELAND.

Cardinal O'Connell Authorizes Raising of Fund in Boston.

BOSTON, Dec. 29.—A fund in aid of starving Irishmen and women was authorized by Cardinal O'Connell today.

His action was in response to the appeal by Bishop MacRory of Down and Connor, who cabled that the coming Winter threatens thousands of his people with starvation, that 10,000 Belfast workers are out of employment and that the Government's customary allowance "has for some reason so worked up to the present that the Catholic victimized workers are excluded from benefits." The Bishop added:

"Fully 50,000 Catholics are now on the verge of starvation in my diocese."

BUSINESS MEN ACT TO SAVE THE IRISH

Form Non-Political and Non-Sectarian Body to Relieve Starving People.

CARDINAL GIBBONS AT HEAD

Prominent Americans Join in Appeal for Co-operation of Every Class and Creed.

A committee of prominent business men of Irish ancestry, meeting in New York yesterday, organized "The American Committee for Relief in Ireland," for the announced purpose of saving the Irish race in Ireland from virtual annihilation through starvation. Heading the list of promoters of the movement is Cardinal Gibbons of Baltimore. A preliminary fund of $300,000 has been underwritten to complete the work of organization and start the relief.

The committee, it is explained, is to be non-political and non-sectarian and its work will be conducted along the lines of the American relief work in Belgium. The co-operation of the American and British Governments in the movement is to be sought. Herbert Hoover, who headed the Belgium relief work, has been consulted and his advice has been promised.

The first step the new organization took was to issue an appeal to the American public, in which it said:

"In Ireland today thousands of women and children have been driven to the pitiful refuge of the fields and open country. Balbriggan, Granard, Tralee, Templemore, Trim, Tobercurry, Lisburn, Thurles and numerous other towns and villages have been burned and are in ruins. In Cork alone acres of business buildings and homes have been wiped out by fire. And grim Winter has overtaken the homeless.

"Over forty creameries, the co-operative plants of great and small communities, built by the Irish farmers, have been razed to the ground, and the economic units they served have been paralyzed.

"Thousands of workers have been thrown out of employment by the burning of factories and creameries, and in consequence of the generally disturbed conditions in Belfast alone 30,000 shipyard workers and their families are on the verge of starvation.

"The transportation system has broken down, so that it is difficult to distribute even such supplies as are available in Ireland.

Seeks Co-operation of All.

"To meet this appalling situation and to cope with it before it reaches a point where it may menace the very existence of the Irish people, the American Committee for Relief in Ireland has been formed. This committee is a non-political and non-sectarian body, solely humanitarian in aim, which seeks the co-operation of all those in whom human suffering evokes sympathy.

"This American committee purposes to supply relief to the women and children in Ireland, without regard to political or religious distinctions, through trained relief workers, distributing foodstuffs, clothing, building materials and medical stores.

"The suffering and the helpless in Ireland seek aid from the American people, who have never yet refused an appeal from the suffering and helpless. To relieve the bitter need of the Irish people the undersigned therefore confidently appeal for aid to the humanity of America.

"There is little to add to the above save to point out that Ireland is virtually the only place in the world where the destruction of resources has been continuous. Today industry is paralyzed in Ireland and the greater part of the ablebodied male population is leading a hunted and fugitive existence. If present conditions continue unrelieved the Irish race in Ireland faces virtual annihilation. We are confident that Americans of every class and creed will respond promptly to avert the terrible fate menacing a people to whom they are so closely bound by ties of kinship and of a common heritage."

Morgan J. O'Brien, former Judge of the Court of Appeals, is Chairman of a temporary executive committee, the other members being Cardinal Gibbons, John D. Ryan, Thomas F. Ryan, Nicholas F. Brady, Edward L. Doheny of Los Angeles, Senator Thomas J. Walsh of Montana, Senator David I. Walsh of Massachusetts. Senator James D. Phelan of California, Thomas J. Maloney, John Quinn, Lawrence Godkin, Martin J. Gillen, Judge Richard Campbell and J. J. Pulleyn of New York. Judge Campbell is Secretary and Mr. Pulleyn Treasurer. The latter is President of the Emigrants Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers Street, and it is requested that all checks or money be sent to him.

Started by 36 Citizens.

Thirty-six citizens of Irish ancestry representing all sections of the country started the plan and sent out a call a few days ago for a meeting of those interested. Until further increased in numbers, this group is to constitute the National Council of the American Committee for Relief in Ireland. The executive Committee will continue the work, headquarters will be obtained in this city at once, and the committee will send food, clothing and medical supplies to Ireland as fast as money can be raised and arrangements made for transportation of workers and supplies.

The main body, which met yesterday in the office of Morgan J. O'Brien, 120 Broadway, and elected the executive committee consists of the following:

His Eminence, James Cardinal Gibbons, Baltimore.
Morgan J. O'Brien, New York.
Thomas F. Ryan, New York.
Nicholas F. Brady, New York.
John D. Ryan, New York.
Edward L. Doheny, Los Angeles.
Thomas J. Walsh, Helena, Mon.
George M. Cohan, New York.
Edward Hines, Chicago.
David I. Walsh, Boston.
E. N. Hurley, Chicago.
J. J. Pulleyn, New York.
James D. Phelan.
James J. Phelan, Boston.
Daniel Kelleher, Seattle.
John Quinn, New York.
Richard Tobin, San Francisco.
John B. McGuran, Denver.
Michael F. Dooley, Providence, R. I.
Thomas J. Maloney, New York.
Alfred W. Donovan, Rockland, Mass.
Peter A. Drury, Washington, D. C.
E. F. Carry, Chicago.
P. H. Callahan, Louisville, Ky.
Dennis F. Kelly, Chicago.
P. H. O'Neill, Los Angeles.
E. L. Doheny Jr., New York.
Martin J. Gillen, New York.
James Reeves, New York.
Joseph H. O'Neill, Boston.
John O'Keefe, New York.
J. K. Mullen, Denver.
J. Rogers Flannery, Pittsburgh.
Lawrence Godkin, New York.
George C. Dempsey, Boston.
Right Rev. Michael J. Gallagher, Bishop of Detroit.

A statement issued by the committee setting forth the aims of the organization and the need for help says the facts available show that relief on a large scale must be organized immediately and adds:

"Individual members of the American branch of the Society of Friends have already promised full co-operation with the A. C. R. I. and volunteered for actual relief work in Ireland. A cable recently received from James Douglas, a leading Quaker of Dublin, stated that money and workers for relief were urgently required. The English Friends have started to do what they can, and are being assisted by the Irish group, but their resources are limited.

"Cablegrams received from the four Archbishops of Ireland, in response to inquiries from Cardinal Gibbons, further testified to the need of immediate relief.

"It is to be noted that the Presidents of both the National Irish Societies are included in the membership of the National Council."

At the close of a meeting of the National Council of the Friends of Irish Freedom at the Hotel Biltmore last night it was announced that the National Council had appropriated $25,000 to be turned over to the American Committee for Relief in Ireland, formed yesterday. Additional contributions, it was said, would come from the many branches of the Friends throughout the country, whose representatives attended last night's meeting.

IRISH FRIENDS OPEN FIGHT ON ENGLAND

Say British Foster War Between America and Japan and Would Destroy Our Commerce.

In a resolution which contained a most bitter attack upon the British Government, the National Council of the Friends of Irish Freedom, an organization made up chiefly of American citizens, announced a declaration of policy last night following a session meeting at the Hotel Biltmore. It was said that the entire membership of the National Council was present.

The Friends of Irish Freedom, as an organization, is opposed to the American Association for the Recognition of the Irish Republic, of which Eamon de Valera is the head, believing that an American should dictate the policy of Irish sympathizers here.

The resolution, introduced by Supreme Court Justice Daniel F. Cohalan, the spokesman for the National Council, called upon the friends to uphold the fight of the "Republic of Ireland" for recognition; to aid and assist the suffering people of the devastated areas of Ireland "now at the mercy of an unscrupulous and barbarous army of occupation"; and "to expose and defeat the British fostered opposition to repeal of the existing status of the Panama Canal Tolls act."

The resolution also urges the Friends "to expose and defeat the British attempt to control, to the disadvantage of American commerce, all foreign cable and wireless communications; to expose and defeat the British attempt diplomatically to isolate the United States among the nations of the world, and to sow, especially in the lands directly concerned, the seeds of war between America and Japan."

It is also urged that the "British world-wide propaganda and campaign to weaken and destroy our foreign commerce and our merchant marine, as well as the British propaganda now going through the United States to raise the little navy cry in this country while England is going full speed ahead with her program of navy construction" be exposed and defeated.

The eighth item in the resolution calls for the defeat of the "British attempt to cancel its financial obligations, which, if successful, would amount to a tax on every American family of $250 and a gift to every family in England of $625."

In a preamble, responsibility for the defeat of the League of Nations at the recent election is claimed by the Friends of Irish Freedom."

PENNSYLVANIA ROAD DROPS 2,000 MORE

Burlington Lays Off Men in Nebraska—Boston & Albany to Reopen Shops.

FURTHER TEXTILE CUTS

Fall River Union Leader Declares Wage Reduction Is Unwarranted and Causes Hardship.

WILMINGTON, Del., Dec. 29.—A drastic cut in the working force of the Pennsylvania Railroad in this region is now under way, it was stated tonight by Gamble Latrobe, Superintendent of the Southern Grand Division, with headquarters here. Mr. Latrobe said his office is working out the details and was not prepared to give an estimate of the number of men to be dropped.

It is unofficially estimated that from 1,700 to 2,000 men will lose their jobs. This amounts to approximately 10 per cent. of the working force. The Southern Grand Division comprises the Delaware, Maryland, Baltimore and Norfolk Divisions, employing slightly less than 19,000 men. Maintenance of way, shop, office and transportation workers are affected.

OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 29.—Several hundred men employed in the car and motive power shops of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad at various places in Nebraska have been laid off, it was announced today. George Loomis, assistant general manager, said a satisfactory condition of rolling stock and business depression were responsible.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Dec. 29.—The Boston & Albany Railroad car repair shops in West Springfield, which were closed indefinitely last Monday, throwing nearly 100 men out of work, will be re-opened next Monday, according to information received here today. Eighty per cent. of the employes will be taken back. The reason for the change of policy is not announced.

WILLIMANTIC, Conn., Dec. 29.—Notices were posted in the local mills of the American Thread Company today announcing a reduction in wages of 22½ per cent., effective next Monday. The cut will affect 8,000 persons employed in the company's mills at Fall River and Holyoke, Mass.; Westerly, R. I., and Willimantic and Glasgo, Conn.

The company's mills here have been operated only one day a week for the last month. Whether a longer working schedule will be put into effect next week is not known.

TROY, N. Y., Dec. 29.—Seven textile firms in Cohoes and one in Colonie today announced a 22½ per cent. reduction in wages, effective Jan. 1. In a statement it was said that the reduction will bring wages to the basis in force between July 1 and Dec. 31, 1919. The plants are closed at present.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Dec. 29.—The acceptance of the reduction of 22½ per cent. in wages by the operatives in the textile mills of Fall River should not be taken as an indication that such a reduction was warranted, said James Tansey, President of the American Federation of Textile Operatives today. His statement, which followed the announcement last night that the six unions making up the federation had voted to accept the wage cut, continued:

"On the contrary, we believe the reduction is drastic, severe and uncalled for, particularly when we take into consideration the present cost of living, and the fact that the decrease in pay is being taken from workers whose wages even at their highest rate do not compare by any means with the wages paid in many other industries.

"This reduction, coupled with the long continued loss of wages through the closing down of the mills for several months, imposes upon the operatives a burden and a hardship which, to say the least, is unfair.

"It has always been the opinion of the Textile Council that reduction in wages was not the remedy for depression in trade. We are still of that opinion and are convinced that such a drastic reduction is an injustice to the workers of the industry and is not the remedy under present conditions."

THREE RIVERS, Quebec, Dec. 29.—The plants of the Wabano Cotton Company and the Tidewater Shipping Company closed today until Jan. 10. The Canadian Iron Foundry Company also shut down one of its departments indefinitely. Hundreds of workers are affected.

Special to The New York Times.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Dec. 29.—Within a few days the four great Lawrence plants of the American Woolen Company will close, it is unofficially announced. Officials at the mills will not discuss future conditions.

Thousands have been idle in the American Woolen Company's mills here since the shutdowns last July. Resumption in the Fall was not permanent. The company has not announced a wage cut, but officials intimate one is coming.

Announcement was made by officials of the Smith & Dove Company that their plant will be shut down at once. It is the first shutdown in the company's history.

HUGE COAL DEAL PENDING.

Steel Corporation Will Acquire Waynesburg Fields for $20,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 29.—One of the largest coal land deals in the history of America, if not in the entire world, is being handled by the United States Steel Corporation, which is buying coal land east and southeast of Waynesburg, in Greene County. It is said that the deal involves approximately 30,000 acres, all or most of which was formerly held by Josiah V. Thompson of Uniontown.

It is understood that the Piedmont Coal Company is interested in the transaction, and is one of the chief holders of the property to pass into the possession of the steel corporation. The amount involved is estimated at approximately $20,000,000. Uniontown.

The new coal resources will fortify the steel corporation against the approaching scarcity of fuel and will place it in a most favorable position, for almost all the mine outlets will be on the Monongahela River, which will greatly facilitate transportation.

Approximately $5,000,000 will be spent by the steel corporation for mining equipment, a fleet of barges and miners' houses.

FORD SHUTDOWN EXTENDED

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 29.—Official admission that the Ford Motor Company's Highland Park plant, which normally employs from 50,000 to 60,000 men, will remain closed until Feb. 1 was made today.

The intention was for a suspension of operations during the regular midwinter inventory period of two weeks when the plant closed Dec. 24, but after a conference of officials it was decided to shut down until Feb. 1. Although the plant has been working at full capacity for the last three months, it is known that there had been a considerable falling off in the demand for Ford cars.

"The shut-down is the result of general financial and business conditions," was the explanation offered. "The Ford Company has been operating while other concerns have been laying off men or working them on part time."

Cut Car Service on Narrow Streets.

The Public Service Commission issued an order yesterday directing the Ninth Avenue Railroad Company to cease operating its cars in Washington and Greenwich Streets, south of Canal Street, between midnight and 5 o'clock A. M. Street car traffic, it was said, interfered with the transportation of food products; that passengers were rare during the hours named, and that the narrow streets caused many collisions and other accidents. The order becomes effective on Jan. 3 and is to run for the remainder of the year.

WORKER FIRES IN AIR AS PICKETS BESET HIM

Clothing Foreman Is Arrested With Alleged Attacker, Who Charges Felonious Assault.

Morris Levy, a foreman in the cutting room of J. Friedman & Co., was attacked by a group of pickets in front of the Friedman shop in East Houston Street at 6 o'clock on Tuesday evening, and fired five shots into the air. Levy was arrested almost immediately and the police also arrested Jacob Greenblatt, a member of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, one of the pickets. Both were held in $500 bail in the Essex Market Court.

There was a rehearing of the case yesterday, when Greenblatt made a charge of felonious assault against the foreman, and Levy's bail was raised to $1,000. The case has been set for trial on Jan. 5.

"There is a striking similarity between the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' advocacy of collective bargaining and the Bolshevist advocacy of treaties with foreign countries," William Bandler, President of the Clothing Manufacturers' Association of New York, declared in a statement yesterday. "They both have the same ultimate purpose, the rule of the proletariat.

"After seven years of submission to the assaults upon their business by this revolutionary union, the manufacturers have come to realize the danger of an immediate accomplishment of the union's purpose to destroy the industry and assume control."

The union announced yesterday that a New Year's celebration would be held in halls on the east side and in Brooklyn for the children of Amalgamated members.

GOODYEAR DEFICIT $15,647,000 FOR YEAR

This Does Not Include Expected Losses on Rubber and Fabric Contracts of $19,000,000.

AKRON, Ohio, Dec. 29.—The Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company today announced a deficit for the fiscal year ended Oct. 31 of $15,647,653, not including anticipated losses on contractual obligations for rubber and fabrics, which are expected to be about $19,000,000, notwithstanding that sales exceed $200,000,000, the largest in the history of the company.

The statement was announced at a stockholders' meeting, adjourned last Friday and again adjourned until Jan. 12, because the financing plans were not ready to be presented.

The company has bills payable of $23,579,81 and accounts payable $12,711,168, including estimated taxes. Rubber and fabric acceptances are listed at $4,388,680. Reserve for contingencies is $1,716,575.

Confidence was expressed at today's meeting in the ability of President Seiberling to satisfactorily put through the refinancing program within two weeks.

SEEK WORK AT LOW PAY.

Ex-Service Men Apply for Baltimore Jobs at 30 Cents an Hour.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 29.—Despite the fact that the remuneration of 30 cents an hour for hard labor is considerably lower than the wage scale that has been paid for similar work of late, more than sixty men applied to Superintendent Charles R. Jones at Druid Hill Park this morning for work in the parks and on other city jobs at that rate.

Superintendent Jones said that there would be work for all, as the city has much to complete that had not been finished last year owing to a scarcity of labor.

WHEN BUSINESS QUARTERS ARE SOUGHT

Important executives frequently waste costly hours—sometimes days at a time—in the hunt for the just right space in the proper location at a sensible rental.

And often the very store, floor, office or building sought, remains undiscovered—until too late.

In this connection our Commercial Leasing Department is essentially a *Service* Department. It acts as the Right Hand Man for a business man who knows how to employ an expert's time.

The records we keep regarding removals, lease expirations, sub-rentals, neighborhood changes, new construction, etc., etc., enable us on short notice to present facts and figures that save both time and money for our clients.

Our renting men are experienced in their work and incidentally you will find their opinions and their advice to be free from bias because their remuneration is *not* dependent upon the "commissions" they make.

SPECIAL CANVASSING BY AN EXPERT FOR OUT-OF-THE-ORDINARY REQUIREMENTS MAY BE ARRANGED ON A PER DIEM BASIS

Loton H. Slawson Company
171 MADISON AVENUE NEW YORK
PROPERTY MANAGEMENT ENGINEERS

An English Wife in Berlin
By EVELYN PRINCESS BLÜCHER

The Boston Transcript calls it:—
"So far the most revealing and absorbing personal record."
The New York Evening Post says:—
"Informal, racy of the moment, lively in mingling of personal incident with political happening, it reflects with unconscious dramatic quality the development of the German catastrophe and the aftermath of disaster."
The Chicago Evening Post says:—
"It is in a class by itself; fairly teems with interesting details."
Price $6.00. It should be on sale at your bookstore; if not, it can be had from
E. P. DUTTON & COMPANY, 681 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

Return Fire
A Subject for the Consideration of Bankers

Armed bandits raided the Bank of Alameda County at Alverado, California, and fled in an automobile, after having shot the president of the bank and locked two other officials in the bank's vault. The letter below describes our action following this lawless attack. It typifies F & D Service:

The Bank of Alameda County
COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS

Alvarado, California,
October 15th, 1920

Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland,
Mr. Guy LeRoy Stevick, Vice President,
San Francisco, Californ'
Gentlemen:-

Please accept our thanks for your check for $23,428.90, payment in full for the money taken from our Bank by hold-up and robbery on the 13th inst.

Within an hour after advising you of the robbery and the shooting of our President, Mr. May, your representatives and the detectives were on the ground assisting us and forthwith upon being advised of the amount of our loss, payment in full was made to us.

You also at once reinstated our insurance to its full amount, thus giving us complete protection.

We wish to express our appreciation for this unexcellable service.

Very truly yours,
J. A. Blaser
Cashier.

THE Bank of Alameda County was protected by an F & D Bankers' Blanket Bond. Within a few hours after the robbery, the loss was made good to the bank without jeopardizing either the bank or its directors!

F & D Bankers' Blanket Bonds should stand guard over every bank. They are "stronger than steel." They provide real protection against the unexpected.

F & D protection includes the Prompt Execution of Bonds. It also insures the Prompt Payment of Claims without refuge behind technicalities. F & D. Service.

Fidelity and Deposit Company
OF MARYLAND
120 BROADWAY
Fidelity and Surety Bonds and Burglary Insurance
Representatives Everywhere - Consult your Broker

LABOR CHALLENGE ON IRISH REPRISALS

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

for "unwarrantable delay in securing peace and opening trade relations with Russia."

Press View of Labor Action.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, Dec. 30.—Most of the speakers at the special labor conference on Ireland yesterday, who included representatives of the Irish Labor Party as well as English labor leaders, and emphasized points made in the report issued Tuesday of the Labor Commission were not trained to judicial investigation. They went to Ireland with preconceived opinions. They were most closely in touch with parties in Ireland strongly prejudiced against the Government, and they devoted too little time to cases in which the forces of the Crown had been attacked by extremists.

The Liberal Westminster Gazette concedes all these points made against the constitution of the mission, but adds:

"But when full allowance is made for these defects the report in general bears all the marks of honesty and sincerity and of painstaking efforts to ascertain within the limits it covers exactly what has happened in Ireland. The findings of the labor deputation can only be undermined in one way, and that is by evidence beyond all suspicion that they are untrue. As they stand they will be widely accepted. They constitute a most serious indictment of our policy in Ireland."

The Evening Standard, which supports the Government, points out that the Labor Commission's report announces conclusions without giving evidence on which they were arrived at, and that in suggesting a "truce" in Ireland and immediate opening of negotiations the report goes no further than the Government went weeks ago only to discover that the Sinn Fein wanted admission of the Independent Irish Republic and recognition of de Valera as its President before it would begin to talk. The Standard adds:

"It does not seem much use of the Labor Conference discussing the desirability of a truce and negotiations in London. The place where labor can be useful is not in London, but in Ireland. If they would return there and really endeavor to find some ground on which the two parties can meet and persuade the Sinn Fein to negotiate on a possible basis they would be justifying themselves and conferring a benefit on the State."

In Conservative and Coalition Liberal quarters it is held that one of the mainsprings of the labor agitation over Ireland is a political manoeuvre against the Government. It is argued that the labor report itself lays stress on the growing strength of the moderate elements in Ireland, but that some proportion of Sinn Fein M. P.s at least are afraid to make any move because of "gunmen."

The Daily Chronicle says:

"The mistake of the report—and of the conference following its lead—is to look at the situation without examining how it arose. Yet even children in a nursery, when a quarrel comes to blows, know that the first question to settle is who began it. In this case there is no question that the Irish Republican Army began it. It did so by murdering in cold blood, with every aggravation of treachery and atrocity, scores and scores of people, mostly, but not all, policemen, before ever 'reprisals' were dreamed of or a single Black and Tan existed, and so far as it still has power these are its methods still.

"Be it clearly understood that we do not therefore justify 'reprisals.' We strongly condemn them. Our point only is that the trouble must be surveyed in its due proportions and relations."

Still Seeks Way to Peace.

LONDON, Thursday, Dec. 30 (Associated Press).—The Parliamentary correspondent of The London Times says that the Cabinet spent more than two hours on the Irish question Wednesday, and that it is understood the whole situation, in its domestic, imperial and international bearings, was under review.

While it is regarded that from a narrowly military standpoint the outlook undeniably has improved in the last few months, the correspondent adds, there is no inclination on the part of the members of the Cabinet to minimize the desirability of pushing for peace. It is thought probable in well-informed circles, says the writer, that the first opportunity will be taken to pursue "explorations" of avenues to a possible settlement with the representatives of the Irish people.

NO DIRECT SURRENDER OF ARMS YET MADE

Martial Law Order in Ireland Apparently Without Effect —Three Shot in Raids.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Dec. 29.—Opinion in official circles here supports the information I telegraphed on Monday with regard to peace prospects. While the movement for peace may still be described as in existence, its chances of success are looked upon as remote.

The first reports received at Dublin Castle from the counties under martial law show that the order which expired on Monday to surrender arms and ammunition has been without effect. A number of weapons have been captured, and it is considered possible that these were placed in position to be seized by the authorities in the same manner as the surreptitious disposal of arms taking place in Dublin.

Another dance was raided by the Crown forces last night. A party of police surrounded the Bohran School, near Garva, Antrim, last night, where a dance was on. On the approach of the lorries they were fired at, says the official statement, and on the fire being returned Joseph Doherty of Boleran was killed.

Ulster special police were in action last night. At Newtown Hamilton two men who were called upon to stop failed to do so, and one was shot dead, while the other was dangerously wounded.

A farmer's plucky defense against overwhelming odds is related in the official account of an incident which occurred in the Clonmel district on Monday. Three men, one of whom was armed with a revolver, raided the farm and while the armed man was making a search, presumably for arms, the farmer seizing a golf club attacked and put his two companions to flight. Then he turned upon the third man, who fired at him and wounded him in the chest.

For the first time for many months, and pursuant to a decision of the railway men to carry all traffic without distinction, armed forces traveled on the railroads today without protest, one group leaving the Kingsbridge terminus in Dublin of the Great Southern line this morning. Although this is the nearest to a return to normality so far as the railways of the country are concerned, hitches are reported on the Great Northern and Midland and Great Western systems.

It was understood after the negotiations in London that the men were to be accepted back at work automatically en bloc and without question, but the Great Northern have requested the dismissed employes to make written application for reinstatement, while the boilermakers' strike on the Midland has resulted in lack of engines, which the company explains makes it impossible for them to take back all men at the moment.

DUBLIN, Dec. 29 (Associated Press).—The military today made extensive raids and searches of residences and business establishments throughout Dublin.

In Rutland Square alone 500 soldiers made a house to house inspection, and about a score of young men were arrested.

UNTERMYER CALLS EDDY SYSTEM EVIL

Lockwood Committee Will Stigmatize Its Use by Corporations as Illegal.

ELECTRICAL RING BARED

Labor Costs Raised 76 Per Cent.—Terra Cotta Contractors Exchanged Bids.

Evidence before the Lockwood committee at the City Hall yesterday indicated that since the war and arising directly out of war conditions the country has been honeycombed with associations of manufacturers and dealers in every conceivable commodity, operating either under the Eddy "open competition" plan of exchanging prices or under some modification of the idea presented by the late Arthur Jerome Eddy, a lawyer, in his book, "The New Competition."

William J. Matthews, successor of Eddy as counsel for a group of associations operated under the Eddy plan, told the committee that the business men of the country at present did not know where they stood with respect to membership in trade associations. He agreed with Samuel Untermyer, counsel to the committee, that the Government had chosen a weak test case in the Southern hardwood lumber case, now before the Supreme Court, and also agreed with the cross-examiner on the necessity for Federal supervision of commodity prices and trade associations.

That the Eddy system meant a "partial elimination of competition" was admitted by Mr. Matthews reluctantly. He insisted, however, that the plan was intended to stabilize industry, but his explanation of stability was called by Mr. Untermyer "an economic impossibility." Mr. Untermyer announced that his report to the Legislature would stigmatize the Eddy plan as absolutely illegal, resulting in the stifling of competition, and that "stabilizing prices" was a cover used by business men to fix prices in disregard of the anti-trust laws.

In a short summary and defense of the Eddy plan at the end of his testimony, Matthews declared earnestly that "no court in Christendom" could reasonably infer that prices were fixed by manufacturers because they exchanged bids and statistical data. He said it might, however, indicate a prima facie case of agreement to fix prices, but this could easily be rebutted.

Another book along the same lines came under the fire of Mr. Untermyer, and its author, Fred W. Lord, head of the Lord Electrical Company, was on the stand when an adjournment was taken. The name of the book is "The Ethics of Contracting and the Stabilizing of Profits" and it is dedicated to Mr. Eddy. It is a handbook for use by electrical contractors and among other things it states that one of the aims of the open price method of competition is the discountenancing of price cutting.

Electrical Combine Shown.

By the testimony of Mr. Lord and John J. Ryan, Secretary of three electrical contractors' associations, it was revealed that the electrical contractors of the country were banded in national, State and local associations and all members received price sheets twice a month from the national association.

Mr. Untermyer closed the case of the cement manufacturers by showing through the testimony of G. S. Brown of the Alpha Portland Cement Company that cement has gone up 75 cents a barrel since January, while the cost of production has increased 19 cents. It was also disclosed that when cement manufacturers sold direct to contractors rather than through the dealer or middleman, the price was 5 to 10 cents a barrel higher. The fact that a contractor might take a big quantity made no difference. A large paving company with immense orders had to pay more for cement than any small dealer in a country town placing a small order.

Delving further into the terra cotta business Mr. Untermyer brought to light the fact that members of the Eastern Terra Cotta Association exchanged all bids on jobs. The contractors divided their bids into two classes. Class A bids were those in which 100 per cent. above the cost was exacted and Class B bids were those in which less than 100 per cent. was added to the cost.

Several officials of the Building Trades Employers Association will be examined today, among them Otto Eidlitz, one of the chief members, and Samuel B. Donnelly, Secretary.

Eddy Plan Defended.

Mr. Matthews, who occupied the stand most of the day, was in the main a willing witness and strenuously defended his point of view. His manner won him the applause of the audience when he left the witness chair. The lawyer, who said his office was at 168 La Salle Street, Chicago, said he was a specialist on the "open competition plan" with reference to the anti-trust laws. He said that the late Mr. Eddy had fifteen to eighteen associations, some of the largest in the country, on the "open competition plan," and that he, the witness, represented seven of these organizations. Clark McKircher, formerly in the anti-trust department of the Department of Justice, is handling some of the associations at present, he said.

Among Mr. Matthews's associations were the following: The Bridge Builders Structural Society, the Ring Travelers Society, the Makers of Explosives, Dynamite and Gunpowder (including in its membership the du Pont, Atlas, Aetna, King, Hercules and other giant corporations), the Bolt, Nut and Rivet Society, the Society of Bar Iron, the Manufacturers of Wire Fence, the Cold Roll Strip Steel Association and the Hot Roll Strip Association. Among the others, formerly represented by Mr. Eddy, were the Hoop Band Strip Steel Association, the Eastern Bar Iron Society, Hollow Metal Door Society, Rolling Steel Door Society and the Electrical Institute.

By "open competition" the witness meant that every bid made on contract work and every modification of every bid shall be known to every competitor for the order.

Mr. Untermyer read the following from Eddy's book:

"In these days of uncertainty regarding the law it is not uncommon to hear men say:

"'We have a little association, but we never talk about prices.'

"'Then why do you meet?'

"'Oh, just to lunch and talk over things generally.'

"'You don't agree upon prices?'

"'No, sir!'

"'You meet for the fun of the thing?'

"'That's about it.'

"'Some of you travel a thousand miles once a month just for the pleasure of lunching together?'

"'Um-m—, well, you might put it that way.'"

Then Eddy says: "Such childlike pretenses deceive no one, and no self-respecting lawyer would permit clients to make such futile statements to a court.

Q.—You agree to that, don't you? A.—I agree to that.

Q.—But he doesn't state what statements they should make to the court. A.—I don't know whether he goes on to say that or not.

Q. (reading): "It is almost as common to hear men say, 'We have an association, but we don't agree upon prices.'

"'What do you do?'

"'Why, I get up and say, 'My price is so and so,' and the others get up and say their prices are so and so.'

"'And the result is, the price of everybody is "so and so"?'

"'Naturally; but we don't agree they shall be; we just exchange views and let prices take care of themselves.'"

Matthews admitted that the foregoing showed the participants were "skating on pretty thin ice."

Mr. Untermyer read other illustrations from the book as to how manufacturers met and discussed prices. He engaged in an argument with the witness regarding the Clayton act, in the course of which Mr. Untermyer said he had had a good deal to do with the drawing of the act, and said it prevented any restraint or restriction of trade whatever.

"Co-operation" and Competition, Too.

Matthews said the Eddy plan aimed to obtain co-operation, but not to eliminate competition. He was of the opinion that there could be co-operation or combination and competition, and did not admit that the terms were contradictory and irreconcilable.

Explaining the Eddy plan, the witness said that all bids were reported to the secretary, who sent copies to each member bidding on the job. If a man put in a revised bid this also reached the other members in the same way. When the contract was made by the successful bidder it was also reported to the members by the secretary.

Q.—If, after each man sees each other man's bid, you understand, that results in some people lifting their bids. You wouldn't call that an aid to competition, would you? A.—I would say that he had a perfect lawful right to do that.

Q.—We are not discussing that now. You didn't understand my question. Would you call that an aid to competition or a partial elimination of competition? A.—It might be construed, Mr. Untermyer, as a partial elimination of competition, but not to the extent as would contravene in law.

After an elaborate explanation of his thesis concerning his assertion that nobody could tell whether the plan resulted in more profits Mr. Untermyer became irritated and said: "Don't cover up the subject by talk of stabilizing industry and uniformity and all that sort of thing. You know perfectly well that when you speak of stabilizing prices you mean getting prices nearer uniform."

The lawyer maintained he did not mean that, and after a series of questions he was asked: "As you do away with wide fluctuations you get nearer uniformity?" "Yes," he answered.

"As a result of the war there seems to be a tendency toward team work among corporations," said Matthews. "Team work to fleece the people?" asked Mr. Untermyer.

A Post-War "Course" Admitted.

"A lot of people interpret it that way. We do not," said the witness.

Q.—Don't you know that that is the situation with many of these combinations that they have been a result very largely of the object lesson taught them by the war and the Government? A.—I think there is force in what you say.

Q.—That is one of the curses of the war, isn't it? A.—Where the privilege is abused, it is a curse, yes.

Q.—It has led to these enormously increased prices, hasn't it, in large measure? A.—I think there has been an arbitrary enhancing of the price in a lot of instances.

Q.—Due to these combinations, to the stifling of competition which these men have been taught by the severe necessities of the war. A.—Of course, I have no positive knowledge of that, I cannot say.

In his speech, which the witness had been eager to make from the beginning, he said that the Eddy plan was based on the theory of publicity, "bringing out into the open all the things that pertain to the industry."

"We have no agreements whatsoever with relation to anything relating to future prices or otherwise," he said. "We have no penalties, we have no secret rebates; there is no secrecy; everything is brought out into the open, and there is no formulating of group opinion to govern individual action. Each man is left absolutely to himself to follow the dictates of his own independent judgment, and I have sat in these conferences with these men, and I am here to say that I am representing the most reputable men in this community, men whose consciences are as tender as they can be, and there is no understanding, expressed or implied in any instance, that amounts to a restriction of trade that would contravene the law."

Following Matthews the committee went into the electrical equipment situation. John J. Ryan of Cleveland & Ryan, electrical contractors, described the local, State and national associations in the electrical business and also the relationship of the local association with the Building Trades Employers' Association until last May.

According to an agreement with the Electrical Workers' Union, he testified, journeymen since May 1, 1920, who get $9 a day, are charged for by the contractors at the rate of $14.40, an increase of 60 per cent.; foremen, paid $10, are charged for at the rate of $17.60, or 76 per cent. increase; helpers, receiving $5.50, are hired out for $8.80, or 60 per cent. above cost.

Ryan is Secretary of the Electrical Contractors' Association, the local organization, receiving $100 a year for his services. The State Association pays him $2,500 for acting in the same capacity and the local division of the national association another $1,500.

According to a resolution adopted on Oct. 4, 1917, the local association fixed specific overhead charges on contracts. The amount of overhead varied from 15 per cent. on contracts above $15,000 to 40 per cent. on contracts below $500.

15 INDICTED BY U. S. ON LOCKWOOD DATA

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

respective customers, with intent to enhance the price of such sand so sold and resold."

As a result of this agreement, the indictments say, competition among the members of the Sand and Gravel Dealers' Board of Trade was eliminated.

Charge Control of Market.

The methods recited in the indictments whereby, it is charged, the objects of the conspiracy were accomplished were:

"(1) Securing control of firms and corporations engaged in digging and producing, transporting and selling such sand, and either merging them with or turning their business over to the said Goodwin-Gallagher Sand and Gravel Corporation, thereby eliminating almost all existing competition in said digging and producing, transporting and sale.

"(2) Agreeing to fix, establish and maintain the prices to be charged in the sale or resale of all said sand for the purpose of eliminating competition in the sale and resale of such sand and to enhance the price thereof.

"(3) Inducing and coercing dealers in said sand to maintain the resale prices so agreed to, fixed and established, and to handle and sell only such of said sand dug and produced, transported by and purchased from said Goodwin-Gallagher Sand and Gravel Corporation.

"(4) And by taking other action to control; dominate and direct the course of the whole of said trade and commerce in said sand."

The defendants were notified of their indictment by the United States Attorney's office. No date was set for their arraignment.

TALLEY LAUDS CHIEF; SWORN IN AS JUDGE

Retiring Assistant Calls Swann "Careful and Conscientious," Upholding "People's Rights."

IS PRAISED BY McINTYRE

Joab H. Banton, Who Prosecuted Election Inspectors in 1917, Is Named to Succeed Him.

Alfred J. Talley, appointed by Governor Smith to succeed the late Judge James T. Malone in General Sessions, sent his resignation as Chief Assistant to District Attorney Swann yesterday and was sworn into his judicial office by Judge John F. McIntyre.

Mr. Talley, in his letter of resignation, highly praised the administration of Mr. Swann, whom he characterized "as careful and conscientious a public official as ever held office."

"We, who have been working with you, know your sense of fairness and your firm insistence that justice be done," Mr. Talley wrote. "You are no respecter of persons, and can see no distinction between violators of the law and exploiters of the people's rights, whether they be in high places or in low. There is only one shadow cast over the natural gratification that I feel in being placed upon the bench, and that is the necessity of severing my close official relations with a man whom I respect as highly as I do you."

Before Mr. Talley was sworn in Judge McIntyre said, in part:

"From my knowledge of you, from your long and unblemished career in this community, I am led to believe that you will make a most efficient Judge. In this my associates concur. You never sought victims, and you never sought to gain personal reputation. You have manifested a disposition always to do the conscientious and righteous thing. You become a Judge in a court—the oldest in this country—operated under the charter which came from England centuries ago. This, indeed, is the greatest judicial tribunal in America." The salary of a Judge of General Sessions is $17,500.

Mr. Swann appointed Joab H. Banton to succeed Talley as chief assistant. He also was sworn in by Judge McIntyre. Mr. Banton was an Assistant District Attorney up to a year ago, and since then has been a member of the law firm of Banton, Ferguson & Moore. His salary will be $10,000 a year. Mr. Banton is an independent Democrat.

Mr. Banton's former work as assistant in the District Attorney's Office included the prosecutions of election inspectors following the Republican primaries in September, 1917, in the Mayoralty nomination campaign between Mayor Mitchel and former Senator William M. Bennett. Sixty-one election officials were convicted.

POLICEMAN ADMITS WORKING FOR BRINDELL

Birmingham Got $5,000 a Year While Still on Force—Trial to Be Continued.

Testifying yesterday at his trial in Police Headquarters before Deputy Police Commissioner John A. Leach, Policeman Stephen W. Birmingham of the Clinton Street station admitted that while he was on a six months' leave of absence, granted by Police Commissioner Enright, he acted as general manager of Robert Brindell's Building Trades Council.

He said he was employed by Brindell, who was indicted as the result of revelations in the Lockwood committee's investigation, at a salary of $5,000 a year, but he denied that he made a false statement in his application for a leave of absence when he said he desired to take his wife away from the city because of her ill health.

Brindell was not related to him, he declared, as was stated at the Lockwood committee's investigation. He had known Brindell for many years, he said, and told him of his wife's illness.

"Brindell has a soft heart," Birmingham said, and he offered him a job as general manager of his labor organization, which he accepted. Brindell only required him to be at the office four days a week, Birmingham explained, so that the policeman could care for his wife over the week-end. While he was in the employ of Brindell, he admitted, he obtained another leave of absence for 180 days.

Birmingham said he was a member of the police force twelve years, and that up to a year and a half ago he was a member of the Loft Squad of the Detective Bureau, when he was transferred to patrol duty. He exhibited a letter from Mayor Hylan commending him for arresting robbers who held up cigar stores in different parts of the city.

Captain George Busby of the Detective Bureau was the principal witness against Birmingham.

The trial will be continued in a few days to permit the accused policeman to place on the witness stand several physicians who attended his wife in her illness.

Yuan Shih Kai's Sons to Study Here

MIDDLEBURY, Vt., Dec. 29.—Four sons of the late Yuan Shih Kai, second President of China, arrived here today to become students at Middlebury College. Their ages range from 12 to 17 years. They will remain in this country eight years for the completion of their education.

PRINCESS ASKS FAIR PLAY FOR KING

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

Greece to render such services as she has to her Allies. Greece would have shared the fate of Serbia but for the King. From 1917 on Venizelos was doing business with the fruits of the King's previous care for the welfare of Greece as his capital.

Thinks America Will be Fair.

"At all events, the King was recalled and has returned to Greece under circumstances that must exclude the theory that he is or ever was a bad man or traitor to his country. I feel convinced that in view of these circumstances there will be in America at least a willingness to revise the old unjust opinions. I think that common sense will say that all the people of a free country couldn't be wrong in their judgment of the personality and character of their constitutional head. Those who have been misinformed in America will begin to look about to see if the impressions spread abroad regarding the King were not manufactured by politicians who had selfish interests to serve.

"In America a campaign of slander doesn't go very far, as was shown in the recent Presidential election. But in Europe those in control of propaganda can make or mar reputations. I believe that Americans will watch the course of the King, and if they see he means to be moderate and just and to keep within the bounds of a constitutional monarchy, if the loyalty and faith shown by his people bring to him a still greater sense of responsibility instead of a desire for power, the American democracy will be moved by a sense of fair play and treat Greek affairs on their merits. Their opinions will not be poisoned by calumnies to which the Greek people have given the lie.

"The word 'King' is not a word I like, and it is really a misnomer for Constantine. When you go to England you see the British King treated with respect and admiration. The people cheer him as he passes but keep a respectful distance. Here people climb upon the King's carriage and shake hands with him and pat him on the back. The relation between King and people is like that between father and children.

"And the recall of Constantine is perhaps the most democratic act in the whole history of democracy. Wrongfully sent away to a foreign country; living there quietly without any power or resources; misunderstood and despised in the allied world, he is commanded by his people to come back and be King again. Unless self-determination means something under those circumstances it can never mean anything under any circumstances. It is the very last word in simon-pure democracy."

"What will Greece do about meeting her financial obligations for the military enterprise in Asia Minor"? I asked.

"The interests of the Allies remain unaltered in Asia Minor. Greece is in a position to give the aid needed there, and the Allies will meet their obligations on joint account. It is inconceivable that they will do otherwise. Our troops are in splendid condition and spirits, and as soon as the King has opened the Chamber he will proceed to Asia Minor to assume the military command."

Denies Having Financed Restoration.

"Speaking of money," the Princess resumed, "in the gossip about the recent Greek election I have received some credit which does not belong to me. I believe the statement was published that I financed the King's campaign. Well, if financing had been necessary at all, it would have required a much larger purse than mine. The remarkable thing was that there was no financing in it, and really no organized effort. It was a great popular uprising to put the King on his throne. The people were tired of tyranny masquerading as democracy; they were tired of buncomb and slander. They loved their King; they believed in his honesty, ability and loyalty, and they simply took things into their own hands.

"And I believe the result will be here as it has often been in America—that all the people will prove wiser than some of the people. A true interpretation of the recent elections will show that the Greek people did three things: They recalled their King, expressed their disapproval of the internal government and approved the new map of Greece. Whatever warweariness there was before has disappeared, and Greece is in a stronger position than ever, if only misunderstandings can be cleared away, to co-operate with her allies in safeguarding Christian civilization.

"I hope that Americans will remember when they read about Greece that there can be no question in this advanced democracy of putting a people under any kind of autocratic power. The whole lesson of recent events points in the opposite direction. The people of Greece will keep the mastery of their political affairs as completely as the people of America do of theirs. They won't tolerate tyrants or tyranny. And this spirit of liberalism has no more sincere upholder than King Constantine himself. The Greek 'wants his slice of bread and his King,' but above all he wants and will keep his liberty."

Prince Christopher was present as his wife bade me good-bye. He said:

"My great ambition is to see America, and I hope to visit that country with my wife in the not too distant future."

Constantine Has a Slight Cold.

ATHENS, Dec. 28 (Associated Press).—Disorders arose today at the Church of St. Theodore during services in honor of the name day of former Premier Venizelos. It is alleged that officers in the Greek Army threatened the priest conducting the ceremonies. Two persons were arrested, but were soon released.

The newspaper Patris today printed a photograph of M. Venizelos, and devoted its entire first page to an editorial, in which the former Premier was eulogized. The newspaper declared that Greece was "enduring her Calvary," and that M. Venizelos would "surely return." The editorial closed with an apostrophe to M. Venizelos, which declared: "Thou are the heart of our eyes; our past, present and future. Thou art the atmosphere we breathe, without which we suffocate. Thou flowest in our blood and controllest the beat of our hearts."

Some alarm has been shown by the Cabinet over the fact that 20,000 of General Wrangel's anti-Bolshevist troops, which were landed at Gallipoli, have spread into Thrace. It is declared that these men are pillaging the country for food.

King Constantine is suffering a slight illness, having taken cold while appearing on the balcony of the Palace when throngs have gathered before it. Princess Anastasia, wife of Prince Christopher, who has been under orders not to receive newspaper correspondents, is now permitted to do so. There have been reports that she has been virtually a prisoner, but they have been disproved.

Prince George, who will soon be married to Princess Elezibeth of Rumania, plans a trip to Paris to buy his bride's jewels.

TRAVEL IN WHEELED HOUSE.

J. C. Berrang and His Wife Start to Cross the Continent.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Dec. 29.—With his home and practically all of his belongings destroyed by fire J. C. Berrang, a farmer, of Westchester, Conn., conceived the plan of constructing a house on wheels and starting for California, where he has relatives. The novel wagon, attached to which is a pair of steers which Mr. Berrang raised on his farm, passed through here this afternoon.

It contains almost every convenience to be found in a house, having drop beds, an oil range, a refrigerator and cooking devices inside. A trailer in the rear, which carries supplies for the steers, is drawn by a third steer, which is led by the farmer's wife.

The couple left Westchester Dec. 1. They average about ten miles a day, and expect to reach California in a year and a half.

Berrang and his wife are about 60 years old. They will stop to visit their son in Long Island City.

RESISTS 'PLUCKING BOARD.'

Col. French Asks Court to Prevent His Retirement From Army.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Colonel John W. French of the Regular Army, who asserts that he was relegated to Class B under the Army Reorganization act by a classification board, or "plucking board" as it is known, appealed to the District of Columbia Supreme Court today to prevent his retirement from the army.

Colonel French enlisted in 1895, obtained a commission, and became a Colonel in May, 1918.

Killed Awaiting Brother's Body.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, Dec. 29.—Awaiting the arrival of the body of his brother on an Erie train from New York City, Charles H. Gorr was struck by a locomotive at the head of an east-bound train at Callicoon Station today and sustained a fractured skull from which he died before he could be carried to a hospital. His wife witnessed the accident.

W. B. LEEDS JR. MAY WED GREEK PRINCESS

Court Rumor Links His Name With That of Olga, Niece of Constantine.

YOUTH'S CAREFUL REARING

Shielded From the World in America and Taken to Europe to Avoid Dangerous Influences.

ATHENS, Dec. 29.—William B. Leeds, son of Princess Anastasia, may marry Princess Olga, daughter of Prince Nicholas, and niece of King Constantine, it is rumored in court circles. Prince Nicholas is a brother of Prince Christopher, the husband of Princess Anastasia.

Princess Olga is the eldest of three sisters and was born at the Palace of Tatoi, near Athens, May 11, 1904, in the reign of her grandfather, King George. She was named after her grandmother, Queen Olga, who was Regent when her uncle Constantine returned to Athens a few days ago. Her mother was the Grand Duchess Helena (daughter of the late Czar's uncle Vladimir), who married Prince Nicholas at the Czar's Palace, Tsarskoye-Selo, Aug. 16, 1902.

Young William Bateman Leeds, who is about 19 years old, was said to have been in delicate health when his mother took him to Switzerland in 1915. From his father, of identical name, who died in Paris in 1908 and was one of the leaders of the tinplate industry of America, he is said to have inherited $7,000,000, while his mother, who was the daughter of the late William C. Stuart of Cleveland, inherited $14,000,000. Mother and son met the royal Greek exiles at Lucerne, in the early Winter of 1917, and photographs which were published abroad in December of that year frequently included them in the royal groups.

Before young Leeds accompanied his mother to Switzerland, he had spent three years at the Montclair Academy, Montclair, N. J. There mother and son were established in a magnificent dwelling at 208 South Mountain Avenue. The son was under the constant care of a governess and guarded by a detective. The household staff also included eighteen servants.

Young Leeds traveled in a horse-drawn coach to and from the academy and on Sundays attended service at St. Luke's Episcopal Church in company with a number of female servants. Some of the time his mother spent in Europe, when daily cable letters to her described his condition of health and his activities. When she finally took him away in 1915 she is reported to have said that "rich men in America grow dissipated" and she wished to remove him from such influences.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue. 45TH AND 47TH STS.

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AFTER CHRISTMAS SALES

for New Year's Eve and other Holiday Festivities

DINNER AND EVENING GOWNS
Formerly to $350—$95—$145—$195

BEAUTIFUL EVENING WRAPS
Formerly to $550—$175—$225—$295

YOUTHFUL DANCE FROCKS
Formerly to $175—$65—$85

Fans, Combs and other accessories necessary for the correct completion of the formal costume at Greatly Reduced Prices

NOTE:
Preparations have been made to have alterations completed in time for *New Year's Eve Wear.*

BLASCO IBANEZ' latest novel is
The Enemies of Women
by the author of "The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse." $2.15. If not in your local book store, can be had from
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

TEXTILE INDUSTRY OUTLOOK.

In the Annual Review of The Annalist, Jan. 3, 1921, there will be articles on the worsted and woolen industries, by Alexander Walker, Vice President of Strong, Hewat & Co.; prospects for cotton goods in 1921, by Charles Bernheimer, and a contribution on cotton as it grows and a discussion of the raw product market, by Sol Wexler of J. S. Bache & Co. Ten cents a copy at news stands.—Advt.

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CLOTHES
FOR MEN

Drastic Reductions!

DOWN TO 1917 PRICES!

YOUNG MEN'S AND STUDENTS'
SUITS AND OVERCOATS

EVERY GARMENT PRODUCED IN OUR OWN SHOPS OF PURE WOOL MATERIALS. OUR OWN MODELS

OVERCOATS
35.00 and 40.00
Originally 50.00 to 75.00
SINGLE AND DOUBLE-BREASTED CHESTERFIELDS, BOX COATS, ULSTERS AND ULSTERETTES

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30.00 35.00 40.00
Originally 50.00 to 75.00
IN A BROAD VARIETY OF COLORINGS AND PATTERNS AND SINGLE AND DOUBLE-BREASTED MODELS

A Rare Opportunity for Students Home for the Holidays

Best & Co.
Fifth Avenue at 35th Street—N. Y.
Established 1879

CHARGE PURCHASES MADE THE REMAINDER OF THIS MONTH WILL APPEAR ON BILLS RENDERED FEB. 1st

FIUME SURRENDERS; D'ANNUNZIO LEAVING

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

d'Annunzio because of their efforts to induce him to abandon his seemingly irreconcilable attitude. When some of them tried to open arguments with him the poet dismissed them, calling them cowards.

The only result of these attempts to change the minds of d'Annunzio and his legionaries, says the Messagero, has been that many persons have been imprisoned or forced to flee the city, including Professor Zanella, who was accused of having plotted against the poet.

The newspaper asserts that nothing, even approximately, is known of the casualties among the legionaries.

Captain Pini, who was wounded in the head, describing recent events around Fiume, said to the Messagero:

"For five days our troops advanced, unprotected by artillery, the officers and men having no arms except muskets. The regulars approached the legionaries in a spirit of fraternal cordiality as the best means of inducing them to surrender."

Poet's Scorn for His People.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—A dispatch to The London Times from Milan quotes Gabriele d'Annunzio in a manifesto as saying:

"I am still alive and inexorable. Although I prepared myself yesterday for sacrifice and already had comforted my soul, I feel today disposed to defend my life by all means.

"I offered it hundreds of times smilingly in my war, but it is not worth while to throw it away in the service of a people who could not be distracted even for a moment from their Christmas greediness while we were assassinated by their Government."

D'Annunzio Surrenders Power to Council

FIUME, Dec. 29 (Associated Press.)—Gabriele d'Annunzio early today surrendered all his powers to the Fiume Communist Council.

A truce was arranged during the night and continued until the conclusion of the conference. Mayor Riccardo Gigante of Fiume and Captain Host-wenturi, in whose hands d'Annunzio placed the defense of the city, were the speakers for Fiume, d'Annunzio apparently being ignored.

POET REGRETS HIS ESCAPE.

"Thus Prolonging My Shame of Being an Italian," He Writes.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Dec. 29.—A manifesto of the Fiumeans to the Roman citizens, containing scathing remarks and untruths, has deeply wounded Italians. Certain passages say:

"Not only the legionaries but also the civil population of Fiume, including old men, women and boys, are armed behind the barricades to defend themselves—this, horrible to say, against Italians. What is taking place here is unheard of. Troops shoot against our ambulances and our wounded. Citizens who are surprised by troops paid by the Government of the King of Italy are chained like malefactors. Tomorrow perhaps the city will be razed to the ground. We are sure the Government will try to hide the truth by all means, but we swear to you the situation here is awful and terrifying.

"Italian brothers, when you know the truth, not one of you, no matter to what party you belong, will be able to remain inactive."

At the bottom of the message d'Annunzio has added a few words of his own, which run as follows:

"I swear on my honor as a combatant that all the above recorded by the citizens of Fiume is true. I regret that death has once again passed me by, thus prolonging my shame of being an Italian."

D'ANNUNZIO EXPECTED TO WED

Italian Pianist With the Poet During Fiume Struggle.

VENICE, Dec. 28.—Signorina Luisella Baccara, the well-known pianist, to whom d'Annunzio has shown marked attention, went to Fiume some months ago, where they have been awaiting the conclusion of d'Annunzio's divorce proceedings against his present wife, with the expectation that this would be followed by a marriage of the poet and the pianist.

Both of them have written freely of their relations, and she is quoted as saying that she would not leave Fiume, no matter what the fate of the city might be, adding that she preferred rather to be stabbed by the enemy's sword.

Save It With Knickerbocker Ice
"Ice Land" Lettuce

The well kept vegetable market is from 20 to 30 degrees cooler than your home. Unless the lettuce, endive, or celery, which is crisp in the market, is put into your refrigerator upon delivery the higher temperature of your house will wilt it and destroy its crispness.

To insure Iceland crispness for your salad greens keep them in Knickerbocker "Ice Land"—your refrigerator regularly filled with Knickerbocker Ice.

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To Exporters *and all* Merchants *trading with* Mexico

The best and most effective advertising medium in the Republic of Mexico is an attractive card placed in each of the 350 electric street cars of Mexico City. For terms apply direct to the

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MEXICO TRAMWAYS COMPANY
P. O. Box 490, Mexico, D. F.
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CANADIAN ENGINEERING AGENCY, INC.
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186—*Porcelain Lamp and Parchment Shade. Price $15.00*

"To Ovington's". You will find that it is unnecessary to say anything else or to go anywhere else when gifts, prizes, favors, large or small, are in question.

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Start the New Year with the "Buy a Book a Week" purpose. Begin with one by

Leonard Merrick

for New Year's Day—

Conrad in Quest of His Youth
The House of Lynch
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The Position of Peggy Harper
Cynthia
The Man Who Understood Women
The Worldlings
When Love Flies Out o' the Window
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Each $1.90

These books, if not on sale in your book store, can be had from

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BACO RUBBERS
protect your health—and your pocket-book as well
They save your shoes

HONOR 'UNCLE JOE' AS CONGRESS SENIOR

Veteran Jovial in Reminiscences at Celebration in His Honor.

HOUSE TO ACCEPT HIS BUST

Leaders of Both Parties Join in Paying Tribute for His Record Service.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—That perennially young-old member of the House, Joseph G. Cannon, of Danville, Ill., today celebrated the attainment of longer service in Congress than any other man in the nation's history. His fellow members, many of whom, according to Representative Rodenberg of Illinois, were not born and the other half were learning their three "r's" when "Uncle Joe" entered the House, cheered the veteran time and again as speaker after speaker lauded him.

Mr. Cannon sat smiling in his seat, rubbing his thin white hair and listening appreciatively to the compliments poured upon him. In a characteristically whimsical speech, he thanked his associates, and they rose in a body and applauded.

Representative Rucker of Missouri announced that "Uncle Joe's" friends wished to give a bronze bust of the old legislator to the House Office Building and asked the House to do its part by furnishing the pedestal. The House agreed by an enthusiastic vote.

Only one other man is in Congress today who entered the House with Mr. Cannon. He is General Isaac Sherwood of Ohio, who remarked this afternoon on the floor that the chief difference between himself and the former Speaker was that whereas Mr. Cannon had the longest term of service General Sherwood had established a counter-record by being out of Congress for thirty-four years.

Champ Clark of Missouri, former Speaker, was in charge of the exercises, and spoke feelingly of his old associate. Other speakers were Representative Mondell, the Republican leader, and Representatives Rodenberg, Garrett of Tennessee, Towner of Iowa, and Rucker.

Cannon Calls It a Wake.

Mr. Cannon said in his speech:

"Mr. Speaker, we have had so many of these wakes that I am beginning to wonder if I am not already realizing the hopes of those who desire to return from the other shore and continue to communicate with their friends who are still participating in the ordinary affairs of this mundane sphere. But it is a compliment that I appreciate from my fellow-members of the House, and I thank my personal friend and colleague, the former Speaker, for his sentiments, which I fully reciprocate.

"I realize that it is a rather long time I have been here, but it has not seemed long, for time never drags in the House, and the realization of the years that have come and gone comes to me only when I look into the faces of my colleagues and note the changes.

"The year 1872 was a memorable one in many respects. Vesuvius had a violent eruption that year, and General Sherwood and I were elected to the House. There were other happenings—the organization of the German Empire and the French Republic, the emancipation of slaves in Porto Rico, the connection of Australia with the rest of the world by cable, the great Boston fire and the Geneva award of the Alabama claims—but these concerned the world at large, while the election of my friend and colleague, General Sherwood, and myself was personal, and I am glad he is here with us to share with me the doubtful honor of elder statesman.

"As I look into your faces I am reminded that our honored Speaker and his predecessor in that chair were approaching the polls to cast their first votes that year, Mr. Gillett no doubt voting for General Grant, who had only a few years before been considered a good Democrat, and Mr. Clark voting for Horace Greeley, who was still a stalwart Republican and protectionist, though translated for a few brief weeks to the leadership of the Democratic Party.

"Jim Mann at the age of 16 was no doubt beginning his struggle with rival ambitions to continue as a farmer or become a lawyer, and I am glad that his perverse nature monopolized his ambitions until today he is an ornament to both professions, a true scientific farmer and the most industrious and useful lawmaker I have ever known.

"My friends Rainey and Mondell at the age of 12 were beginning to figure life in percentages, while Rodenberg at the age of 7 was winning his way with 'You'd scarce expect one of my age'; and the ambitions of Claude Kitchin and Nick Longworth at the age of 3 were centred about their first pants.

100 Members Not Born in 1872.

"But as I look over the House I find more than 100 of my colleagues who had not then been born; and as I have watched you as you took your places as leaders in committees and on the floor in debate, some of you already called veteran legislators, I feel that 1872 must have been a long way back in the history of the House and the country, for there have been new names added to the United States, with a whole great empire covering the plains and the mountains of the West now represented on the floor that were not here then. Eleven States have been admitted to the Union since I first became a member of the House, and they have often made a noise like a majority here and in the nation and the world, both in peace and in war.

"We have had great development in these years, and I am glad to have been a small part of it and to be able to continue with you in the work we here do for the peace and prosperity of the American people first and the world as far as we can by example in fraternity and charity.

"I admit that I have been here off and on more years than any of you, but I am not the veteran in continuous service. Gillett, Clark, Mann, Butler, Green of Massachusetts, Moon and Sims rank me in that line, because I had two vacations which I did not seek, and those four years were the longest years that have intervened since I first came to Washington. I thank you."

Yesterday Mr. Cannon equaled the service record of former Senator Justin Smith Morrill of Vermont, who served forty-three years, nine months and twenty-four days in the House and Senate together. Today "Uncle Joe" broke that record. He will be 85 years old May 7 next.

INDICTED AS PROFITEER.

Federal Grand Jury Holds Coal Dealer Charged Too Much.

George Johnson, a coal dealer, doing business as George Johnson & Co., was indicted yesterday by the Federal Grand Jury on the charge of violating the Lever act by profiteering in coal. It is alleged that early in October the defendant sold to the Seller Coal Company 208 tons of stove size anthracite and 382 tons of nut size. The former cost the defendant, it is alleged, $7.85 a ton and the purchaser was charged $11.60, while the nut was sold at $11.50 a ton, netting the defendant a profit of $3.55 a ton.

The indictment states that a profit of 40 cents a ton would have been reasonable and that the prices charged were unreasonable and therefore in violation of the law. Johnson was indicted a short time ago on the charge of using for his own advantage priority orders issued by the Interstate Commerce Commission for the transportation of coal for the New York Steam Company, a public utility.

FINAL COUNT ON JUSTICES.

Figures Show Wasservogel Ran Ahead of Burr and Martin.

The complete vote for Justices of the Supreme Court in the First Department as shown by the canvass of the Board of County Canvassers was announced yesterday and shows that Justice-elect Wasservogel, Republican, who was thought at first to have been defeated by Justice McGoldrick, but who was conceded the day after the election to have won by a few votes, really ran ahead of Justice Burr and District Attorney Martin of the Bronx, Democrats.

The vote also reveals the fact that Justice McGoldrick was defeated by Mr. Martin by only 101 votes. District Attorney Swann received the lowest vote on the Tammany judicial ticket. The vote was: Giegerich, 323,985; Guy, 321,518; Ford, 319,378; Erlanger, 315,085; Platzek, 310,440; O'Malley, 202,977; Wasservogel, 196,029; Burr, 194,385; Martin, 188,871; McGoldrick, 188,770; Davis, 186,690; Swann, 183,930 and Marsh, 179,562.

Freedom of City to Mrs. MacSwiney.

Mayor Hylan will officially confer the freedom of the city upon Mrs. Muriel MacSwiney, widow of the Lord Mayor of Cork, on Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the City Hall, according to a resolution passed by the Board of Aldermen yesterday. Mrs. Morgan J. O'Brien will head a committee of women to escort Mrs. MacSwiney from the St. Regis Hotel to the City Hall.

Is Toothless Old Age Inevitable?

If some of the teeth have started to go, the rest will surely follow unless a way can be found to check the *real* cause of so much tooth destruction. In 95 in every 100 cases—according to authoritative belief—that cause is "Acid-Mouth."

PEBECO
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.
TOOTH PASTE
Counteracts "Acid-Mouth"

Teeth that are sound and whole now will have an excellent chance to remain so, if their possessor will use Pebeco Tooth Paste every night and morning, and have a dentist go over them twice a year. Pebeco counteracts "Acid-Mouth" by encouraging the saliva to do its normal work of protecting the teeth, gums and entire oral cavity from acids and other harmful secretions and deposits.

Pebeco is sold by druggists everywhere

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Lehn & Fink

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FIFTH AVENUE & 37TH STREET
PEARLS JEWELRY SILVERWARE

RUSSEKS
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Between 34th and 35th Streets

TOMORROW & FRIDAY
Year End Clearance
HIGH-COST
FUR COLLARED
WRAPS & SUITS
A LIMITED NUMBER OF MODELS FOR IMMEDIATE CLEARANCE

Beaver or Squirrel Collared
WRAPS
OF EVORA OR BOLIVIA & RICHLY SILK LINED
$85.00 Value $150

Opossum Collared Silk Lined
WRAPS $59.50
OF SILVER TIPPED BOLIVIA Values to $125.00

Clearance of High Cost
RUSSEK-ORIGINAL
SUITS
Fur-Trimmed and Plain
$49.50

Lord & Taylor
38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Cabinets
For Victrola IX
Exceptional Offer
$30.00

Mahogany and other desirable finishes

The new Records will be on sale to-morrow, Friday.

Margie / Palesteena	18717	85c
Whispering / Japanese Sandman	18690—Fox Trot	85c
That Tumble Down Shack in Athlone—	64837—McCormack	$1.25
Elegie (Massenet)—	Gluck and Zimbalist	87513 $1.50
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The smart new straightline models that indicate the fashion for Spring.

Fine Quality Wool Velour in Navy, Brown, Reindeer, Taupe

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WHAT HAVE YOU LOST?

Describe missing articles in the Lost and Found Column of The New York Times and reach the greatest number of probable finders. Telephone Bryant 1000.

$420,914,192 CUT FROM SUNDRY BILL

Measure Before the House Now Carries a Total of $383,611,292.

POST OFFICE ESTIMATES UP

Bill Asks for $573,964,721, an Increase of $69,530,021 Over 1920 Appropriation.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Two of the fifteen bills carrying appropriations to run the Government during the year beginning next July 1 reached the House today and received more than the usual preliminary scrutiny because of the announced intention of Republican leaders to cut Government expenditures.

The Sundry Civil bill, which contains the miscellaneous appropriations, as reported carries a total of $383,611,292. This total represents a slashing of $420,914,192 from the estimates submitted by the Government departments and a reduction of $52,237,514 from the amount appropriated through the same bill last year.

The cut in estimates for the Post Office bill, the other appropriation measure submitted, however, was not so great, and the expenditure recommended represented a considerable increase over this year's appropriation. The measure as reported carries $573,964,721, a reduction of $11,442,181 from the amount asked by the Post Office Department, but an increase of $69,530,021 over the appropriation for the current year.

Democratic leaders were prompt to point out that the sum total carried by both bills, if passed as submitted by the Appropriations Committee, would add about $17,000,000 to the cost of running the Government next year. Republican leaders were equally prompt in declaring that there was abundant ground for gratification on their part, inasmuch as they had used the pruning knife on estimates of Democratic department heads without mercy.

Outside of the $223,000,000 provided for the care of the disabled service men and dependents of those killed, the Sundry Civil measure left only $160,611,292 for all other purposes, as compared with $120,000,000, the amount appropriated for 1916.

The committee reported that the increase in the Post Office appropriation was due principally to the $10,000,000 increase in the pay of city letter carriers, the $36,000,000 increase allowed the railroads for mail transportation and the $12,500,000 increase in pay of clerks and employes.

The principal Post Office reductions reported, as compared with the appropriations for the last fiscal year, were: Temporary and auxiliary clerk hire, $6,000,000; rent, light and fuel of first, second and third class post offices, $500,000; travel allowances for railway mail clerks, $89,931; airplane mail service, $2,250,000; electric car service, $157,000; mail bags, $1,350,000.

The Postmaster General and his assistants each lost the usual $1,000 allowance for traveling expenses. The expenses of the Postmaster General's office, however, were increased $488,475. The office allowances of the first, second, third and fourth assistants were reduced by approximately $11,000,000.

The largest single reduction in the Sundry Civil bill, $147,000,000, applies to the Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation, the bill providing that the organization shall be supported entirely out of various sources of income.

A request from the Department of Justice for $300,000 for enforcement of the National Prohibition act was eliminated entirely. The sum of $15,000 was appropriated, however, for suppressing liquor traffic in Alaska.

Other principal slashes in the amounts asked for by the Government departments included: War risk insurance, $87,000,000; vocational education, $13,000,000; military posts, $60,942,815; national cemeteries, $19,000,000; flood control (Mississippi River), $3,330,000; nitrate plants, $10,000,000; Panama Canal, $7,187,255; Immigration Service, $2,567,389; Employment Service, $1,384,901; Reclamation Service, $5,809,000; Public Health Service, $1,467,000; armories and arsenals, $6,238,000; public buildings, $6,795,400; Bureau of Mines, $2,112,000, and Department of Justice, $1,989,304.

EX-CAPTAIN KEEPS WORD TO FACE HIS SENTENCE

Morgan, Who Pleaded Guilty of False Pretense, Returns After Leave for Visit.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Charles W. Morgan, formerly a Captain in the army, who was brought to this city from Fairbanks, Alaska, to answer a charge of false pretenses, and who was permitted by Justice Gould in the Criminal Court, after a plea of guilty, to visit his family at Norfolk, Va., for the holidays on his promise to return today, kept his promise and surrendered for sentence this afternoon at the office of the United States Marshal.

The former officer, who was gassed overseas, admitted having secured the endorsement of W. B. Howe, a former Assistant District Attorney of this city, to a check for $450 by false pretenses and attempting to secure the money.

He was brought back to Washington by two Deputy Marshals after word that he was in Alaska had been received by the local authorities. The ex-Captain pleaded guilty, but explained by stating that because of his gassed condition he did not know what he was doing at the time. Morgan enlisted in the Canadian Army in February, 1915, and was assigned to the famous "Little Black Devils" regiment. He was returned to his country two years later, wounded, gassed and shell-shocked, but re-enlisted in the American Army in the Officers' Training Corps and was commissioned as a Captain. His case is being investigated by a probation officer.

BORAH'S DISARMING PROPOSAL UP MONDAY

Idaho Senator Hopes for Favorable Action by Committee—Wants Limitation to 3 Powers.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—A special meeting of the Foreign Relations Committee will be held Monday, Senator Borah, Republican, of Idaho, stated today, to consider his resolution to request the President to negotiate with Great Britain and Japan for an agreement for reduction of naval armaments. Senator Borah said that he hoped for favorable action by the committee.

He conferred last night with Chairman Lodge of Massachusetts, and said that several committee members had expressed themselves favorably on his plan.

The Idaho Senator will oppose any proposal that the resolution be widened to include other powers. Disarmament results could be obtained by action by the three great naval powers—the United States, Great Britain and Japan—he said, and inclusion of other powers might cause complications by raising the question of military as well as naval disarmament. Mr. Borah would limit present action to naval construction.

NEW $10 COUNTERFEIT OUT.

Federal Reserve Bank Warns of Spurious Note.

The Federal Reserve Bank of New York yesterday sent a communication to all banks, trust companies and savings banks in the Second Federal Reserve District calling attention to another new counterfeit $10 Federal Reserve note in circulation. It is on the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, check letter B, face plate No. 497, with the signatures of D. F. Houston, Secretary of the Treasury, and John Burke, Treasurer of the United States.

This counterfeit is made with photographic face and etched back, on fair quality paper, without silk threads or imitation of them. The lathe work is poor, but officials say it will deceive those not accustomed to examining their money.

MME. CARREL ARRIVES.

Wife of Famous Surgeon Has Been Aiding Him in France.

Mme. Carrel, wife of Dr. Alexis Carrel, arrived from France last night on the French liner Rochambeau and was met at the pier by her husband. Mrs. Carrel said she had been doing research work in France in co-operation with Dr. Carrel.

She went to France last May and has been living on her stock farm near Paris, where she has 3,000 acres, where she employes four men and seven war widows.

Another passenger was Arthur Ploittier, the proprietor of the Gazette Franco-Americain, published in this city, who has been three months in Paris. He said that Mr. Harding's speech created a very unfavorable impression in France and was a great surprise.

SAYS KISS BROKE TOOTH.

Clerk Accused by Stenographer Held in $2,500 Bail.

Jerome Pomeroy, 20 years old, of 1,673 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, was held in $2,500 bail by Magistrate Nolan in the Tombs Court yesterday for examination on Tuesday on a charge made by Rose Staisny, 19 years old, of 2,078 Mohegan Avenue, the Bronx. Miss Staisny, who is a stenographer in an office on the sixteenth floor at 20 Broad Street, told the police that Pomeroy, who is employed in a broker's office in the same building, had forcibly kissed her and that when she repulsed him he had forced her against a desk breaking one of her teeth. She pursued him from the office and caused his arrest.

Pomeroy, through his attorney, Alexander Lange, entered a plea of not guilty.

REJECTS JAPANESE COMPANY'S PAPERS

California State Secretary Acts in First Land Case Presented Under Anti-Alien Law.

CITIZENSHIP IS INVOLVED

Result Awaited of Court Decision on Nationality of Japanese Who Served in Army.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Dec. 29.—Secretary of State Frank C. Jordan today refused to honor the first set of papers of a Japanese land corporation submitted to his office for filing since the amendment to the Anti-Alien Land act, adopted at the Nov. 2 election, became effective.

The attorney for the land corporation, known as the Valley Industrial Corporation, told Mr. Jordan that its four Directors resided in Fresno, and that he had seen their naturalization papers.

Mr. Jordan said that before taking final action he would await the decision of the Third District Court of Appeal in the case of Ichizo Sato, a Japanese naturalized in Hawaii for service in the army, whose right to register as a voter was denied by the Sacramento County Clerk.

While Congress authorized the naturalization of aliens who served in the United States Army in the war, State officials said that, in their opinion, there was grave doubt that the law was meant by Congress to apply to aliens ineligible to citizenship, as are the Japanese.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—The California delegation in Congress met today in closed session to discuss the Japanese land legislation recently adopted in their State, but they adjourned without formulating a definite course of action. Members said they were awaiting further information from the State Department, which is discussing the California law with the Japanese Ambassador, and with California officials.

Chief among the matters that it was understood were to come up for discussion was the proposal recently advanced in some quarters that the California members urge the Legislature of their State to enact as a substitute for the present Anti-Alien Land law a statute which would prohibit any alien from acquiring title to real estate. The Japanese Government has contended that the present law discriminates against Japanese, and the suggestion has been made unofficially, it is understood, that the proposed substitute would eliminate the source of much of the existing friction.

JAPAN'S VIEW OF VANDERLIP.

Uchida Says His Concessions Would Be Obnoxious if Effective.

TOKIO, Dec. 29 (Associated Press).—Concessions in Kamchatka granted to Washington B. Vanderlip by the Soviet Government of Russia would be a serious disadvantage to Japan if it should develop that they had actually been given, Viscount Uchida, Japanese Foreign Minister, told a deputation of the Opposition Party which visited him today. He pointed out, however, that the United States had not recognized the contract on the ground that America had not recognized the Soviet Government.

The deputation also questioned the Ministers of War and the Navy, and both replied that if reports concerning the concessions were true the situation held a menace to Japan from the point of view of defense, but declined to express any further opinion in the absence of these reports.

NIGHT COURSE FOR DEGREES

Boston University to Start Experiment in February.

BOSTON, Dec. 29.—Evening courses in the College of Liberal Arts of Boston University, to start in February and lead up to the degrees of Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Science, were announced today by President Lemuel H. Murlin.

"A city university," said Dr. Murlin, "should meet the needs of all the people in the community. Many young people who are at work all day would like to take studies of college grade at night. It is in response to this need that the university is opening evening courses.

"This is purely an experiment. If the response is sufficient to warrant it, it will become a permanent feature of the university program. Otherwise it will not be continued beyond this semester."

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Specially Selected Importations
Highest Grade Havana Cigars

H. Upmann — Ramon Allones — Romeo y Julieta
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Rey del Mundo — Mi Necha — Calixto Lopez

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Sonora — THE INSTRUMENT OF QUALITY — CLEAR AS A BELL

The choice is wide — whatever your tastes, there is a Sonora to satisfy them. And each of these wonderful phonographs is as good to look at as it is delightful in tone. Grand Opera and jazz, a lilting dance or an impassioned love song, the Sonora does full justice to them all.

Immediate Delivery
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Come in soon and hear this supreme phonograph—arrange for its delivery before New Years Day. Our convenient plan of small payments makes it especially attractive to buy your Sonora here. And Bloomingdale service guarantees your absolute satisfaction.

Priced from $125 to $1500
Bloomingdales—Second Floor

Importers Since 1866

McGibbon & Co.
1 AND 3 WEST 37TH ST.
ONE DOOR FROM FIFTH AVENUE

10% DISCOUNT
ON PURCHASES IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

Our Inventory Sale Offers a Once-a-Year Opportunity to Secure Reliable Housekeeping Linens and Interior Furnishings at a Genuine Saving.

HOUSEKEEPING LINENS
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ORIENTAL AND DOMESTIC RUGS
BLANKETS AND COMFORTABLES
BEDS AND BEDDING
LAMPS—SHADES—MIRRORS—CLOCKS

STORE OPEN 9 A. M. TO 5:30 P. M.

McGibbon for Quality

Macy's

Trunk Talks

Something New in Luggage Construction

Strength Without Weight

WE feel that we are performing a public service in offering a trunk equipped to withstand the abuse to which it may be subjected, and which weighs a third less than the average trunk.

Weight, strength, finish—in these three essentials of well-made luggage, Basswood Veneer Trunks stand unexcelled.

As strong as the heaviest, and 11 pounds lighter, made of Basswood Veneer (three thin layers of Basswood cemented together with the grain alternately crossed to prevent splitting), these trunks will stand the hardest kind of usage.

In addition to a light, strong body, our Basswood Veneer Trunks, covered and interlined with vulcanized fibre, present an example of the most careful attention to details—which include unusually light hinges with more than ordinary strength, an automatic bar lock which locks the trunk simultaneously in three places, and a fine blue and gray Oriental design cloth lining.

We Recommend Basswood Veneer Trunks to the Southbound Traveler.

Steamer Trunks

Sizes	Weight	Price
37 x 21 x 12 inches	36 lbs.	$45.50
40 x 22 x 12 inches	39 lbs.	49.50

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HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK

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Men's
Heavy Winter
OVERCOATS
$29.50

Made to Sell up to $50.00

A good selection of big, roomy double-breasted ulsters and ulsterettes, made of fleecy woolens that assure warmth and comfort.

All-silk yoke lined with seams piped.

Colors: Gray, brown, green and heathers.

Sizes 35 to 42

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Macy's

Sale of Pajamas

One Thousand Suits
Men's Domet Flannel Pajamas

$1.49

Typical Macy Price and Macy Saving

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK

SIAMESE VISITORS.

Siamese royalties, Prince and Princess Mahidol, who arrived in New York last week for a tour of the United States, introduced in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

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LEE WILSON DODD'S
Book of Susan
If not at your local bookstore, this book can be had from E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

Bronchial Troubles
Soothe the irritation and you relieve the distress. Do both quickly by using promptly a dependable remedy—
PISO'S

WANTS STATE LAWS ON TRUSTS RELAXED

Edmonds Tells the House How It Hampers Merchant Marine in Insurance Rates.

MISSISSIPPI IS CITED

Where State Is Claiming Millions in Penalties for Breach of the Law—Federal Law to Be Changed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—The development of the merchant marine is menaced through application of anti-trust laws in various States to insurance companies, asserted Representative George W. Edmonds, Chairman of the House Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries, today. Mr. Edmonds said that his committee had already inserted in the Merchant Marine act a clause which frees insurance companies from fear of being prosecuted under Federal anti-trust laws. Now he begs some twenty-four States which have anti-trust laws to see that these are amended so they will not affect the workings of the insurance companies.

Citing the instance of what has recently happened in Mississippi through the application of the anti-trust laws to fire insurance companies doing business in that State, Mr. Edmonds said:

"Suit has been brought to subject each non-resident defendant to penalties varying from a maximum of $5,000 a day for each and every day since Jan. 1, 1908, to $25 a day. The maximum penalty would subject each company to a payment of about $23,700,000, while all of the 139 companies doing business in the State would be penalized to the extent of about $800,000,000. Even the minimum penalty of $25 a day would subject each company to the payment of over $118,000. The companies' Committee on Defense in Mississippi has recommended that it is imperative for all companies to suspend business at once in the State. But to make matters worse the State revenue agent has sued out a writ of injunction forbidding the 139 companies doing business in the State, against whom suits have been filed, from leaving the State.

"Mississippi is simply affording another illustration of the unwise action that has been pursued at fairly regular intervals by numerous other States.

"So-called anti-trust laws which forbid legitimate business co-operation between insurance companies are clearly against public policy and should be removed from the statute books with utmost dispatch.

"Not only do they retard the development of insurance in general, but are a menace to the upbuilding of a national marine insurance business so essential to the maintenance of our merchant marine and the extension of our foreign trade. In this respect they run counter to the co-operative policy pursued by our leading foreign competitors.

"While considering the formation of the American marine insurance syndicates it became clear to the committee on the merchant marine and fisheries that underwriters should be assured of the legality of associations designed to facilitate the spreading of risks to extend underwriting activities to foreign countries. Numerous underwriters expressed themselves to the committee as fearful of legal consequences that might attach to the creation of co-operative working arrangements.

"To remove the fear of legitimate co-operation constituting a violation of law, Section 29 of the Merchant Marine act, 1920, frees marine insurance and reinsurance syndicates from the possible operation of Federal anti-trust laws. But the section, it should be observed, only solves the problem as far as Federal anti-trust laws are concerned. With respect to the several States the problem still remains to be solved in numerous instances. Some twenty-four States have anti-trust laws—so-called anti-compact laws—applicable to insurance companies.

"Various insurance Commissioners have advised the committee that companies organized in their States cannot legally, owing to local anti-trust laws, become parties to arrangements similar to the recently organized American marine insurance syndicates.

"It is therefore of the greatest importance in the national interest that the several States where anti-trust laws exist enact legislation which will free syndicates, organized to transact a marine insurance and reinsurance business in the United States, from the operation of such statutes. Such legislation will accomplish in the States what Section 29 of the Merchant Marine act, 1920, does with respect to the Federal anti-trust laws."

Earthquake Shakes California Town

WILLOWS, Cal., Dec. 29.—An earthquake so severe that it aroused all the inhabitants of the town occurred here at 2:15 this morning. So far as has been reported no damage resulted.

NEGROES HEARD ON VOTING.

House Committee Takes Up Charges of Southern Discrimination.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Charges by representatives of the Association for the Advancement of Colored People that negroes are unlawfully prevented from voting in the South led to somewhat exciting scenes today at the hearing by the House Census Committee on the Congressional reapportionment bill. Southern members of the committee took issue with the witnesses, and one of them, Representative Box, Democrat, of Texas, declared he was "tired" of States being "insulted" on the strength of nearly ex-parte evidence. One of the spectators insisted on getting into the discussion and Chairman Siegel finally told him that if he did not sit down he would have to leave the room.

Declaring that there was nothing in the laws of the Southern States discriminating against negro voters, Representatives from those States suggested that the spokesmen of the association take their complaints of alleged discriminations against the negroes to the courts rather than to Congress.

Walter F. White, Assistant Secretary of the association, presented what he said were affidavits from 941 negroes in Jacksonville, Fla., who alleged they were deprived of the right to vote in the November election. He also said affidavits were being garnered from 4,000 other negroes of that city who stood in line all day Election Day without getting to vote, although all were qualified.

William Pickins, a negro of New York, Field Secretary of the association, said that he had found that in Columbia, S. C., negro women were discriminated against in the matter of registration. Some, he said, stood in line from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. and were not able to get registered.

"Do you know anything about the negro women crowding around the polls in Missouri on election day and keeping the white women from voting?" asked Representative Mulligan, Democrat, Missouri. The witness replied that he did not.

Representative Larson, Democrat, Louisiana, said 1,365 negroes were registered in his home town. Pickins said he did not know how many negroes voted in Georgia in the last election, but contended they were discriminated against there.

NIBLACK TO TAKE COMMAND.

Will Be Chief of European Fleet—Huse to Succeed Glennon Here.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Rear Admiral A. P. Niblack has been ordered to assume command of American naval forces in European waters, succeeding Vice Admiral H. McL. Huse, it was announced today at the Navy Department.

Rear Admiral Niblack will take the rank of Vice Admiral and will fly his flag on the cruiser Pittsburgh. He has recently been Naval Attaché at London and during the war commanded American forces based on Gibraltar. Later he was chief of naval intelligence at the Navy Department. Vice Admiral Huse will revert to his permanent rank of Rear Admiral and shortly after his arrival in this country will relieve Rear Admiral James H. Glennon as commandant of the Third Naval District, with headquarters at New York. Admiral Glennon will soon retire.

Admiral Niblack's new assignment was made, it was said at the Department, in conformity with the policy of rewarding officers who served in high posts during the war with important commands.

EIGHT GRAND JURY WOMEN.

28 Others Drawn for Petty Jury in Atlantic County, New Jersey.

MAY'S LANDING, N. J., Dec. 29.—Eight women were drawn today to serve on the January term of the Atlantic County Grand Jury, which will be in session for three months. Twenty-eight other women were drawn for petty juries. Sheriff Malcolm B. Woodruff said this action was in keeping with the enfranchisement of women.

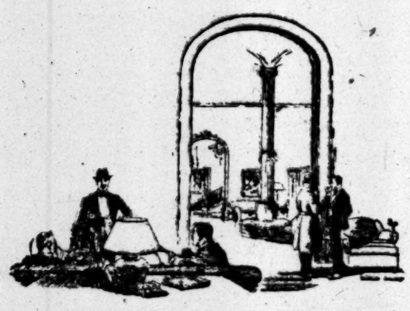
The women selected for the Grand Jury are Mrs. Mary T. Contey of Hammonton, a school teacher and for several years President of the Women's Political Union of Hammonton; Mrs. Catherine A. Bader, wife of Mayor Edward L. Bader, of Atlantic City; Mrs. Blanche Bourgeois, wife of George A. Bourgeois, Atlantic City attorney; Mrs. Frances L. Gormley, wife of John A. Gormley, undertaker of Atlantic City; Mrs. Josephine Johnson, wife of John A. Johnson, whose husband is a clerk in the United States Senate; Mrs. Ethel Shoemaker, wife of Cyrus Shoemaker, Secretary and Treasurer of the United States Deposit and Trust Company of New York and Atlantic City; Mrs. Alice L. Slater, a widow, of Ventnor City, mother of an Atlantic City attorney, and Mrs. Mary G. Westcott, wife of John S. Westcott, the solicitor of Ventnor City.

Gives Bonuses to Hotel Employes.

More than $250,000 was paid yesterday in bonuses to the employes of hotels and restaurants under the direction of L. M. Boomer. The workers number over 5,000, and each found a check enclosed with New Year's greetings. In order to encourage thrift, the management made the bonus larger where the employe had been regular in his savings.

One-Pound Baby Thrives.

ABILENE, Texas, Dec. 29.—A one-pound baby born on Christmas night to Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Pruitt of this city displays evidence of robust health. The child is kept wrapped in cotton and takes nourishment regularly.



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Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

Specialists in Apparel Hours of Business: 9 A. M. to 5.30 P. M.

Women's Fine Wraps and Coats

—in the most beautiful Mid-Season Styles—

At Substantially Reduced Prices

At 22.75

Regularly 35.00

Large collection of styles, especially suited to travel wear. Fashioned of showerproof mixtures of the most dependable quality.

At 29.50

Regularly 39.50

Stunning Wraps and Tailored Street Coats, expertly developed in duvet de laine and silvertone, some with collars of sealine or self material. Silk lined and warmly interlined.

At 38.00

Regularly 55.00

Handsome Wraps, tailored coats and sports styles, carefully fashioned of duvet de laine, silvertone and luella cloth with collars of sealine, raccoon and self material. Silk lined and warmly interlined. Also —imported tweed coats, with collars of raccoon, lined with suede velour. All wanted colors.

At 45.00

Regularly 59.00 to 75.50

Very smart street coats and dress-wraps of luella cloth, silvertone, duvet de laine and fine tweeds from overseas, many with collars of raccoon, Australian oppossum and taupe nutria.

At 68.00

Regularly 85.00 to 95.00

Beautiful Wraps and Wrap Coats, tailored with great care in bolivia, veldyne, chamoistyne, frost glow, strictly tailored or elaborated with squirrel, taupe nutria or Australian oppossum. Handsomely silk lined.

At 95.00

Regularly 135.00 to 195.00

A very select collection of smart wraps, fashioned of bolivia, veldyne, chamoistyne and Velour de Nord, with large collars of beaver, mole, squirrel, nutria or Australian oppossum. Also beautifully embroidered models. Silk lined and interlined.

FOURTH FLOOR

The Most Important Event of Its Kind

Sale of Children's Frocks

At Savings as High as 7.00 on a Single Garment

Included are the daintiest of little party frocks—also most practical dresses for school wear, fashioned of chambray, gingham, organdie, voile, serge, challis, rich taffetasand jersey cloths. Sizes 2 to 6 years.

FORMER PRICES, $1.50, $3, $5, $6.50, $7, $8.50 $16, and $20

Thursday—95c, 2.25, 2.75, 3.25, 3.95, 4.50 9.75, and 12.95

FOURTH FLOOR

The Season's Most Important Footwear Event

Women's and Misses' Boots

FORMERLY FROM 10.50 to 12.50 A PAIR

Reduced to 7.50

Reduced to 7.50

Styles for street and dress wear, each made according to the very highest standard of bootmaking, in the most fashionable leathers of the season—brown kidskin, tan Russia calfskin, patent coltskin, and gun metal leather.

Louis XV, military and Cuban heels.

SECOND FLOOR

Things Decidedly New!

A Frock For Misses

Just Canton Crepe and hand embroidery—but the result is wonderful! In brown and navy, lavishly adorned with hand work in white angora and self color silk that make it more than usually distinctive. **59.50**

An Exclusive Negligee

Decidedly novel is this negligee of grey Georgette Crepe, draped over flame colored chiffon. The black tulle sash and bow attempt to subdue its vivid but tasteful coloring.

42.50

For Sport Wear

One can doubly enjoy any sport with a skirt as striking as this—white flannel first, with bottom and pockets banded in vivid red, while the softly gathered sash is fringed in red worsted. **22.75**

An Imported French Bag

Dexterous hands have carved quaint figures and designs of wood, and mounted them to make novel hand bags. Even the handle is of long, carved wooden beads, and the lining is of heavy silk.

28.50

Women's Sequin-Trimmed

EVENING GOWNS

Regularly 59.50

At 45.00

Glittering sequins adorn this evening frock, while graceful draperies of silk net fall over lustrous satin.

The shoulder straps are unusually graceful, and the vivid rose at the side forms an excellent contrast. In black with sapphire or black sequins; in sapphire satin with sequins of self satin.

Higher-Cost

EVENING GOWNS

SHARPLY REDUCED

The quantities are limited, making prompt selection advisable

Evening Gowns of Imported "Salome" Velvet in Dahlia and sapphire blue. Regularly 275.00. . . Now **195.00**

Brocaded Chiffon Velvet Evening Gowns. Regularly 225.00 . . Now **150.00**

White and Silver Gowns. Regularly 125.00. . . Now **75.00**

Black Sequin Gowns. Regularly 150.00 Now **98.50**

Metallic Brocade Evening Gowns Regularly 150.00 to 175.00. Now **98.50**

Chiffon Velvet Evening Gowns. Regularly 85.00 and 89.50. Now **69.50**

Taffeta Evening Gowns. Regularly 69.50. . . Now **49.50**

FOURTH FLOOR

Greatly REDUCED

Odd Lots of Muslin Underwear, Boudoir Caps and Boudoir Slippers

—not many of any one style, but every item in the lot a most remarkable value

Garments formerly 1.50 . . Now **1.00**

Garments formerly 2.00 . . Now **1.50**

THIRD FLOOR

The Saks Shoe Dept. Is Now Featuring for Evening Wear

THE NEWEST OF EVENING SLIPPERS

For Women at 11.00

Strictly hand-made in fine quality black or white satin, with Louis XV or Dolly heels.

At 12.50—A great variety of the new strap slippers in cloth of silver or cloth of gold, and in combinations of satin with silver or gold brocade.

SECOND FLOOR

Junior Girls'

PARTY FROCKS

Special 29.75

Decidedly youthful and becoming is this dainty party frock for Miss 12 to 16 years.

The skirt is of heavy Georgette Crepe over net, adorned with side ruffles of lace. The bodice is of lovely taffeta, youthfully draped, and the sleeves are edged with lace. In maize, turquoise and flesh.

Other pretty frocks in all the evening shades.

Sizes 6 to 16 years; from **12.75** to **33.75**.

SECOND FLOOR

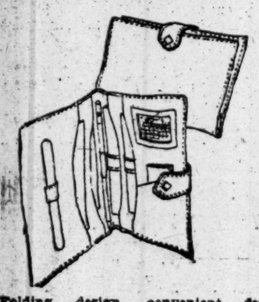
ESTABLISHED 1848
MARK CROSS
TRADE MARK
LONDON
ACTUAL MAKERS

The "goings on" and disorders in the poor old world are due to one thing and one thing only, and that is, that of all animals man is the most difficult to govern—and "man" is supposed to embrace woman.

Cross Duvelyn Bag

In black or colors. Handsomely designed shell frame, soft handle. Attractive silk lining, fitted with attached change purse and mirror. Bag 10 inches deep. Formerly $38.85. Specially priced at..... $20.15

Cross Writing Folio



Folding design, convenient for travelling. Fitted with calendar, address book, paper cutter and stationery. Pencil in loop. Tan pig goatskin case, 8½x6¼ inches folded..... $8.25
Initials stamped on case 35c extra.

English Kit Bag

"Soft-end" design. Folding bottom. Tan grained hide leather checked linen lining, made with pocket on one side. Three sizes. Formerly $38.20, $42.60, $47. Specially priced at $28.30, $30.80, $32.70
Initials stamped without charge.

GLOVES
FOR MEN

English cape, handsewn; tan, brown, gray..... $3.75
Velvet finish Raybuck; English handsewn, tan, gray..... $5.25
Velvet finish Raybuck; machine sewn, tan, gray... $4.50
Mocha; tan, gray, from..... $5.50
Cape and Raybuck; tan, gray; lined; from..... $5.50

FOR WOMEN

French suede, tan, beige, mode shades, 8 but., and 12 but..... $5.00 and $6.75
French suede, 16-but.; white, champagne, pastel. $7.75
16-button white glace..... $7.50
Mocha; grey, brown, beaver and mode shades.. $3.50
trap-wrist, mocha, gray, brown, beaver, mode.... $7.00

Mark Cross
The World's Greatest Leather Stores
NEW YORK
404 Fifth Ave. (At 56th Street) 253 Broadway (Opp. City Hall)
BOSTON 148 Tremont St. LONDON 89 Regent St.
Dealers Throughout the World

MANY WEEP AT HOOVER WAR DINNER

One Thousand Citizens Whose Contibutions Saved 250,000 Lives Eat Relief Rations.

RICE, BREAD, COCOA MENU

General Pershing Calls On Leading Powers to Reduce Armaments.

SEES PERIL OF BARBARISM

Hoover Pleads for $33,000,000 Fund for European Sufferers in Commodore Ballroom.

More than 250,000 children who are now in hunger and misery in the hard Winter of Central and Southeastern Europe were the "invisible guests" of Herbert Hoover and General Pershing in the Grand Ballroom of the Hotel Commodore last night.

The two hosts represented the European Relief Council, comprising eight relief agencies now trying to gather a fund of $33,000,000 in this country to feed 3,500,000 destitute children in Europe until the next harvest makes them independent of charity. The cost of "saving the life of a child" or of feeding one until next Summer is $10, and the 250,000 "invisible guests" represented the total of the fund already gathered in this city—$2,576,351.

After the meagre meal, confined to rations which will be sered to the child war victims, pictures were shown of some of the misery prevalent among children in the European countries, and when the lights went on again tears were sparkling on the cheeks of many throughout the ballroom—on the faces of men as well as of women.

In symbol of the presence of this host of hungry children and of their gratitude for American assistance, a child's high chair was placed on the speakers' dais between Mr. Hoover and General Pershing. A lighted candle was on the tray, with plates of food sufficient to feed any South European family, even before it was ravaged by the death and misery of war. This mahogany chair and plenty was a symbol of the beneficent old America would like to extend to the stricken children, and was in contrast to the destitution that prevails among them.

Bidden to dine with this symbolical host of hungry children were more than 1,000 citizens of this city who had given $1,000 or more to the fund to enable the relief work to be carried on in Europe until next Summer. They came in evening clothes with rich and sparkling gems, and with laughter and good humor, but the food they sat down to was not of the usual public dinner style that runs through a score of rich and tasteful foods.

Rice, Bread, Cocoa Menu.

It was the same sort of meal that the starving children of Europe will have at the generous hand of American charity if the European Relief Fund is successful—rice, bread without butter, and cocoa. That comprises one of their two daily meals. Their other daily meal comprises condensed milk and more bread to bring their food allowance up to 1,200 calories. The hosts remind their guests that this fare was the only barrier between life and death for the small children of the stricken districts. Lacking this, they perish, for there is no other food in the countries.

Nor did these "visible guests" sit down at the usual dinner table resplendent with fine linen, silver, cut glass and china, and on brocaded chairs. The tables were pine trestles, without even oilcloth covering. The chairs were of the folding camp variety, many of them rickety. Nor were the waiters the usual ceremonious servants. They were women volunteers in the Red Cross garb of those who actually feed the children in Europe—efficient and easy to look upon.

Four army kitchens were drawn into the ballroom to furnish atmosphere for this symbolical dinner, but the rice was carried in from the hotel kitchen, in large earthenware bowls and served in small plates, some of tin and some of heavy china. Cocoa was served out of huge pitchers into army mess cups, and the bread was doled out as if the guests were children who might be suspected of intention of hurling bits of it at a visible guest at the other end of the table.

General Pershing pointed out that the misery had been brought on by the war and that the greatest suffering had been caused, not among armies, but among the women and children.

Pershing for Cutting Armaments.

"There is another thought that forces itself upon our attention tonight," said General Pershing. "As we contemplate the causes of the World War and realize its horrors, every right thinking man and woman must feel like demanding that some steps be taken to prevent its recurrence. An important step would be to curtail expenditures for the maintenance of navies and armies. The estimates recently presented to our Congress for naval and military purposes contemplate an appropriation for the next fiscal year amounting to more than $5,000,000 for every working day in the year.

"It is a gloomy commentary upon world conditions that expenditures several times greater than ever before in peace times should be considered necessary, especially when the most rigid economy in governmental administration is essential if we would avoid national bankruptcy. But we are only one of the many nations that contemplate taking upon themselves such an enormous burden, in addition to their tremendous war debts.

"The world does not seem to learn from experience. It would appear that the lessons of the last six years should be enough to convince everybody of the danger of nations striding up and down the earth armed to the teeth. But no one nation can reduce armaments unless all do. Isn't it, then, time for an awakening among enlightened peoples to the end that the leading powers may reach some rational agreement which would not only relieve the world of this terrible financial load, but which in itself would be a long step toward the prevention of war?

"Ours is not an aggressive nation. We want no territory, and we have no designs on other people. If other nations have the same attitude, it seems unreasonable not to believe that all would be willing to prove it by consenting to limit armaments. Unless some such move be made, we may well ask ourselves whether civilization does really reach a point where it begins to destroy itself, and whether we are thus doomed to go headlong down through destructive war to darkness and barbarism."

Hoover Pleads for Relief.

Mr. Hoover said the country already had pledged $11,210,0.0, or over one-third of the fund of $33,000,000, and that the total contributions in this city already were $2,576,221, or sufficient to feed 257,622 children until next Summer, on the estimated cost of $10 a child. Taking a cue from General Pershing's speech on armaments, he reminded the diners that the entire fund was not more than the cost of a single battleship.

Mr. Hoover spoke of the number of automobiles in this country, of the sums spent on luxuries, and said that he did not believe the American people were unable or unwilling to help save the lives of 3,500,000 starving children when the life of a child could be saved for only $10.

Franklin K. Lane, Treasurer of the Relief Fund, also was to have been host at the dinner with General Pershing and Mr. Hoover, but he was unable to attend. As "invisible host," ex-Secretary Lane sent this message on behalf of the "invisible guests":

"We, the unhappy children of Europe, send you our greetings. By the wind that blows this Winter we will be whispering our thanks to our American saviors. We are only boys and girls, you know, not men and women. We did not make this awful war. We are its last victims, and we cannot help ourselves; always and always we will hate to think of war. When we are men and women we shall tell our children what you did for us, and some time, maybe, we can keep other boys and girls from knowing what we know of the cruelty that comes to children out of war."

The organizations taking part in the campaign are the American Relief Administration, the American Red Cross, American Friends' Service Committee (Quakers), Knights of Columbus, Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America, Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, Y. M. C. A. and Y. W. C. A.

Other speakers at the dinner were the Rev. Dr. Stephen S. Wise, Mgr. John J. Dunn, who pledged the aid of Archbishop Hayes to the fund, and Mrs. John T. Pratt, representing women's organizations.

Partial List of Contributors.

The Relief Council yesterday gave out a partial list of persons who gave $1,000 or more to the fund and by their gifts were entitled to a seat at the dinner to the "invisible guests." This is their partial list:

Agar, John G.
Alexander, P. W.
Allen, Mr. and Mrs. E. W.
Andrus, John E.
Aspinwall, Mrs. John.
Auchincloss, Mrs. R. M.
Baldwin, A. J.
Ballard, E. J.
Barnes, Mr. and Mrs. Goorl ndt D.
Baruch, Emanuel D.
Bedford, E. T.
Belmont, Mrs. August.
Benson, Miss M.
Berry, Miss Florence.
Blackley, William S.
Blayer, Mrs. A.
Boynton, Dr. N.
Boughton, Miss A.
Brewster, George S.
Brewster, Mrs. W. S.
Brown, Dr. and Mrs. Arthur J.
Buge, John T.
Bulkley, Mrs. J.
Burdsell, Elwood.
Bussel, Prof. A.
Byrne, James.
Barrett, Thomas F.
Baruch, B. M.
Billwiller, C. D.
Bliss Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius N.
Bliss, Mrs. E. M.
Blitzer, Max.
Brophy, Miss E. S.
Brown, Charles S.
Burrell, H. D.
Carnegie, Mrs.
Central Comm. for Relief Distress in Germany and Austria.
Choate, Mrs. Jos. H.
Choate, Miss Mabel.
Chubb, Percy.
Cromwell, W. N.
Cutting, Mrs W. B.
Clark, A. W.
Clar , James
Cleveland, Miss.
Coffin, Charles A.
Colby, Mr. and Mrs. Everett.
Cohen, Miss L.
Coon, Mr. and Mrs. J. H.
Comfort, Mrs. F. T
Cravath, Paul D.
Gratty, Miss Mabel.
Creighton, Mr. and Mrs. H. H.
Creighton, Mr. and Mrs. John B.
Crichton, Julian.
Crosby, Mr. and Mrs Carl K.
Cuddeback, Robert J.
Cundill, Mrs. F. A.
Cushman, Mrs. J. S.
Cutler, Otis H.
Cutting, Mrs. C. S.
Cutting, R. Fulton.
Chadwick, Florence G.
Daly, Granville F.
Dodge, Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland H.
Dalton, Mr.
Darrot, Mrs. Paul G.
De Forest, Robert W
Datmer, Julian F.
Donald, Mrs. Norman.
Dreyer, Mrs. August.
Dreyfuss, Mrs.
Dunn, Merr.
Duval, Mr. and Mrs. Guy.
Dwight, William A.
Earle, Mrs. W. P.
Ehrgloh, Rudolph.
Emerson, Mrs. F. W.
Emmons, Arthur B.
Ferrand, Dr. L.
Finland, His Excellency Minister for.
Flagler, Harry H.
Flagler, John H.
Flaherty, James A.
Fosburgh, Mr. and Mrs. James B.
Francke, Mrs. Albert
Franklin, Mr. and Mrs. George.
Frost, Mr. and Mrs. John W.
Fitzgerald, Mrs. M. C.
Fish, Edward M.
Garfunkel, B. J.
Goodwin, Mrs. J. J.
Guggenheim, H. F.
Gardiner, Miss R.
Garrison, Mrs. Philip.
Gefford, James M.
Gibson, Rodney.
Gillespie, Thomas A.
Goldsmith, Sid W.
Gordon, Mrs. Gordon.
Graves, George C.
Grahrm, W. S. S.
Hadden, Mr. and Mrs Gavin.
Hammerslough, Mrs.
Hammond, Paul.
Hanauer, Jerome J.
Hadden, Mrs. J. A.
Hall, Miss A. G. P. L.
Harkness, Mr. and Mrs E. S
Harmon, William E.
Harriman, Mrs. E. H.
Hartigan, Joseph.
Hatch, Mr. and Mrs. H. A.
Hays, Will H.
Havemeyer, Horace.
Heide, Henry.
Heide, Henry Jr.
Heide, Herman L.
Heide, Julian A.
Heide, William F.
Henderson, E. C.
Hepburn, A.
Hewitt, Mrs. L. W.
Hoyt, John Sherman.
Hayes, Archbishop.
Hennigson, E.
Heskett, W. F.
Hibbard, C. V.
Hine, Frank L.
Hoenpyl, Anton.
Hopkins, George W.
Hotchkiss, Mrs. C. W.
How, Frank L.
Huget, J. Perceval.
Idleman, Rev. Finis.
Isaacs, Mr.
Iselin, Arthur.
Iselin, Mrs. C. Oliver.
James, Mr. & Mrs. H.
Jennings, Percy.
Johnson, Frederick.
Jennings, Walter.
Johnson, F. Coit.
Jay, Pierre.
Kane, Miss A. C.
Knapp, Joseph P.
Knowlton, E. B.
Kahn, Mr. & Mrs. A.
Kahn, Otto H.
Kane, Mrs. John L.
Kenney, Calvin N.
Kelsey, Clarence H.
Kimbrough, Mrs.
Kingsley, Mrs. E. E.
Krass, Dr. & Mrs. N.
L'Esperance, Maj. D.
Lapham, Mrs. L. H.
Larsen, Dr & Mrs. L.
Lathrop, Rev. & Mrs. John H.
Levy, Mrs. T. B.
Lieber, Dr. Hugo.
Loomis, John R.
Love, Miss M. C.
Love, Miss Margaret.
Lovejoy, Mr.
Lubomirski, Prince C.
Leininger, Ralph.
Lewisohn, Samuel.
Logan, Mrs. John.
Love, Mrs. John.
Lucey, Capt. F. F.
MacMullen, Rev. W.
McClements, John A.
McConnell, D. H.
McCutcheon, C. W.
MacFarland, Rev. C. S.
McGinley, W. J.
McKee, J. M.
McLean, Mrs. E. S.
McNaughton, Miss M.
McHarg, Mr. & Mrs Henry K.
Mackay, D. M.
Mackay, J. L.
Mackay, M. S.
Matheson, W. J.
Mayan, Miss Annie.
Metz, Mr. & Mrs H. A.
Meyer Jr., Mr. & Mrs. Eugene.
Milburn, John G.
Millbank, Albert S.
Millen, Gerrish H.
Mills & Gibb.
Mack, Mrs. Hugo.
Mann, Leon
Marling, Alfred E.
Mathiessen, Mrs. H. C.
Maynard, Frank P.
Merritt, Mr. and Mrs. Walter G.
Miller, David H.
Morawetz, Victor.
Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. William P.
Morris, James Edgar.
Morrow, Robert W.
Munn, John P.
Murphy, Mr. and Mrs. Grayson N. P.
Nichols, Dr. and Mrs. William H.
Nichs, Adolph S.
O'Donohue, Miss T. R.
Osborn, Mr. and Mrs. Fred.
Osborn, Mr. and Mrs William Church.
Page, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur W.
Page, Frank C.
Perkins, Mr. and Mrs. James H
Pratt, Fred B.
Pratt, Mr. and Mrs. John T.
Penny, J. G.
Perkins, Charles E.
Peyton, Mrs. W. C.
Pratt, Charles M.
Pratt, George D.
Pratt, Mrs. H. L.
Preston, Miss Evelyn.
Purcell, H. Irving.
Peiffin, George T.
Peiss, Mr. and Mrs J. L.
Rhinelander, Rev. James B.
Riggs, Rev. J. F.
Robbins, Dean H. C.
Rockefeller, J. D. Jr.
Roheby, Mrs. R. T.
Rosalsky, Judge O. A.
Rosenfelt, Mr. and Mrs. H. H.
Rowe, Mr. and Mrs. O. B.
Runkle, Miss Grace.
Ryan, Thomas F.
Ryan, John D.
Ryan, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas F.
Sanstamoinen, Mrs. A. H.
Sachs, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur.
Sachs, Mr. and Mrs. Harry.
Sachs, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel.
Sachs, Mr. and Mrs. Walter.
Saundors, W. L. 2d.
Schoonmaker, J. H.
Scott, Walter V. P.
Simon, Alfred L.
Simon, Franklin.
Sloane, Henry T.
Smith, Mrs. Alfred H.
Speyer & Co.
Stimson, Henry L.
Straight, Mrs. W.
Sullivan, John.
Schiff, Mortimer L.
Schlesinger, Mrs. O.C.
Schooley, Miss E.
Schuls, William.
Schurz, Carl.
Schurz, Miss M.
Sexton, F. S.
Shetts, Dr. B. A.
Sinclair, F.
Slack, Mrs. T.
Sondheim, Mrs. J. B.
Speer, Dr. and Mrs. Robert E.
Speyer, James.
Stevens, F. C.
Stiles, Mark D.
Strauss, Albert B.
Strauss, Frederick.
Stringer, Miss E.
Sutphen, Miss J.
Swaitout, H. B.
Symington, Mr. and Mrs. Charles.
Szechenyi, Countess.
Tatham, Miss C. L.
Tarshish, Rabbi.
Thomas, Mr. W. K.
Thompson, Miss J.
Tompkins, Mr.
Ticknor, George.
Thompson, W. B.
Towne, Henry R.
Tomlinson, Miss B. J.
True, Mrs. Jay.
Tweed, Mrs. H.
Vanderbilt, Mrs. C.
Veit, George B.
Vinechger, Gustave.
Vaughan, Mr. and Mrs. A. E.
Vincent, Miss.
Vincent, Mrs. G.
Von Polenz, George.
Wadhams, Mrs. A. J.
Walker, Mrs. N. S.
Walker, William H.
Warburg, Felix M.
Wardwell, Miss F.
Webb, Mr. and Mrs. V.
Weed, Miss A.
Weller, Bernard.
Weld, Mr. and Mrs. Francis M.
Westinghouse, H. H.
White, Alfred T.
White, P. J.
White, Mrs. W. A.
Whitney, Senator and Mrs.
Wilcox, Mrs. W. G.
Wilder, O. E.
Willets, Mrs. Eliza.
Williams, Mrs Otis.
Willis, Mrs. William.
Wilmerding, Mrs. L.
Wilson, Right Rev. Luther B.
Wadsworth, Eliot.
Walcott, Mrs. F. C.
Warburg, Mrs. Felix.
Warburg, Paul M.
White, H. W.
White, A. W.
White, Harold T.
White, Henry H.
White, W. A.
Whitmarsh, T. F.
Willcox, William G.
Wolfinhoffer, Mrs. A.
Wise, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen S.
Witthen, Mr. and Mrs. Otto.
Wood, Mr. and Mrs. L. Hollingsworth.
Woodward, E. J.
Young, C. T.

Others who were at the speakers' table were Mr. and Mrs. Robert E. Speer, Dr. Nathan Krass, Felix M. Warburg, Mrs. F. Louis Slade, Dr. Livingston Farrand of the American Red Cross; John D. Rockefeller Jr., James Speyer, Alfred E. Marling, the Rev. Dr. Nehemiah H. Boynton, John H. Love, and other representatives of the organizations comprising the relief council.

CITY NEEDS $4,500,000 MORE

All Departments Have Exceeded 1920 Budget Allowances.

When the Board of Estimate meets today requests will be presented by heads of city departments for more than $1,000,000 to make up deficiencies in the 1920 budget appropriations. City examiners have been busy compiling amounts needed by departments which have exceeded their allowances, and it is estimated that the total will exceed $4,500,000. The largest amount is in the Street Cleaning Department, which requests an additional $1,555,000. Practically all departments have exceeded allowances.

In view of the 1920 deficiency, it was pointed out by an official that Mayor Hylan's promise to save at least $5,000,000 out of the 1921 budget for the Board of Educat on has small chance of realization. The board's deficiency for 1921 amounts to about $27 000,000.

FOOD CRISIS AT CRACOW.

Huge Quantities Distributed to Polish Children by Americans.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—A report from Warsaw received in London today says the food situation at Cracow is very critical. The city has received no flour for some days and the Ministry cannot make provision. The population is in an excited condition. The warehouse at Cracow holding American Child Feeding supplies has been placed under military guard.

Mr. Hoover's campaign for funds to feed the undernourished children of Central Europe is followed with keen interest by the entire Polish population, and the Polish press everywhere carries news of progress.

During January shipments of American Child Feeding supplies will be made to 182 district warehouses in Poland, and from these warehouses the foodstuffs will be delivered to every needy town and village in the country.

BOY, 16, HELD AS FORGER.

Lad Charged With Having Drawn on Employer's Account for $1,600.

Harry Pemberg, 16 years old, of 845 Beck Street, the Bronx, was arrested last night charged with having forged and cashed three checks aggregating $1,600 drawn on the personal account of his employer, Eli Miller, watch manufacturer, at 49 Maiden Lane. Pemberg, according to Detective Armstrong of the Simpson Street Station, admitted the forgeries and said he had been having "a real, royal time," spending about $200 a day.

The boy had reserved a choice table for New Year's Eve at a Broadway restaurant and had provided himself with good tickets for a show to while away the time before the New Year's midnight.

BRAZILIAN AVIATOR'S FEAT.

Chavez Completes 1,100-Mile Rio de Janeiro-Buenos Aires Flight.

BUENOS AIRES, Dec. 29.—Eduardo Chavez, the Brazilian aviator, arrived here this afternoon after having completed a flight of approximately 1,100 miles from Rio de Janeiro and winning for his country the honor of being the first to complete this difficult and dangerous trip. Chavez was welcomed enthusiastically.

LINER SINKS LIGHTER TWO OF CREW LOST

The Nieuw Amsterdam Cuts Down the John C. Craven 300 Yards Off the Battery.

FIVE RESCUED FROM WATER

Crowds See Four Tugs Rush to Pick Up Struggling Men—Cause Unknown.

While passing between the Battery seawall and Ellis Island yesterday at 12 30 P. M., on her way to Plymouth, Boulogne and Rotterdam, filled with passengers, the Holland-America liner Nieuw Amsterdam cut down the steam lighter John C. Craven from Perth Amboy, laden with copper and tin, and drowned two of her crew.

The skipper and five others were hurled into the water, and managed to escape death from freezing by being hauled out of the icy water by the crews of four tugs which went to their rescue when they heard the signals for assistance sent out by the Nieuw Amsterdam, which slowed down for a few minutes and then proceeded on her voyage.

The collision occurred about 300 yards off the Battery seawall and was witnessed by a crowd who saw four tugboats go at full speed to pick up the men struggling in the water, as their craft had been divided in two parts by the bow of the liner, and turned turtle. The names of the two missing men were John Kohler, deckhand, of Woodbridge, N. J., and Henry Stark, a fireman of East 145th Street. The rescued men who were brought to Harbor "A" station by the tugboats were: John J. Ormsby of Woodbridge, N. J., skipper of the John C. Craven, John Purkhall, deckhand, of Perth Amboy, Edward W. Hicks, steward, of 439 West 53d Street, and Joseph Savoy, deckhand, who was taken to the Battery on a tugboat and went home to get his clothes dried, which caused the police at Harbor "A" to believe that Savoy had drowned, also. After drinking some coffee the survivors were sent to the Broad Street Hospital and did not appear to have suffered any ill effects from their immersion.

RED ARMY BEING REDUCED.

Moscow Reports Partial Demobilization in Progress.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—Partial demobilization of the Russian Bolshevist Army has begun, owing to the completion of the more important military operations, says a wireless dispatch received from Moscow today.

This action, the message adds, will make it possible for Soviet Russia to concentrate upon the principal economic problems of the country.

Ambassador Jusserand Honored.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—The American Historical Association's annual meeting here today elected Jean Jules Jusserand, French Ambassador, as its President for the ensuing year. Ambassador Jusserand is the second foreign diplomat to serve as President of the association, the honor having previously been conferred upon Viscount Bryce, former British Ambassador to the United States.

R. B. PEATTIE RETIRES.

On Chicago Tribune for 30 Years—His Associates Unite to Honor Him.

Robert Burns Peattie retires on Friday after thirty years' service on the editorial staff of The Chicago Tribune. A supper in his honor was given early this morning, beginning at 1:30 A. M., at the Hotel Astor, by about thirty newspaper men, friends and associates of Mr. Peattie, including nearly a score of New York correspondents for out-of-town papers.

For the last three years Mr. Peattie has been New York correspondent for the Tribune. Upon his retirement he will go to Tryon, N. C., and settle down with Mrs. Peattie in a home he has acquired there. Perley H. Boone, succeeding Mr. Peattie in charge of The Chicago Tribune's New York bureau, presided as toastmaster at the dinner.

The guest of honor was presented a handsome gold watch.

Among those who made speeches were Hatty White, night manager of the Associated Press; George C. Briggs of The Chicago Daily News; Burr Price of The Pittsburgh Gazette-Times; Louther S. Horne Jr. of The Cleveland Plain Dealer, C. A. Lovett of The St. Louis Globe Democrat and Paul Williams of The Paris Tribune.

Letters were read from Colonel R. R. McCormick and Captain J. H. Patterson, editor and publisher of The Chicago Tribune praising Mr. Peattie and explaining The Tribune's pension system which enables him to retire with an ample income.

Noted Boston City Messenger Dies.

BOSTON, Dec. 29.—Alvah H. Peters, who, as city messenger for thirty years, dispensed with a free hand the municipal hospitality to many noted guests died today. A fall sustained ten day ago which caused blood poisoning proved fatal. Peters had served under thirteen Mayors. As their representative he arranged receptions for Presidents Grant, Hayes, Arthur, Cleveland and Harrison, and spent $18 000 for the entertainment of the Queen of the Sandwich Islands.

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9.00 to 15.00 *Shoes*..... 5.90
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Various styles in black and Mat Kidskin, Tan Calfskin and combinations of Patent Leather and black Suede, brown Kidskin and brown and black Satin. Hand turned and welted soles. Military and Louis XV. heels.

Shoes Also on Sale in Our Brooklyn and Newark Stores

The Man's Shop
A Floor of Complete Masculinity

There are the Twentieth Century Limited, the Pennsylvania Special and the Express Elevators to The Man's Shop at Lord & Taylor

Yuletide and Its Swallow-tails

FROM one's reflections of plum puddings and the baronial halls of our ancestors, one awakens to the fact that it's time to dress for dinner and the dance.

And if the dance follows the dinner, it should be the swallow-tail — not the dinner coat. Let us remember those punctilious gentlemen who bequeathed to us evening dress as it is worn today.

In the formalities of dress they committed no errors—and the Christmas season was one of formality as well as merriment.

There is the restfulness of evening under the soft lights of the Evening Clothes Room in The Man's Shop — a peaceful contemplation of the full dress coat and the waistcoat, the dinner coat and the hat.

One gets there a sense of color and proportion—of evening dress proprieties—a realization that these clothes were made for the gentlemen and scholars of etiquette who observe the finer details.

Here is the single-stud evening shirt for full dress, and the two-studs-to-show shirt for the Tuxedo—the favored English dress collar and the tie whose correctness is so important.

The socks which may be worn, the dress shoes for both styles of evening suits, the muffler which does not violate good usage—everything which pertains to evening dress may be seen in its true relation.

This includes, of course, the evening dress overcoat in its various forms, from simple Melton to the luxurious full-fur-lined coat.

Should your need be merely a collar or a waistcoat, visit the Evening Clothes Room and judge of its completeness.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street — The Man's Shop, Tenth Floor
FIFTH AVENUE — New York home of the Biltmore Homespun Overcoats
39th Street — Express Elevators Without Stop

FOUNDED 1856

COLLEGE men know these garments and their comfort dispensing qualities in meeting the rigors of Winter outdoor sports.

Leather Coats—
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AT FORTY-SECOND STREET

If you are not prepared today you will be less so tomorrow

It's dangerous to procrastinate. Make your will. Make one that will properly and legally express your testamentary wishes. Get a copy of

MAKE YOUR WILL
By Arthur W. Blakemore

A safe, practical guide to the drafting of valid wills under the laws of any State. Saves worry.

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Money deposited here in "Saving Shares" before January 10th will earn interest for you at 5% a year from the first of the month. Any one may join.

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Use Cuticura Soap daily for the toilet and have a healthy clear complexion, soft white hands and good hair. Assist when necessary by touches of Cuticura Ointment. The Cuticura Talcum is also ideal for the skin.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 6M, Malden 48, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

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The New York Times Index is the only guide to records of events published in the newspapers of the United States. It gives a concise account of every important news article, with the date, page and column in The New York Times, and can be adapted for other daily newspapers.

To men of business and students, and in every kind of professional activity where research is necessary, The New York Times Index is valuable.

Editorial Rooms, Chicago Daily News.

The Daily News librarian finds The New York Times Index of value in looking up dates and various kinds of information relating to past news events, as a file of The Times is kept in our library.

The editor of The Daily News Almanac also finds The Times Index of value in procuring data for that volume. Occasionally also, editorial writers of The Daily News find The Index of use in verifying information.—*C. H. Dennis, Managing Editor.*

The New York Times Index

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$8.00 a year. Quarterly issues $2.00

BIG CUT NEXT YEAR IN LIQUOR LICENSES

Wholesalers' Permits to Be Reduced 50 to 75%, Federal Commissioner Announces.

AIMED AT ILLEGAL SALES

Atlantic Seaboard and North and South Borders to Be Closely Supervised.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29 (Associated Press).—Plans for reducing the number of Federal permits for the handling of liquor in the next twelve months were announced today by Prohibition Commissioner Kramer, who said the new issue of licenses would be held to a strict minimum in an effort to check illegal liquor sales.

The greatest reduction will be in wholesale permits under Mr. Kramer's program, but other dealers entitled to operate under the Volstead act will also be considerably affected. The Commissioner said it was his intention to refuse to reissue "between 50 and 75 per cent." of the wholesale licenses now in effect.

The enforcement staff has been engaged for several months in studying the records of the 77,000-odd permit holders to ascertain who have committed overt acts under the prohibition statutes with the view of eliminating them from the list of those who may handle intoxicants next year.

The bureau has been aided in this task, Mr. Kramer said, by the failure of many to apply for new permits. This is especially true of the wholesalers, he added. The number who desire renewals of retail licenses, however, has not decreased markedly, according to the Commissioner, although hundreds of them will be refused because of their records during the first year of operation of the Volstead law.

Atlantic seaboard areas apparently have provided the prohibition enforcement agents with their greatest problems, and it is expected that those districts will lose the largest number of liquor dealers under the plan. Mr. Kramer said the illegal traffic in liquor had been particularly menacing in the cities from Boston to the Potomac River, and he indicated that the housecleaning would be thorough in communities of that section.

Great Lakes cities and border points, both Canadian and Mexican, also have given trouble for the enforcement corps, according to the bureau's records, and Mr. Kramer said he planned to see that fewer permits would be granted in those regions hereafter.

The Prohibition Bureau was said to be giving some attention also to the sale of liquor by retail druggists. Although enforcement agents have examined records of druggists in some communities and, for the most part, have found little reason to revoke or cancel permits, it was indicated that in the future the druggist who strays from the regulations prescribed for retail sale will find himself unable to handle distilled spirits of any sort. Scrutiny of this class of dealers is expected to be conducted more closely the next year.

Wholesale liquor dealers are forbidden to deal in both industrial alcohol and intoxicating liquors under a new prohibition regulation issued today by the Bureau of Internal Revenue.

Under the Bureau's regulations wholesale liquor dealers now holding permits to deal in industrial alcohol exclusively and other wholesale dealers who hereafter desire to deal in such alcohol may receive ninety days' permits to purchase tax-paid industrial alcohol in stamped containers, but no such permits will be issued to persons licensed to deal in intoxicating liquor in wholesale quantities.

Industrial alcohol is defined by the Bureau's regulations as the various forms of ethyl alcohol "having a proof of 100 degrees or more and does not include the substances commonly known as whiskey, brandy, rum or gin."

40,000 LIQUOR CASES EXPECTED NEXT YEAR

Palmer's Request for $300,000 to Prosecute Violators of Laws Not Granted by House.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Need of additional funds for prohibition enforcement, with wholesale violations reported from many sections, was emphasized by Attorney General Palmer in testimony before the House Appropriations Committee, made public today for the first time. His request for $300,000 was not included by the committee in framing the Sundry Civil bill.

Mr. Palmer told the committee that up to Sept. 30, 1920, 17,566 arrests for violations had been made, of which 17,423 cases were recommended for prosecution by the Department of Justice.

"Of that number about 10,000 arose during the last three months of that period," he said, "and I am advised by the Bureau of Internal Revenue that the ratio will increase. If it does not increase, there will be 40,000 of those prosecutions to be handled by District Attorneys during the next year."

Commodore Reynolds of the Coast Guard told the committee there was a big stock of liquor in the Bahama Islands, less than forty miles from the Florida coast, which was smuggled over in small vessels and flying boats, adding that his men had captured "a little of it." The officer said Coast Guard forces in the Great Lakes were not sufficient to stop the liquor smuggling traffic entirely.

The committee also refused to include in the bill a provision to reward citizens for giving secret information regarding liquor smuggling, advanced by George W. Ashworth, chief of the Customs Division.

WANTS AN AIRPLANE TO CARRY 'DRY' RAIDERS

Chicago Prohibition Director Says Machine Is Needed to Insure Surprise Visits.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—Frank D. Richardson, Prohibition Director for this district, said tonight that he was sending an appeal to Washington for an army airplane for use in surprise raids on towns like Hurley, Wis., in which the prohibition law had been broken. "Dry" agents who entered Hurley yesterday found the news of their coming had preceded them.

"What we need," Mr. Richardson said, "is an airplane. We have the men who can operate it. Captain Leo J. Hanna was a flying man during the war. An airplane would also be valuable for patrolling the border and gathering information on booze-runners."

ASHLAND, Wis., Dec. 29.—Bonds totaling $75,000 were deposited with United States Commissioner Cote today following arraignment of fifty-seven men taken in the liquor raid at Harley, Wis., yesterday, upon charges of having intoxicating liquor in their possession, selling intoxicating liquor, or both. All furnished bail and were released.

Thirty-seven saloon keepers and bartenders filed bonds of $1,500 each, while twenty patrons each placed $1,000 in bonds to insure their appearance later. Because of the available room elsewhere the arraignment was made in the county jail, where the men had been confined since their arrival yesterday.

In the cases of the saloon men, many signed each other's bonds. Personal property holdings in the individual cases ranged in most instances from $15,000 to $40,000.

MADISON, Wis., Dec. 29.—Water rates in Hurley, the town raided by prohibition agents yesterday, were advanced 50 per cent. today by the State Rate Commission.

CAFE PROPRIETOR SHOT RESISTING DRY AGENTS

Fight Follows Refusal to Permit Search After Serving Drink—Agents Held Without Bail.

Richard O'Hara, proprietor of a café at 481 West 165th Street, resisted the attempt of two prohibition enforcement agents to search his place for liquor yesterday. He was taken to Columbus Hospital with two bullet wounds, one in the left side, the other in a leg. The two prohibition agents, Joseph Ernsthal and Peter Reger of 49 West Twenty-seventh Street, headquarters of the Prohibition Enforcement Service, were arrested and held in the Washington Heights Court without bail.

O'Hara was behind the bar when the two agents entered. Reger asked for whisky. After the drink was served Ernsthal started to go behind the bar to search the place. The proprietor objected unless a warrant was produced.

In the melée that followed Ernsthal said he fired two shots into the air. Then he fired two more. One struck O'Hara. Reger also fired one bullet. The shots brought a detective who called an ambulance surgeon to attend O'Hara and arrested the revenue agents.

Reger denied having shot the café owner. After an examination, however, Dr. Catteta said one wound had been made by a bullet from a 38-calibre revolver, the type carried by Ernsthal, and the other by a 32-calibre bullet.

The arrests were the subject of conferences between Federal officials and Daniel J. Chapin, Federal supervising agent for New York State, and when the prisoners were brought before Magistrate Silberman a representative of the United States District Attorney asked that Reger and Ernsthal be admitted to bail. Magistrate Silberman replied:

"This may turn out to be a murder. I will not do it."

Mr. Chapin would not discuss the case. He said the entire affair was now in the hands of the District Attorney. Asked whether it was not expedient for prohibition agents to identify themselves before conducting a search, he said that under the law only an announcement was necessary. The agents, however, had been told to show their authority before taking action.

Late in the afternoon Henry E. Kelly, Assistant District Attorney, appeared before Supreme Court Justice Cohalan. He said he had been sent by United States Attorney Matthews to say his office had not yet collected the facts in the case into a form presentable to Justice Cohalan as an argument favoring the release of Ernsthal and Reger on bail. Kelly was unable to arrange an appointment later in the evening with Justice Cohalan. The pleas will be heard today at 10:30 A. M. in Justice Cohalan's chambers.

LIQUOR DEALER TO JAIL.

$1,000 Fine and Five Months' Term on Conspiracy Charge.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Dec. 29.—John E. Zerby, Summit Hill, Pa., former wholesale liquor dealer, arraigned in Federal court here late today, pleaded guilty to an indictment charging conspiracy to violate the national prohibition act. He was fined $1,000 and sentenced to jail for five months by United States District Judge John W. Beck.

The indictment charged Zerby conspired with Harry Friedman, Pittsburgh attorney, to withdraw 1,000 cases of medicinal whisky from a Frankfort, Ky., distillery for beverage purposes.

They were indicted following a seizure at Cleveland and Columbus of trucks alleged to have been engaged in the illegal transportation of liquor.

This was the first "whisky ring" conviction, according to United States District Attorney Clark.

Friedman, who gave bond in Pittsburgh, was ordered to appear here Friday.

HOSPITALS GET WHISKY.

Confiscated Liquor Goes to Philadelphia Institutions at $3 a Gallon.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 29.—Hospitals in this city will benefit by a decree handed down today by Federal Judge Thompson, enabling them to purchase confiscated whisky at the rate of $3 a gallon.

The liquor is that which has been seized by prohibition enforcement agents and held to await orders for its disposal. Final disposition rested with Judge Thompson, and his decree, which is the first of its kind here, designated the hospitals which are to receive the whisky and the amount to be paid for it.

The money for the sale will be paid to the United States Treasury, and delivery of the whisky will be made under supervision of the United States Marshal.

Today's announcement disposes of 690 gallons among six institutions, and more probably will be awarded later.

ORDERS $2,000,000 SALE OF SEIZED RUM

Kramer Sends Instructions for Disposal of Liquors Taken Here in Dry Raids.

O'CONNOR EXPLAINS METHOD

Wholesaler Sentenced to a Year in Jail and $1,000 Fine for Violating Wartime Act.

Instructions have been received here from John F. Kramer, Prohibition Commissioner, to dispose of the large quantities of liquors seized in this State by prohibition agents. It is estimated that more than $2,000,000 worth of liquors are now stored in the Knickerbocker Warehouse. Before he left here a few weeks ago, Knox B. Phagan, then Supervising Prohibition Agent, took up with Washington the disposition of confiscated liquors, which were overrunning the warehouse. Commissioner Kramer replied under date of Dec. 20.

"There seems to be an idea that these liquors are loosely protected," said Charles R. O'Connor, Prohibition Director for this State. "This is not a fact. Every precaution is taken to safeguard them. The seized liquors, exceeding in value $500, are turned over to the United States Marshall, and the United States Attorney institutes libel proceedings for their disposition.

"In cases where no criminal proceedings are pending and there is no proof of ownership, seized liquors, such as moonshine, having no commercial value, are destroyed under the direction of the Supervising Federal Prohibition Agent in the presence of no less than three specially designated officers.

"Commissioner Kramer requires that in cases in which criminal proceedings have been instituted or in which criminal proceedings are not pending and are not to be instituted, liquors are disposed of in the following manner: An inventory is prepared in duplicate listing, with respect to each lot seized, the quantity, amount and approximate value, the date of seizure, the name of the person, if any, from whom the liquor was seized, and the docket number and dates of trial and sentence, if any, and the expenses incurred. The United States Attorney is supplied with information concerning the availability of the liquor for use by governmental agencies, hospitals, sanitariums, &c., or of the purchase by duly authorized permit holders in order that he may furnish such information to the court.

"The United States Attorney applies to the court for an order condemning the liquor and authorizing its lawful disposition. No person without a permit can legally buy any liquors so disposed of. This sale is conducted in the following manner unless otherwise directed by the court:

"A list of the available liquor is prepared for distribution to such persons or institutions as are qualified to purchase liquor. Such persons or institutions are invited to submit bids for said liquors for non-beverage purposes not later than thirty days from the date of the notice. Upon the expiration of the thirty days period the Supervising Agent sells the liquor to the highest bidder. The money received from the sale is transmitted to the Collector in whose district the liquors are sold."

Leo Brenner was sentenced to one year in jail and fined $1,000, and Herman Brenner to three months in jail and a $250 fine, by Federal Judge Chatfield in Brooklyn yesterday, after conviction by a jury of conspiracy to sell non-beverage alcohol for beverage purposes. The wholesale store of the Brenners, at Fulton Street and Howard Avenue, was raided before the Eighteenth Amendment went into effect, and prosecution was brought under the wartime Prohibition act. An appeal was taken by the defendants, who were released on bail.

Probate Will of W. O. Ross.

The will of W. O Ross, who left an estate estimated worth upward of $1,000,000, including a fashionable residence in Nyack, has just been probated. It was announced yesterday by Surrogate Mortimer Patterson. Bequests are left in trust for the widow and one daughter and the residue is divided between another daughter and son, Hilliard Ross. Judge Patterson named D. B. Sherman, lawyer, as guardian for the daughter for whom the trust fund is created. There was no objection filed to the will.

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ULSTERS
Reduced for immediate clearance to
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All of them Imported, soft-surfaced Heathers, among which are genuine O'Briens. The most luxurious garments that money can buy! Priced $125 previous to this Sale. The original tags are still on the Coats!

U.S. RELIEF BODY DECORATED

French President Grants Honors to American Committee for France.

President Millerand of the French Republic has awarded the Gold Medal Reconnaissance Française to all members of the American Committee for Devastated France, with the following citation in the latest Official Journal:

"For having organized an important war and construction relief work in the Departments of the Aisne and the Oise, which the Government declares is conducted on the most ingenious lines for the victims of the war and the economic reconstruction of the devastated regions."

This is said to be the first time this honor has been conferred on a foreign relief organization.

The American Committee for Devastated France, with local headquarters at 16 East Thirty-ninth Street, was organized for relief work in Northeastern France, with Myron T. Herrick as President and Miss Anne Morgan, Vice President. Since 1915 this organization has carried on work among the civilians of four cantons practically destroyed by the Germans.

MILK MAY GO UP 2 CENTS.

Price Will Rise If Wages of Drivers Are Increased.

The milk distributers, it was learned yesterday, will pay the producers the price named by the Dairymen's League, Inc., for the January milk. This price is $3.18 a hundred pounds for 3 per cent. milk, which is the same as the December price. The distributers will continue to charge 17 cents a quart for Grade B and 20 cents for Grade A milk in January unless an increase in wages to the milk drivers is awarded by Federal Judge Garvin, who is Chairman in hearing the wage controversy.

In the event the drivers obtain their demands of an increase of $10 a week, it is said that milk will be increased 2 cents a quart to the consumer. Any increase in the wages will be passed on to the consumers, the distributers have announced. The hearing on the wage question has not yet been completed, but a decision is expected within the next week.

Polish Oil Land Sold to Americans?

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Dec. 28.—According to a Warsaw report the American Premier Oil Company has acquired control of the extensive oil territory of the Poksha Nafta Company.

JURY IS LOCKED UP IN M'GANNON CASE

Decision on Fate of Municipal Justice Accused of Manslaughter Delayed.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 29.—The fate of William H. McGannon, Chief Justice of the Municipal Court, was placed in the hands of the jury at 6:11 o'clock tonight, following the conclusion of final arguments by the defense and State and a brief charge by Judge Maurice Bernon.

At 9:35 the jurors notified Judge Bernon that they were unable to reach an agreement and asked that they be permitted to retire, explaining that they were tired. Judge Bernon granted the request and ordered the men locked up in a hotel for the night.

Judge McGannon went to trial on Dec. 14, charged with second degree murder of Harold C. Kagy on May 8. Bitter charges of lying and perjured testimony against witnesses for both sides marked the closing arguments.

William H. Boyd, chief counsel for the defense, making the sole address for the defense, branded the State's case as being built upon the testimony of "depraved" witnesses. The term "liar" was frequently applied to State's witnesses, while he denounced Mary E. Neely's story as "insane."

County Prosecutor Roland A. Baskin termed alibis presented by the defense as the "most unsatisfactory things known to criminal law" and criticised the Police Department for "their failure to co-operate with him in the investigation of the case."

"Just think of it," Baskin told the jurors, "eight or nine witnesses spring up like mushrooms in a field to bear out the defense alibi, why, they must have needed a traffic policeman at Euclid Avenue and East Ninth Street [where Judge McGannon said he left Kagy and John W. Joyce at midnight before the shooting], there were so many people there."

Appellate Court Anniversary Jan. 4.

The twenty-fifth anniversary of the establishment of the Appellate Division of the First Department at Twenty-fifth Street and Madison Avenue will be celebrated on Jan. 4 at 2 P. M. A memorial in behalf of the bar of the city will be presented by Elihu Root. Ex-Justices Morgan J. O'Brien and George L. Ingraham are the only members of the original court to survive.

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, DEC. 30, 1920.

CRIME IN IRELAND.

An unemployed curate recently advertised in London for a position. Among his qualifications he said that he "knew all about the Irish problem." Upon this Punch made the obvious remark that this was the very man wanted in Downing Street. Neither there nor anywhere else are we to look for a complete and infallible knowledge of conditions in Ireland. They are too complex and intricate to be fathomed by even the most expert and impartial investigators without long study. No one will expect to find the sum of the whole matter in the report of the British Labor Commission which visited Ireland. Doubtless, there is much truth in it, and to all its damaging allegations of fact the British Government should lose no time in replying. But it is clear on the face of the report that the Labor Commission brought back from Ireland a great many ideas which it took across the Irish Channel.

In the report itself we find ample evidence of the difficulties which confront any inquiry. It states that it is very hard to secure trustworthy information. The existing terrorism prevents even eyewitnesses from telling what they know. And the report frankly admits that Irish opinion is now greatly demoralized in regard to various forms of shocking crime. It says that "Irish men and women now "regard shooting a policeman and "throwing a bomb at lorries" with entire indifference. This unhappy result is attributed to the "provocation by the Crown forces." But we must not forget that the same moral apathy existed in Ireland long before reprisals by the police or by the Black and Tans. This point was made by LLOYD GEORGE in a speech on Oct. 10, just about the time the reprisals were beginning. He first pointed out that in the previous year 163 policemen had been shot in Ireland. Of these 100 had been killed. In addition more than 100 soldiers had been shot. The British Premier then asserted that "while "these murders were going on I never "heard or read a word of protest "from Sinn Feiners in Ireland, not a "single syllable."

Since that time there have been, of course, protests and disavowals and even strong warnings by members of the Catholic hierarchy in Ireland. The Bishop of Cork threatened to excommunicate any one found guilty of assassinating or attempting to assassinate policemen or soldiers. And of this proper action, what has been the result? He is violently attacked by the extreme Irish element, represented in this city by The Irish World. It declares this week:

> Bishop COHALAN of Cork, who betrayed the Volunteers in surrendering all their arms, has now excommunicated the soldiers of Ireland. Bishop COHALAN has not excommunicated the Catholics hired by England as Black and Tans and as spies. His ecclesiastical thunders are reserved for the valiant, generous young men who stand between the women and children and destruction. The Bishop condemned JOAN of Arc. The universal Catholic Church has proclaimed her a saint. The Bishop of Cork will be classed in history with the Bishop of Beauvais.

It is often said that while Ireland is unfortunately reeking with political crime it is remarkably free from ordinary crime. This is hardly what one would expect, and in fact it appears to be contradicted by the official records. On Dec. 1, the Judge who opened the Leinster Assizes informed the Grand Jury of the shocking record of crime for the past year. The cases to be presented were three times as many as for the corresponding period in 1919 and they cover every form of murder, malicious assault, robbery, burglary and arson. Nor is such an appalling increase in crime confined to the South of Ireland. Similar conditions were reported at the Ulster Assizes. The Judge told the Grand Jury that he must call their attention to the increase in crime in every county in Ireland, "and no less here in the "northern counties than in the south-"ern." We cite this judicial evidence merely to show that crime cannot be shut off in watertight compartments. If you have murder and assault winked at simply because it is called political, you are bound to have at the same time other forms of criminal violence for which that excuse cannot be offered.

In the British Labor Commission's report it is gratifying to find that it bears testimony to the proper attitude of the military authorities in Ireland and, indeed, of the officials in general. It declares, "We do not believe that "the Government directly and defi-"nitely inspired reprisals and viola-"tions." Going back to the time of the Croke Park tragedy in Dublin on Nov. 21, when several civilians were killed, the report states that there is no evidence whatever to show that this was a "premeditated reprisal." In many other respects the arraignment of the police authorities and of the Government responsible for the police is severe. The circulation of these statements will undoubtedly have the effect of strongly inflaming Irish sentiment. This is one reason why the British Government should take every step open to it to meet the charges set forth with so much bitterness and scarcely concealed bias in this report.

At the end it talks of a "final solution of the Irish problem." Everybody is longing for that. "It will be found," declares the Labor report, "along the lines of conciliation and consent." But the question is whether Mr. ARTHUR HENDERSON, when in Dublin, found any such lines open to him. He has been against an independent Irish republic. He insists that a self-governing Ireland must remain within the British Empire. And it is said to be because of this attitude that Mr. HENDERSON was sent back by Sinn Fein empty-handed to London. We still read of peace negotiations going on in Dublin and also of renewed approaches to LLOYD GEORGE by representatives of Sinn Fein. It is to be hoped that both sides are now ready to lay down weapons of violence and to resort to such political compromises and adjustments as it is fully open to the Government to propose, and to Ireland to accept, under the terms of the Home Rule bill now on the statute book.

UNSPOTTED PROTECTIONISM.

Everybody who is faithful to the traditions of political comedy must applaud the delightful little scene in the Senate over the Emergency Tariff bill. That illusory measure was passed by the House in a great clutter. It was sent to the Senate in the firm hope, belief and expectation that it would die there. Senator MCCUMBER'S indignation with Democratic intentions to filibuster against it was in his rôle. The bill was finally referred to the Finance Committee by unanimous vote. There is plenty of other work for the Senate. Besides, protection is an eternal principle which must not be degraded by mere temporary applications. It is an infallible panacea, not an impromptu palliative.

Protection is a religion as well as a state of mind. It requires an absolute devotion such as no halting Democrat or Middle West Republican, tainted with the Iowa Idea, is capable of. Senator SMOOT spoke nobly for the highest high dogmatists. "I'm not "a spotted protectionist; I'm a pro-"tectionist through and through." Protection exists for protection's sake, an end rather than a means, a sacred economic magic. World conditions, American conditions, have been changed by the war. What of it? Protection remains, unspotted and immutable. Debtor nations mustn't be permitted to pay in goods. Trade mustn't be an exchange. Indispensable foreign markets must be opened to American farmers by closing our own. The cost of living must be increased by putting it up. The full protection creed is incredible. Therefore must we believe in it.

VAIN SUBSTITUTES.

Dr. DAVID JAYNE HILL has been suggested as Mr. HARDING'S Secretary of State. There is reason to believe that he has had the support of powerful elements in the Republican Party. But if he had any expectation of actually being appointed he would hardly have delivered his address to the American Association for the Advancement of Science on a substitute league of nations. That address, if Dr. HILL really expected to be Secretary of State, would give away his department as disastrously as MARGOT ASQUITH and Colonel REPINGTON gave away the British governing classes.

Dr. HILL, of course, is in favor of a league of nations; equally of course, it must not be this League nor anything like it. The drawback to this League is that it is "a military and political alliance." The Tribune yesterday bewailed this League because it is not a military alliance, but it is not our business to harmonize the best minds in the party of intelligence and morality. To Dr. HILL it is a military alliance, but not a good enough alliance; it has "only "a small preponderance of military "efficiency." So let us abandon it for something with a moral flavor which shall provide "a means of redress without resort to arms."

The recipe for this new association is simple. We must have "a full conference of responsible States," including both victors and vanquished. But what are responsible States? Dr. HILL'S definition of responsibility is "full acceptance of international law and actual conformity to it." Since one of Dr. HILL'S objections to the present League is that the nations foremost in its councils do not have a numerical preponderance, one may suppose that Russia no less than Germany will have to be let in to this new conference of responsible States. "Full acceptance of international law and conformity to it" have not been the most distinguishing characteristics of Germany nor of Bolshevist Russia; but let us trust human nature. It may be that the Germans and LENIN will be willing to accept and conform if the military alliance of the Western Powers is broken up. However, Dr. HILL has left himself another exit. We must have a tribunal to determine what international law is, and after that "all responsible Governments" may appeal to it on terms of equality.

This is no doubt a worthy aspiration—a conference of all responsible Governments, the test of responsibility being not past nor present performances, but a promise to conform to something not yet defined. It may be argued that Germany and Russia would not be regarded as responsible until they had shown some evidence of their sincerity; but they can come into the present League whenever they do that. On the whole, the logic of this eminent jurist and statesman makes us feel that in these troublous times there is at least some ground for satisfaction in the prospect that Dr. HILL is not going to be Secretary of State.

REDUCING EXPENSES AND JOBS.

According to that oracle of truth, the Republican Campaign Text Book of 1920, "It has been estimated that "the present payroll of the Federal "Government should be reduced by "at least $300,000,000 through drastic "economies on the part of the Ad-"ministration." The next Administration and the next Congress should make those drastic economies. Representative SNELL of this State, after a conference with "Republican leaders" at Washington, says that there are "50,000 too many clerks in the de-"partments in Washington, and most "of them will have to go."

Why not all of them? According to Senator SMOOT, last Spring there were 65,000 more Government employés at Washington than before the war. Surely an extensive demobilization of the civil service army is needed. According to the last report of the Federal Civil Service Commission, one American out of every one hundred and fifty-nine was on the Government civil service payroll on July 31. Moreover, of the Americans classified by the census as engaged in "gainful occupations," one out of every sixty-eight worked for the Government.

Evidently Government employment is overmanned and overwomaned. The Republicans are pledged "to the elim-"ination of unnecessary officials and "employés." The way to eliminate is to eliminate. The Republicans have solemnly declared in their national platform that "the annual expenses "of Federal operation can be re-"duced hundreds of millions of dol-"lars without impairing the efficiency "of the public service." The country expects that those hundreds of millions of dollars will be saved. The Republicans have long shuddered with horror at "Democratic extravagance." It can't be thought that they will permit Republican extravagance. Not seldom platform virtue bears no fruit in good works. But now the condition of the Treasury makes Republican economy not elective but compulsory.

THE GUEST OF HONOR.

A dinner at $1,000 a plate is a reminder of the fat years before the war. Such a dinner was given in New York last night. The menu was limited to soup, beef stew, bread and cocoa, for that is the ration which will be served every day until the next harvest to the absent guests of honor—the children of Central Europe. An empty high chair symbolized those guests at last night's dinner—symbolized a hundred thousand guests, for each of the thousand diners had paid enough to keep a hundred children alive until the next harvest, when Central Europe will probably be able to feed itself.

The work of the European Relief Council, which is literally saving a generation in Austria and Poland, and is giving valuable assistance elsewhere, may loosely be called a philanthropy. Philanthropic motives no doubt are strongest in the minds of most American contributors, particularly those who have children of their own. But even if there were no such thing as human feeling in the world this work would be a good investment. Without food relief extended by more fortunate countries, and largely by America, the bottom would literally have dropped out of civilization in regions where for a thousand years European culture has flourished. The worst of the danger is past, and the organizers of this movement believe that the next few months will enable Central Europe to become self-supporting, though on a lower scale than before the war.

Quite aside from sympathy, this work deserves liberal contributions from any one who feels that the collapse of an important part of our cultural world would bring serious injury to the whole. Contributions should be addressed to FRANKLIN K. LANE, Treasurer, 42 Broadway.

LIBERTY, LIMITED.

Since 1918 the French Government has maintained a monopoly of the importation of oil. But that régime, it has lately been announced, is to be abandoned. There is to be "liberty" of importation. Yet it is not to be full liberty. Government monopoly is given up, but Government "control" is to be maintained. And on examination this new control looks very like the old monopoly. Who is to import oil? The Government will decide. So of the prices to be paid and asked; the methods of distribution; the entire oil trade and industry—all will be officially regulated. But for the name of the thing, the Government monopoly might as well have been left untouched.

This is the way of State interference. Once established, it is almost impossible to make it let go. It will change its outer form, but clings to the substance. The war made necessary a vast extension of Government functions. They were to be dropped when peace came, but most of them have been continued in different guise. Monopoly goes, but minute regulation remains. Private enterprise is allowed its "liberty" again, but every worker is shadowed by two Government inspectors to see that he does his job in the way officially prescribed.

1921 IN PROPHECY.

Prophecy is beyond question one of the things they order better in France. According to Mme. FRATA, who has fallen heiress to the robes and mantles of the long famous Mme. DE THEBES, the coming year will be "transitory." That in itself is reassuring. Also, the new year will be without any "great, outstanding events." Merchants may rest assured that sugar, silk and coffee, leather, second-hand motor cars and such will, relatively speaking, stay put. All through 1920 events have "outstood" at such a rate that Father Time has seemed like a hundred-handed Briareus with a sore thumb.

Artistically, also, the prospect is flattering. Cubism and Futurism have done their worst. The year will be "undistinguished" except by "a re-"turn to pure classicism in French "art." Perhaps the year will be undistinguished in consequence of that great returning. As was remarked by the novelist son of the purely classical dramatist, CREBILLON, pure classicism is the bane of the Gallic spirit. But let it go that the year is to be sweetly and suavely undistinguished. In politics the outlook is similar. The estate of man is to be "comparatively tranquil." Yet "a new political star" is to rise and shine. Also, feminism is to wax and flourish, resulting in a spiritual renascence that may even, during the next twelve months, "penetrate the mystery of death." Apparently it was a quite different stream of psychic influence that enabled a rival seeress, Mme. ELIZ, to foretell that two prominent public men would meet their death at the hands of women.

How far we fall below the French in all such matters is indicated in the fate of a prophetess of Tenth Avenue. Her communion with the future is manifestly imperfect. She specializes in "head fortunes," and when a Police Department Inspector consulted her she imparted the information that not only her client but all the police force have twenty-six bones in their heads. Anatomically the statement may be justified; but the prophetess might well have been equally informed in the mysteries of English as locally spoken. She landed in jail. Even there her prophetic powers failed her. The Magistrate submitted his cranium for inspection. Dazzled by the sight of it, the prophetess advised him that he could use a hair restorer to advantage, and for that advice expected to be acquitted. The fine was $50.

JELLICOE'S ORDER TO PUT TO SEA.

The belief that the Battle of Jutland was the result of a chance meeting between the British Grand Fleet and the German High Seas Fleet has been shaken by a report from Paris that the British Admiralty ordered JELLICOE to proceed to sea. It did so after learning by an ingenious wireless device that the German flagship at Wilhelmshaven was signaling orders preparatory, it was deduced, as she had moved seven miles to the outer harbor, to going out with the fleet. There is internal evidence in Admiral JELLICOE'S story of the battle in his book, "The Grand Fleet, 1914-1916," that he expected to meet and fight the enemy, although he does say in his opening sentence: "The Grand Fleet "put to sea on May 30 for the pur-"pose of carrying out one of its "periodical sweeps in the North Sea." The internal evidence is the instructions that he gave to Admiral BEATTY, with the Battle Cruiser Fleet, and to battle squadron commanders to be in certain positions, exact latitude and longitude stated, at certain hours on the afternoon of May 31. There follows this significant statement: "Sir "DAVID BEATTY had been informed "before sailing that the Battle Fleet "would steer toward the Horn Reef "from the position in Lat. 57.45 N., "Long. 4.15 E." The particularity with which Admiral JELLICOE describes the progress and positions of squadrons, divisions and flotillas from hour to hour indicates a plan of operations that it is difficult to associate with a mere periodical sweep or a reconnoissance.

The Battle Cruiser Fleet under BEATTY was to be in Lat. 56.40 N., Long. 5 E., at 2 P. M.; at that time his position, attended by the Fifth Battle Squadron with destroyers, was Lat. 56.46 N., Long. 4.40 E. At 2:20 P. M. two enemy vessels to the E. S. E. were sighted, "when Sir "DAVID BEATTY, recognizing the pos-"sibilities of the situation, immedi-"ately turned his fleet S. S. E., the "course for the Horn Reef, so as to "get between the enemy and his "base." The battle began at 3:48 P. M. It was not until almost 6:30 o'clock that JELLICOE himself got into action with his Battle Fleet. This tardiness might be cited as evidence that the meeting with the enemy was casual after all. But the British Admiral explains that the position of the enemy by latitude and longitude, as signaled to his flagship, the Iron Duke, was so undependable, "owing "to the constant manoeuvring of the "Second Light Cruiser Squadron," that difficulty was "experienced in "ascertaining the correct moment at "which to deploy the Battle Fleet." The first information upon which JELLICOE "could take effective action for deployment" was signaled by BEATTY from the Lion at 6:14 P. M.

It is, of course, true that orders were always incident to a "periodical sweep," but those given on May 30, after a conference between JELLICOE and BEATTY at Scapa Flow, were in singular detail and based on the Horn Reef, as if the Admiral had a "tip" from headquarters to prepare to fight the High Seas Fleet. It would be inconsistent with the traditions of the Admiralty to disclose its means of guessing that the enemy was coming out, nor would Admiral JELLICOE tell the story in his book. It would naturally be an official and professional secret.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Disputing Over a Definition.

For reasons not particularly difficult to guess, Police Commissioner ENRIGHT persists in claiming that crimes are less, rather than more, numerous now than they were in the past under predecessors in his office who are held up to him as exemplars of efficiency. As it pleases him to do that, and as he presumably is right so far as mere number of offenses committed is concerned, that particular point can be left undisputed.

The Commissioner himself admits, however, that crimes of the sort he calls "spectacular" have increased. That constitutes exactly what others than he consider a "crime wave," meaning by that term a change in the quality of the crimes—the resort to the use of deadly weapons as a common instead of an occasional and exceptional expedient. The Commissioner and those who dispute his conclusions simply are quarreling over a definition, and that is a proceeding proverbially resulting only in waste of time.

Instead of complaining, therefore, that in his address over in New Jersey on Tuesday the Commissioner repeated his too familiar and now tiresome denial of a "crime wave" in this city, it is more profitable to recognize the fact that he proved the value of his long experience on the police force—and his intelligence as well—by making several excellent suggestions as to the most promising ways to meet what he frankly recognized as a serious police emergency. There was little or nothing new in these suggestions, but, coming from him, they gained the weight of expert authority, for within his limitations the Commissioner really is an expert. His advice is worth hearing always, and worth heeding not infrequently.

Precautions That Can Be Devised.

Probably the most important of Commissioner ENRIGHT'S recommendations was the one relating to the establishment of a national bureau for the exchange of information in regard to criminals and their doings. Something of the kind already exists, and there is nearly constant communication between the police forces in the several States, but it relates wholly to individual cases, is badly organized, or rather is not organized at all, and has in it hardly anything of the preventive element.

Another proposal of the Commissioner was that New Jersey, by passing a law like our Sullivan law, cease to be the source whence our criminals draw their supply of weapons. Some of his hearers made the alternative proposal that instead of restricting the sale of arms it should be made easy for every honest citizen to carry a pistol, but the Commissioner was right in condemning this as a desperate remedy, to be defended only on the humiliating ground that a Sullivan law cannot be enforced effectively. The impossibility here lies largely, if not wholly, in the fact that the New York criminal only has to cross the river to equip himself with the means of intimidating or killing his victims, according to the demand of circumstances as he understands it.

Another evil to which Commissioner ENRIGHT called renewed and deserved attention is the ease and promptness with which criminals can get bail. This problem is not so easily solved as some others, for the refusal of bail or the making of it prohibitively high is antagonistic to the spirit of our laws and too often may inflict hardship on the innocent. Our Judges, fortunately, have a large discretionary power in the matter of bail, and by exercising it wisely they can obviate the necessity for a radical change of principle.

In Giving There Is Saving.

With the close of another year now close at hand, the lugubrious thought of the next income tax forces its way again into many minds and gives new anxiety there—to some because the amounts demanded will be painfully large even after all possible and permissible deductions have been made, and to others because the payment of the tax demands an amount and quality of account-keeping of which until recently they knew nothing, and to which they will be long in becoming reconciled. Folk of the latter class, however, should be grateful to the Government, rather than resentful, because of the imposition on them of this task. They now know "where they stand," as the saying is, better than they did in happier days, and that is a form of knowledge on which "getting ahead" in no small measure depends.

One thing neither the experienced and expert accountants nor those who are troubled and blundering amateurs should forget—the more they give away the greater is the deduction they can make from net income before figuring up their tax. That statement is not quite true, but most people will find it so, the only needed modification being that the right to deduct ceases when the gifts reach the point of being 15 per cent. of the income, and that no deduction at all can be made for gifts to other than regularly organized and incorporated bodies, charitable, educational and the like.

The second of these restrictions does not come into action as regards contributions to the Hundred Neediest Cases. That money all goes to and is distributed by societies that have full legal existence.

While to escape or reduce a tax is not the best of reasons for helping in this good cause or any other, still it exists and properly can be remembered as one incitement to generosity.

This Critic Open to Criticism.

An up-State railway company—the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh—has sent to its servitors of every rank a circular letter informing them all that "we cannot ask our shippers and our passengers to pay the wages of any man who is loafing on the job."

The sentiment or feeling is commendable, but the distribution of its expression in this way is tactless in that it will offend all the road's employés who are not "loafing on the job," and it is to be presumed that they constitute a majority of all who receive the circular.

Whoever the official was that ordered the circular sent to everybody was himself doing exactly what he condemned—he evaded the trouble that would have been involved in doing his work properly and intelligently, with due discrimination between the loafing and non-loafing fractions of his force.

A Steerage Library.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have just landed from a steerage trip across the Atlantic, and am impressed with the need of a library in the third cabin of ocean steamers. At present only first and second cabin passengers have it. Nor can one blame the steamship companies for flinching the task of equipping a library for the polyglot mob below decks. On our boat, in the third cabin, twenty-five languages were spoken. And yet, just because of the babel and the motley, a library is needed there more than anywhere else. They have not the recreations provided for the passengers above decks. For them the voyage is a long monotony. Ten days is the average duration; offtimes lengthened when they are kept on board in port awaiting transshipment to Ellis Island.

Those ten days present a priceless opportunity to teach to these newcomers the history and literature of America, her geography, the mechaniam of our Government, the life story of foreigners who came here and made good. In that moment the immigrant is in a teachable mood. The adventure into a far country has excited all the nerves of his mind. He is awake as he never was before, and as probably he never will be again. Pathetic is the immigrants' eagerness to learn about this America, theme of their long-time dreamings. To inform themselves so as to pass muster in port when examined for entrance would spur even the dullards.

To provide so many-tongued a library and reach it forth to so varied a company is a job beyond the competency of the ship's crew. It would have to be handled by men specially trained. The Carnegie Fund would doubtless provide the books. But the librarian would have to be a man of vision and leadership, such as our library schools and neighborhood houses are turning out. Which would mean a steerage library association, supported by gifts from the socially minded. That the steamship companies would cooperate with such an association need hardly be questioned. To make the ocean trip more agreeable and lift the tone of life on board for both passengers and crew would be quite to their advantage. C. B. WHITE.

Marlboro-on-Hudson, Dec. 26, 1920.

Johnny Coulon's Feat.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You devote much space to the supposedly remarkable feat of Johnny Coulon in Paris. It seems to me that you should have heard of Miss Annie Abbott, "The Little Georgia Magnet." This lady for years toured the world, giving an exhibition of a similar nature to the feat now performed by Coulon. I will not venture to say how many years ago it was that she was a big drawing card, but to find verification for my statement look up old files of theatrical publications, or ask any old-timer. But to come down to recent times: I was connected with a theatre in Long Branch, N. J., during the Summer of 1918, and in order to entertain the "boys" at Camp Dix Miss Abbott, her manager and myself paid a visit to the camp and gave an exhibition of her act. I also gave passes to a detachment of twenty-five to come to the theatre each night.

You say: "Three men in a chain are powerless when the neck of the first and the arm of the third are touched." Miss Abbott never cared if there were three or one hundred and three; her only limit was the width of the stage. Any person in the audience who could lift her (she weighed then, I think, 93 pounds) was entitled to a twenty-dollar gold piece. Miss Abbott still was the custodian of the gold piece when she ended her engagement. Her last engagement in New York was at a Broadway vaudeville house about two years ago. I have no doubt she is still doing her "act" on some vaudeville circuit.

I never made bold to inquire of Miss Abbott how she performed her feat—or, rather, feats—for the lifting was only one of many, but I doubt if she claimed any supernatural powers. On the other hand, I could never discover any mechanical or other trick, even on the closest observation.

JOHN MARNELL EDWARDS.

New York, Dec. 26, 1920.

TO THE NEW YEAR.

Oncoming, strange New Year
What hast thou in thy hold
For us who wait thee here—
Who welcome thee in fear—
How shall thy days be told?

Bygone the frenzied hour
Of war and warfare's woe;
Waned is hate's grievous power—
Must we know hatred's dower
As through the year we go?

Must fruit of passing rage
Be our sad harvesting,
Or is there heritage
Of many a peaceful age
Which thou mayst safely bring?

Hast thou within thy hand
A blessing all unguessed
For every stricken land—
For every war-rent strand
By heel of tyrants pressed?

Oncoming, strange New Year
What hast thou for mankind?
Grant us one word of cheer—
Or let the truth appear
And bid us be resigned.

LURANA SHELDON.

BLAME FOR THE RUSSIAN COLLAPSE

The Country in a Fair Way to Make Important Social Progress When the Bolsheviki Got Control.

By WILLIAM STEARNS DAVIS,
Professor of History, University of Minnesota.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The apologists for the "present happy Constitution" in Russia are back upon their last trenches. Nobody pretends today that Petrograd is the Utopia. It is freely confessed that Russia is hungry, wretched, degenerating. But for this we are beginning to be told the present ruling idealists are not to blame. If there had been no Bolsheviki conditions would not be much jollier. The Soviets are merely the unlucky legatees of disastrous conditions, none of their making. Any other heir to Czardom would have been in like predicament.

Let it be granted that the old Russian régime down to its inglorious death displayed a stupidity without many parallels in western history. Some of its leaders had a superlative genius for evil. Pobedonastev did a more ruinous work for his country than even a Torquemada in Spain. The career of Rasputin goes far to confirm mediæval belief in the personal intervention of the devil. Compared with the Romanoffs the French Bourbons went down in wholly undeserved disaster.

All this is true, but not the whole truth. For it was not by follies such as the court of Nicholas II. flaunted before an astonished world that the Muscovite Empire rose to a height that imposed on the fears of the nations. If Czardom produced its purblind tyrants it also produced Milyutin, who carried through the freeing of the serfs, and Witte, the master builder, who yoked the Baltic with the Sea of Japan by the Transsiberian Railroad. The imperial colossus of 1914 certainly had his feet of clay, as the disastrous sequel proved; but a superior fraction of his lofty frame was assuredly of iron. By no acts of fools or weaklings had Bokhara and Samarkand become Russian cities, had the boundaries of China been thrown back or had Japan been almost crowded out of Manchuria and Korea.

Nor is it true that under the Czardom there had been no growth of decent political institutions nor any uplift for the masses. Despite scaffolds, exilings and reaction; despite nihilist plots and Stolypin's retaliatory "neckties," the great bulk of the Russian people were moving forward. If the work to be accomplished still seemed depressingly great, the political shackles galling, the ignorance of the "dark people" intolerable, one has only to contrast the Russia of 1914 with the Russia of 1814, just emerging from conditions of the Middle Ages, and with Alexander I. surrendering to all the absolutist theories of Metternich. Since 1861 the serfs had been freed and a system of semi-popular provincial government introduced by the institution of the Zemstvos; and since 1905 there had existed an imperial parliament, with national parties, elections and the ordinary paraphernalia of modern political life.

The Duma had assuredly been grievously curtailed in power and was non-representative of the bulk of the people. But it required not a social earthquake, but only a relatively simple alteration of the laws governing elections and ministerial responsibility to give Russia a Government as liberal in structure as that of the majority of European States. The peasants were grievously ignorant, the industrialists in the cities had their sore grievances, but things were not as fifty years earlier. The press was absurdly hampered, but not as under Nicholas I. By every sign by which careful students can measure human progress Russia in 1914 was advancing painfully, but not less surely, toward a brighter day. There was much to stir one's indignation, yet there was nothing inherently rotten, nothing to destroy a reasonable hope of a great betterment.

Of course, the war, by its prolonged economic strain on a nation industrially poorly developed, was bound to react internally. War means dictatorships, and woe to any nation when its dictator has to be a Nicholas II. Nevertheless even in 1917 Russia was not on the edge of social bankruptcy. The transportation system was failing, yet not beyond very possible resuscitation with American aid. The armies were very tired, the rank and file demoralized by the desire to desert and seize the nobles' lands, but American hosts would see the war through to victory if only a fraction of the Russian forces could maintain defensive warfare until Germany had been beaten in the west. Still, pathologically speaking, in 1917 the "resistance" of the Russian people of course was low. They had suffered terribly in the war. They were in the throes of a political revolution. The peasants had lost their old loyalty and had secured no new one. Nothing in all this, however, was necessarily fatal provided the nation could be spared some outbreak of ruthless fanaticism, always latent in the Oriental genius, and subject to spasmodic manifestation in about every people whose faces look toward the East.

That immunity was not, of course, granted. As when a human body, weakened after a run of fever, is ready to be seized upon by some new malignant microbe, so Sovietism found its chance. Its success is, of course, a standing warning to every land of how a pitiless, unscrupulous minority can impose its will on an unorganized bewildered majority; but there was nothing inevitable about Lenin's success. By every law of human prophecy, if the Kerensky régime had lasted through the Winter of 1917-18, it would have experienced an enormous relief in all its external problems from the new war power of America, and after the collapse of Germany every kind of foreign assistance from medicines to locomotives would have poured into Petrograd. The difficulties of Russia would still have been great, but not too great for major statesmanship.

Russia, in a word, did not fall dying, and then have her corpse galvanized in some pathetic endeavor by Sovietism, as our "liberals" fain would tell us. She was wounded, but not fallen, when a merciless faction took advantage of her weakened state and necessity.

Today Russia is in the power of Orientalized men who care no more for the misery of her sons and daughters, provided they can build their Communist palace of dreams, than cared the Mahdist dervishes for their own lives at Omdurman when they raced on Kitchener's machine guns intent less on victory than on paradise. Whether trade relations with these persons are safe and wise, let American and British statesmen settle. But let not our intelligence be insulted by a pretty deliberate warping of facts. Three years ago the Soviet Joab met the weary democratic Abner of Russia "and took him aside to speak with him quietly"—then smote him under the fifth rib.

May those who now urge speaking Sovietism fair take no anger if they hear their own loyalty to American democracy impeached.

WILLIAM STEARNS DAVIS.

The University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Dec. 26, 1920.

Sales Tax and Income.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Some people are under the impression that a 1 per cent. sales tax would be the equivalent of 1 per cent. on consumption. They forget that an article is sold a dozen or more times before it finally reaches the consumer, and that at each sale a tax would be added to its cost, so that by the time it would reach the consumer the cost of the article would be materially increased because of taxes. For example: In case of a coat, the cotton grower, the dyer, the cloth manufacturer, the cloth jobber, the coat manufacturer, the wholesaler and the retailer each respectively would add 1 per cent. to the price.

No one, I suppose, would think of advocating an income tax with a declining rate on big incomes. Yet this exactly would be the effect of a sales tax.

To illustrate: Assuming that a law is passed to pay a certain percentage on the sales, which would average up to the equivalent of 5 per cent. on consumption, then "A," with an annual income of $2,000, consuming his entire income on life necessities, would pay the equivalent of 5 per cent. on his income, whereas "B," with an annual income of $1,000,000, spending $50,000, would give only one-fourth of 1 per cent. of his income to the Government in taxes.

NATHAN WALD.

New York, Dec. 23, 1920.

A New Year's Eve Suggestion.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

This is perhaps the time to warn those who intend to celebrate New Year's Eve. Most of the alcoholic beverages which are served these days are poison. To avoid being poisoned by wood alcohol, carry a guinea-pig in your pocket. Before you touch a drink allow the animal to lap up a few drops of the precious fluid. Watch the rodent carefully for about fifteen minutes. If a pleased expression comes over its face, you may take the drink without fear. If the animal dies, do not take the drink. Leave it alone!

Each guinea-pig should only be used in testing three drinks. After that it is almost impossible to tell if the rodent is drunk or dead drunk.

In testing cocktails the cherry should first be removed, otherwise the beast will eat the cherry and not touch the drink. They have some sense.

There is for sale at a smart shop on the Avenue a case so constructed as to have ample room for four rodents. It is made to fit the pocket of evening clothes, or can be carried by ladies like a vanity case.

When the four rodents are hors de combat it is time to go home.

MARCEL STEINBRUGGE.

New York, Dec. 27, 1920.

Restricting Immigration.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of this date you report that "the United States Independent Order of Free Sons of Israel has issued to the seventy-two branches of the order an open letter calling for immigration based on the selection of those willing and able to become useful American citizens and likely to help in the preservation of law and peaceful prosperity in the country of their adoption."

This remedy for immigration ills meets with the hearty approval of the Anti-Bolshevist League of Brooklyn and they are sending a petition in favor of the same to Senator Pat Harrison of the Committee on Immigration. W. H. ALLEN,
Chairman and Acting Secretary, Anti-Bolshevist League.

Brooklyn, Dec. 20, 1920.

THE WORST IN CHINA.

Some Incidents Reported by Missionaries Are Doubted.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As I perused THE TIMES yesterday morning, it came to my notice that in the news columns there was an extract of the letter from a Catholic sister stating the conditions of the famine-stricken people in China and relating how a father buried his daughter alive. Although I am in no position to challenge the validity of the statement, I will say, however, that it does not seem to be possible for any person to do such a thing, judging purely from the standpoint of human nature, which is the same the world over—whether he is savage or civilized.

While I appreciate the good-will of the missionaries that lies behind such a method of soliciting donations for the relief of these unfortunate people from this gigantic disaster, I doubt very much the wisdom of their scheme. Will this affect the opinion the American public hold of the Chinese? Will it bring about contempt for the Chinese people as a race? Will it impede the progress of universal brotherhood, upon which world peace is based? These are the questions that we should always bear in mind, even though we are attempting to help them.

My experience with missionaries has convinced me of the fact that they invariably like to pick out an abnormal case of misery or evil as a representative one of the life of China. More than one case cited by the missionaries has been discovered by me to be non-existent in China. These were done, of course, with the idea of making a strong appeal to the public for the support of their work. The motive is good, but the method is rather irrational.

In 1917, during the time of the flood in the north of China, which swept off the houses of thousands of families with their belongings and made millions of people homeless, stories of like nature were used as a means of appeal for aid. Upon my inquiry I discovered from the most trustworthy sources that they were baseless.

By the constant reports of that nature from such missionaries it is feared that China will always be misunderstood and will always live in the injustice of the Occident. This will undoubtedly affect the realization of world democracy or universal brotherhood, which must be pursued if world peace is to be secured.

So it is my sincere hope that our friendly nations will take great care in relieving China from physical distress, not at the expense of her moral reputation. ANSON T. WONG.

New York, Dec. 28, 1920.

First Public Library.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

An article in THE TIMES mentions the New York Society Library, established 1754, as the oldest library in the United States. I would like to call your attention to the Darby Library, Delaware County, Pennsylvania, established 1743. You will find the authority for this in Smith's "History of Delaware County, Pennsylvania," page 561.

Mrs. WALTER HORSTMANN.

Philadelphia, Dec. 16, 1920.

$18,263 IS WANTED FOR 200 NEEDIEST

Total for Most Worthy Cases, $109,846.20, Is Still Short One-Fifth of Amount.

SECOND GIFTS SWELL FUND

Conscience Spurs Many When Contributors See Noble Purpose About to Fail.

TIMES CHAPEL GIVES $100

Stricken Families Get No Relief Under State Pension Law—Money Goes for Necessaries.

The Neediest Cases received $3,385 yesterday, making a total of $91,582.46 since the appeal was first printed this year. This is still $18,263.74 less than the total of $109,846.20 required to make full provision for the 200 families for whom the appeal has been made. Two hundred families was the minimum number provided for by gifts for the Neediest Cases after each appeal in the last four years.

Many more contributions, little and big, are still needed, unless the good work is to fall this year below the standards of previous years.

Taking everything into consideration, TIMES readers have responded to the appeal this year with splendid generosity. After four years of big drives and at a time when money was scarce, contributions were not leaping from the public purse in a golden shower. But, after a poor start, gifts for the Neediest Cases have been coming along in a handsome volume.

Less than one-fifth of the total sought needs still to be raised. Another appeal is made to generous and charitable people who would feel sorry to see a backward step taken this year.

A considerable part of yesterday's total was composed of the second gifts of early contributors who, disappointed at the slow rise of the total, took the matter in hand themselves and contributed again. Many other contributors yesterday and in the preceding days confessed in letters accompanying their gifts that they had neglected to make contributions they had intended making. Others have written that in view of their own circumstances they thought it the part of wisdom not to contribute, but that, on considering the matter again and again, they had not heart to resist the appeal.

Times Chapel Gives $100.

One of yesterday's gifts was $100 from THE NEW YORK TIMES Composing Room Chapel, which held a special meeting Tuesday night and voted to appropriate $100 of the $160 in its treasury to the Hundred Neediest Cases. Other gifts from schools, organizations and special groups recently have been on the increase. From the continuance of a generous stream of gifts in the four days since Christmas the outlook is not unpromising for arriving at the goal of $109,846.20.

The 200 families for whom the appeal is specifically made are not the only ones benefited. As provision is made for them the burdens lifted from the charitable organizations enable them to use their means to provide more adequately for thousands of others. To a greater or less extent, thousands are indirectly aided.

In nearly every case the family has been rendered destitute by the death or prolonged illness of the breadwinner. Provision for such families includes food, shelter, medical attention, clothing and other necessaries, but also personal aid, guidance and sometimes education. The personal help is furnished by the charitable organizations. Every cent contributed to the Neediest Cases goes to buy the necessaries of life. With the exception of a few cases of very old people, the goal is to help the family or orphan children to become self-supporting and independent. In the past most of the families which have been helped in this way have soon been able to make their way, and their names have been crossed off the rolls of those needing charitable aid.

The following are from letters accompanying contributions:

M. S.—It was my intention to send a check for $5 towards your very worthy fund before Xmas. As a result of my negligence, I am cheerfully charging myself a fine of 100 per cent.

Gertrude Joslyn—Persistence counts. Keep it up. A good thing, if we all resolve to keep hammering at our purpose.

H. P. Andrews—Enclosed find check for $100. Sorry that I was not able to get this off to you so as to bring good cheer to the little ones for Christmas, but their needs being taken care of a few days late will, I hope, still make them happy or at least give them the much needed relief.

Social Motive School Gives $40.

Social Motive School—The pupils of the Social Motive School are sending you $40, part of the proceeds of their Pilgrim's Festival, to be given to the fund for the Hundred Neediest Cases.

S. C. H.—Enclosed find check for $5 for the Hundred Neediest Cases. I was sure I couldn't afford it, but you see I have.

Anonymous—I am sorry to see that your Neediest Fund is still short. But it gives me great pleasure to send the enclosed check in addition to the one you have already acknowledged, which I am able to do because of an unexpected gift. This, like the first, in memory of my brother, Lieutenant A. E. Garnsey,

Sarah Eisenbud—Enclosed please find check for $15 for Case 92 of the Hundred Neediest Cases. It is given by Julius Eisenbud, aged 12, instead of getting a birthday present.

A. H. C.—Am sending another small contribution, in addition to the $5 I sent earlier, in the hope of swelling the total even a little. I am deeply sorry that the amount received this year seems likely to fall much below that received last year.

A. M. H.—If you have time, will you be kind enough to let me know about the case I am helping. It makes it a more personal thing that way, and also it may be that I can interest some other member of my own family in helping my own case.

Dr. Floy McEwen.—Will you please add the enclosed to your fund for the Hundred Neediest Cases. It is pleasant and heartening to have such a paper as THE TIMES lend its columns, service and great influence to such a noble work.

No agents are employed by THE NEW YORK TIMES or any of the charitable organizations to solicit contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases.

No aid is being received by any of the families in the Hundred Neediest Cases under the State pension law.

Contributions are deductible from income tax returns.

Every cent goes to buy food, clothing and other necessaries, no administrative or clerical expenses being paid from the contributions.

Checks may be drawn to the order of the Hundred Neediest Cases and sent to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DAY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO FUND FOR NEEDIEST

Contributions for the Neediest Cases yesterday amounted to $3,385, bringing the total to $91,582.46. They were received as follows:

THE NEW YORK TIMES	$2,785.00
Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor	555.00
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities	40.00
State Charities Aid Association	5.00
Total	$3,385.00
Previously reported	88,197.46
Total	$91,582.46

Contributions received by THE NEW YORK TIMES direct:

A. A. H.	$1	In Mem. K. W. H.	15
A. B. S.	5	In Mem. My Beloved Dad	1
Adams, A. B.	15	In Mem. Mrs. I.	1
A. F. H.	10	Ollendorff	100
A Friend	10	In Mem. My Parents	5
A Friend	5	In Mem. N. H. R.	25
A. H. C.	2	Jacobson, W. H.	10
Alford, C. G.	10	Joslyn, G.	2
Almond, E. H.	10	Katzerberg, H.	25
An Army Nurse	10	K. M. G.	10
Anderson, Mary	200	Kressel, Margery	20
Anonymous	5	Landau, Albert	10
Anonymous	20	Landau, Beatrice	10
Anonymous	1	Lashelle, C. P.	10
Anonymous	100	Lee, Helen	15
Anonymous	6	Leeming, T., & Co.	100
Anonymous	1	Lehrbach, H. G.	5
Anonymous	10	Lerech, Mrs. H.	10
Anonymous	1	Levine, Sam X.	5
Anonymous	5	Lindsay, E. V.	10
Anonymous	5	Lobel, N.	5
Anonymous	10	Lovejoy, Emil	3
Anonymous	20	Lovett, B.	3
Anonymous	5	Ludvigh, E. J.	10
Anonymous	5	M. A. H.	5
Anonymous	10	Mann, Abe	5
Arnold, J.	10	Marjorie, Benjamin, Ruth, Anna	5
A Sympathizer	5	Martin, E.	1
Averill, L. D.	2	McCullough, C. A.	100
B. A.	100	McEwen, Dr. Floy	5
Bass, Hugo	5	McKibben, G. P.	5
Baker, E. G.	5	McLandless, H. A.	1
Baker, S.	1	McPurdy, Mary	5
Baumann, C. B.	5	Meckley, J.	5
Beam, N. J.	25	Meek, E. P.	5
Beating, R. E.	10	Meserole, C. M.	5
Bell, Augusta	10	Meserole, H. C.	5
Bissell, George B.	5	M. H.	3
Blossom Margaret	5	Mihilis, Miss M.	10
Blum, Gladys & R.	10	Monsel, Marie	1
B. R.	5	Morgenthau, H.	100
Brown, Miss	5	Morgenstein, L. I.	1
Budd, H. M. R.	10	Morrow & Barbara	5
Buhl, William	10	M. S.	10
Bunzel, Ruth	5	Nestle's Food Co.	100
Carman, R. G.	25	New York Times Composing Room Chapel	100
Carlisle, E. J.	25	No Name	1
Charlton, Miss V.	25	No Name	20
Christie, Mr. and Mrs. J. H., and Grieve, Mrs. J.	20	No Name	5
Clarke, C. C.	5	No Name	1
Clinton, Sd.	2	Novak, Capt. M. P.	1
Cohan, Manning K.	10	Orvis, Mrs. P. W.	25
Compton, J. N.	5	Palmanberg, O. W.	10
Conger, E. E.	5	Parks, E.	5
Conklin, M. J.	2	Pearson, Mrs. A. L.	25
Cornell, Ethel L.	10	Poel, Frank	25
Crowell, Helen P.	5	Purdy, J. H.	10
C. W., Mrs.	10	Ramsay, J. R.	5
Darley, G.	3	Reynolds, J.	20
Davidson, H. C.	25	Richard, Olds	2.50
D. H. A.	2	R. M. S.	10
Donovan, Mrs. D.	1	Roberts, Mary E.	5
Du Bois, Mrs. E.	25	Sannwaldt, C.	10
E. N.	5	S. C. H.	5
E. E. H.	2	Schelder, A. M.	5
E. F. K.	1	Schnakenberg, D.	50
Eggleston, C. T.	10	Schwartz, Max	25
Eisenbud, Julius	15	Searing, Esther	5
E. L.	2	S. F.	5
Eltinge, Albert L.	5	Sherwin, Mrs. L. F.	5
E. O. C.	5	Small Donor	10
Evans, I. C.	5	Smith, C.	1
E. V. B.	1	Smith, C. E.	25
Ex-Member of 306th Infantry	100	Social Motive Sch.	40
F. A. B.	15	Spelden, C. C.	100
F. A. C.	4	Stevens, Kate	10
Ferenbaugh, C. H.	2	Stinson, Mrs. P. N.	10
F. M. H., Mrs.	10	Symonds, A. M.	5
F. M. H.	5	Tausick, W. J.	10
Fowls, S. C.	5	Taylor, J. H. L.	5
Frear, E. E. H.	25	Tenenbaum, Jerome	5
From?	1	Tibbetts, Elaine G.	10
From Bettie	5	Traphagen, G. M.	3
From Marion	25	Triest, W. G.	10
G. O. S.	5	Two Little Brothers	7
Greaver, L.	1	Tyor, S.	5
Greenwood, E. E.	3	Underhill, F. A.	10
Haasis, C. W.	5	Valentine, Mr. and Mrs. I.	5
Hahn, D. C.	5	Van Wagenen, Mrs.	5
Harlo, Frances	2.50	Samuel	5
Harris, Mrs. W. H.	35	Walker Eng. Co.	25
H. C. L.	17	W. A. M.	50
Herrick, R. M.	1	Wardwell, Mrs. A.	25
Herrin, R. C.	10	Warner, J.	10
Hillard, S.	10	West, Isabel J.	5
H. P. A.	2	Whiting, C. H.	10
Hurd, Mrs. L. F.	5	Whitney, Grace S.	10
In Memoriam	2	Wood, Catherine C.	5
In Mem. C. C.	10	Woods, Theodore C.	10
In Mem. Lieut. A. E. Garnsey	10	Young, D. A.	25
Total	$2,785		

Contributions received through the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:

Mrs. J. A. Armstrong	$5	Mrs. T. F. Pierce	$10
E. W. H.	15	John W. Ward	10
Total	$40		

Contributions received through the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:

F. A. L.	$10	M. L. M.	$500
Alice Henry	5	Charles T. Root	25
Augustus Henry Jr.	5	Alice Wolcott	5
Mary Henry	5		
Total	$555		

The State Charities Aid Association received one contribution of $5 from Miss Mary Shaw.

ENGAGEMENTS.

Mr. and Mrs. William E. Woodwell of Pittsburgh, Pa., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Elizabeth Woodwell, to Curtis Whittlesey McGraw of Madison, N. J. Mr. McGraw was a member of the class of '19 at Princeton, where he was Captain of the football team. He served overseas during the war as a Major.

Mrs. Emma W. Burgoyne of Monroe Avenue, Plainfield, N. J., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Eulalie Burgoyne, to Lieutenant Philip W. Allison, U. S. A., son of the late Brig. Gen. James N. Allison and Mrs. Allison. Lieutenant Allison was graduated from Cornell University with the class of '11 and served during the war as Captain in the Ordnance Department.

Mr. and Mrs. George D. Beattys of Stoneleigh Park, Westfield, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Madeline Emily Beattys, to Charles Dobbrow Jr., also of Westfield. Mr. Dobbrow was graduated from Yale with the class of '15 and served as an ensign in the Naval Reserve during the war.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph I. Green of 150 East Seventy-ninth Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Dorothy Ruth Green, to Frank V. Schwed, son of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac J. Schwed of this city.

Senator Chamberlain Improved.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—The condition of Senator Chamberlain of Oregon, who underwent an operation here last week, was reported to be improved tonight, following an unexpected rise in the Senator's temperature which necessitated postponement of a second operation yesterday.

Attending physicians said they believed Senator Chamberlain's condition would permit the final operation to be performed either tomorrow or Friday.

Guatemalan Minister Marries.

PARIS, Dec. 29.—Luis Pedro Aguirre, Foreign Minister of Guatemala, was married this afternoon in the Guatemalan Legation here to Madame Verger.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Preston Gibson have canceled their dinner for tonight, as they will remain in Washington, D. C., until after New Year's.

Mrs. John Clinton Gray is leaving on Jan. 3 for Palm Beach to remain until April.

Miss Katherine Adams and her brother, Charles C. Adams Jr., of Cedarhurst, L. I., are the guests of their aunt, Mrs. S. A. Pickering, in Pittsburgh this week.

Mrs. M. Lentilhon Grook gave a tea dance at the Plaza yesterday afternoon for her daughter, Miss Zella L. Crook.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Vogel are entertaining a house party at their place at Chappaqua, N. Y., over New Year's, their guests including Mrs. Vogel's sister, Lady Henry of London. They will return to their apartment at the Ritz-Carlton next week.

The Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires and Mrs. Stires have been spending a few days at Atlantic City, where Dr. Stires has been recuperating from a short illness.

Captain P. Civalleri, Naval Attaché of the Italian Embassy in Washington, is at the Vanderbilt.

Mrs. Charles Addison Miller will give a dinner at the Colony Club on Friday night for her granddaughter, Miss Frances Isham, and Miss Eliza S. Parish, both débutantes of the Winter. The dinner precedes the dance which Mr. and Mrs. Edward Codman Parish will give for their daughter that evening at the Colony Club.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Carstairs, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Brooks, Jr., and Mr. and Mrs. Aubrey H. Weightman have come from Philadelphia and are at the St. Regis.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Harkness Flagler will give a small reception this afternoon for Mr. and Mrs. Albert Coates and for the Directors of the Symphony Society.

Mrs. Gilliat Schroeder of 108 East Eighty-sixth Street gave a theatre party yesterday for her grandchildren.

Mrs. Roger Lewis will give a tea dance at the Plaza today for her débutante daughter, Miss Mary Barbey Lewis; Mrs. William B. Franklin is entertaining at luncheon at the Colony Club for Miss Isabella Wood; Mr. and Mrs. John Sanford are to entertain with a dinner and dance for their débutante daughter, Miss Gertrude Ellen De Puy Sanford; Bishop and Mrs. James Henry Darlington are giving a dinner at the Ritz, followed by a theatre party, for their daughter, Miss Kate Darlington, who is not yet out, and the first of the Robinson Alumnae dances will be given at the Ritz tonight.

Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Rogers and Mr. and Mrs. George Zabriskie entertained at dinner last evening at Delmonico's.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Richards may be congratulated upon the birth yesterday of a daughter. Mrs. Richards is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Mott Hartshorne of this city.

PARTIES FOR DEBUTANTES.

Misses Landstreet, Molnson, Wilbur and Barber Entertained.

The largest of yesterday's entertainments for débutantes was the dance for Miss Mary Davis Landstreet, the débutante daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fairfax Stuart Landstreet, which Mrs. Landstreet gave at the Colony Club and which was also for Miss Jane Molnson of Paris, who is spending the Winter with Mrs. Anson Wood Burchard. Mrs. Burchard gave a large dinner for the two buds before the dance. The dinner guests besides the Misses Molnson and Landstreet were Betty Barber, Susan Coppell, Kathleen Crawford, Lela Emery, Florence Ellsworth, Kathryn Kimball, Elida Arias, Helen Trevor, Olivia Thompson, Isabel Rockefeller, Ellen Randolph, Martha Ottley, Eleanor Hoover and Miss Wooster; also Robert Thompson Jr., H. Wallace Cohu, W. B. Duncan C. Temple Emmet Jr., William Gray, Alan Harriman, Murray Hoffman, Hugh Kelleher, Townsend Martin, Sidney Mitchell, Henry G. Trevor Jr., Cyrus Miller, Eric Blom, Eric Lundstaard and the Marquis de Tarjan.

Mrs. George Gould gave a small dance for her young daughter, Miss Gloria Gould, and other girls and boys of from 14 to 18 who are having a holiday respite from their studies. There were about sixty in all and there was a seated supper.

The Junior Holiday Dance, made up of young people not yet out and managed by Mrs. William R. K. Taylor, was held at the Plaza. Mrs. F. Norton Goddard, Mrs. J. Prentice Kellogg, Mrs. Lewis B. Gawtry and Mrs. B. Ogden Chisolm are included in the patronesses.

The first of the Metropolitan Dances, for young girls who are to make their début in the Winter of 1921-22, was held at the Ritz-Carlton, the large ballroom being used for the dance and a supper after midnight being served in the main restaurant. Members of the committee in charge received. This year's committee is made up of Mrs. H. Casimir de Rham, Mrs. J. Archibald Murray, Mrs. James A. Burden, Mrs. Robert L. Stevens, Mrs. Goodhue Livingston and Mrs. John H. Prentice.

In the afternoon Mrs. William Nelson Wilbur, formerly of Philadelphia, gave a coming-out reception with dancing at the Plaza for her daughter, Miss Harriet M. Wilbur. Receiving with Mrs. Wilbur and her daughter were the Misses Katherine Speyers, Audrey Townsend Sherman, Mary Van R. Cogswell, Georgina Worlitz, Carolyn Ferriday, Betty Barber, Mrs. Arthur Charrington of Warrenton, Va., and Mrs. Lawrence Hillhouse Wilbur of Philadelphia.

Mrs. H. Edward Manville of 125 East Seventy-second Street entertained at luncheon for Miss Betty Barber, the débutante daughter of Mrs. Donn Barber. The other girls were the Misses Louise Barber, Mary Van R. Cogswell, Katharine Francis, Laura Harding, Isabel Rockefeller, Lesta Ford, Clara Workum, Mary Landstreet, Emily Hammond, Katharine Keogh and Estelle Manville. Mrs. Manville is to give a masked ball for her daughter Estelle, who is only 16, on Jan. 4 at the Ritz-Carlton.

Jones-Bissell Wedding Jan. 6.

The wedding of Miss Katherine Bissell, daughter of Mrs. Joseph Bissell of the Gotham, and Lawrence Jones Jr. of Louisville, Ky., will take place at 4 o'clock on the afternoon of Jan. 6, at St. Patrick's Cathedral, the Rev. Father William Martin officiating.

Mrs. Laurence Millet is to be the matron of honor, and the other attendants will be the Misses Sheila Byrne, Betty Jackson, Marie Lamarche, Louise Jones, a sister of the bridegroom, Helen Pierce, Adelaide Beddall, Betty Hauck, a cousin of the bride-elect, and Mrs. William M. Fleitman Jr.

Saunders Jones, a cousin of the bridegroom, will serve as best man, and the ushers will be Warner Jones and Barnett Jones, cousins of the bridegroom, Walton Scully, Frank Taylor, Shelby Elliot, Baylar Hickman, Alan Scaife and Thomas Symington.

WARBURG APPEALS TO JEWS.

Calls for Liberal Contributions to Charities to Meet Needs of 1921.

"Temporary business depression must not be permitted to affect the traditional generosity of the Jewish people of New York in the support of their organized charities," said Felix M. Warburg, President of the Federation for Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies, in a New Year's message made public yesterday.

"Nineteen hundred and twenty-one promises to be the hardest year that the city's charities have known. Unemployment is increasing. It brings with it greater responsibilities for relief and care of the needy. The Federation in 1920 lacked $100,000 of the amount requested to meet the budgeted needs of its ninety-two affiliated institutions. This year it must make up last year's deficit and meet its increased responsibilities.

"The Federation's needs this year cannot be met unless every present subscriber increases his annual gift and every Jew in New York not personally dependent upon philanthropy recognizes his responsibility and joins the ranks of our contributors."

Arlo P. Campbell's Will Filed.

The will of Arlo Pardee Campbell, fire insurance broker, who was killed in a street fight at Third Avenue and Twenty-seventh Street two weeks ago, was filed for probate yesterday. The entire estate is left for life to his wife, Mrs. Katherine Goodwin Campbell, and upon her death goes to Margaret Elizabeth and Henry Wilkins Rustin, niece and nephew, of Honolulu.

MISS KNEELAND WEDS ANGUS MACD. FRANTZ

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Yale Kneeland a Bride in St. George's —Swift-Van Kleeck Nuptial.

Miss Virginia Kneeland, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Yale Kneeland of 107 East Thirty-eighth Street, was married yesterday afternoon in the Centennial Chapel of St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square, to Angus Macdonald Frantz, son of Mrs. Alfred J. Frantz of Princeton, N. J. The Rev. Karl Reiland officiated.

The bride was attended by her cousin, Miss Angelene Pell of Rye, N. Y., as flower girl, and by five other bridal attendants, who were Miss Elizabeth Meeker, Mrs. William Shippen Davis, Miss Gertrude Geer, Miss Sarah Morton and Miss Louise Hodges. Mr. Frantz had his brother, Samuel G. Frantz, as best man, and the ushers were Harold Hatch Gile, Boudinot B. Atterbury, John D. Russell and Yale Kneeland Jr., brother of the bride. Only relatives and intimate friends attended the ceremony, and they returned to the home of the bride's parents for a small reception.

Wolff—Boehm.

The marriage of Miss Margaret Boehm, daughter of Mrs. Charles Boehm of Washington Heights, and Charles William Wolff of this city took place at the Church of the Incarnation at high mass yesterday morning. The Rev. Father Kemper performed the ceremony, assisted by two priests.

The bride was attended by her sister, Mrs. Frederick Vagts, as matron of honor. Another sister, Miss Helen Boehm, was the bridesmaid. Frank Kemper served as best man, and the ushers were Frederick Vagts and Edward George Graeber. Following the ceremony, a wedding breakfast was served to a large party at the Hotel Marseilles in the Blue Room, which was decorated in crimson, green and white.

Upon their return from a honeymoon spent in the South, Mr. and Mrs. Wolff will reside in this city.

Dukoff—Erlanger.

Miss Sadie Erlanger, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Erlanger of 790 Riverside Drive, was married to David Dukoff, son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Dukoff of this city, in the Rose Room of the Hotel Astor at 6 o'clock last Tuesday evening, the Rev. Dr. Aaron Eiseman officiating.

Miss Claire Dukoff, a sister of the bridegroom, was the maid of honor, and the Misses Helen Peyser, Gertrude Brill and Dorothy Lebowich were the bridesmaids. Harry Erlanger, brother of the bride, served as best man. A dinner and dance for about a hundred guests followed the ceremony.

Mr. and Mrs. Dukoff will pass two months in California, after which they will make their home in this city.

Swift—Van Kleeck.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Dec. 29.—Miss Mary Sleight Van Kleeck, daughter of Mrs. Frank Van Kleeck, and President of the Junior League of this city, became the bride of Theodore Van Kleeck Swift of New York and Poughkeepsie, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Swift, in the old Dutch Reformed Church at 7 o'clock this evening. The ceremony was solemnized by the Rev. Dr. J. Addison Jones.

The bride, who is a graduate of Dana Hall at Wellesley College, was attended by Miss Harriette Lawson Reynolds of this city as maid of honor and by the Misses Anne I. Poucher, A. Hooker Keith of this city, Julia Parker of Hyde Park and Catherine Stark Burge of Louisville, Ky., as bridesmaids.

Mr. Swift is a graduate of the Sheffield Scientific School at Yale, and his best man and ushers were all his classmates. Ruthven Wodell of Summit, N. J., served as best man, and the ushers were Curtis Prout, Laurence Ballard Robbins, Silas Lane, Edward Alexander, Gill Wylie and Horace Ray Paige.

Williams—de Haven.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—In the Church of the Covenant this afternoon, Mrs. Louise Robertson de Haven and Major Charles Redding Williams, U. S. A., were married by the Rev. Charles Wood, D. D. Mrs. de Haven has been for many years prominent in New York and Brooklyn society. Major Williams was for many years with the Judiciary Department of the Canal Zone, resigning when he entered the army as Judge Advocate, as which he served two years in France.

Major and Mrs. Williams left for Camp Travis, San Antonio, Texas.

Obituary Notes.

GEORGE W. ANSON, proprietor of Anson's Express in Brooklyn, died of pneumonia on Tuesday in the Methodist Hospital. Mr. Anson lived at 1,070 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn. He was 65 years old.

CHRISTIAN KILLIAN DUSEL, 54 years old, purchasing agent for the tobacco firm of P. Lorillard & Co., died on Monday at his residence, 324 Westminster Road, Flatbush. Dr. Dusel was a member of the Cortelyou Club, Chancellor Walworth Lodge 271, F. and A. M., and of the Flatbush Congregational Church.

FREDERICK UNION SIMPSON, for sixteen years manager of the shoe department for Rogers, Peet & Co., died on Tuesday at his home, 126 Herkimer Street, Brooklyn, aged 55 years. He was a member of the Crescent Athletic Club and of Beauseant Commandery, Knights Templar, of Brattleboro, Vt.

JACOB R. SCHENCK, 96 years old, retired, died yesterday at the home of his daughter, 660 Madison Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Schenck was born and lived all his lifetime in Clover Hill, N. J., until last April.

Mrs. MARY H. DESMOND CAMPBELL, wife of James Campbell, a former acting inspector of police, died on Tuesday at her home, 117 St. John's Place, Brooklyn. Her husband retired from active duty after forty years' service.

PETER S. DORING, for twenty-one years an examiner in the City Finance Department and active in Democratic politics in Brooklyn, died on Tuesday at his home, 875 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 53 years.

Mrs. ELIZABETH C. DUGAN, wife of Stephen J. Dugan, a builder of the Bath Beach section, died on Tuesday at her home, 122 Bay Twenty-second Street, Brooklyn.

Miss ELIZA COFFIN BOSTWICK, for many years active in church work in Brooklyn, died in her 84th year on Tuesday at her home, 1,229 Eighty-second Street, Brooklyn.

FREDERICK R. LITTLEFIELD, 57 years old, a proofreader, formerly on The Brooklyn Daily Eagle, died from heart disease on Tuesday at his home, 234A Macon Street, Brooklyn. He was a member of Typographical Union 6.

Mrs. FRANCES W. WALKER, for many years a resident at Columbus Avenue and Seventy-sixth Street, died Tuesday in St. Luke's Hospital of old age. Bishop Burch administered the sacrament a fortnight ago. Her father was Major Jerry Wilson of the staff of the Duke of Wellington. The Rev. Ralph Jervis Walker, rector of St. Simeon's Episcopal Church, is a son.

ALBERT BENTON ELLIOTT, a member of the editorial staff of Good Housekeeping, died last night at the Overlook Hospital in Summit of pneumonia, aged 28. He was a graduate of Ohio Wesleyan University and took a post-graduate course at Columbia. His home was at 27 Maple Avenue, Summit.

JOHN FRANK LINDSLEY, 65 years old, former owner and editor of The Morris County Chronicle and member of Dalrymple & Lindsley, coal dealers, died yesterday at his home in Plainfield, N. J.

JOSEPH EASTMAN, retired financier, died Tuesday night at his home, 4 East Seventieth Street. He had a box at the Metropolitan Opera House for many years and was a member of the University, Riding, Ardsley Golf and Garden City Golf Clubs. His wife was a daughter of the late Dr. Robert Collyer, long rector of the Church of the Messiah.

CORNELIUS J. EARLEY, 49 years old, for twenty-five years a practicing attorney in this city, with offices at 32 Liberty Street, died yesterday at his home, 58 Westminster Road, Flatbush. Mr. Earley was a graduate of New York University.

Born.

LANGSTAFF—Mr. and Mrs. B. Meredith Langstaff (nee Esther Knox Boardman) of 19 7th Av., Brooklyn, announce the birth of their son, John Meredith, on Dec. 24.

MEAD—Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Wilcox Mead of Columbia University and Westport, Conn., announce the birth of a son, Francis Hudson, on Dec. 23, at the Audubon Sanitarium.

Engaged.

WEINMAN—SCHOEN—Mrs. A. Schoen, 43 W. 114th St., announces the engagement of her daughter, Sadye, to Mr. Ben Weinman, son of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Weinman of 840 Bronx Park South. December, 1920.

Married.

FOWLER—FLINT—On Dec. 29, in Madison Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, Mr. J. Hartley Fowler, son of Mr. James M. Fowler, and Miss Emma Flint, daughter of Mrs. Henry Flint.

HEWITT—PIKE — Wednesday, Dec. 29, at the Hotel Astor, Frieda, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Israel Pike, to Ely S. Hewitt of this city.

HODGES—JONES—On Dec. 29, at Noroton, Conn., by the Rev. William Sinclair, Mrs. Carrie Brueggerhof Jones to Brig. Gen. Henry C. Hodges Jr.

RUBIN—HACKEL—Dec. 26, Maurice Rubin to Sophie Hackel.

Died.

ABBOTT—At White Plains, N. Y., Dec. 29, 1920, Mary Elizabeth, wife of U. V. Abbott. Notice of funeral hereafter. Boston papers please copy.

BARROW—On Tuesday, Dec. 28, Elizabeth Barrow, only surviving child of the late John and Elizabeth Mode Barrow of Skaneateles, N. Y., in the ninety-first year of her age. Funeral at Skaneateles Friday, Dec. 31.

BORCHERLING—At Newark, N. J., on Monday, Dec. 27, 1920, Frederick Adolph, husband of Frances Gummere Borcherling, in his 49th year. Funeral services will be held at his late home, 1,044 Broad St., Newark, on Thursday, Dec. 30, at 11 A. M. Interment in Mount Pleasant Cemetery, at the convenience of the family. Please omit flowers.

BOSTWICK—On Tuesday, at her residence, 1,220 82d St., Brooklyn, Eliza Coffin, daughter of the late James H. and Maria M. Bostwick, in her 84th year. Funeral services Thursday, 2 P. M., at St. Philip's Church, 80th St. and 11th Av.

BRAND—On Wednesday, Dec. 29, Libbie, wife of Abram Brand and mother of Belle Marks, Josephine, Louis, Harry and Herbert Brand. Funeral from her late residence, 505 West 142d St., on Friday, 10 A. M.

BUCHLER—Suddenly, Dec. 29, aged 60 years, Louis, beloved husband of Annie. Funeral from Chapel of Saul A. Rothschild, 159 West 120th St., on Thursday, Dec. 30, 3:30 P. M.

BUTT—L. Havemeyer Butt of Tuxedo Park, aged 34, beloved husband of May Frances Vogel, of tuberculosis contracted in the World War, at Riverside, Cal., Dec. 24, 1920. Funeral from St. Thomas's Church Friday, Dec. 31, at 11 o'clock. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

BUTT—Lawrence Havemeyer Butt, Holland Lodge 8, F. & A. M. Brethren are requested to attend the funeral services of our late Brother L. Havemeyer Butt at St. Thomas's Church, Friday, Dec. 31, at 11 o'clock.

Hallburton Fales, Master.
Harry Comer Secretary.

CALHOUN—On Tuesday, Dec. 28, Isabella, widow of William Calhoun. Funeral from her late residence, 292 Lefferts Av. (near Nostrand), Brooklyn, Friday, Dec. 31, at 2 P. M.

CHANDLER—Frank Hilton. Entered into rest on Dec. 28, 1920. Funeral services at the chapel of the Lafayette Av. Presbyterian Church, corner South Oxford St., Brooklyn, Thursday, Dec. 30, at 2 P. M. Interment private.

CHENEY—Emily L., suddenly on Dec. 28. Funeral service at 14 East 39th St., Thursday, Dec. 30, 11:15 A. M.

COOK—Amelia Frances, on Dec. 27, daughter of late Thomas and Amelia Cook, at her residence, 215 West 104th St. Services Thursday, Dec. 30, at St. Matthew's Church, 84th St., at 10 A. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

COTTON—At Newburg, Dec. 29, 1920, the Rev. John Lyman Cotton, B. A., beloved husband of May M. Jacobson, in his 39th year. Funeral services at 289 Grand St., Newburg, N. Y., on Saturday afternoon, Jan. 1, 1921, at 2 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

CROWLEY—At Jersey City, on Wednesday, Dec. 29, Jeremiah J., beloved son of Margaret and the late Timothy Crowley, at his residence, 126 Randolph Av. Funeral on Friday, Dec. 31, at 8:30 A. M.

DOLAN—On Dec. 27, 1920, James F. Dolan, aged 53 years, professionally known as Dolan & Lenhart and husband of Ida Dolan, born in Gilboa, Mich. Funeral services at 14 East 39th St., Thursday, Dec. 30, at 1 P. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

DU BOIS—At Westfield, N. J., Dec. 29, 1920, Peter Grant Du Bois, in his 71st year. Funeral services at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. John Alberry, 625 Westfield Av., Westfield, N. J., Friday, Dec. 31, at 2:30 P. M. Interment Fairview Cemetery, Westfield.

DUSEL—On Monday, Dec. 27, 1920, Christian Killian Dusel, beloved husband of Emma Ludwig Dusel. Funeral services at his late home, 324 Westminster Road, Flatbush, on Thursday, Dec. 30, at 10 A. M. Interment at Evergreen Cemetery.

DYLLYN—Officers and members of New York Lodge, 1, B. P. O. Elks: You are hereby summoned to attend the funeral services of our order over the remains of our departed brother, J. Bernard Dyllyn, in the lodge room of our home, 108 to 116 West 43d St., Thursday, Dec. 30, 1920, at 8 P. M. James P. Walsh, Exalted Ruler.
Wm. T. Phillips, Secretary.

EARLEY—On Dec. 29, Cornelius J., beloved husband of Rose M. Earley, nee McDevitt. Funeral from his late residence, 58 Westminster Road, Flatbush, on Friday, Dec. 31, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to the Church of the Holy Innocents, Flatbush, where a requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment Calvary. Automobile cortege.

EASTMAN—Joseph, husband of the late Harriet Collyer Eastman, on Dec. 28, 1920. Funeral private from his late residence, 4 East 70th St.

ELLIOT—On Dec. 28, 1920, Albert Benton, husband of Twilah E. Elliot. Funeral services will be held at the Methodist Episcopal Church, Madison, N. J., on Friday, Dec. 31, at 3:30 P. M., on arrival of Lackawanna Railroad train leaving Hoboken at 2:30 P. M. Interment at Cleveland, Ohio.

FARRELL—On Wednesday, Dec. 29, 1920, James, beloved husband of Margaret Farrell (nee McGuigan) and father of Edwin L., Gertrude A., Estelle L. and

AMERICANS DEFEAT AUSTRALIANS TWICE

Tilden Conquers Brookes and Johnston Overwhelms Patterson at Auckland Nets.

RUGGED FIGHT BY BROOKES

Gets One Set in First of Davis Cup Matches, Scores Being 10—8, 6—4, 1—6, 6—4.

JOHNSTON HAS A WALKAWAY

Patterson Can Do Little Against Him, the Sets Standing 6—3, 6—1, 6—1.

AUCKLAND, New Zealand, Dec. 30.—America took a commanding lead in the Davis Cup lawn tennis championship tournament here today when William T. Tilden 2d, defeated Norman E. Brookes of the Australasian team, 10—8, 6—4, 1—6 and 6—4, and William M. Johnston defeated Gerald L. Patterson in straight sets, 6—3, 6—1 and 6—1.

A very hot sun and a little wind and rain had left the court slow, but solid, and the showers of the last few days seemed not to have injured its playing surface.

Tilden served first from the northern end of the court, and he and Brookes each won their services until the first set stood 3 all. Brookes then won on Tilden's service and broke through with his own, and led 5 to 3. Tilden responded by winning the next two games, saving the last point with a fine service.

For a moment Tilden was off balance, and Brookes again won on the American's service but played weakly and lost his own. Each player then won twice, but Tilden managed to rally and won the set, 10 to 8.

Second Set Keenly Contested.

The second set was closely fought, but Brookes was unable to win from Tilden's service. He held his own up to 4—5, and then lost his own service. The last game indicated the weakness of Brookes and Tilden's reserve strength. The variety of Tilden's strokes was too much for the older player.

Brookes was apparently fatigued at the opening of the third set, but he recovered splendidly, while Tilden deteriorated, either from fatigue or temperament. After losing the first game, Brookes ran out the set, giving a splendid exhibition of perfect tennis. The crowd cheered uproariously, but always accorded both players due praise.

Result Anticipated.

The result of the first match in the challenge round for possession of the Davis Cup, international emblem of supremacy in lawn tennis, was in accordance with general expectation in this country. Something of a surprise had been created when Brookes, the captain of the Australasian team, nominated himself for the contests in the singles. He had been anticipated that he would save himself for he doubles match and utilize O'Hara Wood or R. W. Heath in the singles. Though the Australasian captain still retains his remarkable generalship in singles, his powers of anticipation of an opponent's shots and his perfection in the execution of his own, he has no longer the powers of recuperation during a long match that were his some ten years ago. Brookes has been playing in Davis Cup and other international and national matches since 1905.

Nevertheless, it is evident from the set scores that the victory of the American champions, who also acquired the world's title in singles last Summer in the course of a long series of notable triumphs on the courts of England and in this country, was not accomplished excepting by herculean efforts and the exercise of all his remarkable resourcefulness. The scores of 10—8 and 6—4 in the opening sets indicate plainly enough just how narrow the margin was between two of the greatest exponents of tennis that the game has ever produced. Brookes must have been near the top of his form, even with the advantage of playing on home courts and before a home crowd, to keep the scores so close. Evidently the change of climate has not had any serious effect, if, indeed, any effect at all, in throwing Tilden off his game.

The winning of the third set by Brookes by the one-sided score of 6—1 was not unnatural. Tilden, with two sets stowed away safely, obviously relaxed and, when he saw the third set slipping away, probably made little effort to retrieve it. He must have concentrated his efforts upon the fourth set, counting upon his opponent's weakening a trifle under the long stress of the competition. The result of these tactics is evident in the score, even though at 6—4 it was once more nearly as close as possible.

Johnston's One-Sided Victory.

Johnston's victory over Patterson was also expected. Johnston had the record of a victory over Patterson in 1919, though by a narrow margin. But as THE TIMES has several times mentioned, the former American champion invariably plays better against an opponent on the second or third meeting than he does the first time. He benefits more than almost any other player by his opportunity to analyze his rival's tactics. Moreover, Johnston is able to outplay Patterson at his own game as a volleyer. Patterson is a clever volleyer, but Johnston is the best the game affords in this element of the game.

Nevertheless, the decisiveness, in fact, the one-sidedness of Johnston's victory comes as a surprise. It bodes well for the return of the famous cup to American possession. Tilden and Johnston need but one more victory, whether in singles or doubles, to clinch the tie. They will oppose Brookes and Johnston in the doubles today and tomorrow, in the concluding singles matches. Tilden will meet Patterson and Johnston will play Brookes. Under the circumstances of the first day's play it will require a tremendous upheaval of form for the Australasians to be able to retain posession of the cup.

Jerome to Meet Tracey.

Frankie Jerome, Bronx featherweight and Jack Tracey, also of the Bronx, will be opponents in the feature fifteen-round bout at the holiday show which will be held at the Commonwealth Sporting Club, New Year's afternoon. Matty Brooks and Johnny (Kid) Alberts, will be the principals in a semi-final bout of ten rounds. The contests will be inaugurated with a preliminary bout scheduled for 3 o'clock.

Stein and O'Shea to Ride.

Walter Stein, former New York A. C. cyclist, who now represents the Empire City Wheelmen, and Dinny O'Shea, a clubmate, are among the latest entries received for the thirty-mile team race which will be held under the auspices of the Aaron Fox Association, at the Thirteenth Regiment

Wisconsin Crews May Again Be Seen at Hudson Regatta

MADISON, Wis., Dec. 29.—After a lapse of six years, intercollegiate rowing has been reinstated at the University of Wisconsin, T. E. Jones, Director of Athletics, announced today. Faculty recognition of the sport will be given at the first meeting in January, Coach Jones said. Whether a Wisconsin crew will enter the intercollegiate regatta at Poughkeepsie in 1921 depends solely upon the quality of material developed, H. E. Vail, rowing coach, said. For years Wisconsin was the only Western university represented in the Eastern regatta, and its return to the rowing classic will be heralded with enthusiasm here. Badger crews were among the leading contenders at the Poughkeepsie regatta before they withdrew in 1914.

MOUNTAINEERS GET SPEARS AS COACH

Dartmouth's Football Mentor of Last Four Seasons Going to West Virginia.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Dec. 29.—Clarence W. Spears, head coach for four years past of the Dartmouth College elevens, will succeed "Tubby" McIntyre as head coach of the West Virginia University eleven, according to an announcement made here today by Athletic Director H. A. Stansbury of West Virginia.

Spears is generally regarded as one of the rising young coaches of the country. As a player he was in the very front rank and was a general choice of newspaper critics, as well as of Walter Camp, for All-American guard in 1913, his last year at Dartmouth. In 1916 he coached the Dartmouth freshman eleven through an unbeaten year and succeeded Frank Cavanaugh as head coach in 1917.

In his first and second seasons Spears did not show his worth at Hanover because of war conditions, but in the last two seasons his teams have been among the leaders, being generally rated as one of the three best in America in 1919, when Dartmouth alone, with a 7—7 tie, stood between Colgate and an undisputed championship. This year early season defeats in close games by Syracuse and Penn State prevented the highest rating, although important victories were achieved over Pennsylvania, Cornell and Washington, the latter an intersectional game played at Seattle.

Spears is expected to give new gridiron strength to West Virginia, where unusual material is said to abound, and his advent with the Mountaineers will be one of the features of the 1921 football season.

BUCKEYES WORK AT NIGHT.

Ohio State Eleven Goes Through Paces by Moonlight.

PASADENA, Cal., Dec. 29.—Practice by moonlight, it developed today, has been resorted to by Dr. John Wilce, head coach of Ohio State's football squad, to get his men into condition for their game on New Year's Day with the University of California. Just where Coach Wilce took his men last night for the secret practice was not divulged, but it is believed to have been Bovard Field, at the University of Southern California, in Los Angeles.

One of the Ohio State team's coaches said today that the Buckeyes were put through two hours of "the hardest kind of signal practice."

"They stopped only three times during the two hours," he added, "so don't worry about their not lasting sixty minutes in any man's climate."

PITT DEFEATS DARTMOUTH.

Closely Played Basketball Game Ends, 37 to 34, in Panthers' Favor.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Dec. 29.—The University of Pittsburgh team opened the season tonight by defeating the fast Dartmouth College team by a score of 37 to 34. The game was fast and exciting throughout and although the Panthers were always in the lead, they were never more than six points to the fore, and the Eastern boys kept the local net in constant danger during the last few minutes of play. Jordan's splendid shooting and McCracken's passing were features of the Panthers' play, while the team work of the visitors showed superiority over Pitt.

The line-up:

PITT (37).		DARTMOUTH (34).
Jordan	L.F.	Cullen
Shaner	R.F.	Heep
Clawson	C.	Moore
McLean	L.G.	Millard
McCracken	R.G.	McDermot

Field goals—Heep (2), Millard (6), Cullen (2), Moore, Brown, Jordan (6), McLean, Shaner. Goals from fouls—Cullen 13 out of 19, Brown 3 out of 4, Shane 11 out of 26. Substitutions—Dartmouth: Brown for Heep, Newell for Kellen. Pitt: Ross for Shaner. Referees—C. Haca and Jack Baird. Time of periods—Twenty minutes.

SEEK ENGLISH FOIL MATCH.

American Blade Experts Plan International Fencing Event.

Fencing devotees are now getting in their finishing practice preparatory to a season of title events which promises to afford rare sport and which, according to the schedule announced yesterday by W. Scott O'Connor, Secretary of the Amateur Fencers' League of America, will start Jan. 15 at the New York Athletic Club, and, in the various clubs which encourage the sport in this city, will continue until March 9.

In addition to the various titular events staged each year there is a possibility that the pick of American amateur foil and blade experts may meet a team of English amateurs at the conclusion of the championship events, negotiations toward that end now being under way. Also it is mentioned as a possibility that Spanish and Italian followers of the sport will be included in what would then be a most interesting international contest.

The schedule as announced follows:

Jan. 15, foils, preps individual, at the N. Y. A. C.; Jan. 17, foils, novice, individual, N. Y. A. C.; Jan. 24, foils, junior, championship, N. Y. A. C.; Jan. 31, sabre, junior team championship, N. Y. Turn Verein.

Feb. 2, sabre, team championship, N. Y. A. C.; Feb. 7, foils, junior team championship, Fencers' Club; Feb. 11, three weapon team championship, Fencers' Club; Feb. 14, epee, junior team championship, Fencers' Club; Feb. 21, epee and sabre, junior individual championship, N. Y. Turn Verein; Feb. 28, foils, junior championship, indoors, N. Y. Turn Verein.

March 7, three weapon individual championship, N. Y. A. C.; March 14, foils, team championship, Fencers' Club; March 28, foils, women's championship, Fencers' Club.

April 2, foils, interscholastic championship, Fencers' Club; April 11, epee team championship, Fencers' Club; April 27-28, national open championship, individual, foils, epee and sabre (semi-finals), N. Y. A. C.; April 29, final national indoor championship, Hotel Astor.

May 9, epee outdoor individual championship, Travers Island.

Penn State Stars to Run Here.

Pennsylvania State College will be represented by a trio of athletic stars in the annual Millrose A. A. indoor track meet at Madison Square Garden, Feb. 8. Eddie Shields, middle-distancer; John Romig, intercollegiate hill and dale champion and Harold E. Barron, former Meadowbrook Club representative, are the athletes who will sport the Penn State colors.

SHARKEY IS BEATEN BY ST. PAUL BOXER

Referee Stops Bout Between Bantams in 11th Round, With Roy Moore the Victor.

LOCAL LAD BADLY PUNISHED

Stands Battering Gamely, Declining to Quit, but Clever Opponent Gets Knockout Verdict.

Jack Sharkey's pugilistic star set last night in the ring at Madison Square Garden, where the doughty little Italian bantamweight went down to a knockout defeat at the hands of Roy Moore, a youthful tornado from St. Paul. The end came in the eleventh round, when Sharkey, battered helpless and groggy under the punishment to which he had been subjected almost from the start, was reeling drunkenly in a neutral corner under a shower of rights and lefts rained on him by Moore. As he appeared about to slip to the floor, Referee Harry Stout stepped between the pair and waved Moore to his corner a victor. Sharkey, tears streaming from his eyes, walked unsteadily to his corner, assisting himself across the ring by grabbing the ropes.

Referee Stout's merciful intervention came after exactly one minute of boxing in the eleventh round. It put a halt to one of the most spectacular bantamweight contests seen in the Garden since the revival of boxing.

Loser Game to the End.

Sharkey, beaten beyond hope of winning except by a lucky knockout blow, stood his ground gamely and gave a crowd of about 9,000 enthusiastic fans an impressive exhibition of courage. Joe Wagner, the Italian's manager, wanted to stop the contest in the intermission between the ninth and tenth rounds, when it was apparent Sharkey was hopelessly beaten, but Sharkey fought with his manager and refused to quit as long as he still had a fighting chance.

Sharkey had been punched groggy and almost into submission on two distinct occasions before this. He was on the road to pugilistic slumber in the sixth session and again in the ninth, but he refused to admit defeat until the referee stopped the bout.

Sharkey was strictly on the defensive through the early rounds. After the first session the little west side Italian found his opponent's whirlwind style too much for him. The result was that Sharkey held continually in the clinches and confined his efforts to this almost exclusively.

There was no long-range work, for Moore forced the fighting relentlessly and battered his rival about the face and stomach in a varied attack for which Sharkey could find no defense. Frequently, when backed against the ropes, Sharkey, bending back to avoid Moore's blows, almost slipped out of the ring, causing a halt when the milling became extremely hot.

Moore pursued a tireless offensive and with a terrific body attack, interrupted at times when he shifted to the face, the St. Paul boxer gradually weakened his rival. Sharkey sought to return the fire, but was wild and ineffective, landing with his long-range blows on Moore's arm for the most part. The incessant short-arm jolts and swings to the stomach dealt out by Moore weakened Sharkey and in the sixth session the Italian was on the verge of a knockout.

Looked All Over in the Sixth.

Moore's sustained attack forced Sharkey to the ropes repeatedly in the first five rounds, and in the sixth it appeared as if the contest would end with Sharkey on the floor. With his short-arm jolts to the face and jaw, deliver at close quarters, Moore bobbed Sharkey's head from side to side, and soon rendered the Italian groggy. Moore continued his battering without let up, while Sharkey tried to protect his jaw with crossed arms. As he walked to his corner at the bell Sharkey was groggy and all but out.

Through the seventh and eighth rounds Sharkey made valorous attempts to turn the tide of battle, but without avail. He opened the eighth with a hurricane rally which carried Moore backward by surprise for a spell. The Italian soon spent himself, however, and continued on the receiving end of Moore's blows.

In the ninth Sharkey showed early life, too, but again it was only a flash in the pan, and the steady battering to which he was subjected caused him to wilt. Before the end of the round Sharkey was groggy against the ropes, where Moore tried eagerly to finish his rival. The St. Paul lad, however, was unsuccessful in finishing the go at this point.

In the tenth round Sharkey was again groggy, but he stuck to his guns with admirable gameness and earned the plaudits of the crowd. A few well-directed blows to the jaw early in the eleventh sent Sharkey against the ropes in a neutral corner, and Moore was on him like a flash, raining rights and lefts to the jaw past Sharkey's protecting arms until it seemed at last that Sharkey must crumple. When it was evident he was incapable of defending himself further, Referee Stout called a halt.

Sharkey weighed 120½ pounds and Moore 122½.

Panama Joe Gans gained permanent possession of the "colored middleweight championship belt" which was donated by Promoter Tex Rickard, in the semi-final bout of ten rounds, in which Gans engaged Sailor Darden of Charleston, S. C. It was Panama Joe's third successful defense of the gold and diamond studded buckle, and, as is provided under the terms of the deed of gift, Panama Joe can now call the emblem his very own. The negro boxer with the Zone prefix to his ring name previously defeated George Robinson and George Christian.

Darden gave Gans a margin of ten pounds in weight, and Gans gave Darden a sound beating in return. Of the three who questioned Gans's possession of the Rickard belt Darden was the toughest. The boxer from the Southern naval base showed plenty of courage and ring grit. These, however, were his only qualifications.

Darden disported himself in promising style in the first round, when he crowded Gans about the ring, and in head-to-head milling pummeled the latter's body. Darden, however, fought himself out in this round and thereafter did little but absorb the punishment meted out by the clever, fast, hard-hitting Gans.

In every round, up to the final, Darden just took everything that came his way, while Gans belabored him from every angle and with every known blow. The judges' verdict was rendered in favor of Gans when the gong clanged the end of the bout. Gans weighed 149½ pounds and Darden 139½.

Pilkington Gets Decision.

Charlie Pilkington, former amateur champion, outpointed Tommy Elm, the Paterson, N. J., veteran, in the first of the ten-round bouts. The lad who formerly boxed only for medals and glory displayed a brand of cleverness which offset Elm's aggressive though ineffective fighting. Elm was a difficult target to hit, his low crouch presenting a serious problem for solution early in the bout. Pilkington found a means of combating this style after the third round, and thereafter took his turn at the offensive, and was more effective with his blows, chiefly a snappy left-hand jab and a right cross which bothered Elm considerably. Harry Stout refereed this bout.

At the final bell the judges rendered their decision in favor of Pilkington, and the verdict was greeted with a spontaneous outbreak of applause. Pilkington weighed 129½ pounds and Elm half a pound more.

Packy O'Gatty, east side Italian, and fighting Dick Atkins, a bantamweight from Toronto, Canada, furnished plenty of fireworks in the opening bout of six rounds. At the final bell the judges, Joe Ruddy and Tommy Shortell, disagreed, and Referee Jack Donnelly declared the contest a draw. The decision did neither boxer injustice.

N. Y. and Chicago Schoolboys To Meet Here on Ice on Feb. 5

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—The date of an ice skating meet to be held in New York between the public schools of New York and Chicago was announced today as Feb. 5. This is the first meet of its kind scheduled. Eighteen representatives from each city will compete in five events, which include two races of 220 yards and 440 yards and three relay events, of 440 yards, 880 yards and one mile. In the relays only three in each event may qualify for the finals. The list of entries will be composed of six skaters from the grammar schools, six from the high schools under 14 years of age and six from the high schools over 14 years.

CRESCENTS DEFEAT DEKES AT SQUASH

Brooklyn Club Scores Victory in Class B Tourney and Ties for Second Place.

METROPOLITAN LEAGUE SQUASH TENNIS STANDING, CLASS B.

Club.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Yale	6	0	1000
Columbia	4	2	.667
Crescent	4	2	.667
Harvard	3	3	.500
Princeton	2	4	.333
D. K. E.	2	4	.333
Army and Navy	0	6	.000

In the final match of the first half of the tournament for the Class B squash tennis team championship of the Metropolitan League, the Crescent A. C. defeated the D. K. E. Club yesterday afternoon on the latter's courts by a score of 6 matches to 1. The result of the match is to send the Crescent into a tie for second place with the Columbia Club, each having won four matches and lost two. The D. K. E. team, on the other hand, retires from undisputed possession of fifth place to a tie for fifth place with the Princeton Club. Play in this tournament will be resumed on Jan. 4.

Thorne was the only winner for the D. K. E. team yesterday. This player, who is especially talented in his ability to use either his right or left hand in shooting, defeated Cypiot of Crescent handily by scores of 15—10, 15—1. Cypiot offered sturdy opposition in the opener, but weakened in the second session.

Baxter won a well-played match for Crescent from Jenkins by scores of 17—14, 11—15, 15—7. The first game between these two ran peculiarly. Baxter won the first six aces. Jenkins then countered by taking 14 straight aces, whereupon Baxter returned to the attack, tied the count at 14, and continued through for a total of 11 straight points and the game at 17—14. He dropped the second game, but closed strongly, taking the rubber with the loss of but 7 aces.

The Dingee-Taylor match also went the limit of three games, all hotly fought out. The scores were 10—15, 16—6, 18—15. McVaugh, Dangler, Torrance and Ivins won for Crescent in straight games. The summaries:

Crescent A. C. 5, D. K. E. Club 1.

Andrew Baxter Jr., Crescent, defeated Felix Jenkins, D. K. E., 17—14, 11—15, 15—7; K. F. McVaugh, Crescent, defeated G. G. Davidson, D. K. E., 15—8, 15—9; C. W. Dingee, Crescent, defeated Walter Taylor, D. K. E., 10—15, 15—6, 18—15; C. W. Dangler, Crescent, defeated K. N. Hawkes, D. K. E., 15—10, 15—8; N. F. Torrance, Crescent, defeated E. L. Ward, D. K. E., 15—8, 15—8; J. W. Ivins, Crescent, defeated J. M. Wheeler, D. K. E., 15—10, 15—1; H. S. Thorne, D. K. E., defeated J. Cypiot, Crescent, 15—11, 15—12.

BRUSSELL IS CUE VICTOR.

Beats Spear in Close Game of Class C Title Tourney.

Sidney Brussell advanced a peg in the continuation of the national Class C amateur championship 18.2 balkline billiard tournament now in progress at the National Recreation Academy in Brooklyn last night when he defeated George Spear in a closely fought out contest, the final score of which was 150 to 140. The other game of the evening was between J. R. Johann and C. J. Steinbugler, which the former attached by a score of 150 to 138, which, like the Brussell-Spear match, was close and interesting.

In the game between Brussell and Spear the present national Class C champion had 117 to Spear's 89 in the twenty-fifth inning, but then the latter rallied and at the thirty-seventh inning was within eight points of his adversary, the score being 148 to 140. In the next inning both missed and then Brussell scored the necessary two points which ended the game.

Brussell's average was 3 33-39 and his high run was 29, while Spear's average was 3 23-39 and his high run was 22.

In the Johann-Steinbugler game the former had a lead of 46 points in the thirty-fourth inning, but then Steinbugler rallied and in the forty-second inning the score was tied, but he then missed a difficult three-cushion shot and Johann scored the needed 12 points with which to end the game. Johann's average was 3 18-44 and his high run was 25, while Steinbugler's average was 3 9-43 and his high run was 24.

Johann meets J. M. Lewis Jr. and F. A. Unger meets George Spear in the continuation of the tournament tonight. At present Brussell and Unger are tied.

OWLES WINS AT CARROMS.

Defeats La Rue in Three-Cushion Match, 25 to 13.

Fred Owles, who is generally looked upon as the probable winner of the three-cushion billiard tournament now in progress at Doyle's Academy under the auspices of the A. A. B. A., last night won his game from George La Rue without difficulty, the final score being 25 points to 13. The game lasted for 42 innings.

This is Owles's second victory and throughout he showed excellent judgment and cleverness with the cue, and those who witnessed the game expressed the belief that he had an excellent chance of leading the galaxy of eight entries when the final game is played. Owles was particularly careful until the twentieth inning, when the score stood at 8 to 4, and then, with what he considered a safe lead, he let loose and tallied some fine counts in brilliant shots, scoring twos and threes more than once during the remainder of the game.

In the continuation of the tournament tonight, Henry Fratsen is scheduled to meet Charles Adair, and another feature tonight will be the final game of the English billiard handicap match, in which Charles Addleman is to meet Jackson Wood, and a well contended cue battle is expected by the admirers of that phase of cue sport.

WILL HONOR ATHLETES.

Harvard Plans Huge Celebration for All Varsity Teams.

BOSTON, Dec. 29.—Harvard University is to celebrate a season of sports successes with a dinner and exercises in honor of its football, baseball and hockey teams and the varsity crew at the Harvard Club here on Jan. 13.

The celebration, as announced today, will be the first of its kind for Crimson athletes. In other years it has been customary to mark only the victory of the eleven in its big games.

REACH SEMI-FINALS IN JUNIOR TENNIS

Richards vs. Aydelotte and Pickells vs. Lang Is Schedule of Today's Matches.

The semi-final rounds in both singles and doubles of the tennis tournament at the Seventh Regiment Armory for the junior indoor championship of the United States were reached yesterday, as well as the final of the boys' singles. In the top half of the junior tournament Harry Pickells of Flushing and Jerry Lang of George Washington High School came through to the semi-finals, while in the lower half Vincent Richards of Fordham University and William Aydelotte of Horace Mann School were successful. In the boys' singles, the finalists, who will decide the title today, are William Einsmann and Herbert Bearman.

All the matches in the junior singles were decided in straight sets yesterday, and in at least three of the four matches the victories came about in accordance with form indications. Richards vanquished Parke Cummings of Harvard by scores of 6—0, 6—4. The Fordhamite played at top speed in the opening session, taking no chances and running through six straight games with much decisiveness as well as expedition. In the second set he was content to take things more easily, though he had the situation well in hand all the time. Nevertheless, Cummings found his bearings more satisfactorily in the second session, and the result was many fine rallies, in which both made good use of their service as well as volleying ability. The Fordhamite had the advantage over the Harvard man in position play as well as variety of shots.

May Extend Richards.

Bracketed with Richards in today's semifinals will be William Aydelotte, who learned his tennis in California before coming to New York, but whose experience in the East during the last year has added to his skill in court tactics while diminishing no whit the characteristically California pace of his smashing service and overhead shots. It would be a remarkable upset indeed should Aydelotte defeat the playing-through champion today, but a study of his play this week gives ample ground for the belief that he will force the Fordhamite to show the best of his wares in order to win. This should be one of the best matches of the entire tournament, which has been prolific of good tennis.

Aydelotte won his match yesterday from A. L. Hopkins, a Yale man, both sets going to the schoolboy at 6—3.

Jerry Lang, who is generally considered to have the best chance to meet Richards in the final round for the title, defeated Arthur Orth, his schoolmate from George Washington High School, yesterday by scores of 6—4, 6—1. Lang showed remarkable accuracy in shooting for the lines. Both in his strokes off the floor and on the volley, he displayed highly commendable form and judgment. The fourth match of the junior singles was won by Pickells from John J. Tucker of Horace Mann School. The first set between these two was brilliantly contested. Pickells won it at 8—6, after Tucker, who should develop into one of the future stars of the game, had fought him almost to a standstill and had come several times close to a reversal of the result. He could not maintain the pace in the second session, however, letting down considerably in his play, while Pickells instituted forcing tactics and won easily at 6—0.

In the junior doubles Richards, who won the title a year ago with Frank T. Anderson, is teamed with Paul F. McHugh, a Yale freshman, and the two have an excellent chance for the honors. They must travel a fast pace, however, to win from Aydelotte and Tucker, whom they meet in the lower half of the semifinals. In the other half, Einsmann and Acker, who played in the boys' singles event, will meet Glore and Kuhn.

Close Matches in Doubles.

Richards and McHugh won in the third round yesterday by the default of Farquhar and De Biaso, holders of the national outdoor boys' doubles championship. In the previous round Richards and McHugh had won with something to spare over Bernstein and Gittler, who are two of the cleverest of the younger players. Aydelotte and Tucker had a busy session with Osgood and Dailey and had to play through thirty-nine games in three sets in order to gain the decision. They were a weary quartet when this match was completed. Einsmann and Acker won two close sets from Blunt and Born, 7—5, 8—6, and Glore and Kuhn likewise had their troubles defeating Hurd and Cummings at 7—5, 6—3.

In the boys' singles Einsmann had to play through three spirited sets to win from Hedekin, while Bearman advanced to the final somewhat more handily. The quality of play in both matches was excellent, especially considering the youth of the players. Einsmann is a Jersey boy who showed much promise in boys' tournaments last Summer.

The summaries:

Junior Singles, Fourth Round—Harry Pickells, Flushing High, defeated John J. Tucker, Horace Mann, 8—6, 6—0; Jerry Lang, George Washington High School, defeated Arthur Orth, George Washington High, 6—4, 6—1; William Aydelotte, Horace Mann School, defeated A. L. Hopkins, Yale, 6—3, 6—3; Vincent Richards, Fordham University, defeated Parke Cummings, Harvard, 6—0, 6—4.

Junior Doubles, Second Round—Richards and McHugh defeated Bernstein and Gittler, 6—1, 6—3.

Third Round — Einsmann and Acker defeated Blust and Born, 7—5, 8—6; Glore and Kuhn defeated Hurd and Cummings, 7—5, 6—3; Richards and McHugh won from Farquhar and De Biaso by default; Aydelotte and Tucker defeated Osgood and Dailey, 6—3, 8—10, 7—5.

Boys' Singles, Semi-final Round — William Einsmann defeated David Hedekin, 6—3, 3—6, 6—3; Herbert D. Bearman defeated Sidney J. Gittler, 6—4, 6—2.

COLUMBIA IN CHESS LEAD.

Beats Yale on Boards While Tigers Defeat Harvard.

Columbia, Harvard, Yale and Princeton contested the second round of the annual "C. H. Y. P." Chess League tournament at the Manhattan Chess Club yesterday, but required a night session in which to complete the eight games. Princeton scored another victory, this time over Harvard, by 2½ to 1½, the same score by which the Tigers worsted Yale on the opening day.

Columbia's champions, despite the tie with Harvard on Tuesday, went into the lead with a total of 5½ points by virtue of the Blue and White victory over Yale yesterday by 3½ to ½. Princeton, therefore, is in second place with 5 points, followed by Harvard with 3½ and Yale with 2. It follows that the fate of the championship depends upon the final meeting between Columbia and Princeton this afternoon.

The summaries:

Columbia vs. Yale.

Bds.	COLUMBIA.		Bds.	YALE.	
1	M. A. Schapior.	½	1	T. H. Banks...	½
2	O. Frink Jr....	1	2	F. T. Paine....	0
3	P. Wolfson.....	1	3	A. Strout.....	0
4	F. Worden.....	1	4	H. C. Jackson..	0
	Total.....	3½		Total.....	½

Columbia played white on the odd-numbered board. The openings: 1, Queen's gambit declined; 2, Ruy Lopez; 3, French defense; 4, Ruy Lopez.

Harvard vs. Princeton.

Bds.	HARVARD.		Bds.	PRINCETON.	
1	K. S. Mott-Smith.	0	1	S. E. Hall.....	1
2	H. H. Jackson.	0	2	C. T. Smith.....	1
3	A. King.....	½	3	E. Koetter.....	½
4	E. A. Sharp.....	1	4	P. S. Olmstead.	0
	Total.....	1½		Total.....	2½

Princeton played white on the odd-numbered board. The openings: 1, Centre counter gambit; 2, Sicilian defense; 3, centre gambit; 4, Scotch gambit.

The standing of the teams to date follows:

Colleges.	Matches. W.	Matches. L.	Games. W.	Games. L.
Columbia	1½	½	6½	2½
Princeton	2	0	5	3
Harvard	½	1½	3½	4½
Yale	0	2	2	6

In the final round today Columbia will meet Princeton and Yale will play against Harvard. The annual breakfast of the league will be held at the Hotel Sherman Square.

CHESS TOURNEY IS WON BY CORNELL

Ithacans Lead Field Despite Beating by C. C. N. Y.—Name of League Is Changed.

Although defeated for the first time in the fifth and final round of the twenty-second annual tournament of the Triangular College Chess League at the Manhattan Chess Club yesterday, Cornell's chess players, thanks to the considerable advantage established in the earlier rounds, emerged victorious from the competition with a record of three matches out of four and a game total of 10-6. Yesterday the Ithacans lost to City College by 2½-1½, this being due in a measure to the absence of the player at the third board, which gave C. C., N. Y. one unearned point.

The championship was clinched by H. Garfinkel, who won his game at Board No. 2, and N. N. Gotthoffer, who drew against H. Slochower of City College. Captain Adelsberg, however, succumbed in a hard-fought game to A. Weisbord. No. 1 in the C. C. N. Y. line-up. H. Grossman, City College, also won.

City College made the second best record in point of matches won and lost, but the game total, 8-8, was half a point inferior to that of New York University, 8½-7½.

The New York University team was too much for the Massachusetts Institute of Technology and won by 3-1. L. Denonn, D. Bourgin and J. Zatulove scored on the winning side, while S. Nelson was the sole winner for Massachusetts Institute of Technology. The New Englanders, who started off famously by defeating Pennsylvania, finished with a slightly inferior match record but a better point score than the Quakers. All things considered, the newcomers did exceedingly well on their first appearance in the league.

At the annual business meeting the following officers were elected: Harold M. Phillips, New York, President; H. Garfinkel, Cornell, '22, Vice President; H. Helms, New York, Secretary; H. Cassel, New York, Tournament Director and treasurer.

By vote of the delegates it was decided to change the name of the Triangular College Chess League, and it will hereafter be known as the Intercollegiate Chess League. A new trophy being needed, a subscription list was opened. A. Martinez, former President of the Manhattan Chess Club, and Irving Keene started the ball rolling with subscriptions of $20 each.

The summary of yesterday's play follows:

Cornell vs. City College.

Bds.	CORNELL.		CITY COLLEGE.	
1	H. Adelsberg	0	A. Weisbord	1
2	H. Garfinkel	1	H. Sternberg	0
3	L. H. Campbell	0	H. Grossman	1
4	N. N. Gotthoffer.	½	H. Slochowar	½
	Total.....	1½	Total.....	2½

City College played white on the odd-numbered boards. 1, Glueco Piano; 2, Ruy Lopez; 3, forfeited; 4, Ruy Lopez.

N. Y. University vs. M. I. T.

Bds.	N. Y. U.		M. I. T.	
1	L. Dononn	1	R. F. Lyon	0
2	A. Cohen	0	S. Nelson	1
3	D. Bourgin	1	C. Thumim	0
4	J. Zatulove	1	J. Brimberg	0
	Total.....	3	Total.....	1

New York University played white on the odd-numbered boards. The openings: 1, forfeited; 2, King's Bishop's; 3, Queen's gambit declined; 4, Queen's gambit declined.

The final standing of the colleges follows:

Colleges.	Matches. W.	Matches. L.	Games. W.	Games. L.
Cornell	3	1	10	6
City College	2½	1½	8	8
New York University	2	2	8½	7½
Pennsylvania	1½	2½	6½	9½
M. I. T.	1	3	7	9

Of the twenty-two tournaments held by the league, Pennsylvania has won eleven, Cornell eight, and City College one, in addition, Pennsylvania tied once with Cornell and once with Brown, one of the charter members of the league, but no longer a member.

George Chip to Box Bryan Downey.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 29.—Bryan Downey of Columbus and George Chip, former middleweight champion, will box ten rounds here Jan. 7. The weight will be 160 pounds at 3 o'clock.

ITHACANS TO RACE IN MUD.

English Drizzle Will Make Heavy Going for Harrier Pack.

LONDON, Dec. 29 (Associated Press)—A steady drizzle throughout today will make England's "classic and cruel" seven and a half mile cross-country course at Roehampton a muddy and heavy route for the Cornell and the Oxford-Cambridge distance runners who will compete tomorrow afternoon in the first race of its kind between English and American athletes.

James L. Dickinson, captain of the Ithacan squad, Thomas C. McDermott and Charles T. Brown are all suffering from colds and are not in the best of condition. This, however, is offset by an injury to E. A. Montague, the Oxford star, who, although he is expected to start in the race, is suffering from an injured foot.

Jack Moakley, the American coach, asserted today that Cornell had no runners to compare with Montague, N. A. McInnes and W. R. Steagrove, but that in the scoring the Americans might win the race.

Kilduff Signs 1921 Contract.

Colonel C. H. Ebbets, President of the Brooklyn baseball club, announced yesterday that he had received the signed contract of Peter J. Kilduff, infielder, for the coming season.

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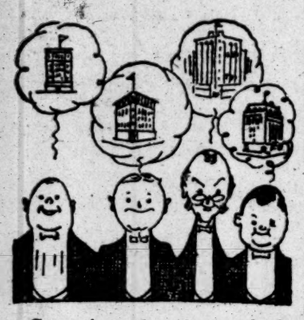

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Dress suits of soft, rich imported fabrics — made "to fit," not "to measure." The crack custom tailor's standard at much less than the fine tailor's fee.

Dress overcoats, dress shirts, dress vests, silk hats, *Shire collars, ties, patent leathers, canes, gloves.

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RECORD OFFER FOR HORNSBY DECLINED

Giants Raise Bid to $200,000 and Four Players for Star of Cardinals.

BREADON ASKS FOR FRISCH

McGraw's Refusal to Include Fordham Flash in Deal Brings an End to the Negotiations.

There's a city out in Missouri which formerly had at least as much fame as Milwaukee, and largely for the same reason. It is called St. Louis and it boasts, among other causes for pride, a citizen of the name of Samuel Breadon. Sam is President of the St. Louis Cardinals, and is also justly esteemed because of the monumental itch in his palm. It is such a stupefying and record-shattering itch that it takes more than $200,000 and four lusty ball players to scratch it. That is to say, unless the players are picked men with especially sharp nails.

John J. McGraw, who has been trying to David-Harum Mr. Breadon out of a choice young player known as Rogers Hornsby, for the last few weeks, can tell you all about this wonderful itch. John started in nonchalantly, chewing a straw and acting as if he didn't know just how he could use Hornsby if he had him, but thought he might come in handy if one of the regulars should happen to be laid up. From this stage he progressed by degrees to mild bidding, which presently became substantial and then frantic. His most recent offer, which culminated yesterday ineffectively, included his shirt and such other portions of his wardrobe as could be spared in a clement Winter.

Within the last forty-eight hours renewed dickering between the two clubs led to a proposition that Breadon should ship his able second baseman to New York and accept in exchange therefor $200,000 in cash and four players, as yet unnamed. Breadon was in favor of having them named, however, and started in to name them himself. He began by a casual mention of Frank Frisch—and stopped there in order to help revive McGraw from a swoon. It's a hard job to revive a fainting man by cable, and McGraw is in Cuba. Nevertheless, it is known that he has been revived, for additional messages have been received from him. The first one offered to throw in the club franchise and the racing plant in Havana, but this is hardly believed to have been a sincere and kindly proffer. If it was, McGraw must have reconsidered, for his next and final cable, while betraying a desire that Breadon should have a warm place to stay for the rest of the Winter, and even suggesting a possible selection of such a resort, made no mention of a wish to consummate the trade.

There remains for the Giants' manager a consolation prize in the fact that he is now on record as having made the most substantial offer for a player in all the annals of baseball.

BRESNAHAN TO SUE ROBINS.

Toledo Magnate Says He Didn't Get Purchased Players.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Dec. 29.—Roger Bresnahan, President of the Toledo club of the American Association, announced today that he is preparing some sort of action against the Brooklyn National League Club in connection with the purchase last Spring of three players, who, he says, were not delivered after a payment had been made to clinch the matter.

Bresnahan declares he purchased Hickman, outfielder; Malone, second baseman, and Douglas Baird, third baseman, for $7,000, that he paid $2,500 down on the instalment plan and received nothing in return. Malone and Hickman are said to have jumped to the Steel League, and Baird, through some pretext, was kept at Brooklyn and released this Winter to Indianapolis, according to Bresnahan.

VARDON AND RAY CHANGED.

Britons See Result of American Influence on Returning Golfers.

The influence of their golf invasion of America last Summer was apparent in both Ted Ray and Harry Vardon when they came home officially to the links at Oxhey, according to a correspondent of The London Times, who saw the match that was played. The returning warriors received a warm welcome from the large crowd that came out to see the four-ball match which Vardon and Ray played with Sandy Herd and George Duncan.

"Ray and Vardon both dressed the parts of American champions," The Times reporter says, "for they wore woolly waistcoats in place of the more orthodox jackets. Both smoked pipes throughout, Vardon apparently having copied Ray in this respect. Long black cigars, after the fashion of Mr. Travis, would perhaps have been more in character, but the two pipes added a picturesque touch to the woolly waistcoats. Not to be outdone, the spectators Americanized themselves in the matter of applause. They clapped so loudly when the players came on to the tee that one-half expected Norman Boase, as referee and master of ceremonies, to introduce the players as at a boxing match. They gasped and crowed and made pyrotechnic noises at every good shot and showed an almost unflattering amazement at the precision of the play."

Ray and Vardon, incidentally, won the home-coming match, Duncan missing a chance to halve the match by falling down on a short putt. The two Scots had been behind all the way, but it was considered just as well that they did not win and spoil the first match of the American open champion and his colleague. The Times says that there was quite a number of what "the Americans call a 'birdie.'" The best ball scores were:

Out—									
Ray-Vardon	3	5	4	3	4	2	5	4	4—35
Duncan-Herd	4	5	4	4	4	3	5	4	3—36
In—									
Ray-Vardon	3	3	4	4	4	3	4	4	5—34—69
Duncan-Herd	4	3	5	4	3	2	4	4	5—34—70

After the match there was speech-making and many congratulations. The American championship cup was placed on view and Vardon was presented with a silver cup and Ray with a check, both presents from the members of the Oxhey Club.

Vardon, in a letter received recently by a friend in this city, sends the following message to American golfers:

"I want you to do something for me, and I think you will because I have known you so long and you were so kind to Ted and myself in the U. S. A. I want to thank American golfers for their kindness.

"I have now had a few moments' rest, and I needed it, because the nervous strain of the tour was pretty great. I was apt to get irritable at times, but this was excusable on account of our always wanting to do well. But the point I wish to get at is this: I want to thank American golfers, both amateur and professional, and also the general public for their kindness. I must say we were treated beyond our fondest expectations. Our opponents met us at all times in a very friendly way, keen though we were to win, and when we did win always congratulated us in the nicest way. We have many happy recollections of our tour. Your amateur and professional golfers are a fine body of men and fine golfers, too."

Klinestiver to Be Manager.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Dec. 29.—L. K. Klinestiver of Sheffield, Pa., has been appointed student manager of the University of Pittsburgh football team for the 1921 season. The appointment, made under a competitive system, was made public today.

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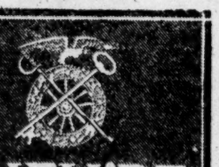

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THE NEW YEAR GIRL.

Miss Dorothy Gish, posed for a beautiful picture called "The New Year Girl," holding in her hand resolutions for 1921, as the grandfather clock chimes the midnight hour. In The Mid-Week Pictorial this week. Published by The New York Times Company. Ten cents at news stands; $5 a year by mail.—Advt.

Work Against Alexander Wins Pitcher a Contract With Cubs

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—As a reward for making Grover Alexander, pitcher of the Chicago Nationals, work twelve innings before he won his game, James D. Kenney today was signed to a Cubs' contract. The game was played in France while both were in the United States Army, and Alexander's team was victorious, 1 to 0. Upon his return to the United States Alexander recommended Kenney, who is a right-hander, 22 years old and 6 feet 2 inches in height. He pitched semi-professional ball around Chicago.

RACES RUN IN MUD AT HAVANA TRACK

Heavy Going Makes for Slow Time at Cuban Meet—Blazeaway Wins From Bad Start.

HAVANA, Dec. 29.—The races at Oriental Park today were again run over a very heavy track, slow time being recorded in all the events. The sprint event at five and a half furlongs was negotiated in 1:12 2-5, while the last race at a mile and a sixteenth was run in 1:56 3-5.

There was no feature on the program, but interest chiefly centred in the running of the fourth event. It was won by the favorite, Blazeaway, although it required his best effort to score. The favorite was outrun for the first three furlongs, but in the last sixteenth he closed gamely, taking the lead, and won going away by a length over Osgood. Osgood was a nose in front of Discussion.

The first event went to Ravanna, which was at odds-on. The second race was won by Fleer. The third scramble went to Lucie May. The fifth to Bill Hunley. And the last race was won by Lariat.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—Purse $700; for two-year-old maidens; claiming; six furlongs. Ravanna, 106 pounds (Wilson), 7 to 10, 1 to 5, 1 to 10, first; Kentmere, 108 (Dawson), 8 to 1, 5 to 2, 6 to 5, second; Tunorea, 103 (Penman), 5 to 2, even, 1 to 3, third. Time—1:21 3-5. Diffidence, Automatic Red and Johnny O'Connell also ran.

SECOND RACE—Purse $700; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; five and a half furlongs. Fleer, 110 pounds (Connors), 6 to 5, 2 to 5, 1 to 5, first; Timothy J. Hogan, 107 (Wilson), 2 to 1, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, second; Aigrette, 107 (Lancaster), 6 to 1, 5 to 2, 6 to 5, third. Time—1:13 4-5. Jack Dawson, Quietus, Major Fiske, Rora and Far East also ran.

THIRD RACE—Purse $700; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; five and a half furlongs. Lucie May, 107 pounds (Pickens), 3 to 1, even, 1 to 2, first; Miss Wright, 104 (Gordon), 5 to 1, 2 to 1, even, second; La Balafre, 110 (Wilson), even, 2 to 5, 1 to 5, third. Time—1:14 1-5. Vim, Lady Hester, O'Mailey, Short Change and Stiletto also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $700; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; five and a half furlongs. Blazeaway, 110 pounds (Hunt), 7 to 5, 2 to 5, 1 to 5, first; Osgood, 109 (Weiner), 4 to 1, 7 to 5, 7 to 10, second; Discussion, 104 (Wilson), 8 to 5, 1 to 2, 1 to 4, third. Time—1:12 2-5. Chimera, Redland and Locust Leaves also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $700; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; five and a half furlongs. Bill Hunley, 107 pounds (Barnes), 5 to 2, even, 1 to 2, first; Scarpia II., 112 (Garner), 3 to 1, 6 to 5, 3 to 5, second; Pokey Jane, 107 (Hunt), 6 to 1, 3 to 1, 8 to 5, third. Time—1:14. Sir Edgar, Senator James, Ed Garrison and Broncho Billy also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $700; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one and one-sixteenth miles. Lariat, 105 pounds (Hunt), 6 to 5, 2 to 5, 1 to 5, first; Mildred, 102 (Wilson), 3 to 1, even, 1 to 2, second; Rhymer, 103 (Barnes), 5 to 2, even, 1 to 2, third. Time—1:56 3-5. Leinster, Assign, Hands Off, Semper Stalwart and Bulger also ran.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For two-year-olds; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. Dantzig 106 pounds, Coombs 106, Black Top 106, Kings Belle 106, Disturbance 106, Mavehona 109.

SECOND RACE—For all ages; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. Vera Twyford, 93 pounds, *John J. Riley 101 *Repton 105, Jimmie O'Brien 106, *Omeme 108, Whip Poor Will 110.

THIRD RACE—For all ages; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. *Waking Dreams 98 pounds, *Abbess 101, *Aigrette 105, Fleer 106, *Twenty Seven 108, Say When 110.

FOURTH RACE—For all ages; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. *Miss Brush 105 pounds, *Lady Ione 108, *Hemlock 100, * Fickle Fancy 112, Hunter Platt 114, Avion 114.

FIFTH RACE—For all ages; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. *Aunt Deda 89 pounds, *Ambassador 8d 95, *Driffield 105, La Kross 112, Kewessa 112, Frasculo 117.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and up; claiming; purse $700; one mile and fifty yards. *Jack Healy 103 pounds, *Little Buss 105, J. Walker 110, Our Nephew 110, Sinn Feiner 113, Cadillac 113.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather cloudy; track heavy.

BUILDING BRITISH YACHTS.

Diminutive Craft to Race America on Other Side Next Summer.

British yachtsmen are preparing to meet the American contingent which is to invade England next Summer with several six-meter yachts representing the Seawanhaka Corinthian Yacht Club of Oyster Bay, L. I., and contend for a special international prize.

Already William Fife has started work on designs for a six-meter craft for Frank Robertson, a Clyde owner, and for Algernon Maudsley and Thomas Westray. In addition to these as a nucleus and several other contemplated, it is probable that this new international class will furnish some of the best sport in yachting next year.

The expense incidental to building these diminutive racers at present has prevented several who otherwise would have placed their orders from doing so, but this obstacle is being overcome by the formation of partnerships or restricted syndicates, and this is expected to result in several more yachts being built in the class.

While most of these six-meter craft probably will be built on the Clyde, still the greater part of the racing of them will take place in the waters of Southern England. The Royal Corinthian Yacht Club may also be represented in the trial races for the selection of a team to represent Great Britain, and it is claimed that the Royal Corinthian Yacht Club has plentiful Corinthian material with which to man one of the racers.

In British yachting circles the challenge from America is more welcome, for aside from all consideration of the development of international sport, it is expected to furnish that incentive which, it is hoped, may bring the sport back to its pre-war state.

The American craft which are to be sent overseas aboard some steamship are to be built at the Herreshoff yards and from designs by Nat Herreshoff. That they will be speedy is a foregone conclusion, despite the fact that they are designed and built to the international and not the American rules, with which the wizard of Bristol, R. I., is so much more familiar. The Seawanhaka Corinthian Yacht Club has among its members enough capable Corinthians to man the American craft as they should be manned.

Wrestling Tourney Scheduled.

An amateur wrestling tournament will be held at the New York A. C. Jan. 19. Bouts will be scheduled in two classes, 145 pounds and 158 pounds. The tournament will be opened to all registered A. A. U. grapplers, and it is expected that a heavy entry will be received.

RICKENBACKER IS AGAIN IN THE VAN

Wins the Panzarita, Feature Event of New Orleans Program, by 1½ Lengths.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 29.—Well filled fields prevailed at Jefferson Park today and, with the exception of the third race, the finishes were close enough to be interesting, but that is all. In the third, Lieutenant Perkins had the better of Hidden Jewel by but a nose at the finish. The feature event of the day was the fifth, the Panzarita, which went to J. R. Skinker's Eddie Rickenbacker, the favorite. The weather was fair and the track fast.

Last to get away in a field of six, Eddie Rickenbacker soon assumed second position with Rising Rock in the lead until the last eighth, when he edged to the fore slowly but surely and won by a length and a half from Marvin May, which, with Ponce up, had gradually edged up from fifth position. Rising Rock tired in the stretch after running out at both turns and finished fourth, Applejack I. taking the show position by a neck in the last few strides.

There were seven events on the card and three favorites won, they being Royden in the first, Eddie Rickenbacker in the fifth and Dark Hill in the sixth, although in this event Baladin opened as the favorite but gave way to the support of the eventual winner.

Ina Kay was a decided favorite in the second, being quoted at 6 to 5, and the talent received something of a setback when Rainbow Girl, away well and forced back at the first turn, came on strong and won well in hand. Scurry was a decided favorite in the third event, for three-year-olds and upward, with Hidden Jewel second choice, and while the latter managed to edge into the place, the best that the favorite could do was sixth. Another stride and Hidden Jewel would have won, and that, too, helped to deplete the purses of a fair quota of the talent.

Another case of the favorite failing to deliver was in the fourth race, a handicap event for two-year-olds, in which Parader, a 5 to 2 shot, was able to end the route in the lead of Polythia, the odds-on favorite. Parader saved much by sticking close to the rail and finished fast, edging out ahead of the favorite in the last few yards. Polythia showed fine speed, but tired rapidly in the last furlong. Madeline Lillian was first away and showed good early speed, but was unable to keep up the pace after going five furlongs.

In the last event on the program, for three-year-olds and upward, Mab was a 7 to 5 favorite in a field of eight starters, but just managed to edge in for third money, Bengali having a neck the better of it at the finish. Sandy Mac, at 13 to 5, though in trouble soon after the start, came on with a fine rush in the last quarter, overhauled Bengali and won with much in reserve. The pace was too much for Bengali when the stretch was reached and Mab was going well in the last furlong, while Colonel Lit, from a slow beginning, closed a big gap, to end fourth.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—Maidens; three-year-olds and upward; purse $800; one mile. Royden, 110 pounds (Lyke), 4 to 5, 1 to 3, out, first; Hop Over, 110 (McDermott), 5 to 2, 3 to 5, 1 to 4, second; Pansy Blossom, 107 (Jarvis), 15 to 1, 4 to 1, 7 to 5, third. Time—1:42. Tony, Old Rose, Ula, Eleve, Beeswax, Maiden Voter and Marie Rappold also ran.

SECOND RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $800; five and a half furlongs. Rainbow Girl, 110 pounds (Ponce), 5 to 1, 2 to 1, even, first; Ina Kay, 112 (Jarvis), 6 to 5, 1 to 2, 1 to 4, second; Vanzylvin, 109 (Mooney), 7 to 1, 2 to 1, 6 to 5, third. Time—1:07 3-5. St. Just, Lonely, Lowell, Propaganda, Sabretash, Madam Byng, Carline S., Wealthy Ann and Plain Heather also ran.

THIRD RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; six furlongs. Lieutenant Perkins, 111 pounds (Rodriguez), 8 to 1, 3 to 1, 7 to 5, first; Hidden Jewel, 122 (Lyke), 7 to 2, 7 to 5, 3 to 5, second; Murray, 113 (Peupel), 7 to 1, 5 to 2, 6 to 5, third. Time—1:14 2-5. Repeater, Anticipate, Assume, Chesty, Scurry, Financial Rooster, Link Boy and Tan II. also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Handicap; two-year-olds; purse $700; six furlongs. Parader, 106 pounds (Coltiletti), 5 to 2, 1 to 2, out, first; Polythia, 112 (McTaggart), 9 to 10, 1 to 4, out, second; Madeline Lillian, 100 (McAtee), 8 to 1, 2 to 1, even, third. Time—1:14 1-5. Bunga Buck and Tharon also ran.

FIFTH RACE—The Panzarita; all ages; purse $1,000; five furlongs. Eddie Rickenbacker, 114 (Thurber), 1 to 2, 1 to 6, out, first; Marvin May, 114 (Ponce), 10 to 1, 3 to 1, 4 to 5, second; Applejack II., 114 (Mooney), 12 to 1, 3 to 1, 6 to 5, third. Time—1:00 3-5. George Starr, St. Quentin and Rising Rock also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and three-sixteenths. Dark Hill, 103 pounds (J. Roberts), 2 to 1, 7 to 10, 1 to 4, first; Honolulu Boy, 105½ (H. King), 9 to 2, 8 to 5, 8 to 5, second; Baladin, 106 (T. Jarvis), 9 to 2, 4 to 5, 1 to 3, third. Time—2:00 1-5. Kimpalong, Raider and War Club also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and one-sixteenth. Sandy Mac, 104 pounds (Coltiletti), 13 to 5, 1 to 2, 1 to 5, first; Bengali, 110 (H. King), 9 to 2, 8 to 5, 7 to 10, second; Mab, 102 (J. J. Mooney), 7 to 5, 1 to 2, 1 to 5, third. Time—1:48. Colonel Lit, She Devil, Goldcrest Boy, Judge Price and Philistine also ran.

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse, $600; for maidens, two years old; five furlongs. Philanderer 115 pounds, Chief Barthell 115, Lushmore 115, British Isles 115, Secretary 115, Zalnder 115, Domingo 115, Seaboard 115, Controit 115, Cortez 115, Roque of Picardy 112, Sweet Petule 112, Callthump 112, Echoland 112, Elizabeth May 112. Also eligible: Home Guard 115, Almirante 112.

SECOND RACE—Purse, $600; claiming; for four-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Alexander 115 pounds, Chester Field 115, Saul Condult 115, Tipford 115, Liberator 115, Nolawn 115, Madras Gingham 112, Dahinda, 112, *Balrosa 110, *Carl Ellwanger 110, *Salute 110, Lady Longfellow 107, *Valerie West 107, *Ophelia W. 113. Also eligible: *Molly O. 107, Pigeon 115, Courting Colors 115.

THIRD RACE—Purse, $700; claiming; for two-year-olds; six furlongs. Chevaller 114 pounds, *The Moor 114, Rustler 112, Gallot 111, Sea Court 111, General Agramonte 108, Silver Springs 106, Iron Up 106, Superb 107, *Tony Sutton 106, *Old Faithful 104, Tutt 104, *Reluctant 101, *Plantoon 103. Also eligible: Loch Leven 102, Montillo 106, *Dr. Howard 99.

FOURTH RACE—Purse, $700; allowances; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Hindoostan 115 pounds, Tom McTaggart 114, Captain Herschler 111, Jock Scot 105, Grayson 108, Heroism 108, Mahoney 108, Assume 108, Panaman 108, Shilling 106, Romany 105, Dancing Spray 105, Fluney 105, Head Over Heels 102. Also eligible: Old Red 105, Ernesta 103, Sammy Kelly 108.

FIFTH RACE—Purse, $1,000; Pelican Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Sterling 120 pounds, Barry Shannon 110, Chief 109, Flibberty Gibbet 105.

SIXTH RACE—Purse, $700; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and eighth. Claquer 116 pounds, Capital City 112, *Dark Hill 111, Nellie Yorke 110, *Jack Reves 106, *Madrona 105, *Plenty 105, *Golden Dawn 102, *Old McKenna 102, Bar One 102.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse, $700; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and three-sixteenths. Tugs 143 pounds, *Cock Roach 111, Kebo 110, Brookland 110, *Tarascon 108, Lady Ward 108, *Illinois Lad 108, *Ben Hampson 108, *Athens 108, Astec 108, *Lad 108, *Captain Hodge 106, Keep 104, *Lady Kathern 102, Spectacular Girl 101, *Pindar 99.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Would Boom Baseball Federation.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 29.—James F. Potts, Secretary of the National Baseball Federation, has gone on a Western trip in the hope of inducing several more cities to join the federation. He left here last night for Chicago, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Duluth, Kansas City, Omaha and St. Louis. He also plans to visit Buffalo, Bethlehem, Pa., and other Eastern cities.

Tremaine-Puryear Bout Arranged.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Dec. 29.—Carl Tremaine of Cleveland and Earl Puryear of Baltimore will meet in a 12-round bout here the night of Jan. 10, it was announced today. Both boxers, through their managers, have accepted terms. It is understood Puryear insists upon Tremaine making 119 pounds at 3 o'clock P. M. the day of the match.

SUGGESTS CHANGES IN COLLEGE SPORTS

National Intercollegiate A. A. Proposes Big Track Meet and Olympic Association.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—An annual national track meet, in which every college and university in the National Intercollegiate Athletic Association would have representatives, and the formation of an Olympic Association to take charge of and interest itself in the American Olympic Committee, were endorsed at the fifteenth annual meeting of the association today. Committee reports favoring legislation of interest to collegiate circles as well as undergraduate bodies were made, in addition to the transaction of routine business.

The suggested track meet would bring together athletes from all over the country, and would be in the nature of an annual American college Olympic. The resolution passed regarding an Olympic Association would place in it the responsibility for electing a representative committee which would use every endeavor to gather together a team of America's best athletes. A. A. Stagg, athletic director of the University of Chicago, declared the committee should be representative of the best in the country, whether college or industrial associations. He also made a plea to Eastern college men to divorce themselves from amateur athletic politics.

Palmer E. Pierce, President of the association, who presided, declared that the war had caused widespread interest in boxing. He urged some action be taken to lend support to the establishment of boxing in college curriculums. Faculties in more colleges had taken control of athletics as overseers and physical examination of the students on entering the school and on leaving, he declared. His report pointed out the development in the last year in sports, and said abuses had decreased.

Mr. Pierce declared the colleges were doing their utmost to reduce the 35 per cent. of rejected men in army examinations during the war.

A national committee on arbitration of athletic disputes was authorized. Another committee was authorized to look into the expense of conducting a national track and field meet and in raising the money for the event, so that the burden will not fall on the big intercollegiate bodies.

Reports on football and other sports were heard at the afternoon session.

New colleges admitted to membership in the association were Cornell, Iowa, Massachusetts Tech, Annapolis Naval Academy, Centre College, Miami, Depauw and Coe. The Pacific Coast Athletic Conference was also accepted to membership.

OAKS WIN AT DURLAND'S.

New Aggregation of Indoor Polo Ists Defeats Foxhunters, 12 to 6.

The old reliable Foxhunters and the newer aggregation of Oaks played an indoor polo games at Durland's Academy last night and it proved to be a case in which the more experienced trio carried too much of a handicap to overcome, with the result that the Oaks won by a score of 12 to 6. The total handicap of the Foxhunters was fifteen goals and that of the Oaks but eight, which meant that the Foxhunters had to allow their opponents seven goals.

Seven of the twelve goals to the credit of the Oaks, at the conclusion of the game were due to that handicap, which meant that they scored five goals, and this, as against the tally of but one more by the older team proves that the Oaks played a hard and accurate game, while the Foxhunters appeared to be a bit off form. No fouls were called by Thomas A. Cawthra, who refereed the game, during which numerous brilliant and difficult strokes were recorded to several of the players, while the riding off and other fine points of the game were not what they might have been.

The line-up:

OAKS (12).	FOXHUNTERS (6).
No. 1—F. Gilman....2	No. 1—M. Phillips...2
No. 2—H. Livinski...3	No. 2—H. Winn.....6
Back—Dr. E. Behr..3	Back—A. Kinny.....7
Total goals.....8	Total goals.....15

Foxhunters allow Oaks 7 goals by handicap.

First period—Foxhunters, 3 goals; Oaks, 3 goals.

Second period—Foxhunters, 3 goals; Oaks, 2 goals.

Final score, including handicap—Oaks, 12 goals; Foxhunters, 6 goals.

Referee—T. A. Cawthra. Time—Two periods of 10 minutes each.

TO COACH SQUADRON A.

Croan, Formerly at Meadow Brook, Will Instruct in Polo.

Squadron A, New York's crack cavalry organization, has just started in on an active campaign to popularize polo among the troopers and, as the first move in this direction, has engaged Thomas Croan, assistant to James Cooley of the Meadow Brook Club to coach the men and take general charge of the sport, which is directed by a polo committee, of which Juan Caballos, who played with the squadron team on the border and also plays at Meadow Brook during the Summer months, is Chairman. He was a Captain in the Twenty-seventh Division during the big war.

Every evening between 5 and 7:30 o'clock the troopers gather at the armory for polo practice under the direction of Croan, who says that the squadron has a wealth of good material, a majority of the new recruits, now rookies, having been commissioned officers in various branches of the service before becoming identified with the squadron. The squadron has twenty polo ponies, in addition to which there are about an equal number of privately owned ones at the service of the troopers and from fifty to seventy-five men report regularly now for practice. This number far exceeds all previous records of the organization in the way of polo.

The new armory, which extends from Ninety-fifth to Ninety-sixth Streets, and from Madison to Park Avenues, and has the largest tanbark floor in this city, is rapidly nearing completion and is expected to be ready within a month. At the present time the troopers practice in the old section of the armory. The new indoor field is 180 feet wide and 300 feet long, while the seating accommodations of the new structure are for about 2,500 persons.

While the teams practice during the week, they also will have their regular matches which are to take place every Saturday and Sunday. The new structure has accommodations for 500 horses, and it is expected that the supply of ponies available for the game will be largely increased as soon as the armory is completed.

At the present time the work of the tyros at the game is chiefly of the kindergarten variety but, according to Instructor Croan, it will not be long before the squadron will be represented most creditably in all the indoor tournaments in this district, the squadron being one of the members of the Indoor Polo Association, which has prepared an exhaustive schedule of events that will continue until outdoor polo starts in.

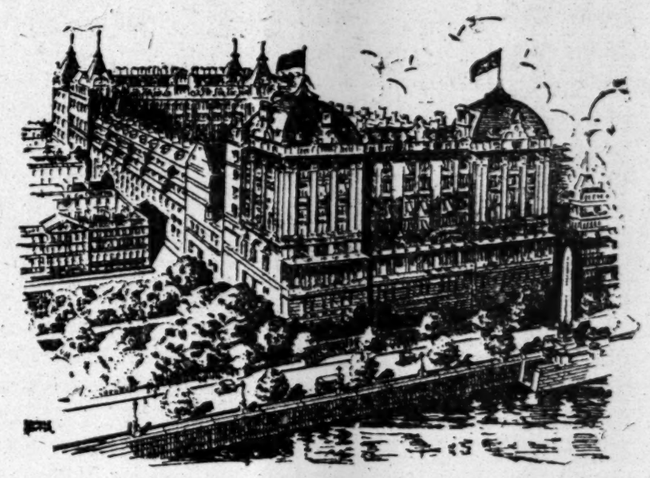
The squadron officials have decided not to enter any Squadron A teams in the first tournaments of the Winter, to be held next month, but hope, by constant practice until the February tournaments start, to have suitable teams ready to enter then, with much better chances of making a good showing than might be the case were the squadron teams to take part in the earlier events.

Handball Tourney to N. Y. A. C.

Because of the interest shown in the sport among its members, the New York A. C. has arranged to conduct the annual Metropolitan A. A. U. handball championship tournament on the Mercury Foot Courts beginning Jan. 16. Titles for the local district's handball players will be decided in singles and doubles. The tournament will be conducted on two courts on the roof of the clubhouse. The courts are regarded as among the best four-wall concrete handball playgrounds in the country. Entries for the tournament will close Jan. 12.

RESORTS

HOTEL CECIL



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One of America's leading hotels. Accommodating over 1000 guests.
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A charming Winter hotel, beautifully remodeled. Good Golf, Fishing, Sailing, Hunting, Motoring. Reasonable Rates.
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Occupying entire block of ocean front in the fashionable Chelsea section.
200 bed chambers with private baths (fresh and sea water). High-class orchestra, cafe, grill, etc. French chefs. Golf privileges. Autos meet trains. Booklet. Open all year. J. B. THOMPSON & CO.

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The Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
begs to announce that its
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Exquisite music a feature. Horseback Riding, Golf (2 Championship Courses), Rolling Chairs, Piers, Theatres, Movies, and countless other amusements.
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LOST AND FOUND.

LOST or stolen, certificates representing 400 shares of Southern Pacific Company stock as follows:
Certificate No. In Name of. Shares.
H-80127—Herbert Robert 100
H-82983—Sutro Brothers & Co.....100
H-82989—Sutro Brothers & Co.....100
H-82990—Sutro Brothers & Co.....100
Notice is hereby given to show cause why duplicates should not be issued. E. F. Hutton & Co., 61 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

LOST—A small blue fitted suitcase with black waterproof covering, marked V. M. B., Sunday, Dec. 26, on I. U. Willets Road, between Old Westbury and Albertson, Nassau County; reward for return. Communicate with R. L. Bacon, 14 Wall St. Telephone Rector 8800.

LOST—In the shopping district, small purple silk purse containing solitaire diamond bar pin, solitaire diamond ring and ring with two diamonds and two sapphires; liberal reward and no questions asked. E 140 Times.

LOST—On 5th Av. bus, Sunday, Dec. 26, black cloth handbag with embroidery band around centre, containing papers and small amount of money; reward. Rhinelander 531.

LOST—Tan suitcase containing male apparel on Parkside Av., Brooklyn, 6 P. M. Sunday, Dec. 26; liberal reward. Return Lory, 1,065 41st St., Brooklyn. Sunset 4181.

LOST—Dec. 25, black velvet bag containing money, gold watch, keys; 156th St., St. Nicholas Av., 5th Av. bus. Please return brittelie, 59 West 109th St.

LOST—Old leather folder, marked Homer 1856, left in taxi near 9th St., Wednesday; manuscript inside; reward. Flanner, 125 Washington Place.

LOST—Black silk bag containing about $135 and bank book of Laura Spinney, in vicinity of St. John's Cathedral. Tel. Cathedral 7194. Reward.

LOST—Pass book No. 10527, Mildred Pollak, of the Chatham & Phenix National Bank, 205 East 57th St., New York; payment stopped; please return book to bank.

LOST—Monday evening, subway or taxi, shell rim glasses, leather case marked Clairmont & Nichols, 16 West 45th. Reward for return to them.

LOST—Dec. 29, brown velvet bag, $10 gold, crocheting, &c.; poor working girl; reward. Park Avenue Hotel, 33d, 4th Av.

LOST—Glasses; case marked Leroy Ryer; reward. Finder please phone Melrose 389.

$50 REWARD, no questions, for violin and bow lost Dec. 23; sentimental value. Apt. West 115th, Dec. 28. Morningside 3864.

Jewelry.

LOST—While attending dance at Essex County Country Club, Monday evening, Dec. 27, diamond pin with nineteen (19) stones, one large stone in centre, all platinum setting. S. V. B. Brewster, 133 Prospect St., East Orange, N. J., or 30 Church St., New York. Telephone connection. Liberal reward.

LOST—Platinum bar pin, one large and a number of small diamonds, Sunday evening, between 72d St. station I. R. T. and Apt. 44, 371 Wadsworth Av.; liberal reward. Mrs. E. D. Warner, above address. Wadsworth 8356.

LOST—Blue pin seal purse, money, gold watch, initials E. W., valued as keepsake; check made out to loser, payment stopped; on 5th Av. bus at 52d and 5th Av., about 9 A. M. Tuesday; reward. 850 Park Av. Plaza 1949.

LOST—Black moire ribbon bowknot pin set with brilliants, Wednesday afternoon, on 5th Av., between 48th St. and St. Regis Hotel, 55th St. Liberal reward if returned to desk, St. Regis Hotel.

LOST—Platinum barpin, two small diamonds and aquamarine, somewhere between 39th and Madison Av. and 46th and Broadway, or in Astor Theatre; reward. Kenly, Vanderbilt 800.

LOST—On street or subway train between Utica Av. and Lenox Av. and 116th St., diamond and platinum brooch; liberal reward. Telephone Decatur 8298.

LOST—Diamond wrist watch; large reward offered for return; no questions asked. Communicate with Einstein & Ward, care of Delmonico's, 44th and 5th Av.

LOST—$50 reward and no questions asked for return of black enameled gold vanity case with jade ornament to E. M. Gattle & Co., 630 5th Av., New York City.

LOST—Tan silk card case containing two pieces of jewelry and cards. Communicate T. S. Blum, 370 Manhattan Av. Phone Cathedral 8728. Reward.

LOST—Gold mesh bag, in front of 21 West 88th St., about 8:30 o'clock Tuesday evening. Liberal reward if returned to 21 West 88th.

LOST—Between Worth St. and Nostrand Av., Brooklyn, silver cigarette case, initialed C. W. W.; reward. Charles W. Weed, 1,535 Pacific St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LOST—Monday, gentleman's Waltham gold watch, name Carl Bandtlow, on dial; liberal reward. Apply 117 Madison Av.

LOST—Lady's silver wrist watch, initials C. B. W. on back, left in taxicab; liberal reward. Notify Whiton, 101 West 80th St.

LOST—Dec. 27, about 6:30, 125th, Broadway, gold football inscribed "Pomfret Taft"; reward. 202 West 123d. Morningside 329.

LOST—Keepsake gold bracelet, 9 small diamonds, 10 small pearls; liberal reward. Jane Barnitz, 18 Broad St. Rector 9330.

LOST—Pearl necklace, Tuesday, 8 P. M., 107th St., Manhattan Av. and 110th St. Reward. Gately, 160 Manhattan Av.

LOST—A gold cuff button, Tuesday evening, in theatrical district; reward. A. J. Kramer, 55 Liberty St. Rector 5454.

$250 REWARD
for return of brooch with pearl in centre and large diamond at each end with small diamonds in setting; lost Dec. 17, at or between East 37th St., Cohan Theatre and Colony Club. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 46th St.

$1,000 REWARD.
LOST—Tuesday, platinum bar pin with 12 square diamonds and 6 small diamonds at each end, border of small sapphires. No questions asked if returned to Henry Blank & Co., 19 Liberty St., Newark, N. J.

$75 REWARD
for return of gold bar pin containing 4 diamonds and 4 sapphires; lost December 20, between Wall St., N. Y. C. and St. Johns Place, Brooklyn. I. H. and B. H. Weinberg, 665 5th Av., N. Y.

$100 REWARD
for return of ring containing 1 canary and brown diamond, with small diamonds in setting; lost December 6, vicinity of West 23d St. A. R. Lee & Co., Inc., 15 William St.

$200 REWARD
for return of platinum and diamond bar pin, containing about 14 diamonds, lost Dec. 18 in 5th Av. shopping district. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$500 reward for return of diamond brooch, 61 diamonds, platinum open design pin, stamped J. E. C. & Co. H 6893; no questions asked. Franklin Baker Jr., 16 Church St., N. Y. C.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Black (King Bird) Paradise plume between 43d and 49th Sts. and 6th Av., or 46th and 50th Sts. and Broadway; liberal reward. W. D. Fonville. Phone Circle 7200.

LOST—Red fox scarf, Tuesday, about 6 P.M., on 7th Av. subway, Times Square or 42d St. crosstown car; reward. White, 100 33d St., Woodcliff, N. J.

LOST—Broadway and Morningside, 114th and 120th, skunk neckpiece, Reynolds, 434 West 120th. Morningside 8440. Reward.

LOST—Child's muskrat neckpiece, on or from 5th Av. bus., vicinity Washington Square; reward. O'Dell, 11 West 10th.

LOST—Kit fox fur neckpiece, Lexington Av. car, between 81st and 59th Sts. Keeting, 1,186 Lexington Av.; reward.

LOST—In taxi, Christmas Eve, black lynx muff; $15 reward. Lanier, 142 East 19th.

LOST—Overcoat, on Riverdale Av., between West 230th and 231st Sts. Kingsbridge 390.

Cats and Dogs.

$100 REWARD
for the return of French bull puppy, male, brindle, white spot on breast, lost Thursday; had harness blanket, collar. Ryan, 720 Riverside Drive. Audubon 7270.

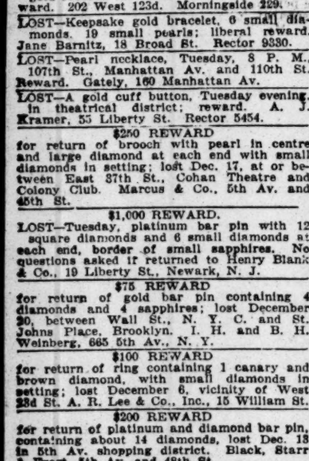
Found.

FOUND—On December 24, Washington Heights, fur piece; owner may have same on identification. W 121 Times.

PERSONAL.

JULIUS STRUER, PLEASE COMMUNICATE with James F. Doran, Mills Hotel, 7th Av. and 36th St.

ADVERTISEMENT.



ALEX. J. HEMPHILL DIES WHILE ASLEEP

Chairman of Guaranty Trust Co. Board Was Afflicted With Heart Disease.

FORMER RAILROAD OFFICIAL

Financier, 64, Was Decorated by France and Belgium for His War Relief Work.

Alexander J. Hemphill, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Guaranty Trust Company, having previously held the offices of Vice President and President during his fifteen years' service with that institution, died in his sleep early yesterday morning at his home, 13 East Sixty-ninth Street. An attack of acute indigestion two weeks ago had brought on a heart affection that had kept him to his room until the day before Christmas, when he felt well enough to go to his office. On Christmas Day a relapse occurred, from which he did not recover. Mrs. Hemphill entered his bedroom about 7 o'clock yesterday morning and believed him sleeping comfortably. It was not until the physicians made their usual visit at 9 o'clock that he was found to be dead, the medical opinion being that he had probably died quite painlessly about 6 o'clock.

Alexander J. Hemphill was born in Philadelphia on Aug. 23, 1856, the son of William Kerr Hemphill and Sarah Jane McCune Hemphill. He attended the public schools, graduating from Central High School in 1875 and intending to take a college course. He had studied with private tutors for that purpose, but before the following Autumn he changed his mind and entered the accounting department of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

From Railroad Official to Banker.

His tact, ability to make friends and handle other men quickly made themselves known to his superiors, and during his eight years with the Pennsylvania his promotions were rapid. He left that road to make a record by becoming the youngest railroad Secretary in the United States, with the Norfolk & Western. He did not leave the Norfolk & Western until 1905, when he retired permanently from active connection with the railroad business and accepted his first office as a banker, as Vice President of the Guaranty Trust Company. He was elected to the Board of Directors three years later, and on Dec. 8, 1909, he became President of the company. He retained the Presidency until 1915, when he retired to sit at the head of the board.

The events of Mr. Hemphill's life were not of the sort that the general public hears about through the newspapers or otherwise, and it is only by a statement of the many positions held by him that an idea can be given of his power and prominence in the world of finance. To enumerate just a few of the many corporations of whose Boards of Directors he was a member: American Surety Company of New York, Fidelity and Casualty Company, Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company, Interborough Consolidated Corporation, Locomobile Company, Missouri Pacific Railroad, Richmond Light and Railroad, Southern Cotton Oil Company, Texas & Pacific Railway, United Gas and Electric, and Virginia-Carolina Chemical.

His War Relief Work.

As early as 1914 Mr. Hemphill took a leading part in the work of war relief, and until the end he was active on behalf of many relief organizations. He was Treasurer of the Commission for Relief in Belgium in 1914, and subsequently Chairman of an advisory committee, Treasurer of the Food for France Fund, the Fatherless Children of France Fund, the Inter-Racial Council, National Security League and the National Americanization Committee. The French Government made him a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor, and Belgium gave him the rank of Commander of the Order of the Crown and the Grand Cross of the Order of Leopold.

Mr. Hemphill was President of the Automobile Club of America and a member of the following clubs, among others: Century Association, Metropolitan, Rittenhouse of Philadelphia, Union League, Bankers. He was married in 1880 to Miss Jeannette Cadmus of Philadelphia, who survives with four children—Mrs. Jeannette H. Bolte of Pelham Heights, Clifford Hemphill of Hemphill, Noyes & Albert, Albert W. Hemphill of the engineering firm of Hemphill & Wells, and Meredith Hemphill, a student at Williams.

Funeral services will be held Sunday at 1 P. M. in All Souls' Church, Fourth Avenue and Twentieth Street. The interment will take place a short time later at Freehold, N. J.

Those who have been invited to act as honorary pallbearers are George F. Baker, Charles H. Sabin, Herbert Hoover, Samuel Hellner, Charles H. Sanford, General Guy E. Tripp, A. L. Gubelman, L. E. Johnson, Finley J. Shepard, Samuel Rea, Thomas F. Ryan, T. De Witt Cuyler, Sidney Z. Mitchell, Albert H. Harris, Charles A. Peabody, L. F. Loree, Edward Shearson and Charles M. Schwab.

Frank Hilton Chandler.

Frank Hilton Chandler, founder of the Chandler Piano Company and of the Chandler-Ebel Music Company of Brooklyn, died on Tuesday at his home, 46 South Oxford Street, Brooklyn. He was in his 85th year. Mr. Chandler was born in Randolph, Vt. When 17 years old he entered the employ of a church organ builder, but his career was interrupted with the outbreak of the Civil War and he enlisted in the Fourth Vermont Regiment. Mr. Chandler went to Brooklyn in 1869 and established his piano warerooms in Montague Street. In 1907 he established his piano company at 222 Livingston Street. Mr. Chandler is survived by his wife and a son, Frank Wadleigh Chandler, Dean of the College of Arts of the University of Cincinnati.

The Rev. Andrew M. Sherman.

The Rev. Andrew M. Sherman, who had held Congregational pastorates in this State, Massachusetts and New Jersey between 1878 and 1890, died Tuesday at his residence in Morristown at the age of 76. He was born in Marshfield, Mass., and served as a private during three years of the Civil War. He entered the Methodist Episcopal ministry in 1869 and held pastorates of that denomination until 1877. In the following year he was ordained as a Congregationalist. He was a prolific writer on subjects in American history, particularly the State of New Jersey.

Smith F. Pearsall.

Smith F. Pearsall, formerly for fourteen years publisher of the Nassau County Review and one of the best known men on Long Island, died on Tuesday at his home in Freeport at the age of 80 years. Mr. Pearsall was born in that town. He was a Past Master of Massapequa Lodge, F. and A. M., of Rockville Centre. He was Past High Priest of Freeport Chapter, R. A. M., and Grand Master of the First Veil, R. A. M., of the State of New York. For the last several months he had been engaged in the real estate and insurance business.

William H. Carr.

William H. Carr, Principal of the public schools of Whitestone, L. I., for twenty-one years, died yesterday at his home in Flushing, aged 58 years. He was a graduate of St. Lawrence University in 1889. He had taught at various towns in the State before going to Whitestone in 1899. His pupils will attend the services tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock at St. George's Episcopal Church in Astoria. Burial will be at Mr. Carr's old home in Parishville, N. Y.

Charles M. Mitchell, Pedestrian.

CONCORD, N. H., Dec. 29.—Charles M. Mitchell, professional pedestrian of half a century ago, died here today. He was reported to have walked 1,000 consecutive miles at Cincinnati, Ohio, in 1874, and once held the ten-mile pedestrian record.

TRIBUTES TO G. H. PERRIS.

Eminent Journalists at Funeral Laud His Work and Principles.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—Remarkable tributes to the late George Herbert Perris as comrade, newspaperman and lover of humanity were paid this morning at his funeral in Golder's Green Crematorium.

Sir Philip Gibbs, Lord Riddell, Chairman of the Newspaper Proprietors' Association, and George W. Mair, head of the Publicity Bureau of the League of Nations, were among the speakers. They told from personal knowledge of Perris's work as a war correspondent and at the Peace Conferences, and they showed how he lived up to his love of peace and justice in all his private dealings with his journalistic colleagues.

Premier Lloyd George was represented by J. T. Davies, his confidential secretary.

Perris's remains are to be interred in the grave of his only son, who was killed in the war.

Judge Warren Miller.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Dec. 29.—Judge Warren Miller, former member of the West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals, died suddenly today at his home in Ripley, W. Va., aged 75 years. Judge Miller filled many important offices in West Virginia, and in 1894 was elected to Congress, where he served two terms. His latest public service was as Chairman of the Virginia Debt Committee of the State Senate.

Mrs. Charles M. Dow.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Dec. 29.—Mrs. Charles M. Dow died at her home here this morning. She was President of the New York State Federation of Women's Clubs in 1902 and 1904, and was long identified with the New York Sorosis Society. Her husband, a prominent Jamestown banker, died three weeks ago.

M. B. Curtis, Old Comedian, Dead.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 29.—M. B. Curtis, actor, known throughout the country years age for his characterization of the drummer in the play "Sam'l o' Posen," died today at the County Hospital. Curtis killed a policeman in San Francisco twenty-five years ago, and obtained an acquittal of the charge of murder only after spending most of the money he had acquired on the stage.

Edgar J. Gibson.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Edgar J. Gibson, former newspaper man and writer on tariff matters, died tonight at his home here at the age of 70 years. Before retiring from newspaper work he was connected with a number of newspapers, having served as managing editor of The Baltimore News, editorial writer and Washington correspondent of The New York Tribune and Philadelphia Press, editor of The Oswego (N. Y.) Times and business manager of The Wheeling (W. Va.) Standard. He was a native of Smithville, N. Y.

CITIES RECOMMEND LAWS.

Program of the Mayors' Conference Sent to Incoming Governor.

ALBANY, Dec. 29.—Recommendations for legislation which the officers and Advisory Committee of the conference of Mayors and other city officials believe will assist cities to establish more efficient and economical Government are contained in a statement of the conference legislative program made public tonight. A copy of the statement has been sent to Governor-elect Miller and members of the incoming Legislature.

Cities are opposed, it was stated, to regulation of motion pictures by State censorship and to the repeal of the existing law giving each municipality the right to regulate the motion-picture industry on Sunday.

Licensing of dealers in second-hand automobiles, proprietors of garages and all places where automobiles are stored and repaired and compelling them to make periodical report to the police were urged as an assistance to the police to apprehend automobile robbers.

Legislation which would confer upon the Public Service Commission the power to regulate rates irrespective of franchise restrictions will be opposed, it was said, while legislation will be urged empowering the Public Service Commission to suspend changes in rates for service of gas, electric and steam corporations pending a hearing.

WON'T EXAMINE SIMS.

Senate Coal Committee Excuses Him "At Present," but Calls Garfield.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Members of the special Senate committee investigating the bituminous coal situation conferred informally for several hours today with Dan W. Sims of Indiana, who resigned as special attorney in the prosecution of a number of coal operators and union miners on Federal conspiracy charges after he had disagreed with Attorney General Palmer over evidence to be submitted.

Senator Calder of New York, the Chairman of the committee, announced afterward that Mr. Sims would not be called "at present," but said arrangements had been made for Dr. Harry A. Garfield, former Federal Fuel Administrator, to meet the committee in executive session tomorrow.

Cornell Clubs Give Concert.

The Cornell University Glee, Banjo and Mandolin Clubs gave their annual concert and dance last evening in the grand ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria before an appreciative audience of about fifteen hundred. The net proceeds of the evening, as well as those from concerts to be given in nine cities of the East and Middle West, will be donated to the Cornell Endowment Fund Committee, which is engaged in a drive to raise funds to increase the salaries of the instructing staff of the university.

The Glee Club was at its best singing "A Song for Cornell," and R. W. Steel, '21, bass soloist for the club, was encored several times after his rendition of the Gipsy Love Song. The Mandolin Club, playing the 1920 Medley, arranged by George L. Coleman, '95, director of the club, displayed excellent technique. A novel feature of the concert was a marimbaphone trio composed of W. D. Ellis, '21; D. H. Gallagher, '21, and B. A. Reeves, '21.

Nevada Van der Veer Sings Carols.

Nevada Van der Veer, the contralto, oftener heard as a commanding figure in oratorio elsewhere, sang to a full Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon, her first formal recital in some time. Never a dramatic artist, she yet presented herself in varied mood pictures and outstanding lyric beauty. From a stage framed in green she began with 300-year-old Christmas carols and French "noels" tenderly, admirably sung. Then, with organ and piano played by Frederick Schlieder and C. A. Baker, she gave Schubert's "The Omnipotence" with opulent tone, adding later French and Russian groups, and in conclusion Tertius Noble's "Waiting," Strickland's "Morning on the Bayou" and his "Dreaming Time," newly dedicated to the singer.

Ballet at Neighborhood Playhouse.

There will be two benefit performances at the Neighborhood Playhouse, on Saturday and Sunday nights of this week, of "La Boutique Fantasque," a pantomime ballet, with music by Rossini, which was first presented at the Neighborhood last season. The performances will be in aid of the club and class work of Henry Street Settlement. Lily Lubell, who danced in the ballet last year and is now appearing in "Mecca," will return for the two performances by courtesy of Morris Gest.

A Correction.

In an account of the arrest of Frank Flanagan in connection with the hold-up in which David Saylor, a salesman, alleged that he was robbed of $80,000 worth of gems, it was said erroneously in this newspaper yesterday that Saylor was employed by the Provident Loan Society of 736 Seventh Avenue, and that they were the losers, whereas Saylor was employed by the Provident Diamond Company of 598 Seventh Avenue, to whom belonged the property of which he said he was robbed.

Do you want More Customers in New York?

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227 Fulton St., New York City
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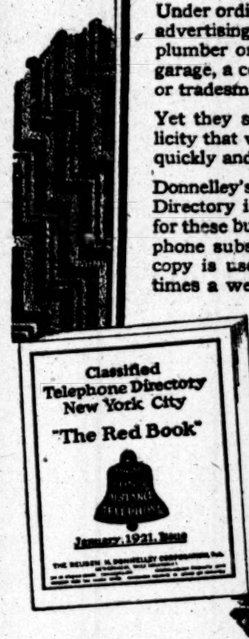

Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits

Pre-Inventory Sale reductions enables us to offer Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits, formerly selling up to $100, at the one price of $47.50. Better dress suits than these cannot be bought at any price—they are correct in every detail and are fashioned from the finest of fabrics.

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Now $47.50

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Our Only Store **119-125 Walker Street** New York City

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118 W. 57th St. and 109 to 121 W. 56th St.

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Besides a famous cuisine and an entertainment noted for its sparkle, supping at Shanley's now includes dancing on a floor of particular excellence
SUPPER—VAUDEVILLE—DANCING
UNTIL 1 A. M.
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Braised beef a la mode
Embree of chicken a la King
Broiled porkchop, sauce Robert
Mousseline potatoes
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That's a special occasion of its own kind—just one sitting and stay late. Both floors that night. The usual fun and jollity, and such a dinner as only Wenning's serves!—and fine Music and Singing—$5.00 per plate.
Make reservations early.
On New Year's Day and Sunday
it's different. That'll be like Thanksgiving and Christmas; namely, our fine
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will be served from noon to closing, both floors, at our usual $1.50. So many patrons delight in the homey cheeriness and atmosphere of our place. Take New Year's day or Sunday to come and get acquainted and enjoy an exceptional dinner.
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"THE QUALITY RESTAURANT"
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No Check Room—Good Music.

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85th St.—Broadway—86th St.
Tables Now Being Reserved for New Year's Eve at $5 Per Cover.
From 11 P. M.—Dancing, Favors.
Early Reservations of Tables Suggested.

SINN FEIN BOMB PLANT.

The Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday will reproduce a picture of a Dublin cellar the contents of which were a bomb plant belonging to the Sinn Fein, with lathes, molds and complete equipment for the manufacture of deadly missiles.—Advt.

TANKER EXPLOSION KILLS 1, HURTS 3

Blast in Dry Dock Hurls Beam Among Firemen Fighting Blaze on Another Ship.

WOMAN INJURED IN OFFICE

Building Shaken So Hard That She Is Thrown Down Stairs, Suffering Broken Leg.

TWO WORKMEN TO HOSPITAL

Both Blown Into Air, One Suffers Internal Injuries, the Other's Leg Is Fractured.

A city fireman was killed and two ship workers and a woman employe in the offices of a dry dock company were injured last evening in an explosion on the oil tanker Charles M. Everest, which was laid up for repairs in the Robins Dry Dock at the foot of Dwight Street, Brooklyn. Sparks from burners which were being used to loosen rivets on the boat are believed to have caused the explosion.

John Keupp, a fireman of Truck Company 101, which had been called to fight a slight fire in a ship near by, was standing on the dock with about twenty other firemen when the explosion occurred. A metal beam, weighing about 250 pounds, was thrown into the air and fell in the midst of the group. It struck Keupp on the head, fracturing his skull. The others escaped injury. Keupp was 29 years old and lived at 1,879 Stockholm Street, Brooklyn.

The injured are Joseph Dawe, a riveter, who is in Brooklyn Hospital with a fractured leg; Robert Rushford, a burner, who is in Holy Family Hospital with internal injuries, and Mrs. Elizabeth Ellsworth, a scrub woman employed in the offices of the Robins Dry Dock and Repair Company, who was taken home with a fractured leg.

The firemen had been called to a blaze on the West Wind, a vessel of the United States Shipping Board, which was at an adjoining dock. This was at 6:30. Keupp and the other firemen were cleaning up about the dock when the Everest explosion came at 6:55 without warning, throwing several heavy beams which were being used in the repair work high into the air. The noise of the blast could be heard for several miles.

Dawe and Rushford were the only two workers on the deck of the vessel. They were loosening rivets on the forward deck over a gas tank. The deck over the tank was shattered, throwing Dawes and Rushford into the air in a shower of splintered metal. The interior of the forward part of the vessel was wrecked. About a score of men who were making repairs to the sides of the vessel were uninjured.

Mrs. Ellsworth was working in the Robins offices, which were rocked by the explosion. She was thrown downstairs. Many windows in the building were broken.

Reserves from several police stations were sent to the Everest in the belief that many persons had been killed or injured. A fire alarm also was sent in. The firemen who were on the dock aided in clearing the wreckage and in searching for the injured.

Keupp had been a member of the Fire Department since 1910. Deputy Fire Commissioner Heffernan ordered the body removed to the company's quarters at Seabring and Van Brunt Streets.

SUBWAY NEAR STOP IN BROADWAY FIRE

Two Firemen Overcome in Loft Blaze Are Saved by Their Comrades.

Fire last night swept four floors of the seven-story loft building at 414 Broadway, spreading dense smoke through the neighborhood and threatening for a time to halt the Broadway subway, jammed at 6:30 o'clock with home-going traffic. Two firemen, overcome by chemicals, were unconscious for forty-five minutes following their rescue by comrades. Damage was placed at $250,000.

The first intimation of the blaze came when a passer-by saw a window glass crash to the sidewalk. He looked up and saw smoke coming from the fourth floor, occupied by Louis Diamond, shirt manufacturer, and notified Policeman Pienken of the Elizabeth Street Station.

The alarm brought a water tower, four engine companies and two hook and ladder companies, all in charge of Deputy Chief John Binns. The firemen found the flames eating their way to the fifth, sixth and seventh floors. Chief Binns ordered an unusually large number of streams turned on the blaze, and the falling water quickly made its appearance in the subway. The subway officials ordered emergency pumps into action. These were ineffective to stem the rising tide, which only diminished when the fire was under control.

The two firemen overcome were members of Rescue Squad No. 1, which reached the scene immediately after Chief Binns. Led by Lieutenant John Coffey, Firemen Paul Marron, William Hutchinson, Frank Varger and George Devine went up the fire escapes on the back of the building. When they reached the fourth floor the window sash were blown out by a back draught and the firemen were caught in a cloud of smoke and flame. The gust enveloped them before they had a chance to slip on their smoke helmets.

Despite the danger, Coffey and Marron, leading their comrades, slipped over the window ledge and into the burning loft. The two had scarcely gotten inside before they collapsed. A chemical somewhere in the burning lofts gave forth fumes which could not be withstood. Some of the fumes reached the men on the fire escape and set them coughing and sneezing, but they rushed in after their comrades.

Coffey was caught up and carried to the street, protesting that his rescuers should "forget me and get Marron." Hutchinson was groping through the smoky loft after the missing fireman. He reached him and rescued and rescuer got to the street just as Coffey lapsed into unconsciousness. Marron and Hutchinson both became insensible.

The unconscious men were carried to a store and surgeons from Volunteer Hospital were treating them when Fire Commissioner Thomas J. Drennan reached the scene. Hutchinson had recovered, but both Coffey and Marron were like dead men. In order that the firemen might get the benefit of specially made oxygen-producing apparatus which the Fire Department surgeon has invented, Commissioner Drennan sent for Dr. Harry Archer. The surgeon made the run from his home at West End Avenue and Eighty-second Street in eight minutes. Thirty minutes later he had brought the firemen back to consciousness.

Report Edstrom Coming Here As Minister From Sweden

STOCKHOLM, Dec. 29 (Associated Press).—The Foreign Office declined today to confirm or deny a rumor that J. Sigfrid Edstrom, President of the Swedish General Electric Company, would be appointed Swedish Minister to the United States. Mr. Edstrom's wife was Ruth Randall of Chicago.

Mr. Edstrom is head of the International Amateur Athletic Federation and was Vice President of the Swedish Olympic Committee in 1912. Last year he visited Washington to attend the International Labor Conference.

The post of Swedish Minister at Washington has been vacant since the death there last month of W. A. F. Ekengren.

SOCIALISTS IN FRANCE SPLIT OVER SOVIET

Communist Majority Votes Absolute Affiliation With Lenin's Internationale.

TOURS, France, Dec. 29 (Associated Press).—The French Socialist Party tonight by a large majority voted in favor of absolute affiliation with the Moscow Internationale. The result was to split the party into what may prove three sections.

A motion by the Left wing to join the Third Internationale absolutely received 3,208 votes, while another motion, introduced by Deputy Jean Longuet of the Centrist section, requesting the congress to state unequivocally whether it would recognize the barring of Longuet and his followers from the Internationale, received 1,022 votes. There were 397 abstentions from voting.

The three wings met separately late today in an effort to reach an understanding to prevent a split before the full session tonight.

While the Left Centre and Right groups sought earnestly in individual meetings for a common ground for unity, it was currently stated in all sections that few expected anything except the division which has occurred.

The Communist majority, it was said, offered to inform Moscow that it considered the message sent by G. S. Zinovieff, Bolshevist Governor of Petrograd, in the name of the Moscow Executive Committee, barring the Centre wing from the Internationale, was too harsh, and that the Right and Centre sections demanded repudiation.

TAFT REACHES BERMUDA.

Officials Greet Him and Wife—They Will Stay Two Months.

HAMILTON, Bermuda, Dec. 29.—William H. Taft and Mrs. Taft arrived here today.

They were greeted on the steamer Fort Victoria by the Governor, the American Consul and a committee of Americans. Mr. and Mrs. Taft will remain in Bermuda two months.

DENIES MONOPOLY CHARGE.

United Shoe Machinery Company Files Brief in Government Suit.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Use of "tying clauses" in leases under which its machines are rented has proved a real benefit to customers rather than a hindrance, the United Shoe Machinery Company declares in a brief filed today with the Supreme Court in preparation for the hearing of the suit brought against it by the Government under the Clayton act. Arguments in the case probably will be submitted on Monday.

Denying the Government's allegation that it constitutes a monopoly, the company declared that the shoe machinery market was entirely open to every manufacturer who desired to enter the business. Footwear producers who testified for the Government, it was charged, include many who "are or have been financially interested in starting a competing shoe machinery company."

TWO HOTELS LOWER RATES.

But Reductions in Kansas City Apply to Only a Few Rooms.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 29.—A room with bath may be had again for $2.50 at the Hotels Baltimore and Muehlebach. Joseph Reichl, general manager of the two hotels, said today that the $2.50 rooms with bath were few in number and were formerly $3.

"Room rates for hotels do not face immediate reduction here," Mr. Reichl explained. "The utilities here prevent a reduction that would be justified otherwise. Two years ago it cost a little more than $2,000 a month to heat each hotel. Now our heating bills amount to $7,500 a month."

Other rooms remain at the same scale as before.

SUICIDE THEORY GAINS.

McGuinness Said to Have Been Despondent Over Loss in Rank.

It was learned yesterday that some Government agents have accepted the suicide theory in the death of James F. McGuinness, squad chief on the staff of Federal Supervising Prohibition Agent Daniel J. Chapin.

As a motive, the agents who knew McGuinness intimately, say that he was disappointed because of his demotion from chief of field agents to squad leader for lower Manhattan. His salary was said to have been reduced from $3,600 to $2,600 a year.

MME. GANNA WALSKA SAILS.

Mrs. Alexander S. Cochran and Husband Leave on Olympic.

Mrs. Alexander Smith Cochran (Mme. Ganna Walska) sailed yesterday on the Olympic with her husband for London, where they will spend four days and then go to Paris and later to Pau. The singer was much annoyed because she could not take her Polish maid to London, the British Consul refusing to visé the passport. He explained that Poles are not allowed to go as visitors to England. They can go on business only, and have to produce proofs to that effect. Mrs. Cochran had to be content to send her maid on from Cherbourg to Paris, to wait her there.

Galli-Curci to Wed Jan. 15.

MINNEAPOLIS, Dec. 29.—Mme. Galli-Curci, the grand opera singer and Homer Samuels, her accompanist, will be married at the home of the latter's parents in St. Louis Park, a suburb of Minneapolis, on Jan. 15, according to announcement by C. J. Samuels, father of the bridegroom-to-be.

Premiers to Meet in London or Paris

PARIS, Dec. 29.—Because of the labor situation in England, which makes necessary the presence of Prime Minister Lloyd George in London, the next conference of the allied Premiers will take place in London or Paris and not at Nice, it is said by newspapers here today.

MR. PUNCH CAUSTIC ABOUT THIS COUNTRY

Declares "Rotten" Conditions Here Threaten to Make Us a Laughing Stock.

RIDICULES HELP TO IRISH

Thinks Melting Pot Does Not Melt, but Adds That He Can't Help Loving Us.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—Punch dedicates the epilogue of its one hundred and fifty-ninth volume to "a candid appreciation of the United States."

The epilogue takes the form of an interview which Mr. Punch supposes himself to give to an American reporter as the liner on which he is approaching New York goes up the bay. He answers the question, "What do you think of the American Nation?" by saying:

"Well, I think a good deal about it, and it nearly always makes me smile. Of course, you won't understand why. It nearly always makes me smile because we don't see fun in the same things. You don't appreciate our humor, and therefore you say that we haven't any, and if we don't appreciate your humor that proves again that we haven't any. So you will never understand why it makes me smile, sometimes gently and sometimes rather bitterly, to think about your nation, but I'll tell you just the same.

"In the first place, what you call America is only a small fraction of the American Continent, not even as large as British North America, and in the second place what you call your nation—well, some rude person once said of it that it is not really a nation at all, but just a picnic. I won't go so far as that, but I hardly suppose you will be much better pleased if I call it a league of nations. That is a phrase that you know, because your President, Wilson, loves it.

The Sensitiveness to Outside Criticism.

"By the way, I must be very careful how I speak of your President, because you are so sensitive on that subject. You allow yourselves to advise him as the head of a political party, but if other nations so much as question his omniscience he suddenly becomes the head of a sovereign State. An English Cabinet Minister once told me how an American gave vent in conversation to the most violent language in regard to the policy of the President of the day, and when at the end the Englishman very quietly said, 'I am inclined to agree with you,' the American turned on him in fury, saying: 'Sir, I did not come here to have my country insulted.'

"However, to return to your League of Nations. In England, where I come from, they are just now reviving a play by Israel Zangwill in which, if I recall it rightly, he makes out your country to be a melting pot into which every sort of fancy alien type is thrown and turned out as a pattern of the American citizen, a member of a united family. I wish I could believe it. It seems to us that your German, even after passing through the melting pot, remains a German, and that your Irishman, however much he Americanizes himself for purposes of political power and graft, remains an Irishman.

"You never seem to get together as a nation except when you go to war, and even then you do not keep it up, for you are not together now, although you are still at war with Germany. The fact of the time you seem to spend in having elections and placating (I think that is what you call it) the German interest or the negro interest or the Sinn Fein interest.

Sees "Pathetic" Attitude on Ireland.

"And this brings me to a point that makes me smile most of all when it does not make me weep. Isn't it a pathetic thing that a really great and strong people like you should be so weak and little as to let your press sympathize gallantly with the campaign of murder in Ireland, to suffer that campaign to be actively assisted by American gunmen, to look on while it is being financed by American money, here employed in conjunction with the resources of that very Bolshevism which you take care to treat as criminal in your own country? Isn't it pitiful that you should regard reprisals as hateful though they may be no worse than the hideous murders which provoked them, forgetting your own addiction to lynch law, forgetting, too, as some of our own people forget, that the sanctity of the law depends as much upon the good-will and assistance of the populace as it does upon the police, and cannot else be maintained?

"Indeed, your memory is not very good. Your Monroe Doctrine, which insists that nobody from outside shall interfere with your affairs, escapes you whenever you want to interfere with other peoples. You even forget at convenient times your own civil war. Just as there was not a protest made by you against the methods of our blockade of Germany for which an answer could not be found in some precedent set by you in that war of the North and the South, so now the best answer to your sympathy with the preposterous claims of the Irish Republic is to be found in those four years in which you fought so bloodily to preserve the integrity of your own Union.

"Yet you let men like de Valera go at large proclaiming the brutal tyranny of the alien Saxon and advertising his country as a sovereign State all because you have to placate the Irish interest. I should very much like to hear what you would think of us if at our elections we ran an anti-you campaign and even made an intervention plank in our platform, as one of your parties did, for the sake of placating the niggers or Cubans or Filipinos or any other sort of dago in our midst.

Fears We May Be Laughing Stock.

"Of course, we are told and, of course, I believe it, that the best American sentiment is all right. But, if so, it must be cherished by a very select few or they would never tolerate a condition of things so rotten that unless your coming President finds some cure for it you are likely to become the laughing stock of Europe. I am almost tempted to go into the melting pot myself and show you as none but an American citizen would ever be allowed to show you how it is to be done. Unfortunately, I am too busy elsewhere putting my own country right."

Mr. Punch concludes by hoping that "in my desire to be genial I have not been too flattering. No true friend ever flatters, and in my heart, which has some of our common blood in it, notoriously thicker than water, I cannot help loving your country, and would love it better still if only it gave me a better chance. Indeed, I belong at home to a society for the promotion of Anglo-American friendship. More than that (and here the sage was seen to probe into a voluminous and bulging breast pocket), I have brought with me a token of affection designed to stimulate mutual cordiality."

"Not a flask of whisky," exclaimed the representative of the democratic elevator, suddenly moved to animation.

"No, not that, not that, my child," said Mr. Punch, "but something far, far better for you, something that gives you, among other less serious matters, a record of the way in which we in England, with private troubles of our own no easier than yours to bear and exhausted with twice as many years of sacrifice in the war of liberty, whose colossal effigy I have just had the pleasure to remark, still try to play an honorable part in that society of nations from which you have apparently resolved for your better ease and comfort to cut yourselves off. Be good enough to accept, in the spirit of benevolence in which I offer it, this copy of my 150th volume."

Say Body of Daughter of Czar Is Recovered; Remains of Olga Reported on Way to Greece

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

MANILA, Dec. 29.—The body of the Grand Duchess Olga, one of the slain daughters of Czar Nicholas II., passed through Hongkong this week aboard the Peninsular & Oriental liner Devahna en route to Athens for burial, according to trustworthy information reaching Manila today. The body of the Grand Duchess's maid was also said to be on board the ship.

It is reported that the bodies were disinterred from a mine shaft at Ekaterinburg and smuggled from Russia to Shanghai. A passenger on the Devahna said the coffins were carried on the ship's bridge, guarded by a detachment of loyalist Russian troops and several priests of the Greek Orthodox Church.

The bodies were to be transferred from the Devahna at Colombo to the steamer Caledonia and transshipped at Port Said for Athens, the informant said.

According to the investigations conducted by officials of the Omsk Government at Ekaterinburg following the occupation of that place by the Czechs, in fear of whose coming Yurovsky and Golashchekin, the Red Commissionars, gave orders for the execution of the imperial family and their attendants, on July 17, 1918, the bodies were taken from the Ipatiev house, where the order was carried out, and buried near the railway station.

On the night of July 18 they were taken to the mine shaft mentioned in the Manila dispatch, and there probably destroyed. The investigators of the shaft found parts of limbs, burned clothing and some pieces of jewelry. Similar relics were found in the neighborhood during the succeeding weeks, some of which were identified and some of which were not. The Red flag now flies from the Ipatiev house, and recent visitors to Ekaterinburg have found no further evidence.

Coffins passing through the Far East have set going rumors similar to the story given in the Manila dispatch, but usually without its details.

FRENCH AGAIN TALK OF OCCUPYING RUHR

Say Germany Seeks to Play Reparations Against the Allied Order to Disarm.

BERLIN ANSWERS NOLLET

Couples Threat With Denial of Charge That Spa Agreement Has Not Been Fulfilled.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 29.—Once more the French are talking about occupying the Ruhr Basin. More than anything else this is probably a play for position in the discussion of reparations which reopens in Brussels on Jan. 10, and is a threat made to conteract the German threat that if the French do not treat them better they will take back all the nice promises they came near making at Brussels two weeks ago.

In the agreements made at Spa last July there were various clauses relating to disarmament setting forth that although the Germans must disband their army down to 100,000 men by Jan. 1, they would be allowed up to 150,000 as citizen police before the danger of Bolshevism, which, incidentally, looked more real at that time than it does now. All militia, national police and other military or semi-military organizations in Germany were to be down to this size by the first of January.

It was also provided at Spa and agreed to by the Germans that, in case the disarmament clauses—as well as the coal clause—were not fulfilled by the first of the year, the Allies would have the right to occupy further German territory, this meaning the Ruhr Valley.

Last week General Nollet, head of the Interallied Mission of Control in Germany, reported to the Committee of Ambassadors charged with the execution of the Versailles treaty that the Germans had not fulfilled the military clauses of the Spa arrangement, because not only was the citizen police in excess of the number provided, but that the Einwohnerwehr in East Prussia and Bavaria had not been disbanded, as the militia had been in the rest of Germany.

Before mailed it to Paris General Nollet had formally notified the German Government that it had not lived up to its promises. This was all that was necessary technically to entitle the Allies to occupy the Ruhr. While the Ambassadors did not send any formal note to Germany, but passed the matter along to the Premiers, they did instruct Marshal Foch to draw up a report on the whole question of German disarmament.

Whenever Foch is called on by the Allies, the Germans get worried. So today the committee of Ambassadors received from the German Government a note denying General Nollet's conclusion and contending that they had lived up to the Spa agreement and had done nothing to lay themselves open to the danger of occupation of the Ruhr.

The note contained the same statements as were made verbally in Berlin yesterday by officials of the German Government to the Ambassadors of France, England and Italy, when it was intimated that if the French persisted in their attitude it would be difficult for the Germans to continue to exhibit good humor in the Brussels negotiations.

Pertinax, in the Echo de Paris, says that the situation reveals the German reparation policy.

"Germany intends to pay us only in exchange for liberties we permit her to take with the rest of the treaty, in exchange for the restoration of her military power," he says.

The Temps tonight says:

"We should understand one thing. If the Allies lend themselves to the game of these incorrigible saboteurs, who play reparations against disarmament, they will deliver Europe to ruin and war to ruin because Europe cannot re-establish herself unless the devastated regions are repaired, and to war because if the German reactionaries once get back their power they will use it only for revenge."

The Journal de Débats says the Germans are playing a game of bluff which France ought to call.

ANDEAN SHOCKS CONTINUE.

Two More in Argentine Earthquake Area Do Little Damage.

BUENOS AIRES, Dec. 29.—The frequent recurrence of earth shocks in the Mendoza district is keeping the population much alarmed. A violent shock was felt in Mendoza City at 1:55 o'clock Tuesday morning. It lasted six seconds, and another tremor occurred at 3:56 o'clock. Little damage was caused and no casualties have been reported.

More than four hundred persons were estimated to have been killed or injured in the earthquake which occurred in the Mendoza region of Argentina on Dec. 17. Wide stretches of territory were flooded with water, which gushed from crevices opened by the earthquake shocks, and great material damage was done.

Next Monday

The Annual Review of The Annalist, January 3, 1921, will contain three important charts:

Stock Exchange averages for the last nine years—1912 to 1920.

Bond Chart, 1912 to 1920.

Chart of the food cost of living, 1914 to 1920.

This special issue will also publish the complete record of stock market transactions for 1920.

Annual Review of The Annalist

Next Monday, January 3

Published by The New York Times Co.

Order in advance from your newsdealer.

FRANCE CONFIDENT ON EVE OF NEW YEAR

Nation's Spirits Raised by Unusually Good Crops and an Abundant Coal Supply.

RUINED AREAS RECOVERING

But Many Grave Foreign Questions and Domestic Complications Still Cause Anxiety.

PARIS, Dec. 29 (Associated Press).—While the French people have their worries, yet they will begin the new year immensely more confident than they began 1920, because of extraordinarily good crops, progress in restoring the ruined departments of the north, a plentiful supply of coal and the prospect a year hence of having the period of military service reduced from three years to eighteen months.

Two foreign questions are likely to give constant concern to the Government throughout the coming year. They are the payment of reparations and the war with the Turkish Nationalists over the Syrian and Cilician mandates. Then, also, there are the large general questions of the future of the Versailles Peace Treaty, the League of Nations and the many issues growing out of the Peace Conference, in all of which France has a very deep concern in what the coming year may bring forth.

The German attitude at the Brussels conference, which will be resumed Jan. 10, gives rise to the expectation that an agreement on reparations is possible early in the Spring fixing the total sum and the manner of payment.

There will be a period of anxiety after the decision until it can be seen whether Germany will pay the instalments agreed upon. It probably will take a year or more to determine this, consequently the French army will be maintained near its present strength of 840,000, of which 700,000 are whites and the other Colonials.

France's Turkish mandates will be discussed by the French, British and Italian Prime Ministers as a part of the whole Near East question at a meeting early in January. France now has about 70,000 troops in Turkey.

The advance France has made in reconstruction, her wheat crop, which reduces buying abroad by 2,000,000,000 francs, and the continued confidence of French investors, as shown by the unprecedented success of the last loan, are considered a guarantee of greater optimism concerning the financial and economic situation than is held at present.

The struggle over the high cost of living receives a large share of public attention. Resistance of merchants and manufacturers to consumers' demands for lower prices has resulted in something like a deadlock. The buyers abstain from making purchases because they feel that war prices should no longer be asked. The merchants, habituated to big profits, refuse to reduce them. Consequently prices remain high and buyers are scarce. Meantime the banks are impatient under repeated demands from large holders of merchandise for renewal of their securities.

The new year opens with unemployment increasing daily. It has been causing much concern to the Government since October and now has reached a volume which officials agree calls for immediate effective remedies. Three hundred thousand workers now are idle in France, nearly a hundred thousand of whom are in Paris, according to figures announced by the Minister of Public Works.

TO RESTORE RIVER SHIPPING.

W. D. Hines, as Arbitrator, Drafts Rules for Selecting German Boats.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 29.—During the war the Germans were responsible for the destruction and loss of about 900,000 tons of river shipping, of some 30,000 horsepower, and rules for restoring this amount under the peace treaty have just been drawn up by Walker D. Hines, the arbitrator designated by the United States for the task.

The treaty provides that Germany shall cede to the Reparations Commission not exceeding 20 per cent. of her river fleet to make good the loss, but the actual amount due, mainly to France and Belgium, falls considerably short of 20 per cent. of the total German river fleet at the time of the armistice.

Mr. Hines has laid down general rules for the selection of boats and other appliances to be ceded, and provided that lists shall be prepared by his representative, acting with the advice of two representatives of the Reparations Commission, one representative each of the allied powers interested, and three from Germany.

The lists will be open to objection by the Reparations Commission and by the German Government, and upon final approval by the arbitrator the Reparations Commission will inspect the boats and arrange for their delivery.

MONTEVIDEO TAKES COLBY TO ITS ARMS

Agreement on Monroe Doctrine Theme of Speeches by Officials and Secretary.

BRUM PRAISES OUR NATION

Uruguayan Senate Accords to Secretary Honor of First Non-Member to Speak on Floor.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MONTEVIDEO, Dec. 29.—Uruguay is a second America. The people are like ours and have the same aspirations and political aims. Here is complete appreciation of America and an understanding of American aims. The President and people are sympathetic with America, consequently the party of Secretary of State Colby has had the most enthusiastic reception given at any place during the trip. The Minister of Foreign Affairs gave a dinner last night at which enthusiasm for America surpassed anything seen at any time or place since leaving America.

The Minister delivered an address which was inspired not by any desire to throw bouquets at the mission, but was meant as a true expression of admiration for America and a desire to cooperate with her in the idealist doctrines of President Wilson. Excerpts from the Minister's speech follow:

"Excellency: The American continent, new to civilization, brought with it a new civilization also. It held out the hope of gold when mankind believed gold was the only basis of the greatness of nations. It held out the hope of liberty in those days in which the inhabitants of the Old World were weary of persecution and merciless struggle and sought for a wider horizon, a more tranquil life and honest labor and endeavor. In our own days, during the great war, it was again to support right and democracy. The decisive factor in this war was America's material power. America's moral force was a more decisive factor still. There came a moment in which America became the jury whose verdict the fighting nations anxiously awaited."

Honored by Congress.

Congress held a joint session today in honor of the Secretary, the first nonmember to speak on its floor, in which addresses in Spanish were made showing the warm friendship of Uruguay for America. Senator Mendivil, Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, gave as his conception of the Monroe Doctrine that it did not involve any right on the part of the United States to compromise or dominate the independent sovereignty of any South American State, but that it meant that America as a body, would resent any attempt on the part of a foreign power to attack the sovereignty of any of its peoples, that this solidarity should be a mutual protection, and that this conception inspired Uruguay to break with Germany when America did. Secretary Colby replied. Mendivil had expressed the deep truth about the Monroe Doctrine.

Uruguay is a country of unlimited opportunity. She must perforce buy large quantities of merchandise. She prefers America. The stand for liberty of President Wilson has made a mighty impression, and the visit of Mr. Colby has added to this favorable impression. If America would only take advantage of the receptive attitude, it could secure the trade and everlasting friendship of the Uruguayans. South America is prepared to meet the United States more than half way in establishing amicable political and trade relations if we will show a disposition to recognize her people as equals in the international political situation. They are a proud people, and there is a tendency to resent an assumed superiority of America as a protector. This sentiment runs through every address of welcome heard. As President Brum expressed it, Uruguay believes in the Monroe Doctrine, as a cardinal principle with her people, but she wants it to be for reciprocal protection and is willing to do her full share in enforcement of the Doctrine.

In his address at the dinner given for Secretary Colby he said:

"Mr. Secretary of State, the people and Government of Uruguay thank you immensely for the visit with which his Excellency, President Wilson, has deigned to honor us. It constitutes for us a most remarkable and flattering event, not only for the eminent authority which you represent, but it is of high significance, inasmuch as it demonstrates the loving sympathy which today, yesterday and forever binds our countries. I shall forever keep in my memory the visit which I had the honor to pay to the United States and to President Wilson in 1918, which afforded me the special privilege of divining in one of the highest minds of history the soul of President Wilson. I can assure you, Mr. Minister, that the magnificent light which I then beheld in all the regions of your immense territory never will be surpassed. I saw all the political forces moving toward the same end, victory; all the women whose Athenian elegance of mind disguised their Spartan self-denial, placing their full love in only one ideal, victory; every man contributing his blood, talent, will or wealth to the conquest of the same ideal, victory; every factory, institution, schoolroom, every centre, moved by the same will to be victorious.

Called Messenger of Peace.

"But I could appreciate and feel something besides, something which gives to that work a characteristic grandeur. Standing boldly out of this was a unanimous feeling that all that powerful energy was not moved for the sake of avenging a direct or personal offense, nor to obtain material advantages, nor to extend further boundaries of the homeland, but to avenge humanity of great offenses, to establish among nations the supremacy of justice for and of, as Mr. Wilson would say, our sons and the sons of all men in the world, that they may live free and peacefully; and it is this which has raised your country to the highest degree, which has made it great because of the strength of its idealism, which has made it sacred as the bulwark of the noblest international principles, which has bound it more to its brothers of America who, like it, have grown and breathe the same impulse for liberty and who have considered its glory as their own glory, as a reflex of the great Columbian country.

"You are not to be surprised, then, that all our America may receive your visit with extraordinary satisfaction and exert itself by amply showing its sympathy, and can less surprise you of such feeling and attitude in dealing with Uruguay which, even from the dawn of its independence, was well understood by you when you honored our national hero, Artigas, exalting his radiant personality amid hostile passion and legend, Uruguay which you have always treated with affectionate consideration and to whose progress and ideals you have always paid justice, lending to it very often your moral support.

"You are the messenger of peace and fraternity from the great American nation. You are the representative of President Wilson, great democrat, eminent idealist, who has instilled into the world his actual bearings toward definite work for international justice. You yourself are a strong exponent of the moral standard and of the virtue of your people. You are here, then, as the honored guest of my country. In your honor, Mr. Minister, I lift my glass."

Mr. Colby's Reply.

In reply Mr. Colby said:

"Mr President, I am deeply touched by your generous words of welcome. My reception, from the moment my ship dropped anchor in your beautiful harbor, has been marked by a cordiality which surpasses even the expectations aroused by the great name of the Uruguayan people for a hospitality that is unique and overflowing. I come to Uruguay on a very definite mission.

American Steamer Lost On One of the Azores

LONDON, Dec. 29.—The American steamer Lakeside Bridge is a wreck in Pico Island, one of the Azores group, according to a dispatch to Lloyds from Horta. The crew of the vessel has been saved. The Lakeside Bridge lost her propeller in a heavy gale and drifted ashore, and, according to the dispatch, will be a total loss.

The Lakeside Bridge a steamer of 2,174 tons net, commanded by Captain Woodward, sailed from Bremen Dec. 17 for Galveston.

When, two years ago, by the happiest of inspirations, you decided to visit the United States, I question whether you quite realized how fruitful in good results and lasting and beneficent in memory your coming was to prove. Upon every one you met everywhere you went you produced a deep impression.

"Your enlightened interest in our institutions, both social and political, your penetrating, friendly observation of our commercial and industrial activities, your obvious faith in democratic principles, your robust confidence in their ultimate triumph over all problems and recessions, not only won our hearts but gave the people of the United States a quickening sense of the intelligent and sympathetic comprehension on the part of a great sister republic.

"No one was more impressed by the effects of your visit than the illustrious man who, for nearly eight years, has guided the destinies of my country as its President. He often expressed a desire to return your visit in person, so that he might show in a most signal manner his appreciation of it, but this expectation was not to be gratified. His illness, which I think it no exaggeration to say the whole world laments, compels him to have recourse to a deputy. It is in that high capacity that I have the honor to visit you.

"Your country for its virile, amiable qualities; your people for their martial history, for the modern spirit of success with which they have brought the rich resources of this highly favored land to the service of mankind, are known and admired in the United States. The preoccupations of material development and success, however, have not been permitted to absorb the energies of your nation to the exclusion or even the neglect of the higher things of life, and the fame of Uruguayan science, art, education and philanthropy is world wide.

"I come from the great republic of the North, bearing a message of congratulation upon your national success and the true greatness which your country has achieved. Right well have you vindicated the hopes of democracy and the principles of self-government to which the Western Hemisphere is dedicated. You have alluded, Mr. President, in moving terms, to the impressions you received of my country on the occasion of your memorable visit. The great war, from the effects of which the world will not soon recover, was at its height, and the crisis my countrymen do not forget. Uruguay was quick to discern the significance of that tragic struggle and to make her full weight felt on the side of liberty. How could it be otherwise with the country of Artigas and with a people who cherish the heroic traditions of liberators?

"Not for many a day will autocracy again assail the principles of civil liberty upon which the institutions of our Western continents are founded. The solidarity of the Americas in their devotion to freedom and their hatred of aggression aimed at nations' independence will not again be unheeded. In this connection may I remark that I cannot understand how there can be any misconception, even the slightest of the far-sighted, unselfish, fraternal policy of the Monroe Doctrine, in the light of its century of useful service, not to this hemisphere alone, but to the whole world. It must be remembered that no countries have so fully, so profitably participated in the fruitage of stable government, of unmolested, national independence and law-abiding liberty in South America as have the nations of Europe, to whom the declarations contained in the Monroe Doctrine were primarily intended to apply.

"I have heard this venerable doctrine strangely distorted and variously characterized. The author of that somewhat discredited German policy of 'blood and iron' called it an international impertinence and a later critic has declared it to be an anachronism that it should receive universal approval.

"That was probably too much to expect. That it is universally respected is doubtless enough, and what was it, originally, and what has it ever been, but the solemn affirmation by the United States of its belief in the capacity for self-government of each of the peoples of the Western Hemisphere and an equally solemn engagement to safeguard them to the extent of its power against interference from any quarter while forging ahead through the trials and vicissitudes which lie in the pathway of every nascent State?

"With brilliance and splendor the republics of the Americas have, one by one, emerged from their earlier period of struggle and taken their sure position as self-competent powers. Their evolution has been not only rapid but sound and symmetrical. In every aspect of their rounded national life they challenge comparison with the most advanced and enlightened States of the world, and thus the old doctrine of the inviolability of republican institutions in the Western continent speaks with ever-swelling note throughout the world as nation after nation has outgrown the need of its protection and become, with full equality, a participant in its maintenance and assertion.

"But I have not come to Uruguay to expound new theories nor restate old doctrines. My mission solely is that of a friendly, admiring and deeply appreciative visitor. The histories of our respective countries present no contrasts. They are strewn with analogies. We serve the same principles. We pursue the same aims. The same truth guides our steps in paths of peace and national honor. We know each other. We are friends. May this always continue to be so, to our great mutual benefit and enduring happiness. It is in this spirit, Mr. President, that I salute you, and through you the free, progressive nation which has called you to your exalted office. Receive, pray, the assurance I bring of respect and abiding friendship which is felt by the United States of America for you and your country."

MAGYAR INVASION FAILS.

Czechs Take Strong Measures to Foil an Attack on Pressburg.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Dec. 29.—According to reports reaching here from Prague, bands of Hungarian troops intended making an attempt today to capture Pressburg, the Czechoslovakian port on the Danube. Pressburg was formerly a Hungarian city and its loss to Czechoslovakia is one of the standing grievances of Hungary against the new republic.

The attack was to be carried out by troops under command of Lieutenant Hejjas, one of the most notorious terrorist officers in Budapest; but apparently the plans were discovered in time by the Czechoslovakian Government, and preparations made. All important points guarding the city were occupied and the approaches to the city wired.

Travelers arriving here today from Czechoslovakia report that extensive military movements are taking place, according to reports in Prague.

PROPERTY LEFT TO YALE.

If That University Does Not Accept Conditions It Goes to Columbia.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIDGEPORT, Dec. 29.—Yale University will receive a large share of the estate of Robert Judson, a native of this city and for a number of years a resident of New York, according to the terms of his will which was filed in the Probate Court here today. The estate is estimated at considerably over $1,000,000. Mr. Judson died at New Canaan, last week.

In the event that Yale does not agree to conditions imposed by the will, the share of the estate designated for use in erecting college buildings, is to go to Columbia University.

DISCUSSING HUGHES AND TAFT FOR BENCH

Washington Sees Chance of Both Being Named for Supreme Court.

TWO VACANCIES EXPECTED

Gossip Is Prevalent Despite the Intimations That Hughes Will Enter Cabinet.

SENATORS PREFER D. J. HILL

Knox Wants to Stay In Senate—He Starts for Marion for an Important Conference.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Associate Justice Joseph McKenna, who has been a member of the Supreme Court since 1898 and is now 77 years old, is credited with an intention to retire soon after President-elect Harding assumes office. Chief Justice Edward Douglass White, also eligible for retirement, having served on the court since 1894 and being 75 years old, is likewise said to contemplate retiring next year.

The Chief Justice is a Democrat, appointed as Associate Justice by Cleveland while a Senator from Louisiana, and promoted to be Chief Justice by Taft. Justice McKenna, a Republican, was Attorney General in McKinley's Cabinet when nominated for the Supreme bench.

Around the expectation that these members of the Supreme Court will retire centres some speculation concerning Harding's Cabinet. There is a widespread view that Mr. Harding will offer to appoint former Justice Hughes to the first vacancy in the court with the intention of promoting him to the Chief Justiceship in the event of White's retirement. At the same time it is well understood in Washington that Mr. Hughes is under serious consideration for appointment as Secretary of State, much to the distress of some prominent Republican Senators, who fear that the harmonious relations they hope to maintain with the State Department from 1921 to 1925 will not be realized.

There has been much talk also of ex-President Taft for the Supreme bench and the post of Chief Justice, Since Mr. Taft appointed White Chief Justice there is a feeling in some circles that Mr.

'BEGGAR'S OPERA' IS TUNEFUL AS OF OLD

Work Last Sung Here 50 Years Ago Revived by English Company at the Greenwich.

A CHARMING PRODUCTION

Songs of Time of George II. and Sardonic Cynicism of Lines and Situations Amuse.

By RICHARD ALDRICH.

THE BEGGAR'S OPERA, English ballad opera in three acts and six scenes, book by John Gay, revised for brevity by Arnold Bennett; music from songs of the period (1728), then arranged by Dr. Pepusch, now rearranged and supplemented by Frederic Austin. At the Greenwich Village Theatre.

Peachum.....Arthur Wynn
Lockit.....Charles Macgrath
Macheath.....Percy Heming
Filch.....Alfred Heather
The Beggar.....William Eville
Drawer.....O. C. Lewis
Mrs. Peachum.....Lena Maitland
Polly Peachum.....Sylvia Nells
Lucy Lockit.....Dora Rossill
Jenny Diver.....Nonny Lock
Diana Trapes.....Edith Bartlett
Highwaymen of Macbeth's Gang—Charles Tobin, Edward Ciannelli, James Wolff, Walton Massafee, Mario Carboni, S. Rossmussen.
Women of the Town—Meg Mollers, Clytie Hine, Gladies Johnson, Julie Meo, Vera Hurst, Enid Lindsay.
Conductor—John Mundy.

After fifty years' absence, "The Beggar's Opera" was restored last evening to the New York stage, on which, for well over a century and a quarter, it had been one of the entertainments of the town. Th performanc at the Greenwich Village Theatre was given by the English company that for six months or so had been giving the opera in London, although there were some new singers among the principals.

The production is a charming one, and the audience began to find it so after wondering coolly through the first act at the remarkable differences it presented from comic opera as it is at present understood on Broadway. It caught up well in the second, and began to find the tunes and the dances well worth listening to and encoring, and the sardonic cynicism of the lines and the situations something that could be enjoyed. "Comic" in the modern sense it is not. The satirical intention, the ironical allusions to the manners and customs of the court of George II. are still pointed enough to be applicable in George V.'s time, and to be found amusing; though the thrusts at Sir Robert Walpole are today more elusive, and the burlesque of the Italian opera of Handel's time does not go far enough to make an impression today, even on those ready to receive one.

The story itself is one that can still hold together and move forward with a topsy-turvy consistency that some have found Gilbertian or the original source of the Gilbertian method. The erring daughter, Polly, desolates her angry father and her anguished mother by her love affair—but it is because she has married that they are angry and anguished. The gallant highwayman, Macheath, amorous of the whole sex, is a little embarrassed by the constancy and devotion to which he subjected by Polly, who will have no part in her parents' plan to betray him and refuses to accept "the comfortable Estate of Widowhood as the only hope that keeps up a Wife's Spirits." The fool, as Mrs. Perdrum, her mother, remarks, in love in earnest—"a shame to thy very sex." In his Newgate tavern Macheath gets a little relief, calling for all the ladies" to be sent for: they are all extremely affectionate and betray him promptly to the constables.

In Newgate prison Lockit the turnkey's daughter, Lucy, is quite as foolish about him as Polly and he quite debonairly speaks of himself to her as her husband—"in every respect but the form"—and finds it extremely awkward that Polly comes to comfort him in his duress, an awkwardness expressed in the most celebrated lines of his opera:

"How happy could I be with either
Were t'other dear Charmer away!"

But Macheath persuades the jealous turnkey's daughter to steal the key and let him out. His freedom is short; he is recaptured and led to execution. But the public's taste for a happy ending was as strong in 1728 as it is today and the reprieve is brought just in time.

Gay hummed the tunes he wanted used to Dr. Pepusch, who set them to the lyrics. They are scattered plentifully through the scenes without too much regard to the demands of the situation or to contrasts in their moods; but they are delightful tunes. And though the folk-song specialists may complain of their sophistication by the London townsmen, who used them, they may well point with pride to their vitality as folk tunes, for they are as fresh today as they were when they first delighted the town. It took some time for them to make their way, but when they had done so the audience wanted them repeated, and some of them twice.

They have been skilfully treated by Frederic Austin without in the least losing their character or the semi-archaic touch which gives them so much of their charm. The accompaniments have been arranged for a small orchestra of strings, oboe and flute, and what the program spoke of optimistically as a "harpsichord," but which was in reality an upright piano modified to suggest the harpsichord tone. It serves well enough but it might well have been much more in evidence than it was—for the harpsichord was an invariable member of the orchestra of the period and its fundamental basis. The bare indications of the harmony in the original have been developed with admirable taste and musicianship into a fabric of figuration that adds much to the atmosphere and the insinuating grace of the music. It would add considerably more if the orchestra did not fumble so helplessly with its part.

These lyrics are mostly solos, but there are some duets. Some of them have been skilfully transformed into choruses, as the march from Handel's opera of "Rinaldo," to which the members of Macheath's gang of highwaymen go forth singing:

"Let us take the road.
Hark, I hear the sound of coaches!"

This air was very familiar at the time and doubtless added to the spirit of parody in the minds of the first audiences. The "Cotillon" is divided between Macheath and the chorus of his affectionate friends, who dance an old-time dance to it suggestive of the minuet.

This had to be repeated, and so did the dance made of "Before the barn door crowing." But enumerations of the good times would lead far.

There are much spirit and grace in the performance, which hardly ever suggest the methods and resources of the comic opera stage. It might be said without offence that it had something of the amateurish; nor did this seem out of the spirit of the piece. There was nothing more grateful to the eye or the ear than the performance as Polly Peachum of Miss Sylvia Nells, whom Hogarth might, to his advantage, have painted, as he did the first Polly, Lavinia Fenton. Her air of wonderment and perplexity at her parents' denunciation was as prausible as it was delightful.

Her singing was of the best that the performance offered. Mr. Percy Heming's Macheath was well conceived and well sung; and there should be a word for the richly characteristic study of Mrs. Peachum presented by Miss Lena Maitland. The singing of the rest was in the main competent and sufficient, if a too high standard be not raised. The costumes, especially those of Captain Macheath's female friends, were wholly in the period and at the same time pleasing and made a glowing, even a brilliant, picture. The stage setting remains practically the same throughout the play, minor changes suggesting sufficiently the very different places in which the action takes place.

It can truly be said that the effort made to recapture the spirit of Mr. Gay's opera, of which the program made mention, was successful. Curtailment was necessary, for assistance in which acknowledgments are made on the program to Arnold Bennett. Modification of the text for twentieth century taste was also necessary. This has not been carried to an undue extent. The flavor still remains high.

THE PLAY

By Alexander Woollcott

A New Shylock.

THE MERCHANT OF VENICE, in Shakespearean repertoire at the Lexington Theatre.

Duke of Venice.....John C. Hickey
Antonio.....John Burke
Bassanio.....Louis Leon Hall
Gratiano.....Wallis Roberts
Lorenzo.....Joseph Singer
Salorino.....Sidney Elliott
Solanio.....Arthur Row
Shylock.....Fritz Leiber
Tubal.....H. Portercliffe
Launcelott Gobbo.....Robert W. Strauss
Old Gobbo.....John C. Hickey
Leonardo.....Waldron Smith
Balthasar.....Miss Minnie Beland
Portia.....Miss Irby Marshal
Nerissa.....Miss Virginia Bronson
Jessica.....Miss Katherine Sayre

It was a spirited, intelligent and generally entertaining production of "The Merchant of Venice" which was made at the Lexington Theatre yesterday afternoon and repeated there last evening, with Fritz Leiber making his first New York appearance as Shylock. This personable and admirably equipped young actor has emerged from his long novitiate with Robert Mantell, unabashed by the traditions which frown down on him and unfatigued by the routine to which he has been subjected. Now, as star and producer on his own account, he has brought a good preparation and a world of vitality to the creation of a Shakespearean repertoire. He has begun with a bold succession of eleven of the plays and is minded to add others. Already he is doing these, or some of them, well enough to justify the hope and indeed the expectation that before long he will become an institution and rather a more satisfactory one than any now, or in recent years, devoted in the same way to the same project in this country.

He is an interesting, forceful and unfamiliarly youthful Shylock, a rôle that makes no use of some of his chief assets as a player. The Portia, Miss Irby Marshal, is excellent and, indeed, most of those associated with him do well, or pretty well. Mr. Leiber's production of "The Merchant" may be described as one in which the Launcelot Gobbo is actually amusing, and the considerable audience which attended it yesterday afternoon might be identified as one to which the deadly episode between the two Gobbos appealed as something quite fresh and altogether funny. This is rather an achievement, especially as this play has been somewhat worked to death in recent years to the exclusion of certain others. Indeed, Mr. Leiber's production is the third New York has witnessed in the last month.

The feasibility of an eleven-play repertoire in these costly days is brought about by a neat system of interchangeable settings, which are simple, compact and sufficiently decorative and at least give forth no aroma of the storehouse. The play in the bills for tonight is "Macbeth." Tomorrow night will see "Julius Cæsar," with Mr. Leiber as Mark Antony. Saturday will be devoted to "Romeo and Juliet."

At the Winter Garden.

THE PASSING SHOW OF 1921, an extravaganza in two acts and twenty-six scenes. Dialogue and lyrics by Harold Atteridge, music by Jean Schwartz. At the Winter Garden.

Principals: Willie and Eugene Howard, Marie Dressler, Harry Watson, Tot Qualters, Cleveland Brooner, Janet Adair, Sammy White, Sambound and O'Hanlon, Frank Ridge, Grace and Berkes, J. Harold Murray, Dolly Hackett, Mollette Sisters, Cortez and Peggy, Stone and Hays, Ingrid Solfong, Emily Miles, Ina Hayward, May Devereaux, Francis X. Mahoney, Harry C. Banister, Irving O'Hay, Anthony Jochim, Bob Gilbert, Jack Rice, Meis and Hiles, William H. Pringle, Joseph Toner, Perry Askem, Joseph Schrode, Grace Keeshon, Juliet Strahl and Mildred La Gue.

The new entertainment with which the Winter Garden reopened its doors last evening is gay with light and color, and more than ever before, taste and imagination have had a hand in the making of it. Surely "The Passing Show of 1921" is the best looking of all the revues that for nine years have come and gone with the seasons at the Winter Garden.

There is pulchritude a-plenty, and such settings and costumes as constitute a scathing criticism of the gaudy stuff that used to be considered decorative in the earlier days of that now celebrated institution. With a sprightly and partially indigenous set of airs, with an orchestra conducted with more spirit than before, with a troup of pretty good comedians and with a whole stageful of restless dancers, the "Passing Show" is passing fair.

Its bright, particular star is the many-talented and uncommonly amusing Willie Howard, and, with considerable reinforcement by Marie Dressler and the agile Sammy White, he quite carries the burden of the evening on his shoulders. Throughout his deadly first scene with the ear-splitting Eugene Howard last evening, he chilled a fond audience with the glacial fear that his long tour of the provinces had exhausted him. But after that he was capital, now reproducing Frank Bacon to the life, now emerging as the little old Chinaman of "Mecca," now pausing to ruin the quartet from "Rigoletto," and ever and always a genial comic with just that plaintive note which the best of them never lack.

Of course "The Passing Show" makes some survey of all the hits and misses along Broadway and it is the annual custom to compare these unfavorably with the more painstaking and more clever travesties which used to enliven the old Weber and Fields Music Hall. With that public duty attended to, it is permissible to point out that several of this year's burlesques are diverting, none the less. Naturally some of the plays can come in only for passing mention, as when the comedy at the Comedy must be dismissed by a chorus in Mexican costume warbling "You May Be a Bad Man, but You Look Good to Me." But some of the travesties are more searching than this.

Consider, for instance, the pot-shots which are taken at Mrs. Rida Johnson Young's historical research in "Little Old New York" in the scene which presents Manhattan in bygone days, showing the first meeting of Park and Tilford, the Smith Brothers when they had mere goatees, and Mr. Heinz when his varieties of pickles numbered three.

And it is really a fine shaft directed at "Spanish Love" when Miss Dressler, much overexercised as Maria del Carmen, begins to confuse the players wandering up and down the aisle with one innocent playgoer, who has mislaid his brown derby, and with the queen of the ushers, who can be heard observing bitterly that she wished "those ham actors would stay on the stage where they belonged."

Wagner's "Tristan" Sung Again.

Wagner's "Tristan" in English had a third hearing at the Metropolitan last evening, an event greeted by another of the great audiences that have welcomed a return in this friendly guise of more than one master work long unsung. Mr. Bodanzky conducted the music of the great love drama, and the singers were again Mmes. Matzenauer and Jeanne Gordon, Messrs. Sembach, Blass and Whitehill. A printed slip in the program asked indulgence for Mr. Sembach, who was suffering from a cold. A twelve-minute cut was made in the last act.

MUSIC NOTES.

LeCocq's classic, "Girofle-Girofla," in German, is announced at the Manhattan tomorrow night, continuing next week in alternation with "Where the Lark Sings," by Lehar.

Bruno Huhn will give a concert for the men's club of Roselle, N. J., on Thursday evening of next week, assisted by Martha Atwood, Mabel Ritch, Judson House and Francis Rogers.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Donald Gallaher has been engaged for the special matinees of "The Yellow Jacket," which will begin at the Cort next Tuesday.

A special box office has been opened at the New Amsterdam Theatre, where "Sally" is being played, for the sale of balcony seats.

There will be an extra performance at the Rialto, Rivoli and Criterion theatres tomorrow night at 11 o'clock.

SELMA KURZ HERE FOR AMERICAN TOUR

Famous Polish Prima Donna Has Mastered Her Fear of an Atlantic Crossing.

NOTABLE CAREER ABROAD

Long Favorite of the Vienna Opera-Going Public, She Owes Her Success to a Chance Discovery of Her Voice.

Selma Kurz, known throughout Europe as a leading coloratura soprano and famous particularly for her achievements at the Vienna Opera House, of which she has been the pride for many years, has arrived in this city, almost unannounced, to make a tour of the United States. Her first appearance will be on Sunday, Jan. 9, at the Hippodrome with the National Symphony Orchestra, of which Artur Bodansky is conductor. In an interview with a TIMES reporter in her suite at the St. Regis, Mme. Kurz yesterday expressed keen delight over her forthcoming opportunity to sing before the American public, which she has been informed is most cordial. She is under the management of Otokar Bartik.

Mme. Kurz's rise in the operatic world is the story of a girl in humble surroundings, whose gift of song, discovered by accident, was developed by wealthy benefactors, who had the satisfaction in return of seeing their protége sought by the leading operatic managers of Europe. At Covent Garden, London, she won the admiration of British audiences and her success was no less when she sang in Paris. In the days of the Czar she was literally showered with gold and gems when she sang in Moscow and Petrograd.

Yet Mme. Kurz somewhat wistfully admitted yesterday, as she reclined on a couch recuperating from her voyage and from her first strenuous sight-seeing in New York, that her destiny in her girlhood days seemed to lead to nothing more hopeful than the life of a seamstress.

"My parents were poor," said Mme. Kurz, "and my needlework was necessary to help keep our family of eleven children together. My father was an umbrella mender in the little town of Bielitza, Poland. As I was skillful with the needle, I devoted most of my time to needlework. Perhaps it was that which made me want to sing to break the tedium of the work.

"In the factory where I used to work I often burst into song almost unconsciously. Sometimes I did not realize what I was doing until the forewoman would touch me on the shoulder and give me this gentle reprimand:

"'You should not sing so tempo—so slowly—because the other girls are listening,' and it make them work slowly, too. You should sing a lively melody, so that they will stitch with more speed.'"

While singing as she went about her duties at home one day the girl's voice attracted the attention of two boy playmates of her brother Mano, now a resident of San Francisco. They told the cantor of the synagogue in Bielitza about the wonderful voice they had heard, and on seeking her out and hearing her sing he was equally impressed. He interceded in her behalf with a wealthy Polish family, who agreed to provide for her musical education. When she appeared in Vienna in the title rôle of Thomas's "Mignon" her success was immediate.

Mme. Kurz has a voice of great compass, her range being from low A to high F. In describing it Mr. Bartik says that "Kienzl, composer of the operas 'The Evangelist' and 'Ran des Vaches,' has confirmed several times, with the watch in hand, that her trill has lasted forty seconds." Among her principal parts are Gilda, in "Rigoletto"; Lucia the Queen, in Meyerbeer's "Huguenots"; the title rôles in "Traviata," "Lakmé," and "Dinorah"; Rosina, in "The Barber of Seville"; Adina, in "Elisir"; Amina, in "Sonnambula"; Norina, in "Don Pasquale"; Marie, in "Fille du Regiment"; Queen of the Night, in Mozart's "Magic Flute"; Elvira, in "Ernani," and "Martha." Other than coloratura parts include "Madam Butterfly," "Mignon," Eva, in "Meistersinger," and Marguerite, in "Faust."

In deference to the American public Mme. Kurz plans to sing a number of selections in English during her present tour. Among these are "Il Penseroso," by Handel, to Milton's words, and a number of familiar lyrics. She sings in French, Italian and Polish, in addition to English.

Mme. Kurz's trip to the United States has been occasioned largely by the attractive compensation given to prominent artists here. It is necessary for her to recoup her finances because, as she explained, ever since the beginning of the war she has devoted her services to the Vienna Opera House without charge, as did most of the other stars, who were willing to forego financial remuneration rather than see opera come to a standstill.

She planned to come to America when Heinrich Conried was head of the Metropolitan Opera Company. She then contracted to give ninety performances, but subsequently the agreement was not carried out because of her fear of a voyage across the Atlantic.

It should be said that her trip to America this time was marked by no untoward incident, although she admitted that she was quite seasick the first day.

FILM STARS STAGE RUNAWAY WEDDINGS

Marriage of Dorothy Gish and James Rennie Last Sunday at Greenwich Is Out.

Dorothy Gish and Constance Talmadge ran away and got married last Sunday.

Both weddings took place at Greenwich, Conn., Albert S. Meade, Justice of the Peace, officiating at each.

Miss Gish became the bride of James Rennie, the Pancho in "Spanish Love."

Miss Talmadge was married to John Pialoglou, a tobacco importer, of 1 Liberty Street, who lives at the St. Regis.

Since Sunday both brides have been living with their mothers at the Savoy Hotel, while their husbands have continued at their bachelor apartments, and although Mrs. Gish was inclined to smile and make the best of her daughter's marriage, Mrs. Talmadge was very much upset.

"Yes, we have a man in the family," was the way Lillian Gish, Dorothy's elder sister, announced the marriage.

Nobody was so surprised by the double wedding as the mothers of the two girls. Mrs. Gish said yesterday that she had not believed Dorothy for two days, not until she saw the marriage certificate and the ring. Yesterday Mrs. Rennie heard of it for the first time and went over to the Savoy to talk things over with Mrs. Gish. Last night Mrs. Rennie, her son and Miss Gish went out for dinner, and apparently everything was serene in the Gish household.

"How did it happen?" said Miss Talmadge with a laugh. "It would have happened eventually, why not now."

She said that the Justice of the Peace in Greenwich had promised to keep the wedding secret until after the first of the year, and she was upset that it had become public at this time.

Miss Gish has known Mr. Rennie for about a year and a half. She saw him first when he was playing with Ruth Chatterton in "Moonlight and Honeysuckle" last season. Constance Talmadge has long been a friend of Dorothy Gish, and for the last year they have been almost inseparable. Mr. Pialoglou, who has known Miss Talmadge for some time, Miss Gish and Mr. Rennie often made up a party of four. But it was not known to any of their families that they were engaged.

"They were in here Christmas Day," said Mrs. Gish, "and Dorothy said they were going to be married the next day. But we thought they were fooling. I didn't think anything of it when they went out together for an automobile ride."

The four young people drove up to Greenwich, got in touch with the City Clerk over the telephone, went to his office and obtained the licenses by special arrangement. The clerk directed them to the home of Justice of the Peace Meade. Miss Gish and Mr. Rennie were married at 6 o'clock in the evening, with the others witnessing the ceremony, and Miss Talmadge and Mr. Pialoglou were married at 6:08.

TO BOOK HUDSON AND CORT.

Harris, Hopkins and Selwyn Alliance Add Two Theatres.

The Hudson and Cort Theatres, it was learned yesterday, will be booked next season by the newly formed theatrical alliance which embraces Sam H. Harris, Arthur Hopkins and Selwyn & Co. These three producers, who are taking steps to pool their theatre resources owing to the play congestion of the present season, will accordingly begin operations next season with nine New York houses either directly or indirectly under their management. These will be the Hudson, the Cort, the Cohan and Harris, the Music Box on Forty-fifth Street (now building), the Plymouth, the Selwyns's three houses on Forty-second Street, and the theatre which Marc Klaw is now building on Forty-fifth Street.

The Hudson and Cort theatres have not been leased, but will be booked on sharing terms with the present lessees. The new combination will also have the Park Square Theatre in Boston, and will acquire houses in a number of other large cities. They will not produce jointly, but have simply entered into an agreement to give precedence in booking to members of the affiliation.

Erlanger to Direct Laurette Taylor.

Laurette Taylor, it was announced yesterday, will appear under the management of A. L. Erlanger in her forthcoming revival of "Peg o' My Heart." Miss Taylor, who played "Peg" for seventy-two weeks in New York, beginning in December, 1912, will be seen again in the play in Baltimore on Jan. 24. After a tour of three or four weeks she will come to New York.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS. DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN'S *Greatest Laughing Hit!*
THE PASSING SHOW OF 1921
Presenting WILLIE and EUGENE HOWARD
MARIE DRESSLER—HARRY WATSON
AND 200 OTHERS.
FIRST MATINEE TODAY

CENTURY THEATRE. Evs. 8 Sh'p. Mts. 52d & C. P. W. Wed. & Sat., 2
NEXT MAT. SAT., 50c TO $2.50.
F. Ray Comstock & Morris Gest Present
LAST 4 WEEKS MECCA
A Musical Extravaganza of the Orient.
CO. OF 400 PEOPLE—11 SCENES.
Positively Most Sensational and Most Stupendous Success in World's History.

CENTURY Promenade Above Century Theatre
CENTURY MIDNIGHT REVUE at 11:30
Opens at 10:30 for Dining and Dancing.

CENTRAL THEATRE, 47th & B'y. Evs. 8:30 Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
NEXT MAT. SAT., 50c TO $2.50.
F. Ray Comstock & Morris Gest Present
The London and Paris Sensation
DELYSIA "A'FGAR" in the Musical Show
"Has taken New York by storm."—Telegram.

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. MATS. TODAY & TOM'W Mats. Daily. Pop. Prices
REGULAR MATINEE SATURDAY.
MARY NASH
in "Thy Name Is Woman"

Wm. A. Brady's 48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'y. Evs. 8:20 Mts. Today & Sat., 2:20
"The Broken Wing"
NEW YORK'S BIGGEST THRILL!

BIJOU THEATRE, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat. MATS. TODAY & TOM'W Pop. Prices
REGULAR MATINEE SATURDAY.
THE SKIN GAME
By JOHN GALSWORTHY.

LITTLE THEATRE 44 St., W. of B'way
THE 1st YEAR
EVS. TODAY, 2:30.

FRAZEE West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Phone 31 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Bryant
MISS ANGLIN in "The Woman of Bronze."

VANDERBILT THEATRE, W. 48TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Ph. Bryant 134.
2ND YEAR—THE MUSICAL COMEDY HIT
IRENE
Seats 6 Weeks Ahead. MATS. SAT. & WED.

SHUBERT Thea., 44 St., W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30
THE BOHEMIANS, INC. ANNOUNCE
THE GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES OF 1920

GREENWICH VILLAGE THEA.
ARTHUR HOPKINS Offers
THE BEGGAR'S OPERA
FIRST MATINEE SATURDAY.

BOOTH 45th, W. of B'way. MATS. THIS WEEK: TODAY Tomorrow, & Saturday. Evenings 8:30.
WILLIAM FAVERSHAM
In MARK TWAIN'S THE PRINCE AND THE PAUPER

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S 39th St. East of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
200,000 PERSONS HAVE SEEN & LIKED
SPANISH LOVE
"A PLAY NO ONE SHOULD MISS."
—Alan Dale in the American.

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today, Fri. & Sat.
THE BAT "KEEPS STANDEES ON TIPS OF THEIR TOES."—World.
EXTRA MATINEE TODAY

CASINO 39th and B'way. Evenings at 8:20. Matinees Today, Tom'w & Sat.
MATINEES THIS WEEK TODAY at 2:20. TOM'W & SAT.
ZIMBALIST'S PLAY WITH MUSIC.
HONEYDEW

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:20
Daddy Dumplins with MACLYN ARBUCKLE

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30.
"LADIES' NIGHT"

LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Saturday, 2:30.
The Reigning Musical Comedy Success
PITTER PATTER with ERNEST TRUEX
NEXT MON. EVE. SEATS ON SALE TODAY
SAM H. HARRIS Presents
GRANT MITCHELL
in a New Comedy "The Champion"
by Thomas Loudon and A. E. Thomas.

Lexington Th. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat., 2:30
51st St. & Lex. Av. Ph. Plaza 3030
FRITZ LEIBER
in the PLAYS OF SHAKESPEARE.
TODAY, HAMLET; Tom'w, Julius Cæsar; Sat. Mat., Romeo and Juliet; Sat. Eve., Richard III.; Next Mon., Othello; Tues., Macbeth; Wed. Mat., Hamlet; Wed. Eve., Merchant of Venice; Thurs., Macbeth. Pop. Prices, 50c to $1.50. Seats now.

ASTOR THEATRE, B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:25. Matinees Wed. (Popular) & Sat. at 2:25.
HENRY W. SAVAGE offers a
"DRAMATIC SENSATION OF SEASON."
—Journal.
MADGE KENNEDY
HERSELF in a dual "CORNERED" role in

PLYMOUTH 45th Street, W. of B'way. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat.
Little Old New York
EXTRA MATINEE TOMORROW

SHUBERT-RIVIERA. Evs. 8:15. Mts. Today & Sat.
CECIL LEAN in "LOOK WHO'S HERE"
With Cleo Mayfield.
Next Week.....EAST IS WEST.

BELMONT 48th St., E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today, Tom'w & Sat.
BROCK PEMBERTON Introduces
ZONA GALE'S *Miss Lulu Bett*
and presents GILDA VARESI
ENTER MADAME
NORMAN TREVOR

FULTON Thea., 46th St., W. of B'way. Mat. Today and All Week.
APOLLO West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
FRANCES WHITE in "JIMMIE"
A Musicomedy
with BEN WELCH and Star Cast.
APOLLO THEATRE SPECIAL.
TODAY AT 2:30 LAST TIME
YOUNG PEOPLE'S THEATRE
TRIPLE BILL—Plays and Pantomime
Under direction of
MADAME ALBERTI
Tickets 50c to $2.00.

SELWYN West 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
FRANK TINNEY in the Musigirl Comedy TICKLE ME
SELWYN THEA.—SPECIAL MATINEES
TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW, 2:30
Also Mon., Tues., Thurs. & Fri. Next Week
"Amazing and Unforgettable"—
Alexander Woolcott, N. Y. Times.
The Provincetown Players
with CHARLES GILPIN in
"THE EMPEROR JONES"
preceded by One-Act Comedy
MANAGEMENT ADOLPH KLAUBER
PRICE 50c TO $2.00.

TIMES SQ. Thea., W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:30.
MATINEE TODAY
ALSO FRIDAY & SATURDAY
FLORENCE REED in MIRAGE
TIMES SQUARE THEATRE SPECIAL
STARTING JAN. 4, MATINEES TUES., WED., FRIDAY at 2:30
"MIXED MARRIAGE"
by ST. JOHN ERVINE, Author of "John Ferguson." "Jane Clegg"
with
AUGUSTIN DUNCAN, MARGARET WYCHERLY,
Rollo Peters, Angela McCahill, Barry Macollum, Harmon MacGregor.
PRICES 50c. to $2.00. SEATS NOW.

39TH ST. THEATRE, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30 Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
BEN-AMI
"SAMSON AND DELILAH"
PAULINE LORD

PRINCESS 39th n'r B'way Beginning TUES. JAN. 4. Seats Today
Max R. Wilner and S. Romberg Offer
HELEN WARE, REGINE WALLACE, JOSEPH SHILDKRAUT, ALICE FISCHER in
"PAGANS"
A Modern Play by Charles Anthony.

COMEDY Theatre, W. 41st. Evs. 8:30. MATINEES TODAY & SAT.
HOLBROOK BLINN
As a lovable, laughable bandit—
THE BAD MAN

GARRICK 65 West 35th St. Fitzroy 1522. Evs. 8:15. Mts. Today & Sat., 2:15
HEARTBREAK HOUSE
A Comedy by Bernard Shaw

NORA BAYES THEATRE, 44th, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30.
"Screaming Comedy."—Telegram.
3 LIVE GHOSTS
Matinees Wednesday & Saturday, 2:30.

LYRIC THEA. NOW MATINEES TODAY
TOMORROW AND SATURDAY.
Oh, Mr. Man! Just Note This!! The Sun says "HER FAMILY TREE" is one of the best musical shows Broadway has seen this season—or for some time before that—it has comedy, drama, dancing and artistic numbers, something one show in a hundred arrives at." I'll add—"You can recommend it to your wife and children."
YOUR LOVING SON,
NORA BAYES

TICKETS FOR ALL THEATRES 50c ADVANCE The Original TYSON & CO. ESTABLISHED 1859 1472 B'WAY. 100 B'WAY. 4080 Bryant 9100 Rector

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
"One of the plays all lovers of the theatre should see and see again."—*Times.*
Ruth Chatterton "BARRIE at his best." MARY ROSE
—*Herald.*
J. M. BARRIE'S NEW PLAY.

BELASCO WEST 44 ST. EVES. AT 8:15. MATS. TODAY & SAT., 2:15. MATINEE TODAY AT 2:15.
LIONEL ATWILL in the New Play 'DEBURAU'
By Sacha Guitry, adapted by Granville Barker.

LYCEUM Theatre, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:20. MATINEE TODAY AT 2:20.
INA CLAIRE in "THE GOLD DIGGERS" By Avery Hopwood.

BRAMHALL 138 E. 27th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
Mixed Marriage by St. John Ervine

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d. Evs. 8:30. MATS. TODAY & SAT., 2:30.
Patricia Collinge "A Veritable Gem." —*Eve. Post* JUST SUPPOSE
A. E. THOMAS' NEW PLAY.

LAST 4 TIMES CORT West 48 St. Evs. 8:30. Last Matinee Sat., 2:30.
JIM JAM JEMS
The Smashing Musical Hit.
MONDAY, JAN. 3—SEATS SELLING.

Margaret Lawrence—Arthur Byron IN THE "TRANSPLANTING JEAN" COMEDY.

SPECIAL MATINEES—CORT THEA., W. 48 St. MR. & MRS. COBURN Present
THE YELLOW JACKET
Tues. & Fri., Jan. 4, 7, 11, 14, 18, 21, 25, 28—3 P.M.
SEAT SALE TODAY. Mgt. Marc Klaw, Inc.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE
TONIGHT & SAT. MAT., LEHAR'S operetta "WO DIE LERCHE SINGT" (Where the Lark Sings).
TOMORROW & SAT. EVES., LECOCQ'S "GIROFLE-GIROFLA." Prices 50c to $3.50.
THIS AFT. & TOM'W. AFT., "ASCHENBRODEL" (Cinderella). Prices 25c to $1.00.
NEXT MON., Lecocq's "GIROFLE-GIROFLA."
TUES. and Every following Evening, with Wed. & Sat. Mats., Lehar's entrancing Operetta, "WO DIE LERCHE SINGT" (Where the Lark Sings). Seats Now On Sale.
All Performances in German.

CLARE KUMMER presents ROLAND YOUNG in
ROLLO'S WILD OAT Punch & Judy Theatre
"WHIRLWINDS OF LAUGHTER."
—*Eve. World.*
Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.

GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:30. MATINEE TODAY, 2:30.
JOHN GOLDEN Presents
FRANK BACON 'LIGHTNIN'

NEW AMSTERDAM—MATS. WED., & SAT. POP. MATS. WED. & SAT., 50c TO $2.50.
Ziegfeld Production
Marilynn Miller
Leon Errol in *Sally*

NEW AMSTERDAM ROOF—NEW
Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evs. at 8:15. Pop. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
"BEST THAT THE MUSICAL THEATRE CAN PROVIDE."—*N. Y. Herald.*
MITZI
in "LADY BILLY" A MUSICAL COMEDY HIT.

GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE, B'way, 43d St. Mats. TODAY, Fri. & Sat.
GEO. M. COHAN'S PRODUCTION
THE TAVERN
GREATEST MYSTERY OF THEM ALL.
ARNOLD DALY as the Vagabond.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38th St. Mats. This Week: TODAY, Tom'w & Sat. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
GEO. M. COHAN'S Comedians
MARY
(ISN'T IT A GRAND OLD NAME?)

HUDSON W. 44 44TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY, Fri., Sat.
GEO. M. COHAN'S production of
THE MEANEST MAN IN THE WORLD
MR. COHAN in the Title Role.

GLOBE Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
FRED STONE "TIP-TOP"
EXTRA HOLIDAY MATINEE TOMORROW.

NEW YEAR'S EVE, 50c TO $3.00.
GOOD SEATS AT BOX OFFICE.
BAB LAST WEEK with HELEN HAYES
Park Thea. Col. Cir. Evs. 8:20 Last Mat. Sat.
Beginning JAN. 3—8:10 Sharp
SEATS ARE NOW ON SALE.
FRANCIS DE WOLF
WILSON & HOPPER
IN A NEW AND WONDROUS "ERMINIE"

COHAN & HARRIS Th., W. 42 St. Evs. 8:15 Extra Mat. Tom'w.
WELCOME STRANGER
with GEORGE SIDNEY.

THE NEIGHBORHOOD PLAYHOUSE
466 GRAND STREET.
TELEPHONE ORCHARD 1171.
TO-NIGHT and TOMORROW EVENING,
"THE MOB"
by JOHN GALSWORTHY
Orchestra, One Dollar. Balcony, 50c.
SAT. and SUN. EVES., JAN. 1-2
Two Special Benefit Performances for the Club and Class work of Henry St. Settlement.
Twenty Unusual and Interesting Dance Numbers and
"La Boutique Fantasque"
(The Magic Shop)
A Pantomime Ballet in Three Scenes.
Music by Rossini.
TICKETS—$5—$3—$2

DANCING ALL NIGHT NEW YEAR'S EVE
Beginning at 7:30, ending at sunrise, and if it's cloudy you can keep on dancing.
ROSELAND
Broadway at 51st St.
Sat. and Sun. Matinees.
Evenings 7:30 to 1 A. M.
Continuous Dancing all night New Year's Eve. Reservations should be made at once.

GOOD TIMES MAN O' WAR'S SENSATIONAL VICTORY (A Real Reel)
MATINEE EVERY DAY At the HIPPODROME
EVES. AT 8:10. MATINEES AT 2:10.
Two Separate Performances
NEW YEAR'S EVE
AT ALL B. F. KEITH THEATRES
First, 7:00; Second, 10:30.

COLUMBIA, B'way & 47 St. Twice Daily, 2:15 & 8:15
WATSON & COHAN in GIRLS DE LOOKS
Extra Midnight Performance New Year's Eve, 11:30

THIRTEEN PRESIDENTS OF YALE.
Next Sunday the New York Times Book Review and Magazine will contain an article by L. D. Lyman on Yale's long line of

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
TONIGHT at 8:15. TOSCA. Farrar; Gigli, Scotti, Malatesta, Arankan—Moranzoni.
TOMORROW MAT. at 1. PARSIFAL. Matzenauer, Gordon, Sundelius; Sembach, Whitehill, Bender, Didur, Gustafson—Bodanzky.
FRI. at 8. MANON LESCAUT. Alda, Telva: Martinelli, De Luca, Malatesta—Papi.
SAT. at 2. Double Bill. AMORE DEI TRE RE. Easton; Gigli, Amato, Mardones, Bada—Moranzoni. CARILLON MAGICO. Gailt—Papi.

MEXICO CITY MINT TURNING OUT GOLD

Little Silver Offered, Miners Waiting for a Better Price for the Metal.

PORTS CHOKED WITH GOODS

Through Trains From United States Expected to Relieve Situation—Falling Price Problem.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 28.—The Mexican Government is coining gold, while the coinage of silver has been reduced to a minimum. At the present time the Government has 251,000,000 pesos in gold in circulation and 50,000,000 in silver. Although the ratio is five to one, the Government has practically stopped coining silver, and the mint is busy on gold coins, copper pieces and small change.

Correspondents visited the Mint this morning with the Secretary of the Treasury, Señor de la Huerta, and saw the plant in full blast coining five, ten and twenty peso gold pieces. The Government is buying all the silver offered, but Señor de la Huerta stated that few offers had been made. The mining companies prefer to hold their silver, expecting a rise in value.

The Government will appoint more appraisers at the Vera Cruz Custom House. The port is choked with merchandise and the Government is interested in passing all possible customs in order to obtain revenue. Owing to the lack of mountain locomotives the Mexican Railway is congested with goods destined for Mexico City.

The situation in the customs at Laredo and Juarez is expected to be better when full freight trains pass from the United States direct to Mexico City.

Local merchants are complaining that a great amount of merchandise, purchased in the United tates when prices were high, is still tied up at the border. They expect a reduction in prices in the United States will bring a flood of goods which will compel the merchants to suffer a loss on the goods purchased in the last six months.

The local Chamber of Commerce has protested against the project of the Governor of the Federal district to establish a price-regulating board. It says prices will gradually fall, but if forced through this measure to make abrupt cuts a number of houses which have reestablished their credit in the United States after many years will lose credits as they are unable to stand a loss. The chamber also states that many houses will be forced into bankruptcy. It is understood that the Federal Government has ordered the Governor of the Federal district to study conditions more fully before making the commission effective.

Ready-to-Wear Prices.

Since the price consideration is uppermost in the wholesale garment trade, considerable attention has been devoted in making quotations on Spring merchandise that buyers will find suitable. It was pointed out yesterday that the majority of small buyers have not been in the market since last July. The price comparison with the figures quoted at that time now show an opportunity of getting goods on a two-to-one basis or even better. This, it is felt, will go a long way toward convincing the retail merchants that they cannot go far wrong with purchases made now.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

THE WILSCH MACHINE & SPECIALTY CO., INC., manufacturer of automatic machinery, tools, &c., at 205 East Twelfth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $20,138 and assets of $99,800, consisting of $49,800 of the capital stock of the Wilsch Machine & Specialty Co., Inc., and $50,000 of the capital stock of the Metal-I-Let Manufacturing Co., 306 East Twelfth Street, which latter stock is said to have been put up by petitioner to carry out a pooling agreement. Among the creditors are Public Credit Corp. $1,980, Charles Kriser 7,600 and Clarke Brothers $2,752.

NATIONAL TIRE & VULCANIZING CO.—Daniel H. Tucker, trading as the National Tire and Vulcanizing Co. at 89 Warburton Avenue, Yonkers, has filed a petition in bankruptcy here, with liabilities of $7,538, of which $4,700 are secured claims, and assets of $4,228, consisting of stock $1,700, machinery, tools, &c., $1,500; fixtures, &c., $1,150 and accounts $123.

N. E. SUPERIOR & CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Nathan E. Superior, trading as N. E. Superior & Co., dealer in silks and woolens, at 24 East Twenty-first Street, by these creditors: William E. Hill, $3,148; Beryl Ingram, $49, and First National Bank of Boston, $6,668.

CENTRAL MERCHANDISE CO., INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Central Merchandise Co., Inc., jobber in general merchandise, at 91 Canal Street, by Jacob C. Kaempfer, a creditor for $700. Judge Knox has appointed Joseph T. Stearns receiver, in $1,000 bond. It is stated that the liabilities amount to about $10,000 and the assets about $2,500, and it is alleged that a judgment for about $800 was obtained against the company on Dec. 28, on which execution is said to have been issued.

IRVING CANTOR—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Irving Cantor, haberdasher, at 161 Madison Street, by these creditors: David Lieberman & Co., $200; Louis S. Helfgott, $150, and Samuel Cantor, $250. It is stated that the liabilities are about $3,000 and the assets about $2,000. An assignment was made Dec. 28.

FRANK MATTUCCI—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Frank Mattucci, wholes le and retail drugs, at 2,008 Second Avenue, by these creditors: Augusto Schiavo, $2,400; Joseph Uccelli, $400, and Alfons Siniscalchi, $500. An assignment was made on Dec. 27.

SAMUEL SHANFIELD, residing at 926 Southern Boulevard, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $7,000 and assets of $1,110, consisting of accounts, $1,100, and deposit in bank, $10. Creditors who are secured are Hyman Cohen, $2,000, security being note made by Shanfield-Kramer, Inc., for $2,000 and certificate for eleven shares of the capital stock of that company. Treatment Corp., Boston, is also a secured creditor for $2,500.

HARRY LOVETT, 106 West Thirtieth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $4,028 and no assets.

MOE BROZEN—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Moe Brozen, retailer of furs, at 3,659 Broadway, by R. Freedman, a creditor for $1,000. An assignment was also made to Frank F. Bergenfeld.

I. STEINBERG & SON—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Isaac and Morris Steinberg, co-partners, trading as I. Steinberg & Son, manufacturers of umbrella supplies and jobbers in silks, at 35 East Twenty-first Street, by these creditors: Kaufman Bros., $653; J. F. Rothschild & Co. and Barnet Oldelman, $55. It is stated that the liabilities are about $75,000 and the assets about $15,000.

STESSEL & SEILER—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel Stessel and Louis P. Seiler, copartners, trading as Stessel & Seiler, manufacturers of fur garments, at 39 West Twenty-ninth Street, by these creditors: H. Posner, $4,193; J. Sasslaw, $3,800, and R. Freedman, $2,899. Assets are said to be about $75,000.

JOSEPH KLEIN—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Joseph Klein, jobber in diamonds and jewelry, at 320 Fifth Avenue, by these creditors: James J. Loeb & Bro., $872; Peter E. Siskin, $113, and William T. King, $139.

LENOX SILK MILLS—Solly Bronstein and Morris Hopmeyer, trading as Lenox Silk Mills, at 44 East Twenty-ninth Street, have filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $85,440, and assets of $37,936, consisting of machinery and fixtures, $3,000; security on lease, $675; stock, $25,000, and accounts, $9,261. Among the creditors are Schwarzenbach-Huber Company, $7,800; W. A. Durval & Co., $4,500; Rusch & Co., $4,000, and Pacific Bank, $4,000.

ABRAHAM WEISSGOLD, dress goods, at 800 Home Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $3,151, and assets of $300.

JACOB FINKELSTEIN, trading as India Rubber Company, raincoats, at 4 East Ninth Street, has assigned to Lawrence Berenson.

SOL FEINSTEIN, retail stationery and toys, at 571 Ninth Avenue, has assigned to Alexander Heyert.

SAMUEL SEWITCH, retail shoes, at 1,816 St. Nicholas Avenue, has assigned to Alexander Bernardik.

BROOKLYN BANKRUPTCIES—Three petitions in involuntary bankruptcy were filed in Brooklyn yesterday. The petitioners were the M. & G. Knitting Mills, 55 Central Avenue; Quality Shoe Company, 430 Knickerbocker Avenue, and the Plaza Broom Company, conducted by Morris Horowitz, 9 Grand Street. A petition of voluntary bankruptcy was filed by Samuel Doone, butter and egg dealer, of 828 Coney Island Avenue. He said his liabilities are $6,479.61 and his assets $3,830.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., Dec. 29.—Involuntary bankruptcy proceedings have been instituted here against the Keystone Silk Company of Fulton Street, Paterson, with liabilities stated at $500,000 and assets given as $150,000. The petitioning creditors, all New Yorkers, are Morimura Aral & Co, $4,409.68, Frank P. Pels $8,643, and John Dunlop & Sons $2,222.44.

Vice Chancellor Foster has appointed Chester W. Fairlie receiver for the Hardman Tire & Rubber Goods Co. of Belleville. The application was made by the Rubber Importers & Dealers Co. of New York, with a judgment claim for $3,386. The petition alleges that the company has abandoned its Belleville plant, and that its books and papers have been removed to a main office in New York.

Special to The New York Times.

JACKSON, Mich., Dec. 28.—In a statement sent out tonight, creditors of Jacob H. Sasky, operator of the Grand Leader Stores, operated in Jackson and Muskegon, are offered 10 to 15 per cent. in settlement of claims. Liabilities approximate $300,000, with assets of between $120,000 and $130,000.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 29.—E. L. Kendall, against whom a petition in involuntary bankruptcy was recently filed here, by Alexander McCabe, as receiver and trustee in liquidation of the American Indemnity Exchange, today filed his answer, in which he makes a general denial of all McCabe's charges and swears his debts total less than $100. McCabe had charged Kendall with having appropriated $7,800 to his own use and securities valued at $104,000, the property of the corporation and had turned over to his wife money and securities valued at more than $20,000.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

American Union Line, Inc. — Western Union Telegraph Co.....$1,475.02
Alford, Smith & Ganford Co., Inc.—R. M. Littlejohn.....1,057.92
Black, Madeline—L. N. Chapman.....779.70
Brie, Isaac L.—A. Rafsky.....146.26
Burdette Motor Trucking Co.—M. L. Presti 600.00
Borgenicht, Joseph—S. Misikind.....275.72
Bandholz, Frank A. (Hudson Construction Co.)—Mount & Robertson, Inc....351.10
Burke, Harry—C. Greenbaum.....341.41
Butler, Harry V.—B. M. Butler.....165.50
Bopes, Robert F.—L. G. Patterson....4,011.03
Costa, John S.—D. Arata.....1,019.82
Carl H. Schultz, Inc.—W. J. Bush & Co., Inc. 453.74
Crollus, George C.—E. C. Mathews.....115.91
Cotherm, Marion—Bergdorf & Goodman Co. 260.58
Cross, Douglas S.—Madison Tire and Rubber Co. 19,418.91
Cohen, Milton H., and Bluman, Cohen & Co., Inc.—National Butchers and Drovers Bank 6,658.18
D. G. Dery, Inc.—Geresta Corp.....65,381.75
Donovan, Francis M.—E. Post.....2,019.83
Douglas, Byron—M. Hockey 674.15
Davdoub, George H.—A. Schaap et al..468.70
Dinan, John, and Daniel Sullivan—J. A. Cuffe 350.00
Eden, Frederick—C. Hadenham.....546.20
Eisenstein, Adolph—Public Credit Corp..164.00
Educational Films Corp.—Globe Indemnity Co., costs.....108.45
Eagle Trading Co.—Western Union Telegraph Co. 1,620.42
Fried, Joseph—C. Levine.....1,633.62
Friedman, Jeno—S. Stern Corp.....401.87
Frederick Simmonds Co., Inc.—S. Minowitz 122.44
France, Louis—F. Brandt 350.00
Fitzhenry, William—R. Simon 200.79
Galliano, Philip—D. Iovieno 332.40
Garfield Dress Co., Inc.—C. Forsch et al. 2,059.87
Grandville, Albert — Model Advertising Agency, Inc. 127.74
Gayle, Eula J.—J. H. Ryan.....524.92
Goldstein, Goldie, and Morris Israel, Admrs. Union Ry. Co., costs.....130.60
Haas, Emil (Emil Haas & Co.)—J. I. Greenberg 752.20
Hollett, Harry H.—Bramhall Deane Co. 342.37
Imanello, Romo—J. W. Stokes.....364.45
Jones, Chas. A. and Nicholas H. Hemmer—H. L. Judd Co. 111.73
Keshin, Archie—J. F. Smith et al.....151.19
Keegan, Christopher D.—A. Morgan.1,026.91
Kenney, Matthew F.—H. Edwards....1,083.33
Lake, John P., and Deborah Price—S. Greenebaum 2,907.33
Lenox Leather Goods Co.—I. Friedman.231.20
Leon Waist Co., Inc., and H. L. Heimerdinger, Inc.—M. E. Stern.....865.30
Meyers, Catherine T.—B. B. Fowler Co. 120.60
McNeil, Robert H., Admr.—J. A. Shellito, costs 370.96
Marcy, William—Encyclopaedia Britannica Corp. 160.82
Neuburger, Max—M. Epstein 120.65
National Silk Waist Co., Inc—M. Heymann 152.39
Nucline Co. of America—B. Parr et al.216.53
Parkus, Nathan, Abraham Llebowotz and Louis Hurwitz (I. J. Herzog & Co.)—A. Bernandik 113.91
Polay, Adolph—H. Pistchal.....469.20
Rolich, Dora—Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Md. 3,043.94
Reohr, John H.—W. J. Fallon, costs...110.55
Sills, Howard L., and Henry J. (John S. Sills & Sons)—J. Colleton.....500.00
Same—T. Colleton.....7,654.39
Stern, Nathan M.—C. S. Stern.....1,567.04
Schaer, Louis—M. Spinner.....539.16
Schneid, John—U. S. Air Compressor Co. 163.86
Sturges, Preston—L. Kohlmann & Co...176.52
Smith, Robert L.—Bradley Packard Auto Renting Co., Inc. 250.40
Schield, Stephen B.—Serber Rubber Co., Inc. 131.10
Schlemkowitz, Morris—Sush & Karinsky 166.25
Schiavone, Augustus B.—Glokner & Blue Co. 201.60
Shea, Mary or Mamie E.—R. Jardine..230.77
Smith, T. Ledyard—N. Y. Life Ins. and Trust Co. 503.70
Stuart, David A., or Smulowitz—J. A. King et al. 761.38
Schmidt, Edmund—W. C. Ortorn.....338.15
Trainer, Joseph G.—D. W. Gregory Adjustment Corp. 424.72
Turner, Thomas W.—P. R. Dalgleish..120.72
Victor Halper Drug Corp.—American Druggist Syndicate 182.55
Weller, William H. Jr.—United Line Service Corp. 964.50
Westover, Frank G.—James S. Hannon, Inc. 367.14
Woodruff, Frank C. and Watson S. (S. D. Woodruff & Sons)—Oleite Corp., costs 100.59
Weiss, Henry—S. J. Rassdorf.....330.07
Wade, Henry C.—Morewood Realty Holding Co. 608.16
Wink Skirt Co., Inc.—M. J. Lesser....407.43
Werts, Louis—M. Bloch.....716.35
Wells, James—Commonwealth Ins. Co..138.74

In Bronx County.

Bullock, Edmond—Maryland Casualty Co. $453.70
French, Bernard—A. Rusch et al.....219.16
Hooks, George—Burns Bros. 527.06
Negri, Domenico—A. Cella.....739.47
Policini, Ralph—J. Finelli.....105.00
Steuer, Yetta—M. Klang.....288.55
Tuetti, Giuseppe—S. Benventano.....27.72
Yuengling, Charles F.—Elevator Supply and Repair Co. 107.27

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Steele, Daniel H.—H. P. Rae, Sept. 19, 1917 .....$442.88
Meyer, William—Sulzberger & Sons Co. of America, Nov. 3, 1915.....321.94
Lowenstein, Rachel and Frank H.—M. Beida, Jan. 5, 1912.....320.32
Elsenberg, Isidore, Claire Elsenberg, Jacob Elsenberg and Samuel Vrabel—Morris Plan Co., N. Y., May 29, 1919.115.00
Turner, Francis S.—F. N. Hoffstot, Oct. 11, 1916 .....229.21
Same—A. H. Post, Dec. 4, 1917.....114.04
Same—Knickerbocker Chocolate Co., June 29, 1915.....266.89
Same—F. Semken, June 24, 1919.....135.00
Schatzkin, Solomon H.—J. Jovens, Nov. 29, 1920 .....4,019.87
Marcus, Harris W., Benjamin M., Mendel U., David and Leon J.—B. Sperber et al., Nov. 23, 1920.....1,047.55
Goldstein, Philip—S. Cuillier, Sept. 30, 1919 .....540.65
Krockawer, Louis—R. Bookspan, Nov. 12, 1920 .....600.00
Archibald, McNeil, & Sons Co—East Boston Coal Co., June 30, 1919.....10,022.63
Turner, Francis S.—S. Aldrich, Jan. 31, 1920 .....569.80
Telchman, Jennie E.—A. C. Rothstein, Feb. 16, 1916 .....533.35
Reo Specialty Shop, Inc.—J. Boderman, Dec. 8, 1920.....108.70

In Bronx County.

Janofsky, Herman—Wool Novelty Co., Inc., Oct. 18, 1919.....$433.23
Oppenheimer, Barney and Frieda—A. Barrymore, Nov. 20, 1919.....213.75
Seiff, Morris—C. Deasner, Nov. 3, 1920. 41.82
Telchman, Jennie E.—A. C. Rothstein, Feb. 16, 1916 .....533.35

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday ....7¾ to 8 p. c. for the best names
Tuesday .....7¾ to 8 p. c. for the best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Gray Goods Sales Light.

The effect of the dying year was plainly visible in the local market for gray goods yesterday. Practically all of the trading was confined to nearby deliveries of printcloths, among the sales of which were 39-inch 72-76s and 68-72s, respectively, at 10 cents and 9¼ cents. Buyers paid 6¾ cents for 38½-inch 80-48s, and they also took 38½-inch 44-40s at 5¼ cents. Important sales of sheeting, fine-yarn goods and specialties were lacking.

No New Prices Yesterday.

No price revisions in cotton goods were made in this market yesterday, and the indications are that they will not be sent to the trade before Friday night. At least one of the leading lines of bleached goods will not be re-priced until after the turn of the year. It is in the new ginghams prices that the trade is showing the most interest, not only for themselves, but because of the effect they will have on the new quotations on prints and percales. Both wholesalers and retailers seem to be anticipating freely the action to be taken by leading sellers of bleached cottons, a well-known brand of 4-4 muslins, for instance, being offered at jobbers' sales in the Middle West as low as 15½ cents a yard. A retail store in this city is offering the same goods at 18 cents a yard in its white sale, which is 2 cents a yard below the last mill price named on the goods.

Where the Bonuses Went.

An executive of one of the relatively few concerns (compared with last year) that gave Christmas bonuses to its employes made a quiet investigation on Tuesday to see how the feminine employes used them. Not wishing to appear in the matter, he had his secretary make apparently casual inquiries of the young women. Of the twenty-six who got bonuses, most of which were quite liberal, it turned out that only two had put the money in the bank. The other twenty-four, including the secretary herself, had either "blown" the money for various kinds of wearing apparel or had spent it in other forms of self-indulgence. Now the executive wonders what querying the male employes would show.

Novel Dancer on the Market.

A novel attachment to the phonograph, in the form of an Oriental dancer, is now being offered here. It supplements the small jigging and boxing figures that for a long time have been making children laugh while they listened to dance music being reeled off. The dancer, which retails at $3.50, goes through amusing motions that seem to be a cross between an Oriental dance and its modern prototype popularly called the "shimmy." The face of the dancer is strongly Oriental in cast, and the same is true of her garb. The figure is about ten inches high, and in action yesterday in a Fifth Avenue show window it caused considerable amusement among passers-by.

Brisker Sale for Dress Goods.

Developments during the last week, which is ordinarily an especially dull period in the trade, have led certain dress goods factors to believe that the industry is over the roughest part of the road. In that time business has come in from unexpected quarters. Small jobbers have placed orders for goods wanted immediately and have frankly confessed the lowness of their stocks. In one instance, a jobber stated he had but thirty-four yards in stock. A canvass of the cutters-up has shown an almost similar condition, principally among the smaller operators. The mills are supplying the goods wanted now from stock, and when this yardage is exhausted, and it is not credited as being large, production will be restored.

Selling Silks Now.

The condition of business in the silk trade has taken a decided turn for the better. One of the leading factors reports an active demand from buyers who visit the showroom. This concern has sent out no salesmen. In consequence of the more active inquiry, prices have stiffened somewhat, and the manufacturers are taking orders only for the goods they can readily supply. With just a little further improvement, manufacturers look for a quick return to normal conditions.

British Woolens Take Cut.

The average reduction in the price of British woolens over last year was estimated yesterday by an importer at 30 per cent. He explained that it was possible to do better than this on some of the higher priced lines. The group yielding better values, he said, is that composed of goods selling for 32 shillings a yard and higher. At these prices, together with the low exchange quoted, it is believed that good values are offered in the imported goods. Owing to the quick deliveries required, however, the business, it is said, will require more sales from stock rather than future contracts.

Drug Buyers Marking Time.

Inventories have absorbed the attention of the drug trade this week, Drug and Chemical Markets will say today, and have been largely responsible for the light trading that has taken place. Foreign products continue to flood the market, particularly botanical drugs. The volume of business in heavy chemicals was also small. Stocks of many products are low, however, and producers hold quotations firm. Users of dyes and intermediates are buying only for immediate requirements. Reductions are announced in anthracene and athraquinone, owing to lack of demand. Taking of stock by dealers in fine chemicals shows that supplies on hand are low.

Ribbon Prices Revised.

Effective Jan. 3, the prices on staple and semi-staple ribbons are reduced from 15 to 18 per cent. This concession, together with other favorable circumstances, is expected to stimulate the sale of goods. The quantity of filling-in orders received during the present month has convinced manufacturers that retail stocks are low and were purposely held low for inventory purposes. This fact and the restricted production of goods have furnished an element of strength to the market which it did not possess before. Some salesmen are now on the road and others will leave next week with the new Spring lines. Prominently mentioned in the samples for the coming season are multi-colored effect, roman and bayadere stripes and bright contrasting plaids.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

15 cents per word. Two business and one bank reference required from advertisers.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

WANTED to purchase a department store doing an annual business of $200,000 or better cash in a town of 35,000 or greater, either in the States of New York, Pennsylvania or Ohio; all correspondence treated in strict confidence. Y 2467 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE financed for manufacturers and jobbers confidentially without disturbing their present arrangement for making collections. CREDIT DISCOUNT TRUST, 432 4th Av. Phone Madison Square 8190.

CHEF, STEWARD, 7 years with Savoy Hotel, New York, wants to invest $5,000 and services in good paying proposition. Owner, 454 East 179th St.

SHOE man with $10,000 can become partner to an established shoe factory and good paying retail store. A 749 Times Downtown.

GENTILE will invest $10,000 with services in paying business; give details. C 155 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

IMPORT and export concern, established in 1915 with $40,000 capital, would like to incorporate with American business man or firm well acquainted with the jewelry and novelty trade and possessing capital likewise to develop a wholesale import business. Y 2439 Times Annex.

PROMINENT dry goods broker desires to cooperate with party having capital to invest in the wholesale dry goods business; can submit sound proposition. S 735 Times Downtown.

PARTNER WANTED TO INVEST IN FUR MANUFACTURING BUSINESS, ESTABLISHED FOR TWENTY YEARS, WITH ACTIVE INTEREST. I. ALTMAN, 114 WEST 26TH ST.

WANTED to buy modern broad silk mill of 800 to 500 looms; up-to-date machinery; must be a bargain. Clark, MacMullen & Riley, 101 Park Av., New York.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

A GENTLEMAN of unusual integrity, with wide acquaintance among people of influence, is offered an opportunity to utilize his time and ability to advantage in newly incorporated organization; no stock proposition. J 353 Times.

DISTRIBUTORS.
We are ready to close a few out-of-town territories to men capable of distributing high-grade bolognas, prepared meats and provisions; wonderful opportunity. D. S., 123 Times.

DISTRIBUTERS for territorial rights throughout States for newly patented automobile accessory; excellent opportunity for men able to organize. Mitchell & Livingston, Mohawk Building, 160 5th Av.

ATTENTION EXPORTERS.
New York exporter leaving for South and Central America; have you any shipments refused or proposition to offer? Leon Labe, Rector 5125.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

TRUCK DISTRIBUTER WANTED.
Well-known reliable motor truck manufacturer desires a distributor for New York City territory on attractive and equitable terms. Large number of trucks now operating in the district requiring service, assure immediate profitable business with excellent prospects. L 743 Times Downtown.

MANUFACTURERS, ATTENTION.
We are now open for selling agency of various lines for east and export, established twelve years, maintaining sales office and show room in New York and warehouse in Jersey City, N. J.; communicate, giving full details. Sales Manager, Room 311, 1,161 Broadway, New York City.

A NEW New York selling organization is open to represent good infants' and children's knit goods mfrs.; able to finance own accounts. P. T., 520 Presbyterian Bldg.

FOR SALE.

WE ARE SPECIALISTS IN GARAGES. LARGEST SELECTION; BONA-FIDE PROPOSITIONS FROM $2,500 TO $75,000; MONEY ADVANCED WHEN REQUIRED. L. SCHLEIFER CO., TIMES BLDG., B'WAY AND 42D ST. 166 RIVINGTON ST., NEAR WILLIAMSBURG BRIDGE PLAZA.

GARAGE LEASE for sale, four-story steel and concrete building, suitable for trucking corporation, 428 West 19th St.; 21-year lease from Feb. 1, 1921; inspection invited if interested. Apply to Petersen-Fennell, Inc., 145 West 45th St.

A REAL OPPORTUNITY—We must sell our established, well-advertised shipping room supplies and paper business; sales over $25,000 last year; very liberal terms. Call at once, Room 433, 47 West 42d St.

14 ACRES heavy deposit crystalline graphite, near Phoenixville, Pa.; vein 5 to 7 feet thick; $6,000 if sold now. Full particulars, J. M. Hartman, 636 North New St., Bethlehem, Pa.

TEN SINGER SEWING MACHINES on tables, all ready with motor; also several counters; plant is ready to run; cheap rent in Jersey City, on one of the main streets. Box 22, 209 Cable Building.

CLOAK, Suit and Dress Store, also ladies' tailoring; with or without stock; cheap rent; at a sacrifice. Economy Shop, 764 Coney Island Av., near Cortelyou Road, Brooklyn.

PERMITS for bus line, route 14 miles, starting in New York City, requires $30,000 to buy seven new buses and run business; can start operations at once or in Spring. Y 2440 Times Annex.

COMPLETE laboratory; sacrifice. 207 West 35th St. Phone Longacre 5775.

BUSINESS LOANS.

MONEY advanced on notes and trade acceptances, open accounts and other good securities. V 660 Times Downtown.

CASH ADVANCED ON OPEN ACCOUNTS, TRADE ACCEPTANCES AND NOTES PURCHASED. CAPITAL, $17 TIMES.

RECEIVER'S NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS TO PRESENT CLAIMS.
DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, Eastern District of New York—MARY D. GOETTING, as Executrix under the Last Will and Testament of AUGUST H. GOETTING, Deceased, Complainant, against PHONO-MOTOR MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC., Defendant.
TO THE CREDITORS OF PHONO-MOTOR MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC.:
Pursuant to an order of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York duly made and entered herein on the 10th day of November, 1920, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all creditors of said Phono-Motor Manufacturing Company, Inc., a New York corporation having its offices at 325 Dean Street, Borough of Brooklyn, City and State of New York, to present statements in writing of their respective claims against said corporation, duly verified, to the undersigned, Henry A. Ingraham, as Receiver of said corporation, at his office, No. 177 Montague Street, Borough of Brooklyn, City and State of New York, on or before January 15th, 1921, under penalty of having their claims not so presented disallowed.
Dated, Brooklyn, N. Y., December 2, 1920.
HENRY A. INGRAHAM, Receiver.
AUSTIN, McLANAHAN & MERRITT, Attorneys for Receiver, 135 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ABRAHAM FINKELSTEIN, ISRAEL FINKELSTEIN and NETTIE FINKELSTEIN, copartners trading as Finkelstein Bros., Alleged Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, December 30, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 15 West 19th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of $100,000 stock of laces, embroidery, piece goods, insertions, edging, office furniture, fixtures, etc.
HENRY H. KAUFMAN, Receiver.
ROBERT P. LEVIS, Attorney for Receiver, 42 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MUNDIAL TRADING CO., INC., Bankrupt. Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, January 6, 1921, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 17 Battery Place, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of general merchandise, roll and flat top desks, chairs, Underwood typewriters with small and large carriages, adding machines, rugs, filing cabinets, fixtures, etc. Also the receiver's right, title and interest in and to the unexpired term of lease of said premises.
SAMUEL HERSHENSTEIN, Receiver.
YANKAUER & DAVIDSON, Attorneys for Receiver, 261 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.
In the matter of WM. ADLER, INC., Bankrupt. Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Friday, January 7, 1921, by order of the Court, at 2:00 P. M., at 3 East 28th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dresses, piece goods, trimmings, office furniture, fixtures, etc. Also the Receiver's right, title and interest in and to the unexpired term of lease of said premises.
LOUIS JERSAWIT, Receiver.
SHAINE & WEINRIB, Attorneys for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LION WATCH CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, January 10, 1921, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 15 Malden Lane, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of watches, crystals, jewelry, watch parts, movements, safe, fixtures, etc.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, Assignee.
MAURICE L. SHAINE, 299 Broadway, and GREENBAUM, WOLFF & ERNST, 15 Maiden Lane, Attorneys for Assignee.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARN Wanted—At a price, for cash. Watkins 2487.

BOLIVIAS Wanted — Navy. H. Markowitz Sons, Madison Square 6890.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—Green and brown, all grades, 54 inches. Max Hyman & Co., 15 Washington Place.

CANTON CREPES, Taffetas Wanted—Good quality, Countess Dress, 12 East 33d St.

CANTON CREPE Wanted—Navy, brown and gray. Avedon & Avedon, 12 East 32d.

CANTON CREPES Wanted—All colors. Billy Posner, 44 East 32d.

COATS, Wraps and Suits Wanted—Big jobbers placing orders for Spring; looking at samples all day. Solina, May & Seldman, 27 East 22d St.

COATS Wanted—Placing orders on children's and juniors'; afternoons only. 101 East Broadway.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at infants', intermediates, children's; Spring samples. 15 East 30th, 5th floor.

COATS, SUITS Wanted—Placing Spring orders. Call mornings. M. B. Kaufman, 6 West 32d St.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring samples, better grade. 8th floor, 35 West 31st.

COATS Wanted—Wraps and suits jobber looking at better grade; all week. Cohen, 141 West 28th, first floor.

COATS Wanted—Looking at better grade Spring coats and wraps; placing orders. 152 West 25th, tenth floor.

COATS Wanted—Popular and better grade infants', intermediates' and children's; Spring samples. 18 West 21st, ninth floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber open to place orders on snappy Spring styles. Call, with samples, 40 West 25th, 3d floor.

COATS Wanted—Infants' and intermediates; placing orders on Spring samples. 24 West 20th, 1st floor.

COATS Wanted—Children's, popular and better made, from 6-14. Call 12 West 27th, 1st floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Spring models. 5th floor, 45 West 27th.

COATS, SPRING, Wanted — Placing orders infants' intermediates, 4th floor, 19 West 24th.

COATS Wanted—Open to buy Spring capes of the better class. H. D. Brous, 11 East 26th.

COATS, SUITS Wanted—Misses' and junior Spring samples. 15 East 30th, 5th floor.

COATS and WRAPS Wanted—Fourth floor, 45 West 27th.

COATS Wanted—Looking at Spring coats. 138 West 25th, 7th floor.

COLLARS Wanted — Australian opossum. Cohen Bros., 34 West 27th St.

CORDUROY Wanted—9000 firm finish, dark colors, for cash. Stuyvesant 2459.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Open for quantity fancy weave gabardines, self stripe materials suitable for skirtings and khaki; submit swatches and best prices. Y 2458 Times Annex.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—36-in. bleached white ducks or drills, gabardines; about 5,000 yards; will pay cash; submit samples, prices. Joseph Wall, 28 Kneeland, Boston.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Devonshire, golden, kiddy and peggy cloth; also white and khaki three-yard jeans; cash. Lewis & Buchalter, 67 5th Av.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Devonshire and all yarn dyed fabrics; also khaki drill; cash. Superior Wash Suit, 54 West 17th.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—60x48, 64x60, 68x72, &c.; pay spot cash; quantity no object. Call 25, Silberstein, 261 Broadway.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—5-thread, high quality, gray and rust. Mendelson & Vogel, 51 West 24th.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Flesh, Stewart's 2509 or similar; quantity. Samek Bros., 13 East 22d.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—League shades, for immediate delivery. J. Lieberman, 8 West 30th.

CREPE Wanted—Canton, all shades. Marinac Young, 30 West 31st.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Powdered flesh, 68, pick. 5th floor, 130 Madison Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Will buy for cash jobs any quantity tricotines, charmeuse and poiret twill dresses; submit samples 9 to 5 daily, 28 West 33d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber will pay cash for any quantity of tricotine, serge and silk dresses. 153 West 27th, 3d floor. Chelsea 7385.

DRESSES, SUITS Wanted—Out-of-town jobber placing orders. Call, morning only, Room 602, 20 West 22d.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on stylish stouts and better grade. Merrymaid Garment, 164 West 25th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber buying Spring samples, all materials. Magnet Dress, 1,193 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders in charmeuse and satin dresses. Manhattan Maid, 137 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Exclusive jobber buying dresses. 22 West 20th, 8th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobbers placing orders on dresses. 38 West 32d St., Room 1502.

FLANNEL OUTINGS Wanted—5,000 pieces colored, checked and plaids, below market price. Gotham Textile Co., 655 Broadway.

GEORGETTES Wanted—All colors. Majestic Mfg. Co., 20 West 22d.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Good quality; must be cheap. Sunshine, 48 West 25th.

GEORGETTES Wanted—2x2; good pick; cash. Fashion Dress, 120 West 31st.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Will buy quantity at right price. Room 703, 15 West 38th.

GEORGETTES Wanted—At a price for cash. Arrow Dress Co., 31 West 31st St.

HOMESPUNS Wanted for women's coats. 38 West 26th, 11th floor.

JERSEYS Wanted—Worsted, heather, khaki and Copen. Roth Bros., 9 West 26th.

KHAKI Wanted—Can use large quantity in khaki drill, also shorts, below market. Store, 57 Walker St.

ORLANDO Wanted—F. & H., Shades 113, 114, 115 and 123. Chelsea 590.

POLO Wanted—Tan, 100 pieces, immediate delivery. H. Drusin & Son., Watkins 3498.

PONGEES Wanted — All qualities and weights; spot cash. New York Silk Exchange, 337 4th Av. Madison Square 1803.

PONGEE Wanted—12

THE NATIONAL CITY COMPANY — NATIONAL CITY BANK BUILDING — NEW YORK

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$85,000

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN

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New York
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

General Recovery in Stocks, Led by Railways — Other Markets Move Similarly.

An abrupt and sudden change of form on the Stock Exchange yesterday, in which the railway shares led a vigorous and sustained recovery, appeared to react favorably on all other markets. It was accompanied by a very general recovery in foreign exchange rates and by a quick advance in wheat and cotton after those markets had begun the day with a decline, and after cotton in particular had fallen in the early trading to another "new low level" for 1920. The bond market as a whole could hardly be said to have participated in the movement; for although a considerable number of railway and industrial bonds gained ½ to 1¾ over Tuesday, the majority still moved uncertainly. But Liberty bonds continued their recovery; several of them reached or passed last week's highest prices, and, although there was some reaction from the best, their closing prices marked a recovery of 1 to 2 points from the low level of the recent break.

Such recovery as occurred in these various markets was more than usually inter-related, for the reason that in all the markets it reflected a change from the atmosphere of paralyzing despondency which had been prevailing to a very unwarranted extent in all of them. That the change of sentiment and the turn of prices should have come first on the Stock Exchange was natural, because the stock market has not only embodied this pessimistic spirit but has been particularly sensitive to a number of exaggerated influences peculiar to the year-end. That holders of stocks have been selling lately both to raise money for pressing needs and to make their paper loss a cash loss for purposes of the Federal tax return, every one knows. But a situation seems to have been created within the last few preceding days in which Wall Street believed itself to be confronted with heavy and urgent liquidation of that sort whenever a stock declined even under the tentative offerings of room traders.

Such a condition could not last indefinitely, especially when a good part even of the genuine liquidation for such purposes has only one more day left in which it could be effective. All that is necessary to reverse a stock market under such circumstances is either the announcement of some unexpectedly favorable news or the placing of actual buying orders to be executed without awaiting repeated concessions in price. Unexpected good news has not cut a figure, but orders appear to have been placed in yesterday's market with more courage than heretofore, and the result was immediate buying for the account of speculators who had been selling stocks, with the resultant sharp recovery.

In the railway shares, where trading was unusually active yesterday, prices advanced 2 to 6 points, several of the ordinarily more quiet stocks making noteworthy gains. The recovery in the industrial list was presumably in larger measure a reflection of "bear covering," but with those stocks also the day's net advances ranged in numerous cases from 1 to 3 points. News of some further dividend suspensions by industrial companies passed almost unnoticed, which probably means that occurrences of this character have been abundantly "discounted" already and have therefore, at least for the present, lost their influence.

Whether yesterday's recovery was likely to continue or whether, as with other recent upward reactions, it would turn out to have been merely a temporary halt in the movement of depression, Wall Street itself did not seem to be sure last night. Experience, at any rate, teaches that the actual termination of a troubled December market does not often leave precisely the same unsettling influences to prevail in the new year. Business conditions may be no better, but the stock market, which foreshadows such conditions far ahead, will always have completed its "discounting" process long before the revival of general trade is in sight.

MONEY.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 29, 1920.

Money on call on the Stock Exchange ruled at 7 per cent. all day Wednesday. In time money, 7¼@7½ per cent. still obtains for all dates on mixed collateral, and 7½@7¾ per cent. all dates on all industrial collateral. Business in bankers' acceptances and commercial paper was quiet at previously prevailing quotations.

Call Loans.

Renewal.	High.	Low.	Last.	Tuesday's Last.
7	7	7	7	7

Time Loans

Mixed collateral, 60 to 90 days.....7¼@7½
4, 5 and 6 months.....7¼@7½
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days.....7¼@7¾
4, 5 and 6 months.....7½@7¾

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 3 to 6 months.....7¼@8
Other names, 3 to 6 months.....8 @8½

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 7; 16 to 90 days.....6
Liberty bonds and Victory notes, 15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days.....6
Bankers' acceptances, 15 to 90 days..6

Open Market Rates.

Prime eligible acceptances, on call....6
Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....6
Non-member and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days.....6%@6½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....6 @7½

London Market.

Money in London market Wednesday was down ¼ per cent. at 4½ per cent.; short bills and three months' bills down 1-16 at 6 11-16 per cent. Gold bullion on the London market unchanged at 116s 9d per fine ounce. Mint parity, 85s.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Wednesday's exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $777,128,532; balances, $87,169,201; Federal Reserve Bank's credit balance, $61,037,758; exchanges this day a year ago, $1,198,153,689.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	$5.25	$5.50	$5.25	$5.50
Quicksilver	45.00	....	50.00	....
Aluminium	22.00	23.00	22.00	23.00
Iron, No. 2X Silic.	32.75	....	32.75	....

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 12¾, 30 days.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Tuesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	70	10	0	71	0	0
Copper, futures	72	5	0	73	0	0
Tin, spot	200	0	0	200	0	0
Tin, futures	206	0	0	205	15	0
Spelter, spot	26	0	0	24	0	0
Spelter, futures	28	0	0	26	0	0
Lead, spot	22	0	0	21	10	0
Lead, futures	23	10	0	22	15	0

ASKS LONGER TRIAL FOR RESERVE BOARD

O. M. W. Sprague of Harvard Says the System Has Proved Superior to Former Plans.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, Dec. 29.—Conditions under which the Federal Reserve Board has worked have been so extraordinary that six years at least of trial under normal conditions will be required to determine the full possibilities and shortcomings of the system, O. M. W. Sprague of Harvard University asserted today before the annual convention here of the American Economic Association.

"It is one of the inestimable advantages of the Reserve system," he said, "that the brakes were applied before the supply of credit was exhausted and before trade activity had culminated in a crisis. We are still in the midst of a period of necessary readjustment and liquidation, but the immense superiority of the Reserve system as compared with our former means of meeting similar situations is already conspicuously evident.

"There is grave danger that the quack remedy of inflation through enforced accommodation from the Reserve banks may be attempted," Mr. Sprague pointed out, after asserting that in his opinion a distinctly higher range of rates on Government certificates in the Summer and Autumn of 1919 would have been a wiser policy. He is of the belief also that the policy of the Treasury after the armistice might have been subjected to more searching scrutiny if the Reserve Board "had been less heavily freighted with Treasury officials."

"The experience of six years has disclosed no serious defects in the structure or management of the Federal Reserve system, while the expensive credit power of the system, enormously greater than that under the national banking system, presents no serious danger for the future, if suitable policies are adopted," the Harvard expert concluded.

"Much more is clearly necessary than the adjustment of discount rates to variations in the reserve position of the Reserve banks. A discount policy should be adopted which is designed to check the rapid expansion of credit in periods of trade activity. Such a policy is entirely practicable, but it cannot be adopted in the absence of general confidence in the wisdom of the policies of the management of the Reserve Banks, but requires readiness on the part of the public to support these policies even when the immediate consequences are painful.

"Satisfactory results from the working of the Reserve system seem assured, if the management is given the support of an intelligent public opinion."

R. C. Leffingwell, former Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, and Garet Garrett of New York took part in the discussion.

More Capital for a Gates Oil Co.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, Dec. 29.—The Texas Company, oil producing, refining and marketing, and which was founded by the late John W. Gates, today filed an amendment to its charter in the Secretary of State's office here, increasing its capital stock from $130,000,000 to $143,000,000. It is the largest capitalized domestic corporation doing business in Texas.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 29, 1920.

Day's Sales.	Tuesday.	Monday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.	Year to Date.
1,169,735	816,338	656,461	1,382,379	Holiday.	221,705,833½

Same Period 1919.	1918.	1917.
312,423,520	143,360,989	185,716,860

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
23½	25	500	Adams Express	25	25	23	24¾	+2¼
15	15¼	600	Advance Rumely	14½	14¾	14½	14¾	+ ⅝
45½	46	300	Do pf	45½	45¼	45½	45½	
25	25½	1,800	Ajax Rubber	24¾	25¾	24	25¾	+ ⅞
⅝	⅞	2,300	Alaska Gold Mines	⅝	⅞	⅝	⅞	
1	1	1,100	Alaska Juneau	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞	
44	44½	1,700	Allied C. & D. w. i.	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞	
28½	28⅞	500	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	43½	44½	43¼	44¼	
69	72	100	Do pf	28½	28¾	28½	28¾	+ ⅜
53¾	54⅜	2,400	Am. Ag. Chemical	69¼	69¼	69¼	69¼	+ ¼
37¾	38	1,600	Am. Beet Sugar	54½	54½	53¾	54⅜	+ ¾
48	49¼	800	Am. Bosch Mag	38	38½	37¾	38	+ ⅜
23	23⅞	6,300	American Can	48¼	48½	47½	47½	+ ¾
118¾	119¼	1,500	Do pf	22⅝	23⅝	22½	23	+ ¾
16	16¼	2,800	Am. Car & Fdy	77	77	76	76¼	+ ¼
64	65	1,200	Am. Cotton Oil	116¾	119¼	116¾	119	+1½
120	122½	2,000	Am. Drug. Synd	16¾	16¾	16	16¼	+ ⅛
6⅝	7	200	American Express	6⅝	6⅝	6½	6½	+ ⅛
38½	39	1,400	Am. Hide & Leath	123¾	123¼	120	120	
40	45	600	Do pf	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅝
52	54	400	American Ice	38½	38½	38½	38½	+ ½
32½	32½	100	Do pf	39	40¼	38⅝	40¼	+2¼
8¾	9	8,800	Am. International	54	54	54	54	+1
47	47⅝	200	Am. La F. Fire En	32	33	31½	32½	+ ½
80	86	1,800	American Linseed	8⅞	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝	- ⅛
79½	80½	100	Do pf	44¾	47½	44¾	47½	+2½
98¾	100	2,100	Am. Locomotive	81	81	81	81	+1
18	22½	100	Do pf	79	80¼	78¾	80	+1
64½	66¼	300	Am. Malt & Grain	100	100	100	100	
7⅛	7¾	100	Am. Radiator	17¼	17¾	17¼	17¼	- ⅜
8	8⅛	10,000	Am. Safety Razor	64¼	64¾	64¼	64¾	- ⅛
31⅝	31⅞	2,500	Am. Ship & Com	6⅝	7	6⅝	7⅛	+ ⅛
68	68⅛	5,600	Am. Smelt. & Ref	8½	8⅝	8	8	- ⅛
29½	29⅞	1,200	Do pf	30⅜	32¼	30⅝	31⅝	+ ⅛
89½	90¼	5,600	Am. Steel Found	66	68¼	66	68¼	+3
98⅝	99½	1,600	Am. Sugar Ref	28⅝	29½	28½	29½	+ ⅝
73⅝	74	320	Do pf	88⅝	90⅝	88⅝	90⅝	+1⅝
36	38	1,800	Am. Sumatra Tob	99	99⅞	99	99½	+ ⅛
94	94⅝	5,000	Am. Tel. & Tel	70½	74	70⅜	73½	+3
		950	Amer. Tobacco	94¼	94½	94	94⅜	
		900	Do, Class B	108⅞	111⅛	108¾	111⅛	+2½
		900	Do pf	107	107⅞	107	107⅞	+ ½
8	8⅛	8,900	Am. Woolen	86⅝	86½	86⅝	86½	
		100	Do pf	56	58	56	58	- ½
		100	Am. Wholesale pf	92	92	92	92	+1¾
		800	Am. Writ. P. pf	88	89	89	89	-1
		1,100	Am. Zinc, L. & S	29½	30¾	29½	29½	+1⅝
		1,000	Do pf	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
		12,900	Anaconda Copper	29	29	28¾	29	+ ⅛
		600	Asso. Dry Goods	30¾	31¼	30¾	30¾	
		600	Do 1st pf	20⅞	25	20⅞	25	+4⅞
		600	Do 2d pf	55	55½	54½	55½	
		7,700	At., T. & S. F	39	39	39	39	+ ⅞
		600	Do pf	80	82¾	80	82	+2⅝
		1,300	Atl., Birm. & At	76⅝	76⅝	76⅝	76⅝	+ ⅛
		1,200	Atlantic Coast Line	5½	5⅝	5½	5⅝	
		400	Atlantic Fruit	84	85¾	84	85¾	+2½
		16,800	Atl., Gulf & W. I	7	9	7	9	+2½
		100	Do pf	91	93	89	89¼	-1¾
		100	Austin, Nichols	46¾	47	46¾	46¾	-1
		200	Auto Sales	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	-1⅛
		13,000	Baldwin Loco	3	3	3	3	
		200	Do pf	81⅝	85	81⅝	84	+2½
		19,700	Baltimore & Ohio	93	93	93	93	+1
		900	Balt. & Ohio pf	32¼	35½	32¼	35⅝	+3
		100	Barnet Leather	47½	49⅝	47½	49⅝	+1⅞
		100	Barnet Leather pf	22	22	22	22	-4
		100	Barrett (The) C.C.C. of d	65	65	62	65	+4¾
		1,300	Bethlehem Motors	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	-1
		100	Bethlehem Steel	2¼	2⅝	2	2⅝	
		6,600	Beth. Steel, Cl. B	52	52	52	52	
		100	Beth. Steel 7% pf	53⅛	54¼	53½	54¼	+ ⅝
		300	Beth. Steel 8% pf	92	92	92	92	+1½
		2,000	Booth Fisheries	100	100¾	100	100¾	+ ⅝
		1,100	Brooklyn Rap. Tr	38⅝	38⅝	37½	37¾	- ⅛
		100	B. R. T. cfs. of dep	9½	10	9½	9⅝	- ⅛
		100	Brooklyn Un. Gas	6½	6⅝	6½	6⅝	- ⅛
		100	Brown Shoe	48½	48⅝	48½	48⅝	+ ⅛
		100	Bruns. T. & R. Sec	35	35	35	35	- ¼
		400	Burns Brothers	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	
		1,300	Butte Cop. & Zinc	79½	79½	78⅝	79	+1
		1,400	Butte & Superior	3⅞	4	3⅞	4	
		100	Butterick Co	8½	8½	8⅜	8½	+ ⅜
		1,700	Caddo Cent. O. & R	12	12	12	12	
		1,500	California Packing	11¼	11⅝	11¼	11⅝	+ ⅜
		3,200	Callahan Zinc	5⅞	6	5⅞	5⅞	
		1,800	Cal. Petroleum	4	4¼	4	4⅛	+ ⅛
		100	Cal. Petroleum pf	24⅝	25¼	24⅝	25	+ ⅝
		400	Calumet & Arizona	67½	67½	67½	67½	+ ½
		8,900	Canadian Pacific	50	50	50	50	- ⅛
		200	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	114	116¼	113½	116	+2½
		3,800	Cent. Leather Co	72⅝	73¼	72⅝	73¼	+1¼
		100	Cent. Leath. Co. pf	31⅞	33	31⅝	33	+1
		2,000	Cerro de P. Copper	82½	82½	82½	82½	+ ¼
		6,300	Chandler Motor	24⅞	25	24⅞	25	+ ⅛
		5,300	Chesapeake & Ohio	61	62¼	61	61⅝	+ ⅛
		100	C. & E. Ill. eq. t. r	56	56½	56	56½	+1⅛
		700	C. & E. I. pf. eq.t.r	5	5	5	5	
		300	Chi. Gt. Western	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	- ⅛
		1,200	Chi. Gt. West. pf	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	+ ⅛
		8,600	Chi., Mil. & St. P	17	18⅛	17	18⅛	+ ⅛
		9,900	C., M. & St. P. pf	25¼	28	25¼	28	+3
		11,260	Chicago & N. W	39¼	41⅝	39¼	41⅝	+2⅝
		1,100	Chi. & N. W. pf	62¾	65½	62¾	65⅜	+3⅝
		5,800	Chi. Pneu. Tool	99¼	100	99¼	100	
		6,950	Chi., R. I. & Pac	60½	62¾	60½	61¼	+1¼
		1,000	C., R. I. & P.	25	26⅝	25	26⅝	+1⅝
		1,200	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	69½	70	69½	70	+1⅝
		100	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	59¼	61¼	59½	61	+1
		7,200	C., St. P., M. & O	10¾	11	10¾	10¾	- ⅛
		3,300	Chile Copper	44¾	46	44¾	46	+1
		100	Chino Copper	91¼	92⅝	89	92¼	+1⅝
		1,800	C., C. C. & St.L.pf	111¾	113	111¾	113	+1
		200	Cluett-Peabody	48½	49	47⅝	48	+ ⅜
		11,400	Coca-Cola	32	33	32	32	+ ⅛
		1,300	Col. Fuel & Iron	12¼	12⅝	12¼	12½	+ ⅜
		400	Colo. & Southern	42¾	43¾	42¾	43¾	+ ⅞
		2,300	Colum. Gas & Elec	19⅝	20	19⅝	19⅝	+ ⅛
		4,500	Columbia Grapho	25¼	25½	25	25	+ ⅛
		100	Colum. Grapho. pf	26	27	26	27	+2½
		100	Comput. Tab Rec	57½	58¼	57	58	+ ⅛
		4,000	Con. Cigar	34½	34½	34½	34½	- ⅛
		2,100	Con. Gas	53	53	53	53	- ¾
		4,000	Con. Textile	74¾	75¾	74½	75⅛	+ ⅛
			Continental Can	20	20	18⅝	20	
		500	Continental Candy	51⅝	52½	51⅝	52½	+ ⅜
		100	Continental Insur	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	- ⅛
		4,600	Corn Prod. Refin	63⅝	63⅝	63⅝	63⅝	- ⅛
		4,300	Cosden & Co	67½	68¾	66⅝	66⅝	+1⅛
		16,800	Crucible Steel	28⅝	29¼	28½	28½	+1⅛
		300	Crucible Steel pf	74	70	73	73	+1¼
		4,600	Cuba Cane Sugar	83¼	83¼	82¼	83¼	+ ⅛
		100	Cuba Cane Sug. pf	18¾	18¾	17½	18⅝	+ ⅛
		2,200	Cuban Am. Sug.	57¼	57⅝	57¼	57⅝	+ ⅛
		100	Del. & Hudson	27	27⅞	27	27⅞	+ ⅛
		1,400	Denver & Rio G	97	97	97	97	+1½
		2,700	Den. & Rio G. pf	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞	
		3,100	Dome Mines	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	- ⅛
		500	Elk Horn Coal	9¾	9¾	9½	9½	- ⅛
		900	Emerson Brant	16⅞	17	16⅞	17	+1
		1,400	Endicott-Johnson	6⅝	6⅝	5½	5½	-1¼
		500	Endicott-John. pf	48⅝	48⅝	48¼	48¼	- ⅜
		5,100	Erie	44½	44½	44¼	44¼	+ ⅛
		1,900	Erie 1st pf	12⅝	13⅜	12⅝	13⅜	+ ⅝
		500	Erie 2d pf	19	19	19	19	+ ⅛
		2,700	Famous Play.-Las	13½	14	13¼	13¾	+ ⅛
		900	Fam. Play.-L. pf	44	46⅞	44	45½	+ ½
		400	Fed. M. & S. pf	72	76	72	76	+4½
		100	Fisher Body	22⅝	22⅝	21⅝	21⅝	- ⅝
		2,000	Fisk Rubber	80½	80½	80½	80½	
		1,300	Freeport-Texas	10½	10½	10½	10½	
		3,500	Gaston, Wm. & W	12½	12⅝	12½	12⅝	+ ⅛
		100	General Am. T. C	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
		3,900	General Asphalt	50	50	50	50	+ ⅝
		300	Gen.Ch.,Ch.C.c of d	38⅝	39½	38⅝	38⅝	+ ⅝
		1,900	General Cigar	117	117	117	117	-1
		300	General Cigar pf	52	53	52	53	+ ½
		400	General C. deb. pf	84	84	84	84	-1
		3,000	General Electric	80	80	80	80	
		46,940	General Motors	117	119	117	119	+1
		1,300	General Motors pf	13⅜	13⅜	13½	13⅝	+ ⅛
		1,400	General M. 7% deb	67½	67½	67⅜	67⅜	+ ⅛
		1,900	General M. 6% deb	70½	71	70½	71	
		700	Goodrich (B.F.) Co	58⅝	59	58⅝	59	
		300	Goodrich pf	32½	33⅜	32⅝	32⅝	+ ½
		1,000	Granby Con	71½	71½	70⅝	70⅝	- ⅝
		10,600	Great Northern pf	16⅝	16½	15⅞	16⅛	
		5,400	Gt. N. ctfs. for O.P	73	77	72⅝	76	+2⅝
			Greene-Can. Cop	25⅜	25⅝	25⅛	25½	
		700	Guantanamo Sugar	18	18	17⅜	17⅝	- ⅜
		200	Gulf States Steel	11⅝	12¾	11⅝	12¼	+1
		200	Gulf, Mob. & N. pf	25½	26	25¼	26	+1
		100	Haskell & Barker	24½	24⅝	24½	24½	+ ⅛
		200	Hendee Mfg	53½	53¾	53½	53½	+1
		100	Homestake Mining	14	14	14	14	- ½
		3,400	Houston Oil	50	50	50	50	
		1,300	Hupp Motor Car	61	63½	61	62¾	+ ⅛
		2,600	Illinois Central	104½	106	104½	106	+ ⅛
		100	Indian Refining pf	84⅞	85⅜	84⅝	85½	+ ⅛
		4,300	Inspiration Copper	82	82	82	82	
		1,800	Interboro Con	28¼	28¼	28	28	- ⅛
		1,500	Interboro Con. pf	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	- ⅛
		100	Int. Agricultural	9⅝	10	9½	9½	- ⅛
		300	Int. Agricul. pf	10½	10½	10½	10½	- ⅛
		1,800	Int. Harvester	44⅞	46	44⅞	46	+1
		1,800	Int. Harvester, new	91¼	92⅝	89	92¼	+1⅝
		5,800	Int. Mer. Marine	11¼	11½	10¾	11¼	+ ⅜
		5,800	Int. Mer. Mar. pf	48½	49	47⅝	48	+ ⅜
		7,300	Int. Motor Truck	32	33	32	32	+ ⅛
		1,900	Int. Nickel	12¼	12⅝	12	12½	+ ⅜
		300	Int. Paper	42¾	43¾	42¾	43¾	+ ⅞
		2,000	Int. Paper pf., sta	70	70	70	70	+ ⅛
		2,800	Invincible Oil	21⅝	22¼	21⅝	22¼	+ ⅝
		6,300	Iron Products	27½	28¼	27½	28	+ ½
		2,000	Island Oil & Trans	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	
		100	Jones Bros. Tea	13½	13⅝	13¼	13⅜	- ⅛
		2,000	K. C., Ft. S. & M. pf	58	58	58	58	- ⅛
		300	Kansas City South	18½	20¾	18½	20¼	+2½
		2,900	Kansas City So. pf	43¾	45⅝	43¾	45⅝	+2½
		300	Kelly Springf. Tire	32½	34½	32½	33¼	+2
		800	Kelly Sp. T. 8% pf	80	80½	80	80½	+ ½
		100	Kelsey Wheel	35½	36¾	35½	36¾	+1¼
		100	Kelsey Wheel pf	80	80	80	80	- ¾
25½	27	2,600	General Electric				3¼	
13⅜	14	85,600	Southern Pacific				24⅝	
		900	Tidewater Oil				13¾	

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
15¼	15½	11,200	Kennecott Copper	15½	15½	15¼	15¼	+ ⅛
7⅝	7¾	1,100	Keystone Tire & R	7¾	7¾	6⅞	7¾	+ ⅛
49¾	50	1,100	Lackawanna Steel	48½	49⅜	48½	49⅜	+ ⅛
37	38	100	Laclede Gas	37	37	37	37	
25¾	28	100	Lake Erie & W. pf	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¼	+1¼
16	16½	1,900	Lee Rubber & Tire	16½	16¾	16	16	- ⅛
65¼	65½	9,500	Lehigh Valley	53⅝	53⅝	53½	53½	+2⅜
15⅛	15⅜	2,700	Loews Incorporated	15⅞	15¾	15	15⅛	+ ⅛
9⅝	9¾	1,000	Loft Incorporated	9⅝	9¾	9½	9⅝	
25	30	200	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	25	25	25	25	
120	130	600	Lorillard (P.) Co	124	130	124	130	+7½
97¼	97½	100	Loril. (P.) Co. pf	97¾	97¾	97⅝	97⅝	+ ⅛
99	100	1,400	Louis. & Nash	97¾	99⅛	97	99⅛	+ ⅛
9	10	200	Mallinson & Co	9¾	9¾	9	9	- ⅝
30	50	200	Mallinson & Co. pf	45	46	45	46	- 1
64½	65	600	Manati Sugar	65	65	65	65	+1
44¾	45	800	Manhattan Elev	43½	44¾	43½	44¾	+1¼
		100	Manhattan Shirt	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾	+ ⅛
15	16	400	Marlin-Rockwell	14½	15⅛	14½	15	+ ⅛
14	18	100	Martin-Parry	14	14	14	14	+ ⅛
		2,300	Maxwell Motors 2d pf					
66¼	67		c of d sta. ass'd					
93¼		600	May Dept. Stores	13⅞	13⅞	13¼	13¼	- ⅝
155¼	155⅞	300	May Dept. St. pf	66	67	66	66½	+ ⅜
14½	14⅝	19,700	Mexican Petroleum	93¼	93¼	93¼	93¼	- ⅜
11⅞	12	1,900	Miami Copper	153½	157½	152½	155½	+2⅜
30¼	30¾	9,400	Middle States Oil	14⅞	15	14½	14⅝	+ ⅛
11½	12	6,800	Midvale Steel	12	12¼	11⅝	11⅝	+ ⅛
72	74	400	Minn. & St.L., new	30	30¼	29⅞	30¼	+ ⅛
2⅜	2⅝	2,900	M., St.P. & S.S.M.	11½	11⅝	11½	11½	+ ⅛
5	5½	1,900	Mo., Kan. & Texas	66⅛	73	66⅛	73	+7
17⅛	17⅝	500	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	2⅜	2⅝	2⅜	2⅝	+ ⅛
39	39½	8,100	Mo. Pacific	4¼	4⅝

Riordan Company, Ltd.

20 Yr. 1st Mtge. 8% Bonds

The paper business has flourished and is likely to continue good for some time to come. This company is one of the largest pulp manufacturers in the world, and has been prosperous since 1857.

We recommend these First Mortgage bonds for investment to yield

8.10%

SUTRO & KIMBLEY
Members New York Stock Exchange
66 Broadway
New York

Grain and Cotton

Readjustment of commodity values is of special interest at this time. Daily market letters sent upon request.

Correspondence Invited.

E. W. Wagner & Co.
Established 1887
Members { *New York Stock Exchange, New York Cotton Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade*
33 NEW STREET, NEW YORK
38 SO. LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO
Branches { *14 East 44th St. Mad. Av. & 42d St. 26 Court St., Brooklyn*

Nor. Pac.-Gt. Northern Joint 4%

Due July 1, 1921

(Chicago, Burlington & Quincy stock as collateral)

Selling to Yield 11%+

BOND DEPARTMENT

Hirsch, Lilienthal & Co.
Members
New York Stock Exchange
165 Broadway, New York
BRANCHES
Hotel Belleclaire, B'way & 77th St.
Hotel Breslin, B'way & 29th St.
3 East 44th St.

7%

Free from Federal Income Tax

$62,000

Jasper Co., Texas 7% Warrants

DUE 1921-1935

Price Par and Interest

Jasper County is located in the southeastern part of the State and has a present estimated population of 19,000.

Send for full descriptive circular.

Farson, Son & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway, New York

Foreign Exchange

Closing Rates—

	Cable.	Check.	Currency.	
England	$3.53	$3.52½	$3.55	Sterling
France	5.87	5.86	6.15	Francs
Belgium	6.22	6.21	6.50	Francs
Italy	3.37½	3.36½	3.42½	Lire
Germany	1.36½	1.36	1.39	Marks
Switzerland	15.23	15.21	15.50	Francs
Spain	13.12	13.10	13.50	Pesetas
Greece	7.12	7.10	8.00	Drachmas
Roumania	1.25	1.24	1.40	Lei
Czecho-S.	1.14	1.13	1.40	Kronen
Jugo-Sla.	.80	.86	....	Kronen
Austria	.24	.23	.25	Kronen
Hungary	.19	.18	.25	Kronen
Poland	.18½	17½	.25	Marks
Russia	....	....	.50	Rubles

Call, Wire or Write for Rates.

MORTON LACHENBRUCH & Co
42 Broad Street, New York
Private Wires to CHICAGO-PHILADELPHIA-ST LOUIS PITTSBURGH-DETROIT-CLEVELAND-GRAND RAPIDS

APPEAL ON TAX RULING.

Question of Profits on Stock Sales to Go to Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—The Government will appeal from the recent decision of Federal courts in Connecticut holding that profits received from the sale of stocks by persons other than brokers is not taxable as income, it was said today at the Bureau of Internal Revenue.

Pending the Supreme Court's construction of the law, taxes on such profits will be collected as part of the income tax, officials said, and should the Supreme Court uphold the Connecticut courts a refund will be necessary.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 29, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	$35,071,400	$26,683,750	Holiday.
Year to date	3,894,054,050	3,754,267,675	2,092,329,000

GOVERNMENT WAR LOANS.

Sales $1,000.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.	Yield.
5,024	—Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	89.70	89.90	89.42	89.50	—.10	89.52	89.70	4.05
300	—Liberty 3½s, reg	89.60	89.60	89.60	89.60	..	....	....	....
..	—Liberty 1st 4s, 1932-47	....	....	....	....	..	85.00	86.00	4.95
28	—Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-42	84.40	84.40	84.20	84.33	+.13	84.10	84.80	5.18
364	—Liberty 1st conv. 4¼s, 1932-47	85.72	86.10	85.60	85.60	—.38	85.80	86.10	5.22
15	—Liberty 1st conv. 4¼s, reg	85.30	85.40	85.30	85.40	..	....	....	....
4,822	—Liberty 2d conv. 4¼s, 1927-32	84.36	84.90	84.30	84.60	+.34	84.60	84.70	5.12
2,986	—Liberty 3d conv. 4¼s, 1928	87.30	87.40	87.12	87.20	+.34	87.14	87.20	6.28
8,950	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	84.80	85.30	84.80	85.30	+.34	85.20	85.30	5.22
65	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, reg	84.64	84.64	84.64	84.64	—.22	....	....	....
2,519	—Victory 4¾s, 1922-23	95.00	95.02	94.92	94.92	—.06	94.96	94.98	7.05
5	—Victory 4¾s, reg	94.80	94.80	94.80	94.80	..	....	....	....
1,874	—Victory 3¾s, 1922-23	95.00	95.00	94.94	94.99	..	94.94	94.96	6.00

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

Chinese Ry 5s
5..... 38¾
5..... 38¾
6..... 38¾
C of Berne 8s, temp ctfs
5..... 93¾
1..... 93¾
1..... 93¾
C of Chris 8s, K,L&Co ctfs
12..... 94
9..... 93¾
C of Copn 5½s
5..... 73
C of Paris 6s
1..... 93¼
3..... 93¼
3..... 93¼
2..... 93¾
8..... 93¾
4..... 94
C of Tokio 5s
15..... 42
C of Zurich ss. rcts
1..... 94¼
3..... 94
1..... 94½
Dom of Can 5s, 1921
5..... 99
5½s, 1921
4..... 98¾
10..... 99
5..... 98½
5s, 1926
4..... 85¾
5½s, 1929
2..... 88½
2..... 88
20..... 82½
2..... 83
1..... 83¼
U S Nox 5s
1..... 38½
2..... 39¾
4s
1..... 29
5..... 28¼
1..... 28¼
N Y City 4½s, 1963
4..... 91
1965
5..... 91¼
5..... 91½
1967
1..... 91¼
4½s, May. '67
5..... 91¼
Nov. 1957
5..... 91½
Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s
1..... 72½
15..... 72
7..... 71¾
1..... 72
2..... 71¾
Am Tel & Tel col 4s
29..... 72
col tr 5s
1..... 76
20..... 75¾
10..... 75¾
3..... 75¾
1..... 76
2..... 75¾
1..... 76
conv 6s
7..... 92¾
4..... 92¾
10..... 92¼
1..... 92¾
conv 4s
1..... 79¾
conv 4s
1..... 62¼
Arm & Co 4½s
24..... 73¼
1..... 73¼
4..... 73½
21..... 73
76..... 73½
1..... 73
At. Top & S F gen 4s
13..... 74½
10..... 74
10..... 74½
3..... 74
23..... 74½
3s 30f.. 74
3..... 74½
20..... 74½
8..... 74½
4..... 74½
6..... 74½
44..... 74½
1..... 74½
3..... 74½
adj 4s, stpd
10..... 66½
15..... 80¾
5..... 86½
10..... 86¾
10..... 86
22..... 86½
5½s, 1937.
1..... 82¾
29..... 82¾
29..... 82½
3..... 82½
25..... 83
9..... 82½
2..... 82
20..... 82½
2..... 83
1..... 83¼
U S Nox 5s
1..... 38½
2..... 39¾
4s
1..... 29
5..... 28¼
1..... 28¼
N Y City 4½s, 1963
4..... 91
1965
5..... 91¼
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1..... 72
2..... 71¾
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col tr 5s
1..... 76
20..... 75¾
10..... 75¾
3..... 75¾
1..... 76
2..... 75¾
1..... 76
conv 6s
7..... 92¾
4..... 92¾
10..... 92¼
1..... 92¾
conv 4s
1..... 79¾
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Arm & Co 4½s
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1..... 73¼
4..... 73½
21..... 73
76..... 73½
1..... 73
At. Top & S F gen 4s
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10..... 74
10..... 74½
3..... 74
23..... 74½
3s 30f.. 74
3..... 74½
20..... 74½
8..... 74½
4..... 74½
6..... 74½
44..... 74½
1..... 74½
3..... 74½
adj 4s, stpd
10..... 66½
15..... 80¾
5..... 86½
10..... 86¾
10..... 86
22..... 86½
5½s, 1937.
1..... 82¾
29..... 82¾
29..... 82½
3..... 82½
25..... 83
9..... 82½
2..... 83

KANSAS CITY POWER & LIGHT

8% Mortgage Bonds (Due 1940)

Company controls the electric light and power business in Kansas City, Missouri, serving also the adjacent territory, with a total population of 450,000. Bonds are a direct first lien on property valued in excess of this issue.

Earnings over twice annual interest requirements.

Price and complete description on request.

J.G.WHITE & COMPANY
INCORPORATED
37 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

An equal amount invested in the

First Mortgages

of certain

Railroad, Industrial and Public Utility Properties and in Foreign Government Bonds

will give at present prices an average yield of

8%

Inquiries invited

Prince & Whitely
Established 1878
Members New York Stock Exchange
52 Broadway Tel. Broad 6323

Legal for New York Savings Banks

We own and offer

Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Ry. Co.

Cons. 4½'s,

due May 1, 1957

Price to yield about 5.85%

Letter T describing these Bonds on request.

Eastman, Dillon & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
INVESTMENT BANKERS
71 Broadway
New York

Foreign Exchange

On Partial Payment Plan

A request to our Foreign Department will bring booklet dealing fully with this subject.

Straus & Co.
Members N.Y. Stock Exchange
55 BROADWAY
NEW YORK
Telephone — Whitehall 70
Foreign Department
Street Entrance

Berdell Brothers
Public Utility Securities
111 Broadway, New York

Republic Railway & Light Co.
Com. & Pfd. Stocks

Tennessee Ry., Lt. & Pow. Co.
Com. & Pfd. Stocks

Phones Rector 9680-5, 9783-7, 09 2-3
Private Phones to Philadelphia & Boston

GARY SEES AMERICA MOST BLESSED LAND

Business Marking Time Till Readjustment Ends, Then Brisk Trade.

HE BLAMES MIDDLEMEN

If Other Nations Can Recover, We Must Prosper, for Our Opportunity Is Greatest.

In discussing the business situation yesterday, Judge Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, said that the large volume of business hoped for could not be expected until the readjustment in progress had reached a point where there was a fair basis of selling prices so that the public would be induced to buy. Prices in many cases he held to be still extortionate, especially with reference to middlemen. He emphasized that conditions were abnormal and that the Golden Rule in business had been temporarily suspended, but predicted that this country would prosper beyond all others, "not because we are selfish or greedy, or would take any undue advantage, but because, in spite of ourselves, we have been blessed with the greatest opportunity for success."

Many of the evils which exist, the criminal outbreaks in the large cities, demoralization, greed, envy and cupidity he held to be a heritage of the World War. He contrasted capital and labor, saying of the former that the capitalist had been endeavoring unreasonably, if not unfairly, to increase his wealth and that the workmen had been trying to secure larger compensation for less service.

"It is only repeating what many are at present saying," remarked Judge Gary, "when I say that there are many things in the general atmosphere which are disquieting, and yet I am as hopeful and confident of the future as I have been at any time. The wonder is that times have not been much worse. Conditions are abnormal. The minds of men throughout the world are distorted. This, of course, is the result of the terrible war through which we have passed. There has been an orgy of extravagance and profligacy.

Sees Posterity Amazed.

"I am, of course, speaking of the inclination of the majority, recognizing that there are always large numbers of exceptions. Future generations, looking back to the present, will be amazed when contemplating how near insane large numbers of public officials and private individuals seem to have been. When not absolutely necessary, to kill people by the millions, or to steal property in small quantities, or to appropriate the property or territory of another of large value is just as bad as to murder a single individual or to steal a small amount of money or to rob another of a single horse. For Governments to waste money by the millions or billions for war purposes when unnecessary is as inexcusable as it is for individuals to waste small amounts, although not generally so considered.

"There is another side to this picture. I wish to refer particularly to the United States and to our own situation—our prospects and opportunities. I have before referred to the pecuniary resources of the United States. Others have frequently done this. The newspapers have published the facts and figures. They are startling. No one familiar with them can doubt the potentiality of our country. In addition to that we have the spirit and determination which can and will overcome all obstacles to the greatest success.

Many Prices Still Too High.

"Prices of many commodities, particularly by the middlemen or some of them, have been too high. They have been unreasonable and, in many cases, are still extortionate. While this process has been going on, of course, the general public has been withholding its custom. It has been waiting for more reasonable selling prices. Until this readjustment is completed and a fair basis established so that the high cost of living shall rest at a point which is fair, we may not expect as large a volume of business as we might hope for. The sooner every one realizes this fact the better for all concerned.

"Those who are still taking advantage of the situation and insisting upon prices which are unfair are doing everything they can to prevent a return to good business conditions, and those who have been or shall be willing to be reasonable in respect to selling prices are doing everything they can to assist in the readjustment and the reconstruction which all thinking men have been waiting for and expecting ever since the war closed. One who gives a little, but not much, thought to the general situation is surprised that during the last few months there have been no serious failures, no real disasters, nothing approaching a panic or general demoralization, but the one who makes careful study of the situation realizes that the reason we have only less business and not panic and demoralization is because of the vast amount of wealth and the wonderful resources of this country, and the best spirit of the finest people in perhaps the greatest country of the world.

"Anyone who believes for a moment that the United States is a bad country to live in or that its inhabitants have reason to complain of present conditions, should make comparisons between the people of this country and those of any other country in the world, or then he must decide that if any of the others can survive we can prosper, not because we are selfish or greedy or would take any undue advantage, but because, in spite of ourselves, we have been blessed with the greatest opportunity for success of all the nations in the world. A real pessimist of today, if there is one, overlooks the facts and figures which make for economic success.

"The Steel Corporation is doing a large business. Its daily bookings are larger than the total capacity of its mills when the corporation was first organized, and this notwithstanding there is some, and perhaps considerable, profit resulting."

EXCHANGE RECOVERS.

Most European Quotations Higher —Advance in Canadian Rates, South American Lower.

Exchange on all important European markets advanced yesterday, sterling recovering 2 cents and francs and lire following. Spanish exchange rose more than ¼ cent per peseta and Norwegian nearly ¼ cent per crown. The rate on Scandinavia and Switzerland was quotably higher, and on Finland it advanced from 2.41 cents to 3. On the other hand, a small fractional decline occurred in rates on all Central European markets, and the Berlin rate closed unchanged.

Exchange on Canada was notably strong yesterday, rising to 86.5 cents, as against 85.6 on Tuesday and 83.9 at last week's lowest. Argentine exchange declined from 33.37½ to 32.625, Brazilian from 14.125 to 13.875.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 29, 1920.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low	Final.	Tuesday's Final.
LONDON	$3.51⅝	$3.50¾	$3.51⅛	$3.49⅜
PARIS	5.88¼	5.84½	5.86¼	5.81⅝
ROME	3.37½	3.33¾	3.37	3.34
AMSTERDAM	31.90	31.15	31.20	31.20
BERLIN	1.38	1.36	1.37	1.37
MADRID	13.33	13.15	13.33	13.03

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the United States Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

Europe.

	Wednesday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅔ per sovereign.			
Demand	3.51⅜	3.52⅝	3.75½
Cables	3.52¾	3.53½	3.76¾
Com., 60 days	3.46	3.47½	3.71
Com., 90 days	3.43¾	3.45½	3.69
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	5.88¼	5.92¼	9.20
Cables	5.87	5.93	9.21
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.			
Demand	3.37	3.43	7.54
Cables	3.38	3.44	7.55
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	6.18	6.25	9.28
Cables	6.17	6.26	9.29
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	1.37	1.39¼	2.05
Cables	1.38	1.40	2.06
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.23	.26	.80
Cables	.24	.27	.87
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	1.13	1.16	1.95
Cables	1.14	1.17	2.00
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	15.70	15.10	18.00
Cables	15.75	15.15	19.10
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.			
Demand	3.00	3.41	3.20
Cables	3.05	3.46	3.25
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.			
Dem nd	7.05	7.40	15.30
Cables	7.10	7.45	15.38
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	31.20	31.25	37.375
Cables	31.30	31.375	37.50
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.18	.20	..
Cables	.19	.21	..
JUGOSLAVIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.70	.73	1.05
Cables	.71	.74	1.10
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	15.70	15.05	20.25
Cables	15.75	15.10	20.40
POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	.18	.18	1.20
Cables	.19	.18¼	1.22
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.			
Dem nd	1.25	1.22	3.20
Cables	1.28	1.23	3.23
SERBIA: Belgrade—Par 19.3 cents per franc			
Demand	2.89	2.80	4.80
Cables	2.94	2.94	4.85
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.			
Demand	13.35	12.98	19.40
Cables	13.35	12.98	19.45
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	19.80	19.75	21.25
Cables	19.85	19.80	21.40
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc			
Demand	15.19	15.22	17.79
Cables	15.22	15.25	17.86

Far East.

	Wednesday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking			
Hongkong, demand	57.50	56.25	94.50
Hongkong, cables	57.60	56.35	93.00
Peking, demand	81.50	70.00	178.00
Shanghai, demand	75.00	72.50	164.00
Shanghai, cables	75.50	73.00	164.50
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.			
Demand	26.00	26.00	46.00
Cables	26.50	26.50	46.50
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS — Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.			
Demand	45.25	45.25	49.00
Cables	45.75	45.50	49.25
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	32.50	32.50	...
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.			
Demand	48.375	48.75	50.125
Cables	48.50	48.875	50.375

South America.

	Wednesday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
ARGENTINA—Par [illegible] per Arg. paper dol			
Demand	32.625	34.25	43.125
Cables	32.75	34.325	43.25
BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis.			
Demand	13.875	14.00	28.00
Cables	14.00	14.125	28.25

Canada

MONTREAL—Par 100c per Canadian dollar.			
Demand	86.5	84.5	92.3

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows. Par 51.40 cents per ruble:

	Bid.	Asked.
100 ruble notes, per ruble	.47½	.57½
500 ruble notes, per ruble	.42½	.47½

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.
Argent. (unlisted)	5	Sept., 1945	58	60
Belgian (Restor'n).		1934	84¼	87¼
Bel. Prm. Ln., 2045		....	60¼	6..¼
British Victory	4	1960	232	262
British Fund	4	1960	238	246
Brit. Nat. W. L.		1922	349	359
Brit. Nat. W. L.	5	1927	332	342
Brit. Nat. W. L.		1529	340	350
Canada	5½	Nov., 1923	81½	83½
Canada 6	5½	Dec., 1922	82¼	84
French Gov. Vic.	5	1931	48½	51½
French Loan, '17	4	1943	38¾	41¾
French Prem.	6	Loan of '20	55¾	57¾
French Loan, '20	6	1931	56¾	59¾
Italy Treas.	5	1923	34	47
Italy Treas.	5	1925	32	34
Russia, ruble bds.	5½	Feb., 1926	5	7
Russia	5½	1921	9	12
Sweden	6	June, 1939	77	78½
Switzerland	5½	1929	77½	79

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Am. Chicle	6	Oct 21, '20	89	90½	..
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 23, '25	90	90	7.75
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 26, '27	87½	91¾	7.33
Am. Cot. Oil	6	Sep. 2, '24	83	85	10.40
Am. T. & T.		Oct., 1922	93¼	94	9.50
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	91	91¾	9.20
Am. Th'd Co.	6	Dec., 1928	92½	94½	6.90
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1921	99¾	100	7.00
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1922	99¾	100	7.00
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1923	99¼	100	7.00
Anacon. Co.	6	Jan., 1929	81	82	9.10
Anacon. Co.	7	Jan., 1929	87½	88½	9.10
A. A. O., Ltd.	7½	Apr., 1925	98¾	99½	7.65
Arm. & Co.	6.7	July15, '20	94	95	7.75
Beth. St. Cor.	7	July 15, '23	94¼	9 ¾	9..
Beth. St. Cor.	7	July 15, '22	96½	97¼	9.00
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2, '24	91¾	92½	8.50
Col. Graph. Co. 8%		Aug., 1925	83	89	11.00
Cudahy Pack.	7	July 15, '23	93	93¼	9.0..
Fed. Sug. R.		Nov., 1924	89	93	8.00
Cent. Arg. R.	6	Feb., 1927	72	76	11.70
C., R. I. & P.	6	Feb., 1922	93½	95½	10.50
C., C., C. & St. L. Ry Co.	6	July, 1929	89½	90½	7.50
The B.F Goodrich Co. cv.	7	Apr., 1925	79¼	80¼	12.90
Gulf Oil Corp.	8	July, 1921	97	98	7.30
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1922	94½	96	8.90
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1923	94	95½	8.00
Hocking Val.	6	Mar., 1924	89	91	8.90
Int. Rap. Tr.	7	Sep., 1921	93	98	13.75
Kan. C. Ter.	6	Nov., 1923	90	93	8.70
Kennecott C.	7	Feb., 1930	86½	87½	9.10
Laclede Gas		Jan., 1920	82	85½	9.60
Lg. & Myers.	6	Dec., 1921	97	97½	8.90
[illegible] C.	7-8	1930	90	96	8.50
Penn. Co.	4½	June15, '21	98¼	98¾	7.50
Phila. Co.	6	Feb., 1922	92	93	13.75
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1921	90¾	100¼	6.80
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1922	99¾	100	7.00
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1923	99¾	100	7.00
Pub. S. Corp. of N. J. cv.	7	Mar., 1922	85	87	..
R.J. Ryids. T.	8	Aug., 1922	98	98¾	8.40
Sears-Roebuck.	7	Oct. 15, '21	96½	97¼	10.00
Sears, R. & Co.	7	Oct. 15, '22	93¾	94¼	10.30
Sears, R. & Co.	7	Oct. 15, '23	93	93¾	9.30
Sears, R. & Co.	7	Oct. 15, '23	93¼	93¾	9.40
Sinc. C. O. C.	7	May 15, '25	86¾	87½	11.50
Solvay & Co.	8	Oct., 1921	98¾	99¾	8.40
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1922	92	92½	11.60
S'west B. T.	7	Apr., 1925	90	92	9.20
St. Un. Dep., guaran.	5½	Dec. 15, '23	93½	95	8.25
Stand. Oil Co. (Cal.)		Jan., 1931	99¾	100	7.00
Swift & Co.	6	Aug. 15, 21	9[illegible]	97¾	8.80
Swift & Co.	7	Oct. 15, '25	93½	94¼	8.40
Utah Sec. Cor.	6	Sep. 15, '22	78	80	..
West'n Elec. Co. conv.	6	Apr., 1925	97¼	97¾	7.60

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

Quoted on a Percentage Basis.

Name	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask
Balt. & Ohio	1926-'27	4½	8.00	7.00
Bethlehem Steel	1920-'30	7	8.00	7.00
Buff., R. & Pitts.	1922-'33	4½@5-6	7.25	6.50
Canadian Pacific.	1920-'32	4½@6	7.50	6.50
Ch's. & Ohio	1924-'35	6½	6.85	6.40
Chicago & N. W.	1920-'23	4½	7.10	6.40
Chi., R. I. & P.	1920-'27	4½@5	8.00	7.00
C., St. L. & N. O.	1920-'24	5	7.10	6.50
C., C., C. & St. L.	1920-'29	5 @6	7.12	6.50
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	7.50	6.85
Erie Railroad	1920-'27	4½@5	8.25	7.25
Grace Steamship	1920-'24	6	8.00	7.25
Illinois Central	1920-'27	4½@5	7.10	6.40
Illinois Central	1925-'35	7	6.85	6.40
Int. Prod. S'ship	1920-'28	7	8.50	7.50
Louis. & Nash.	1920-'23	5	7.10	6.40
Michigan Central	1920-'32	5 @6	7.60	6.50
Minn. & St. L.	1920-'27	5 @6	7.75	7.00
Mo., Kan. & T.	1920-'24	5	8.25	7.25
New York Cen.	1920-'32	4½@6	7.25	6.40
New York Cen.	1921-'37	7	7.12	6.40
Norf. & West.	1920-'24	4½	7.00	6.40
Northern Pacific.	1921-'30	7	7.15	6.40
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1920-'29	4½@5-6	8.25	7.25
Pac. Fruit Exp.	1925-'35	7	6.90	6.40
Pa. Gen. Freight.	1920-'23	4 @4½	7.00	6.40
Pitts. & L. Erie.	1921-'35	6½	7.00	6.40
Reading Co.	1920-'27	4½	7.10	6.40
Seaboard Air L.	1920-'27	4½@5-6	8.25	7.25
Sinclair Refining.	1920-'21	6	8.50	7.50
Southern Pacific.	1920-'23	4½	7.10	6.40
Southern Pacific.	1924-'35	7	6.87	6.40
Southern Ry.	1920-'28	4½@6	7.62	6.62
Union Pacific.	1924-'35	7	6.85	6.40
Utah Ry.	1920-'30	6	7.50	6.75
White Oil Corp.	1920-'23	6	8.50	7.50

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The Canadian Pulp and Paper Industry

A more detailed analysis of the Canadian pulp industry from the investor's viewpoint is contained in our pamphlet, which will be sent free upon request.

CANADA today is the second largest pulp and paper producing country in the world. The production of wood pulp in the Dominion in 1918 amounted to 1,557,193 tons, as compared with 1,296,084 tons in 1916 and 934,700 tons in 1914. The manufacture of paper increased approximately 500% from 1909 to 1919, amounting to 808,000 tons in 1919

In addition to paper manufactured, 736,609 tons of wood pulp were made for sale, of which 463,429 tons were manufactured by chemical process suitable for high grade paper. The capital invested in Canadian mills increased nearly 80% in the last 4 years, totaling today over $240,000,000, indicating the popularity of securities issued by manufacturers supplying the growing demand for these products.

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Direct Private Wires

To Depositors under the Plan and Agreement dated September 9, 1920, for Consolidation of

GENERAL CHEMICAL COMPANY
THE SOLVAY PROCESS COMPANY
SEMET-SOLVAY COMPANY
THE BARRETT COMPANY and
NATIONAL ANILINE & CHEMICAL COMPANY, INC.:

The undersigned Committee, acting under and pursuant to the Plan and Agreement, dated September 9, 1920, for the consolidation of the above-mentioned Companies, having on December 2, 1920, declared said Plan operative, and having on December 9, 1920, announced that the New Preferred and Common Stock would be distributed to holders of Deposit Certificates of record at the close of business on December 30, 1920, has duly determined as follows:

1. The Plan will be consummated at the close of business on December 30, 1920, by the transfer to Allied Chemical & Dye Corporation (already organized under the laws of New York) of all the Deposited Stocks in full payment for the issue of all the authorized shares of said Corporation (excepting 5 incorporators' shares), viz., 373,259 preferred shares, of the par value of $100 each, and 2,143,455 common shares, without par value,—being the amounts of such shares required to effect exchanges for the Deposited Stocks as provided in the Plan.

2. On and after December 31, 1920, Depositors may obtain temporary stock certificates and scrip certificates for the New Preferred and Common Stock, as provided in the Plan (including dividend adjustments in New Common Stock as announced by the Committee on December 9, 1920), upon surrender of their respective Deposit Certificates, properly endorsed in blank for transfer, to Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Depositary, at its office No. 140 Broadway, New York City, viz.:

PER DEPOSITED SHARE		NEW STOCK TO BE EXCHANGED
General Chemical Co.,	pfd.	$100. par value preferred
The Barrett Co.,	"	$116.66 " " "
National Aniline Co.,	"	$100 " " "
General Chemical Co.,	Com.	2.66863 shares common
The Solvay Process Co.,	"	3.22415 " "
Semet-Solvay Co.,	"	2.73011 " "
The Barrett Co.,	"	2.34087 " "
National Aniline Co.,	"	1.05455 " "

No transfer tax stamps need be affixed to Deposit Certificates surrendered for New Stock except when the New Stock is taken in some name other than that in which the Deposit Certificate was issued.

3. For the convenience of Depositors, the transfer books for transfers of Deposit Certificates will not be closed on December 30, 1920, as heretofore announced, but will be kept open on and after December 30, 1920, until further notice. After that date, however, Deposit Certificates will represent simply the New Preferred and Common Stock which the respective Depositors are entitled to receive as above stated. Accordingly, upon transfers of Deposit Certificates after December 30, 1920, stock transfer tax stamps must be affixed at the rate of 2c for State Tax and 2c for Federal Tax per share (or fraction of share) of the New Stock represented by the Certificates transferred.

4. Scrip for fractions of shares of the New Stock, Preferred and Common, may be bought and sold through Guaranty Company of New York, 140 Broadway, New York City, at approximately current market quotations for full shares. Further information in this regard will be furnished with scrip certificates.

Dated, December 27, 1920.

COMMITTEE:
WM. H. NICHOLS, Chairman.
W. H. NICHOLS, JR.,
E. L. PIERCE,
R. W. SWIFT,
H. H. S. HANDY
A. W. HUDSON,
EVERSLEY CHILDS,
WM. HAMLIN CHILDS,
ORLANDO F. WEBER,
WM. J. MATHESON.

CLINTON S. LUTKINS,
Secretary of the Committee,
25 Broad Street,
New York City.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
City of Berne 8s	93	93¼
City of Christiania 8s	93	93½
City of Zurich 8s	93¾	94
Argentine 5s	63	65¾
Belgium 6s, 1921	99¾	..
Belgium 6s, 1925	85½	86
Belgium 7½s	95¼	95¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	98½	99¼
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1921	98¼	98½
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1925	85	86
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929	87½	88
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	82½	83¾
Chinese Government 8s	38	38¾
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	75¾	76
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	76	77
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	60	62
Dominican Republic 5s	..	72¾
City of Lyons 6s	75	84
City of Marseilles 6s	75	84
City or Bordeaux 6s	76½	77½
City of Copenhagen 5½s	71½	72¾
French Government 8s	99¾	100
City of Paris 6s	93¼	93¾
Government of Switzerland 8s	102	102
Japanese 4½s	75¾	75¾
Japanese 4½s, second series	75¼	76¼
Japanese 4s	56½	56
City of Tokio 5s	42	43
Un. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1921	97¼	97¾
Un. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1922	94¼	94¾
Un. K. of Gt. T. & I. 5½s, 1929	96¼	97
Un. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1937	82¾	83
United States of Mexico 5s	39	39¾
United States of Mexico 4s	28	29
Italy 6½s	79	84

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRE-WAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, c, 1930	..	101	Pan. 3s, c, 1961	..	90
4s, c, 1925	..	106	P I 4s, '34	84½	90
Pan. 3s r. 1961	..	89	P I 4s, '55	84½	90

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
A, C & D pf.	85	88	Atl Refin.	930	975
A A Cables	90	100	Do pf.	106	107
All Realty, 1st pf.	..	..	A Tack.	125	140
Am S 1st pf.	94	..	Aust-N pf.	57½	61½
Am Ag Ch pf.	79	80	Auto S, pf.	9	15
Am Bk N.	43	48	B'dall, A.	33½	36
Am Beet S pf.	75	80	Do, B.	33¼	36
Am B Sx F	39	42	Barrett Co	..	..
Am B S & F pf.	81¼	85	pf cfs.	98	104
Am Bk N.	43	43	Batopalis M	¾	¾
Am Beet S pf.	75	80	B'ch Cr'k.	29	..
Am B Sx F	39	42	Booth Fish pf.	..	26
Am B S & F pf.	81¼	85	Brown Shoe pf.	..	80
Am C & F pf.	107	110	B, R & P.	60	85
Am Cot Oil pf.	..	59¾	Do pf.	85	105
Am Ex pf.	97	..	Buff & E.	72	..
Am Shipb.	..	80	Do pf.	..	84¼
Do pf.	..	80	Burns Bros pf.	97	105
Am Sm, A.	60½	63	Bush Ter.	..	85
Am Snuff.	90	93	Can Se.	38	40
Am St. pf.	75	85	Case Plow.	8¼	8½
Am Stl Pdts pf.	81	82½	Do 2d pf.	..	50
Am S Tob pf.	79¾	84½	C R R of N J.	185	210
Am T & C.	117	123	C'tain-teed.	30	37
Am Arbor.	11¾	13	Do 1st pf	78¼	85
Do pf.	20½	25	Do 2d pf.	62	75
Assets Rea	2¼	2¾	C, B & Q.	210	..
Assoc Oil.	86	88	Chi & Alt.	7	7½
			Do pf.	10	15
			C, St P, M & O pf.	85	90
			C., C., C. & St. L.	37	46½
			Col. So 1st pf.	48	53
			Do 2d pf.	40	50
			Con Cigar pf.	71	72½
			Cont C pf.	96¼	100
			Corn P Ref pf.	98½	101

An Investment Message

Yesterday we published a message as follows:

"Perhaps never again will there be such bargains in investment securities as the market now offers, and so we say to all, and this means you, — scrape together all the money you can get without borrowing and buy investment securities—and buy them now."

We said in our letter of yesterday, "Many of the safest securities are selling at the heaviest discount. There is a reason for this, which we will explain in another letter Jan. 2." This is the explanation:

We have had a long period of abnormally high interest rates. We used to issue 5% bonds and sell them at par. Many of the bonds being issued now bear an 8% rate. Nobody is going to buy a 5% bond at par if they can get an equally safe 8% bond at par. Many investors are taking the bonds out of their safe deposit vaults that they had carefully selected over a term of years and are selling them for whatever they will bring and are putting the proceeds into tax exempt securities. The investor who comes in the highest surtax bracket of the Federal Income Tax must pay to the government 73% of his income. He gets $50.00 interest per year on his bond and the government takes $36.50 of it, leaving him with $13.50. Now, if he buys a municipal bond which is tax exempt he gets and keeps his full $50.00. Stated in another way, he can get as much income from a $1,000.00 tax exempt bond as he would get from $3,700.00 invested in corporation bonds.

The above is only one of the many reasons why we say that perhaps never again will we see such investment bargains.

Now as to safety. The public sees a bond selling at, say, 70% of its face or par value and says, "Why, it cannot be safe." Many of these bonds are not only safe but safer than when some big capitalist after careful investigation bought them at par and carried them with pride and satisfaction to his safe deposit vault. We have shown in the above example how, if he sold $3,700.00 of these bonds for $1,000.00 and bought tax exempt bonds his income would be no less. In other words, if income alone were to be considered he could sell his corporate bonds at 27% of their face value and have just as much income.

Now let us assume, simply for illustration, that one block of bonds were issued on a hydro-electric power plant built before the outbreak of the war. We will assume the plant was originally bonded for 50% of its cost and all of the bonds are still outstanding. This same plant could not now be reproduced for double its original cost, so these bonds only represent 25% of the reproduction cost of the property. As the bonds can now be bought for 70% of their face value it means that the purchase price paid now for the bonds is only 17.5% of the reproduction value. The above is only an example of one type of many safe investment bargains.

That there are rare bargains to be had cannot be questioned. However, there was never greater need for discrimination in making purchases. We are confident of being able to get you safe and profitable investments. While we solicit your confidence and patronage, nevertheless our message stands, "Buy, and buy now, upon either our advice or upon the advice of any of the many reputable houses that deal in investment securities." If you care to leave it to our judgment we will treat it as an honor transaction.

Yours cordially,

HENRY L. DOHERTY & COMPANY,
60 Wall Street,
New York.

COOLIDGE URGES ONE NEW ENGLAND ROAD

Vice President-Elect Advocates Rail Consolidation or Trunk Line Merger.

SAYS BURDEN IS ON PUBLIC

He Advises Governors to Hold Conference to Decide On Adequate Transportation Policy.

BOSTON, Dec. 29.—Consolidation of the New England railroads into one system or with trunk lines that tap this section to remedy their troubles was suggested by Governor Coolidge, Vice President-elect, tonight, in a speech at the annual banquet of the Foreign and Domestic Commerce Commissions of New England.

The present condition of the railroads in this section was serious, the Governor said. He quoted a recent statement to the Interstate Commerce Commission that at the current level of rates, wages and prices the roads would show a deficit below fixed charges of $19,000,000 for the year ending June 30 next, if the business of the previous twelve months was repeated. Referring to the request for relief now pending before the Commission, Governor Coolidge added that "even if our roads receive all they are asking, it is doubtful if it would be sufficient to rehabilitate their credit."

"In the last analysis," he continued, "the New England public themselves will have to determine whether they desire an adequate transportation system, and if they do it will be necessary for them to meet the burden of supporting it.

"There are chances for some economies. Each dollar saved on a ton of coal on the basis of the consumption of last year means $5,000,000. Materials and supplies are showing some reduction in cost. Efficiency in operation is improving. The Transportation act provided that wages should be fixed by the Labor Board and any liquidation here is not like private industry, but must be made in accordance with the provisions of the act made to avoid transportation interruption."

"The Transportation act provides for consolidations seemingly for the purpose of joining together lines which comprise parts of important through routes. But before such consolidations take place the rights of each road and the amount it is to receive as the full measure of return on its value should be definitely established. The New England public, which must, after all, support the railroads, must give this subject careful attention.

"There is an opportunity for a New England system and there are opportunities for combinations giving several great trunk lines access to New England. It is not my purpose to discuss the relative desirability of any of these proposals, but rather to direct the attention of the New England public to the necessity of informing itself and the necessity of the preservation of its rights

"Although about to retire from office, it is my earnest recommendation that the joint New England conference on foreign and domestic commerce immediately at the beginning of the next political year cause to be held a conference of the Governors and interested parties for the purpose of informing themselves and the public and deciding on a policy that will provide adequate transportation for the industrial needs of the New England States."

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Attorneys for the New York Central Railroad at a hearing today before the Interstate Commerce Commission on the re-division of joint freight rates between carriers East and West of the Hudson River, argued that plans suggested so far would yield an unfair return to the New England roads and would discriminate against the trunk lines.

George M. Eaton, Assistant Freight Manager of the Boston & Maine Railroad, suggested that arbitraries be established as a temporary means of dividing the rates until the commission revised the entire division plan. He suggested that the division be on a percentage basis, according to the length of haul, from New England points to the Albany gateway, and thence over trunk-line territory.

New York Central attorneys, on cross-examination, tried to show that Mr. Eaton's rate exhibits, which he had submitted on a basis of proportional division, would work to the disadvantage of their road.

ROADS REPORT EARNINGS.

Four Disclose November Net Earnings Less Than October's.

Of five November earnings statements of railroads received yesterday improvement was shown over November of the preceding year, but four showed net earnings less than those reported in October. This is somewhat out of line with the results shown in the majority of the first reports received for the month.

In the case of Southern Railway there was a decrease in November gross to $12,683,620, compared with $14,189,223 in October, and the decrease in net was from $1,025,098 to $368,037. In the same period expenses decreased from $12,564,135 to $12,315,783.

Philadelphia & Reading reported November gross at $9,781,140, compared with October gross of $10,583,897, and expenses increased from $7,913,412 to $8,349,072 in the same period. This was reflected in net, in which there was a decline from $2,670,485 to $1,432,077.

The report of the Boston & Maine and the Atlantic Coast Line also showed decreases in gross and net as compared with the October figures, and expenses were materially increased.

As a contrast the report of the Mobile & Ohio of the Southern system showed gross in November of $1,815,008, compared with $1,826,051 in October; expenses and other items of $1,696,091, compared with $1,784,545, while net increased from $41,506 to $118,917.

GUFFEY OIL EARNINGS GAIN.

Net Returns Equal $9.50 a Share on the Common Stock.

The Guffey Gillespie Oil Company reports for the year ended Aug. 31, last, net earnings, after deducting expenses, taxes and dividends on the preferred stock, of $4,561,930, equal approximately to $9.50 a share on outstanding common stock, as against $4.90 in the previous year. In the income account $1,581,743 was set aside for reserves, leaving a surplus for the year's operations of $2,980,216.

The balance sheet as of Aug. 31, last, shows current assets of $6,213,630, of which $3,121,801 represents cash, Government bonds and other securities; $632,882 inventories and $2,126,956 bills receivable. Current liabilities were $2,221,688 and the total surplus $4,062,180.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The National City Bank is concentrating its Venezuelan business at Caracas and has closed its subbranches temporarily established at Ciudad Bolivar and Maracaibo.

Sutro Brothers & Co. have received a cable from London stating that the Royal Dutch Company has declared an interim dividend of 15 per cent. payable Jan. 17, 1921.

Thomas H. Cowley & Co. have issued a circular describing the history, property, earnings, &c., of Famous Players-Lasky Corporation.

H. F. McConnell & Co. have announced that Frank C. Aldrich retired from their firm on Dec. 20 because of ill health, and that Harold J. Brown will become a partner as of Dec. 31.

The Columbia Trust Company has ready for free distribution a memorandum for use in the preparation of individual income tax returns, both Federal and State.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads...	53.84	51.69	53.59	+2.03
25 industrials.	81.07	78.56	80.42	+1.61
50 stocks.....	67.45	65.12	67.00	+1.82

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Dec. 28.....	65.86	64.79	65.48	— .09
Dec. 27.....	65.95	64.68	65.27	— .55
Dec. 25.....	Holiday.			
Dec. 24.....	66.83	65.42	65.82	— .79
Dec. 23.....	66.75	64.44	66.61	+2.37
Dec. 22.....	65.06	62.70	64.24	+ .44

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Dec.	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1920.	73.72	Dec. 2	62.70	Dec. 22	67.00
†1919.	89.39	Nov. 5	69.73	Jan. 21	89.69
1919.	89.50	Nov. 5	69.74	Jan. 21	89.69
1918.	80.16	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	73.39
1917	90.48	Jan. 4	67.47	Dec. 20	65.88
1916.	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22

Full Years

*1920.	94.07	Apr. 8	62.72	Dec. 22	67.00
†1919.	89.39	Nov. 5	69.73	Jan. 21	89.69

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change— Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues 67.38	+.32	—2.81	—4.62

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Dec. 28...67.06	—.15	Dec. 18...67.49	—.20
Dec. 27...67.21	+.36	Dec. 17...67.78	—.16
Dec. 25...Holiday.		Dec. 16...67.94	—.13
Dec. 24...66.85	+.22	Dec. 15...67.07	+.32
Dec. 23...66.63	—.09	Dec. 14...67.75	+.12
Dec. 22...66.72	—.38	Dec. 13...67.63	—.51
Dec. 21...67.10	—.16	Dec. 11...68.14	—.20
Dec. 20...67.26	—.23	Dec. 10...68.34	—.14

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1920.	72.14	Oct. 21	65.57	May 21	67.38
†1919.	79.05	June 2	71.05	Oct. 18	72.00

Full Years.

1919	79.05	June 2	71.05	Dec. 18	72.00
1918.	82.86	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	78.78
1917.	89.48	Jan. 20	74.24	Dec. 20	76.80

*To date. †To corresponding date last year

TO ISSUE $6,000,000 NOTES.

Atlantic Fruit Company Announces Better Outlook for Coming Year.

N. A. Macleod, President of the Atlantic Fruit Company, announced yesterday that the Executive Committee had approved the authorization and issuance of $6,000,000 five-year 8 per cent. convertible notes, which have been underwritten at par by interests identified with the company. Proceeds from the sale of the notes, he said, would be used for development purposes and for the reduction of bank loans. His statement follows:

"At a meeting held on Tuesday afternoon, Dec 28, the Executive Committee of the Atlantic Fruit Company approved the authorization and issuance of $6,000,000 five-year 8 per cent. convertible notes (convertible into the stock of the company at the rate of five shares of stock against each $100 par value of bonds) to be authorized by stockholders.

"The outlook for the fruit crop of the company for 1921 is better than for the year 1920, on account of more favorable weather conditions in the tropics.

"The earnings for the year 1920, applicable to the interest charges upon the debenture bonds and the loans which the company had during the latter part of the year will amount to approximately $1,750,000. The interest upon the 7 per cent. debentures requires $700,000 and the interest on other loans for 1920 amounts to about $50,000."

NEW BOND FIRM.

Hannahs, Ballin & Lee to Do General Investment Business.

The firm of Hannahs, Ballin & Lee has been formed to transact a general business in investment bonds and will begin operations next Monday, with offices at 115 Broadway. The members of the new firm are George C. Hannahs, Douglas D. Ballin, W. Murray Lee and Frederick W. Schaumburg. William F. Hitt of Washington, D. C., will be a special partner.

All of the general partners and Fiscal R. Harrower and Harvey E. Brand, who also will be associated with the new firm, have been with Harris, Forbes & Co. in various capacities from ten to more than twenty years. Mr. Hannahs has handled the purchase and sale of State and municipal bonds, Mr. Ballin has been manager of the New York City investors' department, Mr. Lee manager of the New York City dealers' department and Mr. Schaumburg in charge of trading in Government and municipal bonds.

CALL IN COMMUTERS' BOOKS

Interchangeable Coupon System Was Abused on Erie and Lackawanna.

Interchangeable commutation coupon books, which have been a convenience for commuters on both the Erie and the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad between many New Jersey towns and cities served by both systems, will be called in by both companies, beginning Jan. 1, 1921.

The books were issued during Federal control, when both concerns were being operated by the United States Railroad Administration. The interchangeable books were continued after Federal control, as an experiment, but it was found that some purchasers thereof were abusing the privilege extended. The advantage to the commuter in the interchange tickets was simply one of a more convenient schedule, as the rates on both lines are nearly parallel.

BRINKMANN & CO., NEW FIRM

New Financial House to Open in Baltimore on Saturday.

The financial firm of Brinkmann & Co. will begin business in Baltimore on Jan. 1. Walter S. Brinkmann, formerly head of the Continental Company, is to be President.

The other officers include Harry S. Middendorf, J. William Middendorf Jr., Frank D. Naylor and Emory A. Stone, Vice Presidents. These officers, together with Samuel L. Willard of the Coca Cola Company, and J. Carroll Fahey of John T. Fahey & Co., grain exporters, are the Directors.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCKS.		Div. Tonopah....	1.17½
Alpha	.50	Dividend	.03
Andes	.40	East Divide	.02
Best & Belcher	.17	Extension	.28
Caledonia	.45	Florence	.02
Challenge	1.10	Gold Reef	.04
Confidence	1.20	Hrmhll	.18
Con. Virginia	2.10	Hasbrouck	.10
Gould & Curry	.06	Kernick	.06
Hale & Norcross	.18	Myra	.02
Jacket	.06	Revert	.03
Mexican	.18	Verdi	.03
Ophir	.48	Victory	.04
Overman	.30	West	.03
Potosi	.08	Western	.02
Savage	.07	Zone	.22
Seg. Belcher	.10	GOLDFIELD.	
Scorpion	.03	Booth	.02
Sierra Nevada	.11	Consolidated	.06
Union	.30	Crackerjack	.04
Utah	.03	Florence	.13
TONOPAH.		Fraction	.02
Belmont	1.25	Jumbo Ex.	.04
Cash Boy	.04	Kewanas	.02
Jim Butler	.15	Lone Star	.04
Mac. Crescent	.01	Silver Pick	.05
Midway	.12	Spear Head	.08
Monarch	.06	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
North Star	.06	Arrowhead	.06
Rescue	.20	Black Mammoth	.03
Tonopah Ext.	1.93	Broken Hills	.23
Tono. 76	.04	Bullwhacker	.53
West End	.05	Crossus	.45
West Tono	.04	Holly	1.47½
DIVIDE.		Round Mtn.	.15
Alta	.04	Fairview R. M.	.45
Belcher	.05	Simon	.58
Belcher Ext.	.03	Sterling	.03
Brougher	.11	White Caps	.04

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	1½	1¾	Isabella	3½	4
Doctor	1½	1⅝	Mary McKin.	3	5
Elkton	2	3½	Portland	39	45
El Paso	7	9	Unit. M. M.	8	10½
Golden Cyc.	50	55	Vindicator	13	16
Granite	7½	9	Rose Nicol.	3	4

FEW NEW ORDERS FOR IRON AND STEEL

Consumers Well Supplied and Industry Expects No Buying Spurt for Weeks.

OPERATIONS VARY WIDELY

Steel Corporation Plants at Full Blast, While Independent Mills Average 25 Per Cent.

There is no evidence of any sharp increase in buying of iron and steel with the turn of the year, according to the weekly survey of conditions by The Iron Age. For the moment, it is contended, consumers are well supplied with necessary products. Once more the wide variance between operations by the United States Steel Corporation and the independents is called to notice, it being stated that whereas the Steel Corporation will end the year with operations in full blast, some of the independents are closed down, while others are operating at 55 per cent. This, however, is the top for the independents, the average percentage of operation being about 25.

In discussing conditions this publication says:

"In taking account of conditions as the new year comes in, the iron and steel trade sees no prospect of a buying spurt for some weeks. The flood of shipments from mills of accumulated and current output following the release of cars restricted up to that time to coal carrying has placed in large consumers' yards somewhat more material than they were able to dispose of, especially with the curtailment in general demand.

"This condition has encouraged the postponement of buying. Until a belief in the fairness and stability of the present prices is established, no return to activity appears likely. The independent makers consider they have done their part by discounting reduced manufacturing costs when they dropped to the Steel Corporation price levels.

"An unexpected development is a reduction in the demand which was expected in 1921 from the oil industry. Some curtailment in output has been decided on; less tank construction is thus likely, and one large oil company which recently took bids on tank plates has now decided not to buy. Lower than mill prices were obtainable on resale plates.

"The pig iron market continues to show weak spots whenever any business is transacted. At Chicago a purchase of 3,000 tons of foundry iron and 500 tons of malleable by a leading melter was made at fully a dollar below recent quotations, and the leading merchant furnace company in that district lowered its quotation $3 per ton, while Alabama iron was offered for delivery at Chicago on a basis of $35, Birmingham, or $3 below the usual quotation."

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

BOSTON & MAINE for November—

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Gross	$7,736,285	$6,467,373	$6,280,374
Def. af. tax	1,046,087	*497,440	382,957
Net op. def	1,299,431	*271,790	402,809
11 mo. gr..	79,459,013	66,142,895	64,176,643
Def. af. tax	5,478,091	$5,017,304	*5,380,629
Net op. def	9,741,201	*4,270,853	*3,842,924

*Income.

CANADIAN PACIFIC for November—

Gross	23,799,146	17,366,849	15,023,088
Net op. exp	4,073,010	2,849,809	3,398,472
11 mo. gr..	196,037,178	159,903,473	141,786,843
Net af. exp	39,930,987	34,350,857	31,491,376

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA for November—

Gross	1,979,763	1,901,123	1,789,054
Bal. af. tax	120,698	58,184	338,616
Net op. inc.	142,352	32,525	351,770
11 mo. gr..	23,115,476	19,501,635	18,790,848
Def. af. tax	112,027	*1,406,911	*3,485,806
Net op. def	132,602	*1,360,909	*3,418,230

*Income.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL for November—

Gross	15,795,504	12,723,080	11,740,338
Bal. af. tax	1,789,407	865,187	170,660
Net op. inc.	1,342,957	329,202	121,718
11 mo. gr..	154,572,118	137,783,973	122,323,097
Def. af. tax	1,073,886	*8,267,962	*5,489,789
Net op. def	6,574,883	*4,455,507	*4,799,788

*Income.

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN for November—

Gross	14,915,511	12,130,562	11,315,957
Bal. af. tax	162,344	929,315	1,270,377
Net op. def	58,856	*23,061	*1,238,027
11 mo. gr..	151,868,017	128,495,802	116,619,479
Bal. af. tax	3,456,509	15,221,468	15,925,741
Net op. inc.	1,260,085	13,896,394	14,188,629

*Income.

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS for November—

Gross	8,092,170	6,061,072	6,134,343
Bal. af. tax	943,302	561,414	1,412,319
Net op. inc.	815,862	304,760	1,217,210
11 mo. gr..	81,502,956	66,622,179	65,093,555
Bal. af. tax	10,761,892	13,661,088	14,826,134
Net op. inc.	8,840,017	12,574,350	13,004,437

KANAWHA & MICHIGAN for November—

Gross	626,613	275,226	486,528
Bal. af. tax	112,150	*77,380	74,563
Net op. inc.	194,400	*82,039	70,242
11 mo. gr..	4,951,729	3,937,192	5,472,767
Def. af. tax	241,478	†54,572	†1,877,847
Net op. inc.	628,316	179,975	1,569,367

*Deficit. †Income.

MAINE CENTRAL for November—

Gross	2,219,960	1,494,711	1,447,229
Bal. af. tax	197,628	17,448	*21,528
Net op. inc.	158,001	*100,446	*19,381
11 mo. gr..	19,440,605	15,941,865	14,985,764
Def. af. tax	1,823,103	910,805	52,158
Net op. def	1,996,248	1,211,354	234,128

*Deficit.

MISSOURI PACIFIC for November—

Gross	11,777,259	8,038,351	8,340,835
Bal. af. tax	2,220,395	34,097	1,574,563
Net op. inc.	1,852,838	*149,485	1,265,114
11 mo. gr..	107,457,742	84,920,780	81,498,804
Bal. af. tax	1,082,002	6,513,961	12,351,620
Net op. def	2,445,331	†4,723,509	†11,011,667

*Deficit. †Income.

PHILADELPHIA & READING for November—

Gross	9,781,140	5,725,498	6,810,740
Bal. af. tax	1,677,691	*93,599	768,607
Net op. inc.	1,432,077	*823,202	445,961
11 mo. gr..	84,650,977	66,767,564	73,140,301
Bal. af. tax	5,460,592	6,135,572	12,152,371
Net op. inc.	406,952	2,819,003	8,509,586

*Deficit.

TOLEDO & OHIO CENTRAL for November—

Gross	1,501,684	562,701	730,462
Bal. af. tax	399,488	*180,766	*72,247
Net op. inc.	415,468	*172,671	*86,959
11 mo. gr..	12,693,176	8,462,234	9,050,776
Bal. af. tax	692,238	251,317	572,447
Net op. inc.	1,001,515	120,792	580,799

*Deficit.

Public Utility.

THIRD AVENUE RAILWAY SYSTEM for November—

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Gross	$1,060,260	$975,384	$781,242
Bal. af. tax	121,596	160,004	100,111
Def. af. chg	81,800	49,496	97,625
5 mo. gr..	5,640,584	5,060,447	4,190,950
Bal. af. tax	741,883	845,031	727,026
Def. af. chg	†295,108	183,804	311,345

†After allowing full interest on adjustment income 5 per cent. bonds.

Miscellaneous.

NEW YORK DOCK for November—

	1920.	1919.	Increase.
Gross	$501,815	$447,488	$54,327
Net af. exp	197,320	158,822	38,498
Surp. after tax & chgs	105,414	74,622	30,792
11 mo. gr..	5,317,960	4,782,725	535,235
Net af. exp	1,945,984	1,780,733	165,251
Surp. after tax & chgs	915,860	803,522	112,338

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market was irregular.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Closing Bid.
Spot	..	..	..	7.81
December	No sales.			
January	7.80	7.63	7.80	7.85
February	No sales.			8.00
March	8.40	8.23	8.40	8.39
April	8.30	8.30	8.30	8.40
May	8.74	8.60	8.74	8.73
June	No sales.			8.80
July	9.03	8.90	9.03	9.02
August	No sales.			9.06

Total sales, 12,400.

COFFEE.

The coffee market was firmer, closing 2@4 points net lower.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
March	6.23	6.17	6.23	6.29	15.32
May	6.65	6.60	6.65	6.70	
July	7.00	6.99	7.00	7.07	15.50
September	7.25	7.20	7.22	7.30	15.39

SUGAR.

The raw sugar market closed 4@35 points net higher.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.25
March	4.70	4.65	4.68	4.35
May	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.90
July	5.03	5.00	5.03	4.55

The New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange here will close at noon on Friday, Dec. 31.

ERNEST SMITH & CO.
20 Broad St., New York
Telephone Rector 6157

Direct Wire Connections to Chicago, Detroit, Grand Rapids

Argentine Govt. 4s & 5s
American Light & Traction 6s, 1925
Brazilian Traction 6s, 1922
Birmingham Ry., L. & P. 4½s & 5s
Duquesne Ltg. 5s 1949
Detroit Edison Issues
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s, 1924-29
General Gas & Elec. 5s, 1952
General Gas & Electric 6s, 1929
Georgia Lt., Pr. & Ry. 5s
Grand Trunk Pac. 3s, 1962
Grand Rapids & Ind., 2nd 4s
French Govt. 4s & 5s
Int. Tel. Sales & Eng. 6s, 1921
International Traction 4s
Japanese Govt. 4s & 4½s
Laclede Gas Lt. 5s & 7s
Mississippi River Pr. 5s
Mason City & Ft. Dodge 4s
Michigan United Ry. 5s, 1936
New Orleans Ry. & Lt. 4½s & 5s
Northern States Pr. 4s & 6s
Ohio Cities Gas 7s, 1921-25
Province of Buenos Ayres 6s, 1926
Russian Govt. 5½s & 6½s
Ralston Purina 6s, 1925
Sears, Roebuck 7s, 1921-23
Standard Gas & Elec. Issues
Swift & Co. 5s, 6s, 7s
St. Louis, Springfield & Peoria 5s 1939
Spartanburg Union & Colombia R. R. 4s, 1965.
Seneca Copper 8s
United Light & Ry. 5s & 6s
West. Pens. Pr. 5s, 6s, 7s

American Cyanamid
American Light & Traction
Amer. Foreign Trade Corp.
Amer. Tobacco 6% Scrip
American Piano Com. & Pfd.
British American Tobacco
Babcock & Wilcox Ltd.
Bordens
Babcock & Wilcox
Bucyrus Co. Com. & Pfd.
Consumers Power Pfd.
Commonwealth Pr., Ry. & Lt. Com. & Pfd.
Empire Gas & Fuel 8% Pfd.
Garland Steamship
Grand Rapids & Indiana
Imperial Tobacco
Lincoln Motors
Mexican Eagle Oil Stock & Rights
Michigan Limestone & Chemical
Northern States Pr. Com. & Pfd.
Packard Motor Com. & Pfd.
Phillip Morris
Southern Oil & Transport
Scottish American Oil V. T. C.
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DIVIDENDS.

235th Dividend
CHARTERED 1799
BANK OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY

New York, Dec. 16, 1920

The President and Directors of the Manhattan Company have this day declared a quarterly dividend of SIX PER CENT. on the Capital stock of this Company, payable on and after Jan. 3rd, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business Dec. 23rd, 1920.

The transfer books will not close.

OWEN E. PAYNTER, Cashier

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We can offer Canadian Government, Municipal and Corporation Bonds, payable in American funds, that will give investors a fixed income for short or long terms of years.
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The Bowery Savings Bank
128 AND 130 BOWERY.
Branch 57 Liberty St.
NEW YORK, Dec. 13, 1920.
A semi-annual dividend at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT.
per annum has been declared and will be credited to depositors for the period ending December 31, 1920, on all sums from $5 to $5,000, and will be payable on and after Monday, January 17, 1921.
Money deposited on or before January 10 will draw interest from January 1, 1921.
HENRY A. SCHENCK, President.
WM. E. KNOX, Vice-Pres. & Comptroller.
JOSEPH G. LIDDLE, Secretary.

The Manhattan Savings Institution
644-646 Broadway, cor. Bleecker St., N. Y.
139TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.
INTEREST AT THE RATE OF
FOUR PER CENT
per annum will be credited to Depositors Jan. 1st, 1921, (payable on and after Jan. 17th,) on all sums not exceeding $5,000 entitled thereto. Deposits made on or before Jan. 10th will draw interest from Jan. 1st.
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WALTER C. STOKES, President.
Benjamin Griffen, V.-P. Arthur Stiles, Sec.

SEAMEN'S BANK FOR SAVINGS
76 Wall Street.
THE TRUSTEES HAVE ORDERED THAT AN INTEREST DIVIDEND be paid to depositors entitled thereto for the six months ending Dec. 31st, 1920.
On accounts not exceeding five thousand dollars at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum.
Payable on and after Monday, Jan. 17th, 1921.
DANIEL BARNES, President.
WILLISTON H. BENEDICT, Secretary.
New York, Dec. 8th, 1920.
—NOTICE—
Deposits to draw interest from Jan. 1st or April 1st or July 1st or Oct. 1st must be made on or before the last day of the previous month.

Dollar Savings Bank
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK
Third Avenue and 147th St.
Interest credited Jan. 1st, at the rate of
Four Per Cent.
per annum, on accounts from $5 to $5,000. Deposits made on or before Jan. 10th draw interest from Jan. 1st.
BRIAN G. HUGHES, President.
WILLIAM M. KERN, Controller
HOWELL T. MANSON, Treasurer
HARRY P. REGAL, Secretary

Dry Dock Savings Institution
341 & 343 BOWERY, Cor. 3d St., New York
The Trustees have declared a dividend for the six months ending December 31, 1920, on all deposits entitled thereto under the By-laws at the rate of FOUR Per Cent. per annum, payable on and after January 17, 1921.
Deposits made on or before January 10 will be entitled to interest from January 1, 1921.
ANDREW MILLS, President.
ANDREW MILLS, JR., First Vice President.
FREDERICK SHERWOOD, Treasurer.
SAMUEL WEBSTER, Secretary.

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COTTON RISES WELL AFTER EARLY BREAK

Market Firm at Close, With General List Up 35 to 50 Points.

There was a very sharp break at the opening of the cotton market yesterday which carried the whole list into still lower ground than it had been in on Tuesday. March got down to 13.16, May to 13.30 and July to 13.38. January, which was quiet and steadier than any of the others, did not go below 13.75, and at that price was only off 27 points from the preceding night's closing, while the net declines elsewhere ranged from 32 to 38 points.

This break was largely due to the excessive weakness at Liverpool, where futures were down 25 to 40 points and spots were down 59 points to the basis of 8.70d for middlings. The break there brought a lot of Southern selling into the local market and Liverpool also sold here at the start. However, at the low levels there was aggressive short covering by Wall Street and the trade house and some of the big spot firms bought freely. Their buying arrested the decline and ultimately forced a recovery which was even sharper than the early break had been.

As soon as the buying appeared in sufficient quantity to absorb the offerings the market began to improve, and by late afternoon the recovery had gone from 80 to nearly 90 points in all months to July. October recovered 8 points from its early low, and in the afternoon the market looked better than it had at any previous time during the week.

There was little new in the domestic situation, and while there was some apprehension over the situation abroad, most of this disappeared later when the future market here rallied. At the close the market was firm, net gains of 35 to 50 points for the general list and 16 points for October. Spots were posted at 15 cents, a gain for the day of 50 points. Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day
Jan.	13.82	14.63	13.75	14.52@14.55	14.02
March	13.18	14.02	13.16	13.87@13.90	13.50
May	13.30	14.10	13.30	13.99@14.02	13.62
July	13.40	14.20	13.38	14.08@14.09	13.72
Oct.	13.60	14.25	13.60	14.14@14.15	13.98

The local market for spot cotton was steady, up 50 points to 15c for middling upland; sales, nil. Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 13.50c, unchanged; New Orleans, 13.50, unchanged; Savannah, 14.56c, up .50; Augusta, 13c, down .25; Memphis, 14c, unchanged; Houston, 12.90c, up .40; Little Rock, 14c, unchanged.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	22,282	23,094	44,453
Exports	.....	13,849	7,629
Exports, season	2,358,542	2,268,606	2,691,282
N. Y. stocks	25,000	22,038	62,740
Ppnt stocks	1,450,391	1,412,024	1,608,268
N. Y. arrivals	475	100	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was dull at 8.70d for middling. Sales 2,000 bales, of which 1,000 was American. Imports 16,000 bales, of which 13,000 were American. Future opened quiet, 20 to 26 points down, and closed steady, 25 to 39 points down on the day. Prices: December, 9.01d; March, 9.13d; May, 9.31d; July, 9.49d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were pressed for sale.

COMMODITY PRICES STRONG.

Majority of Staples Record Price Gains, With Few Showing No Net Change.

Cash prices for commodities in the wholesale markets yesterday were slightly better than the previous day; corn advanced ¾ of a cent and oats ½ of a cent per bushel; wheat declined ½ of a cent, but flour was higher by 25 cents per barrel. In the groceries, coffee, sugar and butter were unchanged and eggs advanced 2 cents per dozen.

No changes were recorded among the provisions and for the most part this was true for the metals, with the exception of copper, which recovered ¼ of a cent per pound.

Spot cotton reflected the strong tone at the closing of the futures market and was up 50 cents per 100 pounds, with printcloths unchanged.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Wednesday, a week before and a year ago:

	Dec. 29, 1920.	Dec. 22, 1920.	Dec. 29, 1919.
FOODSTUFFS:			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.99	$1.98¼	$2.50
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.97¾	.96½	1.61¾
Oats, No. 2 white	.60¼	.61	.9.1¾
Flour, Minn. patent	9.75	9.50	15.75
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.05¼	.05¼	.15¼
Sugar, granulated	.06	.06	.09
Butter, cream, 92 score	.56	.56	.71
Eggs, fresh-gathered first, per dozen	.71	.73	.71
Lard, prime	12.50	12.50	23.25
Pork, mess	30.00	30.00	47.00
Beef, family	27.00	27.00	36.00
METALS:			
Iron, 2X, Phila	33.00	34.00	41.10
Steel billets, Pitts	48.50	48.50	48.00
Lead	4.62½	4.50	7.50
Copper	12.75	13.25	19.00
Tin	34.00	32.75	59.50
TEXTILES:			
Cotton, mid. uplands	15.00	14.50	29.25
Printcloths	.05¾	.05¾	.14

Highest and lowest prices thus far in the present year:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
Wheat	$3.25	Jan. 7	$1.78	Nov. 27
Corn	2.81¾	May 15	.94½	Nov. 27
Oats	1.80	May 7	.60	Nov. 22
Flour	16.25	Jan. 7	9.00	Dec. 1
Coffee	.16¾	Jan. 11	.06¼	Dec. 22
Sugar	.23	July 13	.08	Dec. 17
Butter	.77	Apr. 24	.51½	Dec. 4
Eggs	.89	Dec. 10	.42¾	Mar. 13
Lard	32.50	Jan. 9	13.55	Dec. 20
Pork	47.00	Jan. 2	29.50	Dec. 21
Beef	39.00	Oct. 19	20.00	May 12
Iron	65.51	Aug. 31	33.00	Dec. 23
Steel	65.00	July 23	43.00	Jan. 2
Lead	9.50	Mar. 15	4.50	Dec. 22
Tin	65.25	Jan. 11	32.00	Dec. 14
Copper	13.25	Jan. 2	12.75	Dec. 29
Cotton	43.75	July 22	14.50	Dec. 30
Printcloths	.16¾	Apr. 13	.05¼	Nov. 30

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 5,800 packages. Prices firm on top grades of fresh table and steady on other qualities. Creamery, higher than extras, lb., 56¼@57c; extras, 92 score, 56c; firsts, 90 to 91 score, 48@55c; firsts, 88 to 89 score, 43½@47c; seconds, 85 to 87 score, 37@42c; lower grades, 32@36c; unsalted, higher than extras, 59½@60c; extras, 58¼@59c; firsts, 45@56c; seconds, 38@43c; held or storage, high scoring, 51¼@53½c; extras, 50@51c; firsts, 40@48c; seconds, 32@36c; lower grades, 25@30c; Danish casks, fresh, 51¼@53c; State dairy tubs, finest, 53@54c; good to prime, 44@50c; common to fair, 30@43c; renovated, extras, 39@40c; ladies, current make, firsts, 36@38c; seconds, 32@35c; lower grades, 30@31¼c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 21¼@22c; No. 2, 20c; lower grades, 15@19c.

EGGS—Receipts yesterday, 10,346 cases. Fresh gathered showed further advance; storage active and higher; whites but little changed. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 80@81c; extra firsts, 75c; firsts, 70@77c; seconds and poorer, 70@74c; dirties, No. 1, 56@58c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 50@54c; refrigerator, firsts, 63@64c; seconds, 60@62c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western, henmery whites, extras, 85c; extra firsts, 83@84c; firsts, 80@82c; gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 80@84c; under grades, 72@78c; pullets, 65@68c; Pacific Coast, white, extras, 85c; extra firsts, 83@84c; firsts, 80@82c; under grades, 76@78c; pullets, selected, small size, 75@76c; usual sizes, 65@68c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 72@83c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western, hennery browns, extra, 82@83c; gathered brown and mixed colors, graded extras, 80@81c; firsts to extra firsts, 75@78c.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Arts. Ext.	2	2½	Iron Bloss.	30	50
Ari. Silver	17	20	Iron Cap.	13	14
Ariz. Tip Top	6	7	La Rose	15	22
Black Hawk	12	16	Majestic	11	13
Boston Mon.	33	39	Mex. Metals	30	35
Calaveras	1	1½	Midway Moss	40	
Chief Con.	2¼	2½	Monarch		15
Dower Res.	20	30	Mut. Div. Tr.	43	44
Crystal New	35	40	Nat. L. & Z.	2	3
Denbigh	13	15	Nipon	8	9
Eagle B. B.		2½	Tabler	9	10
Eureka Cre.	44	45	Seven Metals	11	13
Fortuna	1	2	Silver Pk.	2	3
Gadsden	21	22	St. Y. Ext.	22	23½
Hecla	6	7	Utaka	180	140

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
600	‡Acme Coal	1	¾	1
50	‡Alum Mfg	16	16	16
500	‡Am Wri Pa	4	4	4
200	Auto Fuel S	67¾	67½	67½
2,200	‡Br-Am Tob, coupon	12¾	12¼	12¼
100	‡Car L & P	2	2	2
100	‡Carb Steel	28½	28½	28½
700	‡Chalm ctfs	⅝	½	⅝
800	‡Chi Nipple	15¾	15	15½
200	‡Cleve Auto	43	43	43
2,500	‡Conley T T F	11¾	11¾	11¾
600	‡Farrell Coal	16	15½	16
1,200	‡Gardner Mo	14¾	14¾	14¾
700	‡Goodyear	23	19	19
650	‡ Do pf	48	44	44
245	‡Havana Tob	8¼	7¾	8
800	‡ Do pf	1¾	1¼	1¼
200	‡Herc Paper	15¾	15½	15½
2,500	‡Heyden Ch	2¾	2½	2¾
500	‡Imp Tob of Gt Br & Ir	8¼	8¼	8¼
4,000	Indian Pack	3¼	2¾	2¾
700	‡Int Cult pf	5¾	5¾	5¾
6,000	‡Inter Rub	6¼	5¾	6
2,000	‡Key Co Gas ctfs of dep	1¼	1¼	1¼
800	‡Lake Tor S	1¼	1	1¼

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

1,800	‡Ang-Am Oil	17	16½	17
260	Galena Sig	44	44	44

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS

1,200	‡Allen Oil	1	¾	1
90,000	‡Allied Oil	21	18	20
1,400	‡Ark Nat G	7¾	7¼	7½
2,500	‡Atl Gulf Oil	8½	8¼	8¼
4,800	‡Boone Oil	1¼	1¼	1¼
5,000	‡Carib Synd	7¾	6¾	7½
500	‡C S B T Sh	29¼	29¼	29¼
3,500	Cushing Pet	¾	¾	¾
400	‡Dunn Oil	1	1	1
3,500	‡Elk Basin P S	7¾	8	8
2,000	Engineers P	1¼	1¼	1½
200	‡Fensland O	13	12¾	13
2,000	‡Glenrock O	2¼	1¾	2
500	‡Granada O	5	4¾	5
800	‡Guff-Gill O	26¼	25¾	26
1,500	‡Hercules P	1	¾	1
5,000	‡Hudson Oil	½	½	½
500	‡Hughes P	5	5	5
1,000	‡Int rnat P	16	15½	16
400	‡Maracaibo	11¾	10¾	11¾
2,000	‡Merritt O C	10¾	10½	10¾
3,900	Mexico Oil	1¾	1¾	1¾
800	Mex-Panu O	4	3	3

MINING STOCKS.

8,500	Alaska-PCM	½	½	½
2,500	Ariz-G Cop	¼	¼	¼
3,200	‡Atlanta	½	½	½
4,500	‡Bel Ext, p	3½	3	3¼
2,800	‡Bel Div, p	3	3	3½
2,100	Big Ledge	¼	¼	¼
3,200	‡Booth	2½	2	2½
12,000	‡Bos & Mon	40	36	40
2,800	‡Caledonia	16	16	16
2,800	‡Candel Sil	11	11	14
3,500	‡Cashboy	4	3¼	4
75	Con Va Sil	3¾	3¾	3¾
4,000	‡Cortez Sil	64	62	64
9,800	Div Ext, p	28	26½	28
3,500	‡ Sal Sil	⅞	⅞	⅞
1,500	Emma Sil	3	2¾	3
75,000	‡Eureka C M	48	40	46
1,700	‡Eureka H	1½	1½	1½
12,700	‡Gold Z Div	23	22	23
8,250	‡Goldf Con	6	5	6
2,800	‡Goldf Div	2	1¾	2
4,500	‡HarDivM	20	17	20
750	Hecla Min	3¾	3¾	3¾
1,800	Howe Sound	2¾	2½	2¾
2,800	‡Jim Butler	18	16	17
3,200	‡Jumbo Ext	5¼	4½	5¼
1,000	‡Kewanaa	1	1	1
4,500	‡Knox Div	8	7	8
4,500	‡Lone S C M	4	4	4
1,000	‡MacN M	¼	¼	¼
3,800	‡Marsh Min	8	7	8
100	‡Motherlode	5¾	5¾	5¾
10	N J Zinc	130	130	130
700	Nip Mines	7¾	7½	7½
100	Ophir Sil M	¾	¾	¾
400	Prince Con	½	½	½
100	Ray V Cop	1¾	1¾	1¾
2,000	‡Sil K Div	2	2	2
4,500	‡Sil Pick	4	4	4
1,100	‡S A G & P	3½	3¼	3¼
3,280	‡Surh Div	1¼	1¼	1¼
700	‡Talapoosa	¾	¾	¾
875	‡Tono Bel	1¾	1¾	1¾
4,800	‡Tono Div	1¼	1¼	1¼
720	Tono Ext	1¾	1¾	1¾
870	‡Tono Min	1¼	1¼	1¼
2,500	Un Exten	2¼	2¼	2¼
7,600	‡Vic Div, p	4½	4	4
2,200	‡W E Con	1	1	1
3,000	‡White C M	4	4	4
8,000	‡WhiteCFv	¼	¼	¼
7,800	Wolbert Min	1	¾	1
	200 ‡Yukon A M	¾	¾	¾
	20 ‡Yukon G A	20	20	20

BONDS.

$80,000	‡Allied Packers 8s		50½	50
40,000	‡Am T & T 6s, 1922		93¾	93¾
13,000	‡Am Tel & Tel, 1924		91¼	91¼
40,000	‡Anaconda Copper 7s		88¼	87¾
15,000	‡Armour 7s		94¾	94½
30,000	‡Bethlehem Steel 7s, 1935		93¾	93
60,000	‡City of Bergen 8s		81½	80¾
100,000	‡Consolidated Gas 8s		98	97¾
4,000	‡Con Textile 7s, w i		94	93½
40,000	‡Denmark 8s		96¾	95¾
4,000	‡Diamond Match 7s		100¼	99½
1,000	‡Duquesne Light 6s		88¾	88¼
7,000	‡Halsna Signal Oil 7s		93½	93¼
25,000	‡French 4s		40	40
60,000	‡Goodrich 7s, 1925		80	79
30,000	‡Govt of Sweden 6s		78¾	77½
50,000	‡Interborough R T 7s		87½	87
40,000	‡Kingdom of Norway		99¼	98¾
21,000	‡N Y, N H & H 4s		65	59
5,000	‡Ohio Cities Gas, 1922		93	93
7,000	‡Ohio Cities Gas 7s, 1925		91¾	91¾
5,000	‡Ohio Cities Gas, 1926		91¾	91¾
10,000	‡Russian Govt 6½s		13	13
60,000	‡Seaboard Air Line 6s		45	43½
2,000	‡Sears-Roebuck 7s (2 yrs)		94	94
50,000	‡Sinclair 7s		87	86½
15,000	‡Solvay & Cie 8s		100¾	100¾
5,000	Southwestern Tel 7s		91¾	91¾
125,000	‡Standard Oil of Cal 7s		100¼	99½
5,000	‡Standard Oil of N Y 7s		100¾	100¾
2,000	‡Std Oil of N Y 7s, 1931		100¼	100¼
40,000	‡Swift & Co 7s, 1925		94	93¾
5,000	‡Swiss Govt 5½s		78½	78½
15,000	‡Texas Co 7½ notes		97¾	97
26,000	‡Union Tank Line 7s		100	99¾
40,000	‡Western Electric 7s		97¼	97

GERMAN BONDS.

20,000	‡Berlin 4s	12½	12½
10,000	‡Hamburg 4½s	13½	13½

†Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Ajax Rubber	25	24½	24½
60	Allis-Chalm	28½	28½	28½
280	Am Agr Ch	54½	54¼	54¼
60	Am Beet Sug	37½	37½	37½
280	Am Can	23¾	22¾	23¼
595	Am Car & F	110¼	116½	118½
90	Am Cot Oil	16¼	16	16¼
20	Am Drug	8¾	8¾	8¾
50	Am H & L pf	38¾	38¾	38¾
1,750	Am Int Corp	33	32¼	32¼
50	Am Linseed	46¼	46¼	46¼
160	Am Locomo	80	79	80
1,185	Am Safe Raz	7¾	6¾	7¼
190	Am Ship & C	8¼	8¼	8¼
400	Am Sm&Ref	33½	30¾	32
80	Am Sugar	90¼	89	90¼
390	Am Sum Tob	73¼	70¾	73¼
40	Am Tel & T	94¾	94¼	94¼
880	Am Woolen	58	55¾	58
230	Am Zinc	6	6	6
290	Anaconda	31¼	30¼	31
180	Atchison	82	79¾	82
1,785	A G & W I	91½	89	89
6,150	Bdwin Loco	84¾	81¾	84½
1,345	Balt & Ohio	35½	32¾	35¼
20	Do pf	48¾	48¾	48¾
360	Beth Motors	2¾	2¾	2¾
1,140	Beth S'eel	71¾	53¾	54
160	Boach Mag	48¾	48¼	48¼
110	B'klyn R T	9¾	9¾	9¾
150	Butte & Sup	8½	8¼	8½
20	Butte Cop&Z	4	4	4
850	Caddo Oil	11¾	11¼	11¼
190	Cal Petrol	25¾	24¾	24¾
410	Can Pac	116	114¼	116
200	Chi & E Ill	6	6	6
150	Cent Leath	33¼	32¼	32¾
285	Chile Copper	62¾	61¾	61¾
275	Ches & Ohio	59½	57¾	59
140	Chi Gt W	7¾	7¾	7¾
80	Do pf	17¾	17¾	17¾
810	C, M & St P	27	25¾	27
220	Do pf	42	40	42
170	Chi & N W	65½	63	65½
180	C, R I & P	26¾	25¾	26¾
205	Chile Copper	9¾	9	9
150	Chi Pn Tool	63	62¼	62¾
150	Coca-Cola	61¾	61¾	61¾
150	ColumbiaGas	58¾	57¾	58¼
182	Col Grapho	10	9¾	9¾
40	Con Int'state Callahan	4	4	4
90	Con Gas	74¾	74¾	74¾
240	Con Textile	19¾	19¾	19¾
10	Cont Can	52	52	52
80	Cont Candy	3¾	3¾	3¾
1,280	Corn Prod	66¾	65¼	66¼
1,745	Crucible Stl	73½	71¾	72¾
60	Cuba Cane S	18¼	17¾	18¼
140	Do pf	57½	57½	57¾
40	Del & Hud	97¾	97¼	97¼
10	Dome Mines	9¾	9¾	9¾
230	Fnd Johnson	49	48¾	49
470	Erie	13½	12¾	13½
280	Do 1st pf	19¾	19	19¾
160	Fam Players	44¼	44¼	44¼
170	Fisk & R	10¼	10¼	10¼
245	Gas, W & W	3¼	2	2¼
905	Gen Asphalt	39¾	37¼	38
50	Gen Elec	119¾	116¾	116¾
1,750	Gen Motors	13¾	13¼	13¾
195	Good Rubber	32¼	32¼	32¼
580	Gt Nor pf	77	73	76½
110	Gt Nor Ore	25¾	25¼	25¼
330	Houston Oil	62¾	61¼	62¼
50	Hupp Mot C	10¾	10¾	10¾
190	Inspirn Cop	28¼	28	28¼
170	Int M M pf	48¼	47¼	48¼
250	Int Nickel	12¾	12	12¼
870	Int Paper	43¾	42¾	43¾
150	Interboro	8¾	8¾	8¾
150	Do pf	9¾	9¾	9¾
70	Invincible Oil	21¾	21¼	21¾
875	Island Oil	4¼	4¼	4¼
800	Kan City So	20¼	18¾	20
200	Kelly-S Tire	33¾	32½	33½
250	Kenne Cop	15½	15¼	15¾
200	Key T & R	7¼	7	7
80	Lack Steel	49	48¾	48¾
670	Lehigh Val	55¾	53¾	55
60	Loew's, Inc	15¾	15¾	15¾
50	Lorillard (P)	124	124	124
5,370	Mex Petrol	157	153¼	155¾
70	Miami Cop	14¾	14¾	14¾
1,535	Midvale Steel	30¾	30¼	30¾
860	Mid Sta Oil	12¼	11¾	11¾
110	Mo, K & T	2¾	2¾	2¾
670	Mo Pacific	17¼	16¾	17¼
155	Do pf	38¾	36¾	38¾
240	Mont Ward	17¾	16¾	17¾
40	Nat Conduit	2¾	2¾	2¾
20	Nat E & S	48¾	48¾	48¾
170	Nat Lead	68¾	68¼	68¾
160	Nev-Con Cop	8¾	8¼	8¼
1,060	N Y Central	73¾	70¾	73¼
345	NY, NH & H	18	16½	18
75	N Y, O & W	17¼	17¼	17¼
170	Norf & West	96¼	92¾	96¼
1,090	Nor Pacific	85	79½	84½
210	Okla P & R	3½	2¾	3½
10	Otis Steel	13¼	13¼	13¼
80	Pacific Oil	39¼	39¼	39¼
1,975	Pan Amer	74	71¼	72¾
185	Pennsylvania	38¾	38	38¼
490	Pierce-Ar	17¼	17¼	17¾
290	Pierce Oil	10¼	9½	10
115	P-ople Gas	33¾	33¾	33¾
70	Phila Co	32¾	32¾	32¾
150	Phillips Pet	28	27½	28
50	P Marq R R	16¼	16	16
370	Pitts & W	30¾	28¾	30¼
7,150	Reading	84¾	82	84¼
175	Do 2d pf	56¾	56¾	56¾
40	Pressed St C	76¼	76¼	76¼
50	Punta Alg S	44½	44½	44½
315	Pure Oil	35¾	32	32¾
75	Remington	25¾	25¾	25¾
50	Replogle St	32	32	32
1,710	Repub I & S	59½	57¾	58¾
896	Royal Dutch	66¼	64¾	64¾
85	St L S W	25	25	25
160	Superior Oil	12¾	12¾	12¾
60	Sears, Roeb	64½	64¼	64½
40	Pressed St C	76¼	76¼	76¼
50	Punta Alg S	44½	44½	44½
315	Pure Oil	35¾	32	32¾
75	Remington	25¾	25¾	25¾
50	Replogle St	32	32	32
1,710	Repub I & S	59½	57¾	58¾
896	Royal Dutch	66¼	64¾	64¾
85	St L S W	25	25	25
160	Superior Oil	12¾	12¾	12¾
60	Sears, Roeb	64½	64¼	64½
1,475	Sinclair Oil	27¾	27	27
3,750	So Pacific	99¾	98¾	99¼
380	Do rts	2¾	2¾	2¾
610	So Railway	23¾	21½	23¾
100	Seab Air L	9	9	9
10	Saxon Motor	2¾	2¾	2¾
496	Studebaker	42	41¼	41¾
150	St L & S F	20¾	20¾	20¾
1,000	Sub Boat	8¾	8¾	8¾
140	Tenn Copper	6¾	6¾	6¾
1,160	Texas Co	47¾	41¼	42½
480	Tex & Pac	18¼	16¾	17¼
775	Tex Pac C O	26¾	25¾	26¼
60	Third Av	18¼	13¼	13¾
90	Toh Produ	49	49	49
740	Transcont O	6¾	6¾	6¾
130	Union Oil	20¼	20	20
1,090	Union Pac	118¾	116¾	118¾
140	Uni Fruit	19½	18¾	19¼
810	Uni Retail S	50¾	48¾	50¼
110	Uni Pood P	16	16	16
240	U S Ind Alc	67¾	61¼	62¾
490	U S Rubber	58¾	58	58
9,160	U S Steel	79¼	77¾	78¾
175	Utah Copper	48¾	45¾	46¾
	5 U Ry Inv pf	19½	19½	19½
1,870	Vanadium C	33¾	30¾	32¼
800	Vivaudou Inc	7

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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

IRVING NATIONAL BANK

New York, Dec. 27, 1920

The annual meeting of the shareholders of this Bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it, will be held in the banking rooms, at 233 Broadway, Tuesday, January 11th, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon, the polls to be open from 12 o'clock noon to 1 o'clock P. M. The transfer books will be closed from 12 o'clock noon January 8th, 1921, until 10 o'clock A. M. January 12th, 1921.

PHILIP F. GRAY, Cashier.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS, District of Columbia, December 29, 1920. Sealed proposals will be received at this office, Room 509, District Building, until 2 o'clock P. M., January 12, 1921, for foundations and substructure for the Eastern High School, No. 176, located in Square 1095, on East Capitol Street, between 17th and 18th Streets, Washington, D. C. Blank forms of proposal, specifications, plans and all other necessary information may be obtained from the Chief Clerk, Engineer Department, Room 421, District Building, Washington, D. C. A deposit of five dollars will be required to insure the return of the plans and specifications. J. Tillman Hendrick, Chas W. Kutz, Mabel T. Boardman, Commissioners, D. C.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the firm of TRIANGLE MANUFACTURING COMPANY has this day been dissolved and that the interest of Isidore Becker has been acquired by Max Brown and Murray H. Fischer, who will continue doing business at 147 Myrtle Ave., Brooklyn, under the same trade name.
Signed: Max Brown and Murray H. Fischer.

MOVING TO CONVERT BRITISH DEBT TO US

Treasury Official Coming From London to Discuss Giving Long-Time Bonds for Notes.

PROVIDED IN OUR LOAN ACT

Houston Favors Letting Foreign Debtors Make Exchange of Securities on Certain Conditions.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—A representative of the British Treasury will reach this country soon to continue in Washington the discussion, begun abroad, concerning the exchange into long-time obligations of the demand notes of the British Government held by the United States.

The British debt at this time is $4,196,000,000. Under the Liberty bond act the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to effect the exchange at a rate of interest not less than that borne by the demand instrument.

In making the announcement concerning the coming of the British representative Secretary Houston said that the negotiations had reached the point of a general understanding, but details remain to be worked out. The questions of interest rates and form of long-time bonds which might be adopted were yet to be decided.

"The Victory Liberty Loan act," said Mr. Houston, "provides that obligations of foreign Governments acquired by virtue of the provisions of the first Liberty Bond act or through the conversion of short-time notes acquired under that act shall mature not later than June 15, 1947, and that all others shall mature not later than Oct. 15, 1938. I am of the opinion that, if they so desire, the respective foreign Governments should have the benefit of the full period thus permitted. The long-time obligations should, I believe, contain a provision for a moderate sinking fund, the first payment on which should be made at a reasonably early date."

The Secretary also said that the United States should have the right to use obligations held by it in settlement of war claims against the United States.

"The obligations should contain suitable provision for their conversion into bonds of small denominations or for their payment at the option of the obligator, in lieu of such conversion," the Secretary went on. "To prevent or curtail gold exports from the United States they should contain an agreement by the debtor Government to offer demand drafts, payable in its currency at a figure to be fixed, substantially at the gold export point, and to apply the proceeds to deferred interest and then to principal, current interest to be adjusted accordingly. Sinking fund payments should be provided to be made in gold coin of the United States or in the currency of the debtor Government at the par of exchange, if the holder shall so request."

Actual exchange of the securities will not be made at the coming conference, the Secretary added. The documents of the agreement will probably be drawn up for presentation to the contracting Governments before transfer of the securities is made.

COST OF FUEL CONTROL.

Total Spent Was $4,824,681—Fifty-two Served for $1 a Year.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—The total cost of fuel control to the Federal Government during the war was $4,824,681, according to the final report of the business manager of the Fuel Administration, made public here today. This sum represents all expenditures of national and State, by the Fuel Administration from its organization in September, 1917, to June 30, 1919, when the administration virtually was disbanded.

Appropriations made for fuel control totaled $5,813,818 and Lawrence Mitchell, assistant business manager, who prepared the report, said there was a balance of $909,137 on hand on June 30 last year.

Expenditures by the headquarters in Washington totaled $2,706,479 and by the States $1,948 618. By far the largest sum was spent in New York State, the total being $212,015, while in New York City $51,675 was spent. Pennsylvania was the second State in the list of expenditures with $84 025, while Illinois was third with $66,849. In the New England States as a whole the cost was $99 812.

The report shows that there were fifty-two dollar-a-year men in the Fuel Administration, these including Dr. Harry A. Garfield, the administrator; J. D. A. Morrow, Rembrandt Peale, John P White, Timothy Healy, F. M. Whitaker, Pierrepont B. Noyes, Mark L. Requa and Alfred M. Ogle.

The highest salary on a yearly basis listed in the report is $8,600.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Prices Little Changed at London, and Quiet at Paris.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—Old 2½ per cent. consols, unchanged at 44¼; British 5 per cent. war loan, ⅝ point higher at 82; 4½ per cent. war loan, unchanged at 77.

Rand Mines, unchanged at 2⅛; De Beers Mining, ⅝ higher at 18.

PARIS, Dec. 29.—Prices were firm on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 2 centimes lower at 57 francs 95 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan, unchanged at 85 francs 20 centimes.

Exchange on London, 30 centimes lower at 60 francs 10 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 17 francs 13½ centimes, against 17 francs 21 centimes yesterday.

MORE ANTI-TRUST SUITS.

Palmer's Assistant Predicts an Increase of 50 Per Cent.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—A 50 per cent. increase in prosecutions under the anti-trust laws is expected by the Department of Justice during the next year, Frank Nebeker, assistant to the Attorney General, has told the House Appropriations Committee.

"There was a cessation of prosecutions under this act during the war," Mr. Nebeker said, "and a great many cases that were thought to be good ones under the act were held more or less in abeyance."

Levy Heads D. & R. G. Bond Committee

Jefferson M. Levy, Chairman of the Denver & Rio Grande Stockholders Committee, was made Chairman of a committee of first and refunding mortgage bonds of the same railroad formed yesterday, following a meeting at 34 Nassau Street. At the meeting some $500,000 par of the bonds were represented. It was asserted that earnings of the Denver & Rio Grande are more than enough to pay the interest on the bonds which, under the proposal of Western Pacific interests, were to be scaled down and accept 50 per cent. in preferred stock of a new company.

McAdoo Going to California.

It was denied yesterday at the office of William G. McAdoo, former Secretary of the Treasury, that he was going to Mexico in connection with the return of Mexican railroads from Government to private operation, as reported in several Mexico City newspapers on Tuesday. It was stated that Mr. McAdoo would start today for a thirty-day vacation with his family in California.

CHICAGO WHEAT UP ON MILL DEMANDS

Export Total for First Six Months of Crop Year May Reach 202,000,000 Bushels.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—Prospects of a marked improvement in the milling demand for wheat, as indicated by a better call for flour reported by Indiana, Ohio, Kansas and Texas mills, combined with an oversold condition and liberal buying to remove hedges against export sales, made an active and higher market, the close being about the top, with net gains of 3½ cents. Corn was up 1⅝@2 cents; oats, ⅝@1½ cents; rye, 2½@3¼ cents and barley, ½ cent.

The general run of news affecting wheat was decidedly more favorable to holders. Local houses that usually act for the Royal Commission were good buyers of March wheat, and were mainly responsible for the upturn from $1.62 to $1.65, above which figure general covering by shorts developed. Export sales of 600,000 bushels hard Winters were confirmed via the Gulf, and rumors were current after the close that well over 1,000 000 bushels had been sold, although this probably included 800 000 bushels Canadian sold in the shape of flour to Greece, and 50 000 bushels low-grade Spring from Minneapolis to the Gulf. There is no great pressure of cash wheat in any of the leading markets.

The trade is more disposed to regard the prospective better flour demand as the dominating influence in wheat, rather than the export call, although the fact that the latter continues brisk during the holiday season is very significant. December at Chicago would become very tight were there any large buying, as stocks of contract in store are relatively small and can be sold on track at better than a delivery basis.

There will be big export clearances via the Gulf early in January, as thirty-one vessels have arrived at Galveston to take out over 5,000,000 bushels, and a number of vessels are due at New Orleans. All reports indicate that December clearances of wheat and flour from the United States will aggregate around 8,000,000 bushels, which would swell the total for the first six months of the crop year to 202,000,000 bushels, compared with 118,000,000 bushels last year, the total being the largest on record.

While Northwestern mills continue to buy Canadian wheat freely, about one-half of the arrivals at Minneapolis being from Canada, it was regarded as significant that the Minneapolis May should be at a premium over Chicago, although the latter is well out of line as far as drawing hard Winters from the Southwest is concerned.

There is a story around to the effect that a large New York speculator is heavily short of wheat here and may be forced to cover. He is credited with having been a big buyer of May and seller of July corn for several days. The leading cash and elevator interest sold May corn heavily all day and also bought December outright. Export sales of corn today were 64,000 bushels from St. Louis to New Orleans and 50,000 from Indianapolis to Baltimore.

So far this week primary receipts of wheat have been 3 268 000 bushels compared with 3,712,000 the past week and 3 928,000 last year. Shipments were 2,062.000 bushels against 1,851,000 last week and 1,991,000 last year.

Arrivals of corn were 3,365,000 bushels against 2,600 000 last week and 3 356,000 last year. Shipments of 1 101,000 bushels compared with 922,000 last week and 1,582 000 last year.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	$1.70	$1.64¼	$1.65	$1.63½	$1.42
March	1.66⅝	1.61½	1.66¼	1.62⅝	1.32⅝
May	1.61⅝	1.56⅛	1.61¼	1.57⅝	1.30⅝

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	71¾	70	73	71½	1.42
May	75	73½	75	73¾	1.32⅝
July	75½	73⅝	75¼	73¾	1.30⅝

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	47⅞	46	46	45¾	85
May	49¾	48⅝	49¾	48⅞	83⅜
July	48½	47⅛	47⅞	47⅛	76⅜

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	1.62½	1.59½	1.62	1.59	1.82½
May	1.43⅜	1.39¼	1.43	1.38¾	1.82½

PROVISIONS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
Jan.	12.72	12.57	12.72	12.72	23.35
May	13.32	13.07	13.07	13.15	24.62
Ribs—					
Jan.	11.40	11.20	10.75	11.32	19.00
May	12.12	11.92	11.92	12.02	19.72
Pork—					
Jan.	23.20	22.75	23.20	23.00	..

CROP WEATHER WORSE.

Past Week Adverse to New Crops and to Harvests.

The Government's weekly bulletin of conditions in the crop belt was as follows:

Owing to the generally unfavorable weather for outdoor work, corn harvest, where not completed, made slow progress. This work has been completed, however, in many locations and is well along generally. Very little progress was made in gathering the unharvested cotton on account of continued wet weather in the northeastern section of the belt and temperature too low for outdoor work in the northwestern portion. Considerable low grade cotton is still in the fields in Texas.

Alternate freezing and thawing during part of the week was rather unfavorable for Winter wheat in some localities in the Ohio Valley and Middle Atlantic States, but no extensive damage was reported from this cause. At the close of the week grain fields were covered with snow in the Northern Great Plains, the Lower Missouri and Middle and Upper Mississippi Valleys and in the Great Lakes section. Wheat continued in good condition in practically all sections of the country, although the cold weather in the southern portion of the belt was unfavorable for further growth. No material damage was reported as a result of the low temperatures in the western part of the Winter wheat belt, although considerable areas were devoid of snow cover during much of the week. Winter oats continued to make fairly satisfactory progress.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29. Weather forecast: N. C., S. C. and Ga.—Fair Thurs. and Fri., somewhat warmer Thurs.

Fla.—Fair Thurs. and Fri., with slowly rising temp.

Extreme N. W. Fla., Ala. and Miss.—Fair, warmer Thurs. Fri., increasing cloudiness.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair, somewhat warmer Thurs. Fri., increasing cloudiness.

Ohio and Ind.—Partly cloudy Thurs. and Fri.; little change in temp.

Lower Mich.—Cloudy Thurs. and Fri., probably snow in n.; not much change in temp.

Upper Mich.—Cloudy Thurs. Fri., unsettled; not much change in temp.

Ill.—Fair Thurs. and probably Fri; not much change in temp.

Mo., Kan., Neb., Wis. and Iowa—Fair Thurs. and probably Fri.; not much change in temp.

Minn.—Partly cloudy Thurs. and Fri.; not much change in temp.

N. Dak.—Unsettled Thurs. and Fri.; not much change in temp.

S. Dak.—Fair Thurs. Fri., unsettled; not much change in temp.

Mont.—Unsettled Thurs. and Fri., probably r. in w. of the Divide; colder Fri.

Wyo.—Fair Thurs. and Fri., except probably rain or snow in extreme n. w.; colder Fri. in s.

FARMERS FARE WELL IN EXPORT MARKET

Their Stuffs for Oversea in 11 Months Show Gain in Quantity and Dollars.

WHEAT AT HEAD OF THE LIST

Less Cotton in 1920 Brought More Money Than the Larger Shipments of 1919.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—The Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the Department of Commerce compiled statistical data which give the amount and value of American exports of cotton, breadstuffs, mineral oils, and meat and dairy products for the eleven months that ended Nov. 30 last, as well as the figures for the corresponding period in 1919. The facts disclosed are of considerable interest, in view of farmer legislation pending or waiting the action of President Wilson. One of the congressional resolutions now in the hands of the President directs the Secretary of the Treasury to revive the War Finance Corporation, in the expectation that the corporation could finance increased exportations of American farm and other products.

The department's table shows that in November, 1919, there were exported 15,110,107 bushels of wheat, which sold for $35,808,444, while in November of this year there were exported 26,035,147 bushels, the price paid being $67,979,491.

In the first eleven months of 1919 there were exported 138,563,734 bushels, which sold for $333,891,716, and in the corresponding period of the present year the amount was 192,383,911 bushels, and the price paid was $335,431,999.

The amount of cotton exported in November of last year was 924,751 bales, which sold for $181,309,272, while in November of this year the number of bales exported was 683,233, and the price paid was $91,138,373.

The figures for the first eleven months of 1919 are 5,689,344 bales and the price $956,722,974, while for the corresponding period of this year the number of bales was 5,370,554, and the price $1,044,043,523. Included in the 1920 totals, however, are hundreds of thousands of bales of the 1919 crop, which sold for big prices in the late Winter and Spring of 1920.

In November, 1919, there were exported 1,484,228 bushels of barley, sold for $2,393,418, while in November of this year 1,622,734 bushels were exported, the price paid being $2,121,11.

In the first eleven months of 1919 37,177,941 bushels of barley were exported and the price paid was $38,-060,601, while, in the corresponding period of this year, 15,334,036 bushels have been exported, the price being $24,-176,201.

The exports of corn in November, 1919, amounted to 961,630 bushels and the price paid was $1,456,836, while in November of this year they amounted to 1,829,898 bushels and the price paid was $2,229,259. For the 1919 eleven months period 9,666,544 bushels, which sold for $16,338,638, were exported and in the corresponding period this year 14,720,332 bushels and $23,142,295, the price.

In November, 1919, meat and dairy products exported were valued at $61,-745,198; in November this year the value of such exports was $89,211,997.

In November, 1919, the mineral oil exports totaled 252,617,800 gallons, valued at $32,571,042, while for November of this year the totals are 246,661,600 gallons for $47,332,798. The figures for the eleven months period in 1919 were 2,-243,158,298 gallons valued at $310,446,377; the totals for the 1920 period are 2,-780,336,611 gallons, valued at $448,927,688.

The value of breadstuffs of all kinds exported in November, 1919, was $71,-711,968; in November, this year, $90,-777,084. The figures for the eleven months period were $864,525,988 in 1919 and $982,852,257 in 1920.

LAUNCH 2 TEBO YARD SHIPS.

Mrs. W. E. Ogilvie and Miss Natalie Mae Todd Name Vessels.

The oil tanker Ogilvie was launched yesterday at the Tebo Yacht Basin, South Brooklyn, for the Sinclair Navigation Company and was named by Mrs. Walter E. Ogilvie, wife of the President of the Havana Marine Railways. The launching was witnessed by 2,000 employes of the yard and the steamship company.

A few minutes later the steamboat Natalie Mae was launched and named by Miss Natalie Mae Todd, daughter of William H. Todd, the President of the Todd Shipyards Corporation. Twenty vessels have been launched at the Tebo yard since active construction work commenced there two years ago.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 29.—Fifty-nine new corporations, having an aggregate capitalization of $5,970,500, were chartered today. They include:

Delaro Coal Co., Manhattan, 3,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $15,000; F. W. Cameron, C. Miller, C. M. Schwerin, 50 East 42d St.

Twentieth Century Clothes Shop, Manhattan, $40,000; S. Greenberg, S. Backer, M. M. Elkind, 1,819 Madison Av.

McKeon Transportation Co., Brooklyn, general trucking, $10,000; S. and H. S. Zerlin, W. Rosenfeld, 527 6th St., Brooklyn.

Samson Garage, Manhattan, $12,000; J. Grossman, M. Jacobwitz, B. Green, 217½ East 7th St.

Sterling Cooper Corp., Manhattan, advertising, $150,000; G. M. Whittlesey, I. V. Williams, J. Laing, 170 Broadway.

A. E. Munyer Electrotype Co., Brooklyn, $25,000; E. and S. E. and A. E. Munyer, 2? 50th St., Brooklyn.

H. and A. Corp., Manhattan, merchandise, $100,000; H. O. Pierson, J. Foley, M. Roob, 167 Sumner Av., Brooklyn.

L. Shafarman, Manhattan, merchandise, $300,000; E. A. London, M. M. Richter, I. Weissberger, 2,000 Avenue L, Brooklyn.

Steinburg Corp., roughkeepsie, Poughkeepsie, $25,000; J. Pick, R. and A. Steinberg, Poughkeepsie.

Gurney Security Paper Co., Brooklyn, $30,-000; E. L. Collier, P. E. and T. N. Gurney, 145 Clinton Street, Brooklyn.

Silverman & Schlesinger, Manhattan, women's apparel, $100,000; L. Brown, A. Silverman, S. Schlesinger, 4,507 12th Av., Brooklyn.

Wallach's Individual Wet Wash Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; F. A. J. and G. Wallach, 1,820 East 12th St., Brooklyn.

Twain Advertising Agency, Manhattan, $7,500; N. L. and S. Goldstein, B. Zetlin, 1,942 East 14th St., Brooklyn.

Jackson Co., Rome, $150,000; L. S. Kingsley, S. B. Stevens, H. W. McGuigan, Rome.

Baltic Exchange, Manhattan, export and import, 100 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 400 common, no par value; active capital, $12,000; J. F. Bush, C. E. Hoffman, C. E. Prettyman, 49 Wall St.

A. Siegel & Sons, Manhattan, tobacconists, $100,000; A. and D. and S. Siegel, 1,613 2d Av.

Daniel Maschler, Manhattan, men's furnishings, $10,000; G. Feinberg, S. H. Reis, L. Kahn, 217 Havemeyer St., Brooklyn.

Dixie Excelsior Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; M. Von Wertaur, B. M. Fischer, J. F. Van Zile, 110 West 34th St.

Premier Stationery Co., Manhattan, $15,-000; J. Dainoff, F. Puchol, G. Berkman, 40 Stuyvesant St.

Porto Rico Paper and Supply Co., Manhattan, $8,000; J. Villamil, F. Spiro, N. Goodman, 135 Broadway.

Patrion Corp., Utica, merchandise, $30,000; S. F. Sherman, G. E. Dunham, J. F. Day, Utica.

Henn, Vandenberg & Co., Manhattan, ship chandlers, $25,000; A. Henn, J. Gillespie, E. C. Hredler, 553 Glenmore St., Brooklyn.

Burt Anty Shyne Mfg. Co., Manhattan, polishers, $10,000; W. Williams, U. S. Lawrence, R. R. Burt, 100 West 142d St.

Dominant Products Co., Manhattan, oils, $25,000; E. E. Moore, H. Osborne, D. D. MacLean, 609 West 178th St.

Ariston Liquidating Corp., Manhattan, stocks and bonds, $20,000; J. H. Richards, L. S. Holmes, W. C. Dubois, 340A Decatur St., Brooklyn.

Four Garage, Brooklyn, $24,000; A. Mangieri, V. Salli, A. Mastelli, 2,138 Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn.

S. Wishnack, Manhattan, make women's garments, $20,000; W. and K. and S. Wishnack, 118 West 27th St.

Konrad & Spitz, Manhattan, stock brokers, $10,000; E. Mahnew, A. Spitz, T. Konrad, 52 West 75th St.

American Silk Yarn Co., Manhattan, $30,-000; D. E. Heffberg, N. Kent, S. Blumenthal, 1,438 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

Horn & Weissman, Manhattan, clothing, $10,000; M. Horn, J. Weissman, J. Feder, 208 Eldridge St.

House Bros., Rochester, beverages, $25,000; M. and J. and M. Lewis, Rochester.

Valine Inc., Manhattan, $6,000; W. K. Solomon, N. Kopf, A. H. Goodman, 1,482 Broadway.

Herman & Brokaw, Manhattan, stationers and printers, $60,000; P. and N. M. Herman, M. V. Brokaw, 192 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn.

Smith-Levee Electric Corp., Buffalo, contracting, $100,000; C. A. and C. Smith, L. E. Levee, Kenmore.

Daland & Co., Manhattan, make soaps and perfumes, $50,000; M. Hedrick, F. C. Schultz, J. A. Clark, 418 Central Park West.

Judea Milling and Baking Corp., Manhattan, $250,000; N. C. Hasan, H. Danelson, C. H. Levitt, 15 Pask Row.

J. E. Hastten & Co., Manhattan, make machines, &c., $10,000; J. C. and L. J. Schmidt, J. E. Hastten, 299 Broadway.

Laundry Ace Publishing Co., Manhattan, $10,000; R. Taustine, M. L. Krulewitch, F. Booth, 81 Broadway.

E. and B. Realty Co., Manhattan, $20,000; J. Ehrlich, R. and M. Blenenstock, 115 West 102d St.

A. Greenberg & Co., Manhattan, women's cloaks, $50,000; A. and E. I. and H. Greenberg, 550 West 164th St.

Black Rock Foundry Corp., Buffalo, pattern makers, $50,000; G. A. Gage, E. Hagmeir, G. Bork, Buffalo.

F. Benjamin Co., Manhattan, operate department in department stores, $10,000; B. Felsenthal, L. Cohen, V. E. Wolf, 12 West 32d St.

I. Cozzens Co., Manhattan, hosiery, $75,-000; I. and L. F. Cozzens, C. Lohr, 86 Franklin St.

Julius Weil & Co., Bronx, autos, $10,000; I. Adler, I. Oppenheimer, J. Weil, 789 East 166th St.

580 West 136th St. Corp., Manhattan, $65,-000; J. H. Samuels, S. J. Kantor, C. Stone, 118 Madison Av.

Aldan Publishing Co., Manhattan, $20,000; J. F. O'Neil, Joseph L. Hochman, F. Rosenzweig, 233 Broadway.

Ajax Trunk and Sample Case Co. Manhattan, $37,500; S. Aaronson, L. Epstein, M. E. Friedlander, 1,328 Broadway.

Adolph Kahn & Son, Brooklyn, contracting in painting and electrical work, $5,000; J. I., S. and O. Kahn, 288 Harrison St., Brooklyn.

Zit Publishing Co., Manhattan, 250 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 2,000 common, no par value; active capital, $35,000; T. C. Delfrich, S. S. Sanguinette, C. F. Zittel, 1,441 Broadway.

Brownsville and East New York Co-operative Coal and Ice Assn., Brooklyn, $50,000; H. Zuckerman, M. Kaplan, M. Weissman, 338 Alabama Av., Brooklyn.

People's Co-operative Store of Lyons, Lyons, general producing and manufacturing on co-operative plan, $10,000; W. F. Classen, J. L. Starr, G. E. Myers, Lyons.

Cleotex Oil Co., Olean, $3,000,000; C. J. Amick, W. L. Gabler, D. R. Herron, Olean.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Dec. 29.—New charters granted: Stengel & Rothschild Co., New York, tanners, $1,000,000; Abraham Rothschild, Harold S. Rothschild, C. Alfred Stengel, Newark.

Cordova Investment Co., Jersey City, securities, $100,000; Henry A. Oetjen, Carl Koehler, Alice Boyle, Jersey City.

New Era Manufacturing Co., Newark, printing presses, $160,000; Howard J. Lewis, Frank A. Sepe, Newark; Dora Walz, East Orange.

Russell Silk Co., Paterson, $50,000; Edward R. Phillips, Ruth K. Phillips, John D. Sheehan, Paterson.

Metholoid Co., Rutherford, make celluloid articles, $50,000; Monroe J. Levin, Jules C. Levine, Paterson, Brian F. Philpot, Milburn.

Economy Stationery Co., Newark, $50,000; David C. Willner, Morris R. Willner, Bernard C. Willner, Newark.

CAPITAL INCREASE.

Athenia Steel Co., Athenia, $750,000 to $1,500,000.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Dec. 29.—Miller Investment Co., stocks and bonds, $500,000; Charles B. Bishop, A. M. Fox, R. H. Ochletree, Wilmington.

Providence Service Co., advertising, $300,-000; Harry S. True, Harry B. Howe, G. J. Bilell, Washington.

Provident Products Co., manufacture electric lighting devices, $500,000; Charles B. Bishop, R. H. Ochletree, A. M. Fox, Wilmington.

Jerndall Co., stocks and bonds, $300,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, A. M. Hooven, Wilmington.

Miller's Bakery, $150,000; M. M. Lucey, M. D. Klyn, L. S. Dorsey, Wilmington.

Clover Lunch, $166,000; W. P. Neidite, Walter Pinces, E. C. Wallman, Philadelphia.

First International Service, brokerage, $100,000; J. M. Freer, J. A. Freer, M. A. Alexander, Wilmington.

Acme Motor Shield Corp., manufacture, $100,000; C. T. Cohee, C. B. Outten, S. L. Mackey, Wilmington.

Home Buyers Association, real estate, $50,-000; R. Charles Wright, J. W. Lemon, James W. Burton, Pittsburgh.

Decker Manufacturing Co., windows for automobiles, $10,000; T. F. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, A. M. Hooven, Wilmington.

Josiah H. Marvis, collecting agency, $10,-000; Wray C. Arnolds, Frank W. Fry, Frank A. Cabean Jr., Philadelphia.

CAPITAL INCREASE.

Vulcan Auto Parts Co., $2,000 to $20,000.

Art Engraving and Novelty Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $200,000.

Adle Mfg Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $100,-000.

New England Forwarding Corp., Manhattan, $50,000 to $200,000.

Levy & Nathan, Manhattan, $100,000 to $500,000.

J. B. King & Co., Manhattan, $800,000 to $3,000,000.

Raintite Sprinkler Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $150,000.

Noonan Building Material Co., Manhattan, $25,000 to $100,000.

H. W. St. John & Co., Manhattan, $15,000 to $50,000.

Geo. A. Mendez & Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $125,000.

New York Linen Supply and Laundry Co., Manhattan, $1,500,000 to $3,600,000.

Bros & Bros., Manhattan, carry on business with $5,250,000 and 52,500 shares preferred stock, $100 each, and 50,000 common, no par value.

Drug and Chemicals Markets, Manhattan, carry on business with $50,000 and 500 shares common stock, no par value.

Garson & Wood Furniture Co., Rochester, $25,000 to $50,000.

Groot Engineering Co., Rochester, $500 to $10,000.

Courier Co., Bath, $16,000 to $50,000.

Newburg Planing Mills Co., Newburg, $20,000 to $100,000.

Monarch Furniture Co., Jamestown, $50,000 to $300,000.

Lestershire Spool and Mfg. Co., Johnson City, $40,000 to $200,000.

Oatka Engineering and Construction Co., Warsaw, $10,000 to $30,000.

CHARTER AMENDMENTS.

A. M. Goldberg & Bros., Ill., cotton waste, $90,000; rep., P. H. Goldberg, 299 Broadway.

Anderson Rogers & Co., Del., merchandise, $60,000; rep., H. J. Rogers, 157 Front St.

Bisco Co., Delaware Charter, 2,500 shares preferred stock; $100 each; 7,500 common, no par value; rep., C. Gordon, 8 West 40th St.

York Corp., Del., textiles, $1,000,000; rep., C. S. Martin, 61 Broadway.

Warren Export Coal Co., Del., 1,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 1,000 common, no par value; rep., G. P. Oswald, Grand Central Terminal.

Carson Petroleum, Ill.; new rep., H. H. Eagle, 42 Broadway.

United American Lines, Del.; new rep., H. Livermore, 39 Broadway.

Halsey, Stuart & Co.; new rep., E. E. Quantrell, 49 Wall St.

SURRENDER OF AUTHORITY.

A. E. Rothstein, Del.

MERGERS.

Boardeo Realty Corp., Manhattan, with Robert Gair Co., Brooklyn.

Greater New York Matzoth Baking Corp., Brooklyn, with Horowitz Bros. and Margareten.

NAME CHANGES.

C. Kindt & Co., Manhattan, to George C. Kindt & Co.

Boyer Gordon Drug Co., Manhattan, to Boyers Drug Store.

Harold R. Langworthy Realty Co., Batavia, to Genesee County Farm Exchange.

Utica Fire Apparatus Mfg. Corp., Utica, to O. J. Childs Co.

Hart, Miller & Lucey, Del., to Seven Seas Transport Co.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Mexican Importing and Exporting Corp., Manhattan.

R. S. and L. Realty Co., Manhattan.

James M. Bell Co., Manhattan.

Thomas Bruce Boyd, Manhattan.

Wadsworth Millinery Shop, Manhattan.

Lafayette Dress and Costume Co., Manhattan.

Rosenberg & Landau, Manhattan.

Ad Press Limited, Manhattan.

Schenck Foster Leather Co., Manhattan.

Automatic Machine and Tool Co., Manhattan.

Wasson Securities Corp., Manhattan

John Bracken, Manhattan.

Stranleigh Corp., Manhattan.

Fred S. Stern Co., Manhattan.

Gotham Mills, Manhattan.

Feinberg & Reis, Manhattan.

Bertol Realty Corp., Manhattan.

Mercer Trading Corp., Manhattan

Pastime Novelty Co., Manhattan.

Lewis Bag Co., Manhattan.

Grossman Realty Co., Manhattan.

Wilson Carpenter Co., Rochester.

Werner & Weiser, Brooklyn.

Stag Leather Corp., Middletown.

Dieterich Edwards Co., Bronx.

IN ENGLAND'S STEEL TRADE.

Particulars of the Present Depression in That Industry.

The Sheffield correspondent of The London Economist writes of the British steel trade that "a complete cessat on of buying, except very limited quantities for current consumption, characterizes nearly all the branches of the steel trade. The financial stringency also becomes more acute and threatens the stability of many leading houses. Recent cancellations of orders for Australia and the East, as well as France and Italy, represent a very large volume of business.

"Firms which six months ago had nearly a year's work on their books are now without orders. Everybody in trade appears to be marking time as regards the placing of new work. Half the open-hearth steel furnaces are standing. The output of pig iron is small and prices are irregular, and tending downward, but there is no buying. Prices of wrought iron are being maintained, the limited output just about meeting consumption."

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS OF HAMILTON TRUST COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given to the stockholders of the Hamilton Trust Company that a special meeting of the stockholders of said Company will be held at the main office of said Company, No. 191 Montague Street, Borough of Brooklyn, New York City, New York, on the 12th day of January, 1921, at 1 o'clock P. M., to consider and act upon an agreement of merger of this Company with the Metropolitan Bank, duly signed, acknowledged and delivered by the respective officers of the said corporations pursuant to an authorization of the Boards of Directors and Trustees of said corporations, which said agreement of merger has been duly approved by the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York, said merger agreement providing for the increase of the capital stock of the said Metropolitan Bank from two million ($2,000,000) dollars, consisting of twenty thousand (20,000) shares of the par value of one hundred ($100) dollars each, to two million five hundred thousand ($2,-500,000) dollars, consisting of twenty-five thousand (25,000) shares of the par value of one hundred ($100) dollars each, the object of said increase being to carry into effect the said agreement of merger by which the stockholders of this Company may exchange their shares of stock in this Company for the increased capital stock of the Metropolitan Bank, share for share, or to exercise certain options for the sale of said stock as is therein provided. The name of the Metropolitan Bank when said merger agreement shall become effective is to remain "Metropolitan Bank."

The stockholders will also be called upon to consider and act upon such other business relating to the above matter as will properly come before the meeting.

The transfer books of this Company closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on the 24th day of December, 1920; will reopen at 8 o'clock on the 12th day of January, 1921.

Dated, Borough of Brooklyn, New York City, New York, December 28th, 1920.

By order of the Board of Trustees.
WILLARD E. EDMISTER, President.
GEORGE HADDEN, Secretary.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS OF METROPOLITAN BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given to the stockholders of the Metropolitan Bank that a special meeting of the stockholders of said bank will be held in the office of the bank, corner of Fourth Avenue and 28d Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York, on the 12th day of January, 1921, at 1 o'clock P. M., to consider and act upon an agreement of merger of the Hamilton Trust Company with this bank, duly signed, acknowledged and delivered by the respective officers of the said corporations pursuant to an authorization of the respective boards of directors and trustees of the said corporations, which said agreement of merger has been duly approved by the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York, said merger agreement providing for the increase of the capital stock of this bank from Two Million ($2,000,000) Dollars, consisting of twenty thousand (20,000) shares of the par value

LATEST DEALINGS IN THE REALTY FIELD

Hoffman Estate Sells Buildings on Plot Once Part of Trinity Farm.

PROPERTY HELD AT $375,000

Tenant Buys Buildings on Grand Street—$100,000 Lower East Side Warehouse Deal.

Trading in the realty market suffered somewhat of a slump yesterday when several important deals that have been pending for a week or more failed to materialize.

What little activity there was centred in lofts and small business properties, for which the demand continues good by both operators and investors.

In the downtown business section the estate of Eugene A. Hoffman sold to Richard Elliott, operator, the two five-story loft buildings on a plot 50 by 175.9 feet, at 120 and 122 Chambers Street, extending through to 50 and 52 Warren Street, and a five-story building at 54 Warren Street, 25 by 100.2. The estate has been asking $375,000 for the property, which one time formed part of the old Trinity Church farm. Spear & Co. negotiated the sale.

Tenant Buys on Grand Street.

Wright Barclay, Inc., sold for Fannie M. Constable 537 Grand Street, a four-story commercial building, on a lot 25 by 100 feet, and for James L. Barclay 439 Grand Street, a similar building, also on a lot 25 by 100. These properties have not been transferred for more than seventy-five years, and the present purchaser is L. Reiner, who has been a tenant in 437 Grand Street for some years past and who will continue to occupy same.

Commercial Leases.

Charles B. Van Valen, Inc., has leased for the Molan Realty Corporation the larger part of the eighth floor of 51-53 Maiden Lane to the insurance brokerage firm of Stanford Hine & Fish, Inc. The lease is for five years at an aggregate rental of $40,000. In the same building the rear of the sixth floor was leased to Earl C. Smith, Inc., insurance agency, for five years at a rental of $25,000.

M. & L. Hess, Inc., leased the store and basement at 329-331 Fourth Avenue to Ozdoba Brothers, silk merchants, for a term of years at an aggregate rental of about $50,000.

Tankoos, Smith & Co. have leased for the Grand-Allen Holding Corporation for a term of years, at a rental aggregating $20,000, the store at the northeast corner of Grand and Allen Streets to the United Cigar Stores Company.

The Haggstrom-Callen Company has leased the store at 1,981 Broadway, northwest corner of Sixty-seventh Street, for William B. May & Co. to William J. Gannon for automobile accessories.

Trading in Tenements.

Goodwin & Goodwin, Inc., sold to an investing client the five-story store and apartment building at 1,936 Broadway, southeast corner Sixty-fifth Street. The new owner will spend $90,000 in improvements.

The Richard James Realty Corporation sold to the Ollie Realty Company the two five-story apartments at 34 and 36 St. Nicholas Place, on a plot 75 by 100.

The Etagloc Holding Corporation sold to Cora F. Melick the five-story apartment at 159 East Seventy-second Street, on a plot 60.6 by 102.2.

Frances L. Jersey sold to Florence A. Acker the five-story flat at 329 West Forty-fourth Street, 25 by 100.5.

Morris Shidlovsky sold to James Ferrando the five-story tenement at 33 Henry Street, 25 by 87.

Ryan & Co. sold for Twinboro Corporation of Flushing the five-story tenement, 444 East 123d Street, 33.4 by 100, to Frank A. Hower of New York City.

Two Garage Deals.

Pease & Elliman sold for the estate of John W. Sterling to James Cox Brady the two-story twenty-five-foot garage at 79 East Seventy-seventh Street adjoining the northwest corner of Park Avenue.

The two-story garage at 156 West Sixty-sixth Street, on a lot 25 by 100, has been sold by George S. Rush for George M. Shaffer. It was held at $50,000.

New Factory for Long Island City.

The Roman-Callman Company sold for Elizabeth Graesser a plot containing 7,500 square feet on the east side of Ely Avenue, adjoining the Queensboro Bridge Plaza, in Long Island City. The purchaser will immediately proceed with the construction of a two-story factory building for their own occupancy from plans already prepared.

DWELLINGS IN DEMAND.

Florence Walton Buys East Side House Held at $100,000.

Armin H. Mittleman, attorney, purchased for Florence Walton the five-story, 20-foot American basement dwelling at 134 East Sixty-fifth Street. This house is completely furnished and was held at $100,000. Pease & Elliman were the brokers in the sale.

James Marshall sold to Willard S. Brown 107 East Thirty-fifth Street, a five-story dwelling, on a lot 18.9 by 100.5; subject to a mortgage of $25,000.

Carl O. Kienbusch bought for $40,000 the four-story dwelling, on a lot 22 by 102.2, at 12 East Seventy-fourth Street, from George W. Spitzner.

James H. Cruikshank, operator, sold to Joseph D. Bushell the three-story dwelling at 12 West 130th Street, 25 by 99.11, being one of the row recently acquired from the Astor estate.

Bettie Muller sold to Andre Gerard the three-story dwelling at 406 East Fifty-seventh Street, 17.10 by 100.

Julius Friedman sold to Stephen H. Jackson the three-story dwelling at 140 East 117th Street, 16.2 by 100.11.

R. Merklen sold to David Klinger the three-story dwelling at 342 East Seventeenth Street, 23 by 92.

TO BUILD VALERIA HOME.

Architects Appointed to Carry Out Plans of Jacob Langeloth.

The Board of Trustees of Valeria Home, Inc., of which Mrs. Valeria Langeloth is president, has appointed Delano & Aldrich and Charles H. Higgins to prepare plans for the construction of certain buildings and other works, including appurtenances incidental to the purpose expressed in the will of Jacob Langeloth for the execution of which Valeria Home was incorporated, on a tract, upward of 1,000 acres, comprising woodlands, lake, and farm lands, located in the town of Cortland, Westchester County, about five miles northeasterly from the village of Croton-on-Hudson, N. Y.

The purpose which Mr. Langeloth desired to carry out was to establish and endow an institution of a sort generally to be described as a year-round home for recreation and convalescence which should minister to people of education and refinement who are not able to pay the price exacted at many unendowed institutions of a similar character and which furnish a service appealing to persons of that type.

Suburban Home Buying.

Harry W. Conway of Montclair sold to Augusta Faas of Brooklyn a two-family house facing Lincoln Street, Montclair, for $13,500. The sale was negotiated through the Simpson Merritt Company.

The G. Hilliard Ross property, situated in Ardsley Park, Westchester County, has been sold to W. N. Bannard Jr. The property comprises over an acre of ground and includes a large Elizabethan house and garage. It was held at $45,000. Kenneth Ives & Co. were the brokers.

Buying in Brooklyn.

William P. Jones sold for James S. Ware to Adolph and Ada Velty the two lots, each 20 by 100, on the south side of Fifty-seventh Street, 140 feet west of Twenty-first Avenue.

Joseph Stein sold for Dominick Esposito of Brighton Beach the nine-room house at Ocean View Avenue and Ocean Parkway to Adolph Wolfson for immediate occupancy; for Millie Jacovitz the one-family house at 1,554 Forty-sixth Street, on a plot 40 by 100, to Katie Rick.

$100,000 Warehouse Deal.

The seven-story warehouse building at 334-340 Stanton Street, northwest corner of Mangin Street, on a plot 80 by 70 feet, has been purchased by the Enterprise Warehousing Company from Beck, Van Sielen & Co., Inc. It has been used by the latter for warehouse purposes for the last two years and will be continued in the same capacity by the buyers. The property was held at $100,000. William A. White & Sons were the brokers in the sale.

Auto Company Buys Building.

The George W. Copp Company, dealer in automobile bodies, has purchased the new concrete two-story building at Fourteenth Street and Van Alst Avenue, Long Island City, having a floor space of 45,000 square feet. The company has been obliged for several years to seek larger quarters. With its new plant it will be in a strong position to care for the requirements of the trade.

Increases Fieldston Holdings.

Dr. Frederick B. Sutherland of Fieldston, Riverdale-on-the-Hudson, has purchased through George Howe additional land adjoining his present holdings. This purchase gives protection to the south side of Dr. Sutherland's property and also gives him an exit on West 245th Street.

Auction Result.

Only one parcel of real estate was scheduled to be sold at auction yesterday. The result is as follows:

14 VESEY STREET.
By Joseph P. Day.

3d Av, 2,841, e cor 127th St (201), 22x80, 4-story brick tenement and stores; Bank for Savings in City of N. Y. against Renee Canalizo et al.; Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft, attorneys; David L. Weil, referee; due on judgment, $20,857.05; taxes, &c., $2,059.93. Adjourned to Jan. 6.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Make Your Rent Income Work!

Get that money you need by converting your rent income into my cash. Reasonable terms, no "red tape" and absolutely confidential relations. Tel. Watkins 2250.

Jacob Robinstein
100 Fifth Avenue, New York.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Arthur C. Sheridan, Auct
Arthur C. Sheridan, Inc., will sell at
EXECUTOR'S AUCTION TO-NIGHT
at 8:15 at Elsberg Hotel, Lakewood, N. J.
60 LOTS
on Ocean Av., Congress and Bruce Sts.
LAKEWOOD
NEW JERSEY
Sold in residential plots of 50x150. Property one block from Lakewood Station and sold on very
EASY TERMS
Maps from BRUCE M. LARRABEE, Esq., 13 Lexington Av., Lakewood, N. J., or Auctioneer's Offices, 153 Broadway, New York.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

COLT-STRATTON COMPANY, INC.
CERTIFIED COPY OF RESOLUTION OF THE STOCKHOLDERS TO CHANGE THE NAME OF THE CORPORATION TO STRATTON-BLISS COMPANY, INC.

We, the undersigned President and Secretary of COLT-STRATTON COMPANY, INC., do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of a resolution, and of the whole thereof, passed by the unanimous vote of the stockholders of said corporation, at a special meeting thereof held on December 22d, 1920, to wit:

"RESOLVED, That the name of the corporation be changed from the COLT-STRATTON COMPANY, INC., to STRATTON-BLISS COMPANY, INC."

Dated, New York City, N. Y., December 28, 1920.

HARRY L. STRATTON, President.
THEODORE H. BRIDGMAN, Secretary.

State of New York, City of New York, County of New York, ss.:

HARRY L. STRATTON and THEODORE H. BRIDGMAN, being both duly sworn, respectively, each for himself, deposes and says, that he, the said HARRY L. STRATTON, is the President of, and he, the said THEODORE H. BRIDGMAN, is the Secretary of the Colt-Stratton Company, Inc.; that he has read the foregoing certificate and knows the contents thereof, and that the same is true of his own knowledge.

HARRY L. STRATTON, President.
THEODORE H. BRIDGMAN, Secretary.

Sworn to before me this day of December, 1920.
THERESA C. FISCHER,
Notary Public, New York County, New York County Clerk's No. 56, New York County Register's No. 2131. Certificate filed in Kings Co., Clerk's No. 87, Register's No. 2099; Bronx Co., Clerk's No. 5, Register's No. 2222. Commission expires March 30, 1922.

State of New York, City of New York, County of New York, ss.:

On this 22d day of December, 1920, before me personally came HARRY L. STRATTON and THEODORE H. BRIDGMAN, to me known and known to me to be, respectively, President and Secretary of COLT-STRATTON COMPANY, INC., and to be the individuals who executed the foregoing instrument, and they duly severally acknowledged that they executed the same.

THERESA C. FISCHER,
Notary Public, New York County. New York County Clerk's No. 56; New York County Register's No. 2131. Certificate filed in Kings Co., Clerk's No. 87, Register's No. 2099; Bronx Co., Clerk's No. 5, Register's No. 2222. Commission expires March 30, 1922.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SORTIS PETTAS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, January 6, 1921, by order of the Court, at 2:00 P. M., at 58 Washington Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of gents' furnishings, fixtures, etc.

PHINEAS LEWINSON, Receiver.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET. | NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

LE "PETIT CHATEAU A VENDRE"

An exquisite replica in miniature of a sunlit French country home on the heights of the Rhone, boldly built on the crest of Sunset Ridge, overlooking the most beautiful lake-land country of New Jersey, where every window frames a picture of surpassing charm. There are nine immense rooms, three tiled baths, a garage, extensive grounds, attractively planted. An Express Station on the country's best commuting railroad brings one to Manhattan within the hour. The neighborhood is occupied almost exclusively by New York City business men and affords every city advantage, for comfortable living. Title and occupancy may be had on the payment of $5,000. Balance of $18,500 can be arranged on mortgages. This unique and superbly located property, complete in every detail, is going for two-thirds its real value. Nothing to equal it within 200 miles of N. Y. City. Nothing exactly like it in the world today. A complete resume, with illustrations, may be obtained by telephone request from MR. BLACKWELL, 8400 Columbus.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE
Corner Building
near Bleecker & Lafayette Streets
6 Stories
Equipped for manufacturing and meets every factory requirement
Possession Feb. 1, 1921
PRICE $85,000
Good terms
Owner might rent for $8,500
Net to one tenant
CHAS. F. NOYES CO.
118 William Street Phone John 2000

Light Manufacturing
LOFT
92x92 Feet
220 West 19th St.
4 Sides—LIGHT—4 Sides
Immediate Possession
E. S. WILLARD & CO.
BROKERS PROTECTED.
52 William St. Tel. 5989 Hanover

IDEAL FOR A COUPLE
or small family, cozy, artistic six-room home, just completed, at fully developed, highly restricted Colonial Heights; novel features installed to solve housekeeping problem without maid; near depot, 30 minutes to Grand Central; not much cash required. See this before deciding. L. H. Tasker, Tribune Building. Beekman 4500.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

DOUGLAS MANOR
To Lease Furnished
5 room house, steam heated, 2 baths, porches; garage; large plot; $125 per month. 21 minutes to Pennsylvania Long Island station by electric trains.
220 B'way, New York City. Cort. 3262.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Just off 5th Ave.
5 E. 38th—6 E. 39th
"Craftsman Building"
Running through from Street to Street
Entire 6th Floor
About 6,000 Sq. Ft.
or Half Floor, 3,000 Sq. Ft.
Most modern 12-story fireproof structure. 2 passenger, 2 freight elevators. 100% sprinkler system, all latest improvements. Will rent $2.50 a square foot.
Immediate Possession
Or Feb. 1, 1921.
NO MANUFACTURING
FULL COMMISSION TO BROKERS
DANIEL H. JACKSON
135 Broadway. Rector 3569.

OFFICE SPACE
AVAILABLE NOW!
In new Marlin-Rockwell Building; 1103 sq. feet; 5 outside windows; close to Grand Central. Inspection at any time.
American Foundry Equipment Co.
Lessee,
366 Madison Ave., Room 504

FOR RENT
Three Entire Upper Floors
Each 5,400 Square Feet
IN
Sussfeld, Lorsch & Schimmel
12-story fireproof building
153-5-7 West 23rd St.
Two passenger and one freight elevators
Automatic sprinkler
Possession February 1, 1921
NO MANUFACTURING
APPLY AGENTS
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO.
148 West 72d St. Col. 1828
BROKERS PROTECTED

TO SUBLET
1,600 to 2,900 Square Feet of
OFFICE AND SHOWROOM SPACE
on the 8th floor of Spingler Building,
5-7-9 Union Square West.
Three years' lease; immediate possession; low rental.
Apply H. DANIELSON on premises, or your Broker.

STORE
With Balcony and Basement
96 FIFTH AVE. Corner 15th Street
Best location in New York for bank or wholesale business; accessible from anywhere. Low Rental. Immediate possession.
W. J. HADLEY,
15 East 14th. Phone Stuyvesant 986.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

TO LET
TWO LOFTS
30 x 107 EACH
AT
78 FIFTH AVE.
RENTS VERY REASONABLE
FREDERICK BROWN
(Or your own broker)
217 BROADWAY, N. Y.
Telephone 4932 Barclay

TO RENT
ENTIRE
FOURTH FLOOR
Beautiful
GORHAM Building
386 390 FIFTH AVE.
Southwest Corner 36th St.
Telephone Worth 248

OFFICES
and
SHOW-ROOMS
$60 PER MONTH AND UP
Light, Heat and Service Included
Possession Now and Feb. 1
GABAY BUILDING
30-32 East 20th St.

OFFICES FOR RENT
42D ST.—FIFTH AVE.
$35 Per Month Upwards
Large, Small, Single, Suites.
WALTER J. SALMON
17 WEST 42ND ST.
Telephone Vanderbilt 47.

Lofts, Offices, Showrooms
IN ALL SECTIONS OF CITY.
3,000 feet loft, $1,950.
23,000 feet, may divide, $25,000. Heavy Mfg.
2,500 feet office or showroom, $6,000.
Many Others at Varying Prices.
JOHN W. PARIS, INC.
141 West 36th St. Telephone Fitzroy 6604

OFFICES
Immediate Possession
Putnam Bldg. Times Square
N. Y. Theatre Bldg.
See Supt. or
THEO. C. YOUNG, Agent
16 E. 42nd St. M. H. 8500.

153 West 15th Street
LOFT
8,000 feet, one floor, $6,500. Exceptionally light, 2 electric elevators. Possession Feb. 1st. Inquire on premises or Greenstein, 206 West 29th Street. Watkins 9316.

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FACTORIES
Any Size Anywhere
For Sale or to Lease
NEW LISTINGS SOLICITED
Business Established 1796
GAILLARD REALTY CO.
68 WILLIAM ST. TEL. 1098 JOHN

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET

It is cheaper to own your apartment than to pay rent.
Investigate
Jackson Heights
4, 5 and 6 Rooms
New Garden Apartments
Unusual neighborhood advantages. On Co-operative Plan.
Moderate Price—Liberal Terms.
Social and Business References Required.
THE
Queensboro Corporation
50 E. 42d St., Manhattan.
Corner Madison Ave.
Send for Views and Details

125 East 72d St.
MODERN 14-STORY APT.
6 Rooms
THE WYOMING
S.E.cor. 55th & 7th Av.
MODERN 12-STORY APT.
8 Rooms
$3,000 per annum
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
Julius Tishman & Sons, Inc.
15 East 41st St. Tel. Vanderbilt 1977

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Furnished—West Side.

130 WEST 57TH ST.
Furnished Apartment for Rent from January 1st to May 1st
10 rooms, 3 baths; linen and silver included. For further information call Circle 1448 or 990.

Unfurnished—West Side.

152 W. 72d St.
JUST COMPLETED
1-2-3 ROOMS & BATH
$1,050—$2,100
E. K. VAN WINKLE
Agent
On Premises Columbus 1077

1-3-4-5
Rooms, with Bath and
KITCHENS
New Elevator Apartment House
Just Finished
134 West 75th Street.
Agent on Premises

THE MENTROSE
55-63 WEST 110TH STREET
High Class Elevator Building
Facing Central Park
6 ROOMS; RENT $1,620.
Hardwood floors throughout; plenty of closets; all improvements; subway, buses and cars all convenient. Apply on premises.

117 West 58th St.
Hotel Sevillia
12-Story Fireproof Building
1 Fea Suites
2-3-4 ROOMS
AND BATH, JUST COMPLETED, SEVERAL FURNISHED
Exceptionally Low Rentals
Excellent Restaurant, Maid Service
Apply on premises, or
BING & BING, 119 West 40th St

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS
JUST COMPLETED
The Wheeler & Han Loo
559-565 W. 188th St.
Near 191st Subway Station
5th Ave. Bus Passes Property
4 ROOMS, $100
Rental Representative on Premises.
F. J. McMAHON CO., Agents
1438 St. Nicholas Av., corner 182nd St.
Phone Wadsworth 8910.

6-7 Room Apartments
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
All Outside Rooms, Unusual Closet Space; Elevator; Hall Attendants, Etc.
Rents $1,700 Up
220 West 107th St.
Near Broadway.
Superintendent on premises.

JUST COMPLETED
186 Riverside Drive
Between 90th and 91st Sts.
1 AND 2-ROOMS WITH TILE BATHS
Wonderfully large; maid service if desired; gas for light housekeeping; unobstructed view of the river; subway, buses and Broadway cars all convenient. Rents $1,600-$2,500. Representative on premises; seen any time.
WOOD, DOLSON CO., 80 St. & B'way. Tel. Schuyler 1100.

110 RIVERSIDE DRIVE
CORNER 83D ST.
Immediate Possession
9 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS
Southern Exposure
E. K. VAN WINKLE, Agent.
152 West 72d St. Columbus 1077.

600 WEST 161st St.
6 ROOMS AND FOYER
2 BATHS, FIREPROOF
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE
POSSESSION DEC. 1, 1920
INQUIRE MELROSE 4982

Unfurnished—Bronx.

NEW BUILDING
Ready for Occupancy
APARTMENTS OF
3-4-5 Rooms
Block Front, Concourse, 171st-172d Sts.
All Modern Improvements.
2 Blocks East of 170th St.
6th and 9th Ave. L Sts.
Lexington & Jerome Ave. Subway at 170th St.
Reasonable Rentals.
Agent on Premises.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

68 TO 72 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS
3 and 5-Room Complete Apartments.
Beautiful water view; 5 minutes to Wall St.
G. GIRARD, 215 Montague St.

Unfurnished—East Side.

Belgrave Block
Madison Av., 49th to 50th St.
2 and 3 Room
APARTMENTS
Rents $900 to $1,500
(with service, if desired)
Cruikshank Company,
141 Broadway Rector 4100.
Worthington Whitehouse, Inc., on premises
446 Madison Av. Plaza 4600.

1229 PARK AVE.
SOUTHEAST CORNER 90TH ST.
High-Class Elevator Apartment.
Seven and eight rooms, two baths.
Apply to Superintendent or A. BRANDSTEIN, 126 East 118th St. Tel. Harlem 1515.

CITY REAL ESTATE

55 cents a line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

INTERESTINGLY and charmingly furnished Colonial residence in Washington Square section to rent for 4 months, $3,000; three large double bedrooms, glass enclosed sleeping porch, library, drawing and dining rooms; accommodation for 4 maids; 3 baths, hardwood floors, electricity, steam heat, open fires; seen by appointment only. Telephone 5221 Worth after 11 o'clock.

GUARANTEED POSSESSION.
Eleven-room house on West 11th St.; steam heat, baths, 2 toilets; Winter's coal in cellar; corner property.
WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC.,
72 Greenwich Av. Watkins 7434.

FIVE-STORY APARTMENT, 131st St., near 5th Av.; 10 families, 5 rooms, bath, hot water; open plumbing; rentals (moderate), $3,048; price only $27,000, cash $8,000. Cranston, A 1093 Times Harlem.

ATTENTION!—Great opportunity, West 72d St.; $6,500 cash, balance 5 per cent. 5 years. Phone Columbus 4356. Alfred P. Coburn, 150 West 72d St.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—Immediate possession, 3-story, high stoop, West 90s; electricity, parquet; splendid condition; $34,000. Murray Hill 1986.

WEST END AV.
dwelling, 4-story, 21 feet, very reasonable; best location. George Comfort Co., 489 5th Av. Vanderbilt 769.

SACRIFICE for cash, 4-story dwelling, near 86th St.; electric light, parquet floors; excellent condition. Telephone Columbus 224.

GARAGE property, 50x100; complete profitable business; possession; bargain; $48,000. Fellman, 1,431 Broadway.

$3,000 BUYS 4-story dwelling; West 97th St.; possession. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

Mortgage Loans Wanted.

WANT $4,500 first mortgage on good Woodhaven, Queens, dwelling. Sharum, 170 B'way.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

SALE or Rent—New, up-to-date dwelling, 7 rooms, 2 tiled baths, open fireplace, sleeping porch, large enclosed sun parlor, perfect appointments, all improvements; large plot; high-class surroundings; about 30 minutes out; splendid transit, near station and schools; immediate possession; $150 per month. John A. Baldwin, 25 West 43d St., New York. Telephone Murray Hill 789.

GREENACRES—HARTSDALE.
Business calls owner South immediately; will sell at sacrifice modern Colonial house, 8 rooms, 3 baths; steam heat, gas, electricity; sleeping porch; two-car garage, heated; large wooded plot; high elevation; 5 minutes to station; for quick sale, $25,000, $10,000 cash. S. E. Smith, Hartsdale, Box 56. Telephone White Plains 2577.

A NEW YEAR'S BARGAIN.
Unusual opportunity to secure an unusual home; 7 rooms and bath; gas and electric light; newly decorated; near school and station; bargain; $10,500; terms. Drummond, 17 West 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 7323, or 228 Huguenot St., Tel. New Rochelle 3242.

AN OPPORTUNITY SELDOM OFFERED.
New Rochelle; eight rooms, tile bath, gas and electric light; lot 50x100; very fine condition; nice section; price reasonable; terms; act quick. Drummond, 17 West 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 7323, or 228 Huguenot St. Tel. New Rochelle 3242.

NEW ROCHELLE—Furnished house to rent, residence park, 9 rooms and bath; immediate possession. L 716 Times Downtown.

HOUSE under construction, 7 rooms; garage; hollow tile; owner unable to finish same. Box 225, 852 Columbus Av.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

A REAL SACRIFICE.
Handsome English stucco home of 10 rooms and 3 baths, with garage, on beautiful shaded corner lot; southern exposure, facing 100' on parked boulevard and 195' on cross street; large sun porch off living room, with glass enclosed breakfast room; sleeping porches on second floor; hot-water heat and all improvements; built in 1913; $21,500; could not be replaced for $35,000. Phone me before noon for appointment to inspect. F. H. Honberger, Fitzroy 2805, 1 West 34th St.

COLONIAL home, tiled kitchen and bath; plot 60x100; lawn, shrubs; garage; screens, awnings; near station and school; 30 minutes to New York; immediate possession; owner leaving for California. A. L. Kingsley, 47 West 34th St. Fitzroy 6896.

CHICKEN FARM.
$500 cash, balance $20 monthly; six-room house; acre and a half land; hour out; full price, $2,800. For full particulars write or call Higgins, 109 East 58th St.

OWNER leaving city, will sell Colonial home, seven rooms, two baths, sun parlor; 30 minutes out. H. G. Robinson, Fitzroy 6896.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

SALE or Rent—Comfortable year-round bungalow in residential suburb, 30 minutes from New York; 6 rooms, bath, open fireplace, all improvements; near station, schools, stores. Immediate possession; $65 monthly. John A. Baldwin, 25 West 43d St., New York. Telephone Murray Hill 789.

FOR SALE, new Colonial house at Fanwood, N. J.; 7 rooms; all modern impts.; steam heat, gas and electric; owner leaving town; price $7,500, only $3,000 cash; easy commutation to Newark or New York. P. O. Box 889, Albany, N. Y.

FOR RENT—Modern eight-room house, four bedrooms, foyer hall, butler's pantry, all conveniences; in beautiful section of Tenafly; large grounds; $100 a month. W 116 Times.

RIDGEFIELD PARK—Times Square 30 minutes; shingle house, built 5 years; 8 rooms, all improvements; $5,500. Bryant 9253.

Mortgage Loans.

AT REASONABLE RATES
FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGES.
LARGE AND SMALL AMOUNTS.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

FOR short terms; prefer small properties; good locations. I. Schwadron, 320 B'way.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

HOTEL wanted, what can you offer? Desire good proposition that can be taken over now if possible. K 261 Times.

CASH paid for property threatened with foreclosure. Details? "Quick." 677 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

100x100, VACANT; 136th St., near Riverside Drive; equity $37,500; consider city or country property. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

BLEECKER ST.—3,000 square feet, $1,950; office and show room, 2,200 square feet, $6,000; exceptionally good light on three sides; many other lofts and office bargains, any size, all sections of the city. Department A, John W. Paris & Son, Inc., 141 West 36th. Phone Fitzroy 6604.

42D ST., 511 AND 513 WEST.
Modern eight-story building, high ceilings.
LOFTS 50x100; TWO ELEVATORS.
Seventh Loft, $4,000. Possession Feby. 1.
Sixth Loft, $3,000. Possession May 1.
M. M. HAYWARD & CO., 2,040 Broadway.

OFFICE SPACE.
440 square feet; 6th floor, modern office building, corner Broadway, 5th Av. and 23d St.; excellent light and service; immediate possession, long lease. Inquire Room 516, Flatiron Building, or 5th floor, 13 East 47th.

STORE,
28x90, in good business section, near Broadway and Spring St.; possession Feb. 1; 100% sprinkler, heat. Lester J. Robinson & Co., Inc., 196 Rogers Av., Brooklyn. Prospect 9448.

52 WEST 39TH ST.
(Between 5th-6th Ave.)—Five-story store and loft building, 20x90; possession at once; alterations to suit tenants; moderate rent; long lease.
J. ARTHUR FISCHER, 690 6TH AV.

IMMEDIATE possession, a beautiful office and showroom, 500 feet on 5th Av., fully equipped wonderful fixtures, furniture, also telephone; suitable for dress, waist, or cloak jobber; reasonable rent. Longacre 5435. Mr. Brown.

17 WARREN ST.
Immediate possession, four upper floors, 25x75; building completely reconstructed, elevator, &c.; will rent long term, together or separately. R. B. Ittelson, 160 Broadway. Telephone Cortlandt 561, or your own broker.

LOFTS, 3,000 to 7,000 square feet, 14th to 35th Sts., west side; fireproof buildings, 100% sprinkler; light all sides; 35c. and up. Henry L. Nielsen Offices, 154 Nassau St. Beekman 9110.

ELEGANT OFFICE SPACE.
ROOM 307, 5 BEEKMAN ST.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Unfurnished—East Side.

940 Park Ave.
CORNER 81ST ST.
Modern fireproof apartments ready for occupancy. 7 rooms, 2 baths, $2,900, one left; 3 rooms, bath, $1,700, one left; 4 rooms, bath, one left, $2,600. All housekeeping apartments.
Apply for Rental on Premises.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

$1,500 BUYS excellent dwelling, 308 or 310 West 115th St.; 8½ stories. Sharum, 170 Broadway. Telephone Cortlandt 7202.

WE manage property; will remodel your building to rent or sell advantageously. O'Brien-Disbrow Co., 114 Liberty St.

LEASE on West 72d St., paying $6,000 per year net; will take $15,000, part cash. Louis P. Dowdney, 217 West 72d St.

FOUR-STORY dwelling, lower 60s; $22,500; unusual opportunity. Murray Hill 4639.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

NEW ONE-FAMILY STUCCO
with garage; price right; terms reasonable. 2,811-2,823 Sedgwick Av., north of Kingsbridge Road.
BUILDER ON PREMISES.
Telephone Kingsbridge 1032.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

NO CASH.
New six or seven room stucco Flatbush house, with garage; may be bought no cash down; only requirement is monthly payment equal to fair rental; will decorate to suit.
WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC.,
72 Greenwich Av., N. Y. C. Watkins 7434.

FOR SALE, two-family stucco dwelling, 15 rooms, all latest improvements, glass porches, double garage; lot 40x100. Apply on premises, 1,675 50th St., Borough Park. Phone Blythebourne 2874 J.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

TO LET, one-family house; seven rooms and bath; electric lights and improvements; now vacant, at Elmhurst. Inquire A. Buckley, Sr., 97 Corona Av., near High School.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

SUBLEASE 10,000 square feet, 30-47 West 19th St., first loft; possession on or before Feb. 1, 1921; low rent. Cross & Brown Co., 18 East 41st St. Murray Hill 7100.

PART loft, 50x50, all light; will provide steam heat, electric light and power; suitable for manufacturing or offices; on first floor of 30-41 Walker St., between Broadway and Church St.

DESIRABLE SMALL OFFICES, SEPARATE OR IN SUITES, AVAILABLE NOW; 42D AND BROADWAY. BILTMORE REALTY CORPORATION, TIMES BUILDING. PHONE BRYANT 7738-1527.

SEVEN-STORY modern corner loft building, near Canal St.; will lease for a long term of years, or will sell; suitable for offices or light manufacturing. Inquire Howard C. Forbes, 66 Broadway, Rector 747.

PART OF LOFT TO SUBLET AT 906 BROADWAY, HEART OF BUSINESS SECTION, 1,400 SQUARE FEET, $2,000; NO MANUFACTURING. ENCORE, 6TH FLOOR, 906 BROADWAY.

FURNISHED DAYLIGHT OFFICES
with telephone; 300 square feet; reasonable rent; possession Jan. 1; 5th Av., above 42d St. Ogden & Clarkson Corporation, 605 5th Av. Vanderbilt 1124.

OFFICE SPACE.
Various units from 34th to 50th St.; immediate possession or Feb. 1st.
AMES & CO.,
26 West 31st St. Longacre 5201.

SUBLET lease of three large furnished office rooms on the first floor of the Times Building. Inquire Schleifer & Co., Times Building, 42d St. and Broadway. Phone Bryant 1351-1352.

PART LOFT, 50x50, all light; will provide steam heat, electric light and power; suitable for manufacturing or offices. On first floor of 39-41 Walker St., between Broadway and Church St.

84 WATER ST.
Upper store or loft, suitable for office purposes; excellent lighting and heating; 20x58; reasonable rent. Apply Snow's, 120 Pearl St.

TO LET—Office for immediate occupancy in modern office building on Broadway; about 400 square feet; willing to assign lease for a consideration. L 730 Times Downtown.

24TH ST., 17 EAST—Entire second floor, 25x100, desirable location for textile house; up to date in every respect. Inquire Frank F. Peh, 17 East 24th.

TO SUBLET for office and showroom, 600 square feet, in high-class office building; 18th St. and 4th Av.; two years' lease; rent $1,200. Telephone Stuyvesant 2180.

FOR RENT—1,000 sq. ft. or less, facing City Hall; telephone and office service if desired; will give lease from Jan. 1. Phone Therkildsen, Beekman 1082.

FLOOR SPACE, SIX TO EIGHTEEN HUNDRED FEET; ONE FLIGHT UP; VERY LIGHT; OPPOSITE ST. PAUL'S CHURCH. EIGHTEEN VESEY ST.

1,000 FEET—TIMES BUILDING.
Wonderful location; advertising novelty manufacturers; sales; service; sublet reasonable. 359 Times.

FOR RENT, on completion, Jan. 1, 1921, new one-story garage, facing PENNSYLVANIA TERMINAL, 52x84. Phone Owner, Longacre 2722.

34TH ST., 136 WEST—Second floor store, show window front; immediate possession. M. & L. Hess, Inc., 607 Broadway, Stuyvesant 4200.

LOFTS AND OFFICES.
DESIRABLE LOCATIONS.
BILTMORE REALTY CORP., TIMES BLDG.
PHONE BRYANT 7738-1527.

OFFICES, LOFTS, WAREHOUSES, SHOWROOMS ALL SECTIONS. ALL CLARENCE DAVIES, 32 NASSAU ST., JOHN 1171. 51 EAST 42D ST., VANDERBILT 9175.

OFFICE SPACE,
Broadway corner, near 42d St.; 5,000 square feet; suitable office and showrooms; $3 square foot. English, 1,531 Broadway.

PHYSICIAN'S OFFICE.
Immediate occupancy; three elegantly equipped and furnished rooms; nurse in attendance. 8 East 48th St.

IDEAL FLOORS, reasonable rent; light on four sides; size 80x100; elevator and heat. 523-529 8th Av., near 36th St. Phone Vanderbilt 1538.

DANCING ACADEMY, studio, or private school location; parlor and library floors newly decorated; parquet; conveniences. 328 West 72d.

SMALL office, fully equipped, telephones, light and furniture; concern going out of business; low rent. Apply for particulars, Barclay 638.

OFFICES at 123 Liberty St., also one floor sub-divided; immediate possession; long lease. For particulars apply The Seneca Co., World Building.

SUB-LEASE, 9,500 square feet, 935 Broadway, corner 22d St., third floor; immediate possession; low rent. Cross & Brown Co., 18 East 41st St. Murray Hill 7100.

TO LET—7,500 square feet in three lofts at 36 cents a foot; 426 Broome St., between Broadway and Lafayette.
ROBERT BONSALL, 261 BROADWAY.

ATTRACTIVE STORE, 7tr Av., at 58th St., suitable florist, milliner, lingerie, novelty shop or other high-class retail business. Apply superintendent, 209 West 58th St.

OFFICE Space to Let—About 200 sq. ft. furnished office room in Vanderbilt Avenue Building, 51 East 42d. Particulars phone Murray Hill 2326.

CORNER store in 50s, on Broadway, balcony, draperies, &c., all installed; present lease five years; immediate possession. B. A., 101

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

25% LESS THAN PRE-WAR PRICES.
8TH AV. (60'S)—12 rooms and 5 baths.
5TH AV. (40'S)—8 rooms and 3 baths.
PARK AV. (40'S)—10 rooms and 4 baths.
MADISON AV. (50'S)—12 rooms, 4 baths; 9 rooms, 3 baths.
5TH ST.—12 rooms, 6 baths.
CENTRAL PARK WEST (60'S)—8 rooms, 3 baths, and 6 rooms and 2 baths.
BROADWAY (90'S)—8 rooms and 2 baths.
RIVERSIDE DRIVE—6 rooms and 2 baths.
RAILING, 270 PARK AV. MUR. HILL 7914.

Furnished—West Side.

21TH (just off 5th Av., Hotel Van Rensselaer)—Very central location; a few beautiful suites of 2 rooms and bath on American plan; rates reasonable; all hotel service. Stuy. 1410.

24TH, 438 WEST—Sublet immediately one-room apartment, bath, running water, fireplace; maid service. Telephone Chelsea 9945.

26TH ST.—Two rooms, bath; seen between 11-4. Telephone Madison Sq. 4666.

29TH—ONE, TWO, THREE ROOMS, KITCHENS, BATHS. CHELSEA 6005.

34TH ST., 320 WEST—Large front parlor, bedroom and kitchenette; electric, heat and continuous hot water; $20 week.

40TH ST., 104 WEST—Sublet six months, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, telephone; new elevator apartment bldg.; $175. Bryant 4453.

42D, 228 WEST—Luxuriously furnished bachelor apartments, consisting of parlor, bedrooms and bath, $30 to $50 weekly; full hotel service.

43D, 125 WEST—Elevator, beautiful two-room apartment; newly decorated; bath; $150.

45TH, 341 WEST — New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, tiled bath, showers, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; unquestionable applicants; highest references essential; $65-$125 up monthly. Longacre 3560.

47TH, 135 WEST—To sublet, two rooms, bath; special rates for the balance of season. Mr. Sanborn, Hotel Flanders.

49TH ST., 11 WEST—Attractively furnished large studio room, bath. Apply Carlson.

51ST ST., 335 WEST—Three and four room apartments, furnished; elevator.

52D ST., 223 WEST, COR. BROADWAY.—High-class elevator apartments, newly furnished; full hotel service.
ONE ROOM AND BATH, $90 UP.
TWO ROOMS AND BATH, $140 UP.
REFERENCES REQUIRED.

52D, 48 WEST—Attractively furnished two rooms, bath, kitchenette; breakfast if desired.

54TH ST. (At Broadway)—Hotel Albemarle; parlor, bedroom and bath; reasonable rates.

55TH, 204 WEST—Handsomely and completely furnished 7-room housekeeping apartment to sublet $275 month; restaurant and maid service if desired. Telephone Circle 2000.

55TH ST., CORNER 7TH AV.—THE REGAL, MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID AND VALET SERVICE; 2 ROOMS AND BATH; $175; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

55TH, 200 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette and bath, just completed and newly furnished; all outside rooms; $150 per month.

56TH ST. (Near 5th Av.)—Modern elevator apartment of 4 rooms and bath; beautifully furnished; rent for 2 months or longer. Telephone Circle 5366.

56TH, 208 WEST (HOTEL THORNDYKE)—VERY ATTRACTIVE 2 AND 3 ROOM SUITES, WITH PRIVATE BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

57TH, 205 WEST (corner 7th Av.)
Corner apartment of 9 rooms, 3 baths, magnificently furnished, in the Osborne; fireproof building; large rooms, high ceilings; immediate possession; $500 per month. Manager on premises. Circle 5420.

57TH ST., 340 WEST.
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID AND VALET SERVICE; TWO, THREE AND FOUR ROOMS AND BATH; $25 WEEKLY AND UP; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

58TH ST., 21 WEST—3d floor, front, large sitting room with fireplace, bedroom and bath; completely furnished in mahogany; restaurant in building; maid service by arrangement; sublet to Oct. 1. Apply Superintendent on premises.

58TH, 132 WEST—Newly decorated apartments; rooms and private baths; all conveniences; maid and valet service. 4724 Circle.

58TH, 47 WEST—Sublet attractive two-room apartment, bath, kitchenette, charmingly furnished.

59TH, 38 WEST—Sublet bargain, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, $200. Simpkins's apartment.

61ST ST.—8-room apartment for sale; rent $1,200 per year. Apply Wm. A. Taylor, Inc., 70 Columbus Av.

64TH, 1 WEST—(Harperley Hall—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, attractively furnished, overlooking Central Park; rental $300 per month to April 1.

65TH, 7 WEST—3 rooms; immediate possession; $150 month; lease; references. Tracey.

68TH, 63 WEST—Furnished apartment, three large rooms, bath; entire floor.

69TH, 245 WEST (the new West End)—2-3 room apartments, bath, kitchenette, $95-$150; references required.

72D, 314 WEST—A prima donna of Metropolitan fame will share apartment with refined young lady who desires to study. E. D. Columbus 4823.

72D ST., 210 WEST (corner Broadway)—Three rooms, living room, bedroom, real kitchen, foyer hall, bath, elevator, restaurant. Tel. Columbus 9301, Apt. 2A. Smith.

72D, 212 WEST—Handsomely furnished two-room kitchenette apartment, 4th floor front, $225.

72D ST., WEST—We have a selected list of furnished and unfurnished apartments. Louis P. Dowdney, 247 West 72d St.

72D, 344—Attractively furnished five rooms, two baths; housekeeping; elevator; lease; 2-6 afternoons; private phone. Columbus 8320.

72D, 344 WEST—Couple will share exclusive elevator apartment with desirable people; references required. Apartment 8G.

72D—Two rooms, front; kitchenette, bath; beautifully furnished; $150. Columbus 1278.

72D, 159 WEST—Well-furnished two rooms, bath, kitchenette; new building. Cardiff.

77TH ST., 338 WEST (corner Riverside Drive)—One, two and three large room apartments with bath; beautifully furnished and maid service. Apply Superintendent.

78TH, 170 WEST—Beautifully furnished 3-room suite; superb location; reference. Chislett.

79TH, 203 WEST—Five rooms, southern exposure; real kitchen; immediate possession; Oct. 1; sell all. Gilbone.

80TH ST., 102 WEST—Furnished and unfurnished apartments, 1 and 2 rooms. Hotel Anderson.

80S (West End)—Eight rooms, 3 baths, exquisitely furnished; details Columbus 3074.

80TH, 157 WEST—Three rooms, suitable two-three gentlemen; bath, electricity. Hosford.

81ST, 208 WEST (7F)—Charming two-room and kitchenette apartment, attractively furnished; immediate.

82D ST., 319 WEST (near Riverside Drive)—Two, three large rooms, private bath, kitchenette, newly decorated, furnished; maid service if desired. Telephone Circle 5366.

85D, 56 WEST—Beautifully and attractively furnished apartment of three rooms, bath and kitchen, complete in every detail; linen, silver; private phone; long or short lease. Schuyler 9310.

84TH, 272 WEST (near West End Av.)—Attractively furnished one-room apartment and lavatory.

84TH, on West End—5 rooms, 2 baths; all outside; new bldg.; $300. Columbus 1278.

84TH, 353 WEST (Apt. 4 north)—Unusually attractive, furnished apartment, 6 rooms, 2 baths; long or short lease; $275 to $300 month.

85TH, 833 WEST—Furnished apartment and rooms, with or without board.

86TH ST., 160 WEST—Refined family would rent large furnished room and bath; steam heat; newly renovated; private house; gentleman only. Tel. Schuyler 6320.

86TH, 329 WEST—Magnificently furnished room, $100 month; maid service. Schuyler 0982.

86TH, 139 WEST—Luxurious two-room suite, kitchen, private bath, electricity; reasonable.

88TH ST., WEST—Newly decorated, attractively furnished 4 rooms, sunny apartment; immediate occupation; real kitchen; suitable family. Tel. 8616 Schuyler.

88TH ST., 332 WEST (near Drive)—Beautifully furnished two rooms, bath; large, complete kitchenette; $150. Russell Office. Rector 9263.

89TH, 305 WEST — Large room, adjoining bath; kitchenette; $85; sunny basement. $75.

90TH, 60 WEST—Studio apartment, two rooms, bath, kitchenette; rent temporarily. Agniel.

93D, 137 WEST—Attractively furnished apartment, two rooms, bath, kitchenette, service, electricity, gas; $135 month; telephone. Riverside 7844.

94TH ST., 2 WEST (corner Central Park West)—Christian family offer bright, comfortably furnished front suite, living room, bedroom (twin beds) and bath, large closets; two gentlemen or business couple. Apartment 5 North, Jordan. Phone for appointment Riverside 1162.

95TH, 346 WEST—Small five-room elevator apartment, completely furnished, piano, linen, $150. Apply after noon, Apt. 46.

96TH ST., 35 WEST—Seven-room apartment, well furnished, comfortable home; all conveniences, immediate possession; can be seen any afternoon or evening. Apt. 2.

97TH ST., WEST (near Riverside Drive)—Beautifully furnished six rooms and bath; excellent cook, if desired; immediate possession; reference. Phone Riverside 7968.

97TH (West End Av.)—Two large rooms, kitchenette, steam heat, parquet floors, attractively furnished; $200 month. Riverside

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

98TH ST., 203 WEST—3 rooms, newly decorated, elevator; all light.

101ST, 211 WEST—Two large front rooms, southern exposure; kitchen privileges; furnished or unfurnished; elevator apartment. Apt. 7I.

101ST, 215 WEST—8 outside rooms, luxuriously furnished; 3 baths; period furniture. Oriental rugs; $600. Apt. 7C.

103D, 206 WEST (on subway)—Three large rooms, use kitchen, phone; steam; $85; before 2 only. Snocck.

105TH, 320 WEST—High-class 2-room apartment, beautifully and completely furnished for light housekeeping. Inquire janitor.

109TH, 107 WEST—2 and 3 rooms; high-class; $75 up; weekly rates during holidays. Telephone Academy 1611.

110TH, 509 WEST—SUMPTUOUS HOME; SIX BEAUTIFUL ROOMS, EVERYTHING NEW; FRONT; SOUTH; REASONABLE. 5B.

111TH ST. (Manhattan Av.)—6 beautiful rooms, facing Morningside Park. Cathedral 8711.

113TH, 530 WEST—5 rooms, complete housekeeping apartment; 9 windows facing south; exceptionally spacious rooms; refined elegance displayed in furnishings; most unusual home; 9 months' lease; 2-room light housekeeping apartment to sublease until Sept. Phone Resident Manager, Cathedral 7380.

113TH, 504 WEST—Exceptionally desirable 4-room apartment, sunny, warm, attractive, linen, silver, everything for housekeeping; $150; references.

115TH, 357 WEST—Three beautiful rooms, complete for housekeeping; player piano, Victrola; $125; lease; references. Hansen, Cathedral 6140.

116TH, 5 ROOMS, BATH, $185. Immediately, till June, longer. Vanderbilt 1452.

118TH, 210 WEST (HOTEL CECIL)—ATTRACTIVE 1-2 ROOM APARTMENTS, WITH, WITHOUT BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

119TH, 435 WEST (opposite Columbia)—2 rooms, kitchenette; 10th floor; immediate. 10G.

121ST, 417 WEST (Columbia University)—Three well-furnished rooms; use kitchen. Broadbent.

121H ST., 49 WEST—Two rooms, furnished, electric lights, bath; lease to Oct. 1; $125.

121ST, 527 WEST—Four rooms, sunny front, attractively furnished; nine-month lease.

122D, 515 WEST—Share sunny, elevator apartment with congenial couple. Apt. 22.

124TH, 557 WEST (Broadway)—Large, handsome suite, kitchen; southern exposure; parquet floors; piano; $25; elevator, telephone. Apt. 42.

125TH (676 Riverside Drive)—4 attractive rooms, $150; Sept. 15. Apartment 6B.

126TH ST., 56 (Fort Washington Av.)—Attractively furnished large bedroom, dining room, kitchen; one or two persons; rent extremely reasonable. Apt. 4.

130TH 700 WEST (Broadway), Apt. 3—6 well furnished rooms, elevator; reasonable.

132D ST., 570 WEST—Three and four rooms, piano, convenient all lines; $80 and $100. Inquire janitor.

137TH WEST—Elegant, elevator, 4 rooms, furnished; all outside rooms; references, security required; rent reasonable. Telephone Stuyvesant 4307.

AVAILABLE NOW.
Two to six rooms, kitchen and kitchenette apartments; elevator, non-elevator; rates $80 up; references essential. Office (open Sunday), 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1647.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY—Exclusive listings. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 129 West 72d. Col. 836.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY—Exclusive listings. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 129 West 72d. Col. 836.

BACHELOR will share with gentleman large apartment, separate dressing rooms and baths; solid comfort. Y 2444 Times Annex.

BROADWAY (Near Columbia University)—Comfortable three-room apartment, real kitchen; electricity, shower. Inquire 180 Claremont Av., Apt. 31.

BROADWAY, 3,544 (Cor. 145th)—Four-room furnished apartment to let. Call or phone. Apt. 3S. Phone Audubon 2790.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. Van Winkle, 152 West 72d. Col. 1077.

EXCEPTIONALLY WELL FURNISHED 9-room and 3-bath apartment, complete in every detail; finest location on Riverside Drive; wonderful view; Hudson River; possession to Sept. 15, 1921.
Apply WOOD, DOLSON & CO., INC.
Broadway and 80th St. Phone Schuyler 1100.

EXCLUSIVE building, 3 rooms, unusual furnishings, kitchen, $275, without grand piano $250. Nickerson, Schuyler 2270 11 to 5.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS SPECIALIST, Wickliffe Gray, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3074.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS FOR RENT, SEASON OR LONGER. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (80s)—Married couple, owning elegantly furnished, light, airy corner apartment, will rent room with privileges of apartment; music; library; meals best obtainable home cooking, optional. Phone Fitzroy 867.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 87TH—Young woman teacher share her handsome two-room apartment with congenial young lady. Schuyler 3062.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 116th, widow will share elegantly furnished six-room apartment with refined lady; references. Phone Morningside 6630.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468, corner 119th St.—Eight rooms, two baths and extra lavatory; completely furnished. Telephone Morningside 9245.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 550 (Apt. 26)—Attractively and completely furnished 4-room apt.; baby grand piano, Victrola; lease.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (At 145th St., Facing Hudson)—Five rooms and bath, $225. Telephone Audubon 5552, Apt. 10D.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 550, (Apartment 51)—Five rooms, handsomely furnished; two bedrooms; $210.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 660—Going on trip, five rooms, front, exceptionally furnished, for January, possibly February; $125. Apt. 44.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (At 138th St.)—Seven-room apartment, furnished; $200 monthly. L 733 Times Downtown.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 456—Will share studio day time; references. Morningside 9080 Mitchell.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 745—Front apartment, six light rooms; river view; $195. Apt. 4G.

SUBLET living room, bedroom, with private bath, complete hotel service; dining room on premises. Hotel Joyce, 51 West 71st.

SUBLET parlor and bedroom, bath, January to October; southern exposure. Marie Antoinette Hotel, 67th St. and Broadway.

TWO beautiful front rooms; every convenience, housekeeping; reference; reasonable. Weysz, Wadsworth 2707.

WEST END AV.—DELIGHTFUL APT., magnificently furnished, 8 rooms, 3 baths; piano, Orientals, period furniture, &c.; rent only $290 month for remaining 3 years of 5-year lease; furnishings alone worth $30,000; will sell complete with lease $11,500, account family changes. J. Clarence Davies, 51 East 42d. Vanderbilt 9175.

WEST END AV., 681—Completely furnished two-room, bath, kitchenette apartment; reasonable rental; sunlight all day long. Genet.

WEST END AV., 562—Furnished apartment, 8 rooms and 3 baths; immediate possession. Telephone Schuyler 3638.

WEST END, 794 (98th)—Two rooms, private bath; bachelor, business couple; moderate.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN, Flatbush—Three rooms, bath; neatly furnished; excellent service; exclusive Gentile neighborhood; adjacent Church Av. station, Brighton Beach subway; references required. Call Thursday, Friday afternoons, Apt. 3, 90 East 18th St., Brooklyn.

FOUR large outside rooms, ample closets, exclusive use of kitchen, in high-class apartment centrally located. Bedford section, Brooklyn. Particulars write or phone Weeks, 106 West 92d, New York. Riverside 3980.

DELIGHTFUL apartment, five large, sunny rooms; restricted; Flatbush. Call Flatbush 4098.

Furnished—Long Island.

TO desirable couple, suite, bath, garage, housekeeping or board; no other guests; accessible. Phone Rockville Centre 590.

Unfurnished—East Side.

30TH, 32 EAST (adjoining Hotel Martha Washington)—Beautiful, newly decorated apartments, high ceilings, splendid light; also two stores to rent. Apply to Manager Martha Washington Hotel.

54TH, 125 EAST—Attractive three rooms, bath, kitchenette; just completed; immediate possession.

53D, 29 EAST—Parlor floor and apartment above; 2, 3 and 4 rooms, all improvements; seen 10 until 4.

56TH, 114 EAST—Attractive 2-room, bath and kitchenette apartment; $1,400 years. Apply superintendent on premises.

57TH, 205 WEST (corner 7th Av.)
Corner apartment of nine rooms and three baths in the Osborne; fireproof building; large rooms, high ceilings; immediate possession; $400 per month. Manager, on premises. Circle 5420.

MADISON AV., 1,013 (78TH)—HANDSOME REMODELED PRIVATE DWELLING; BEAUTIFUL SUITES OF ONE TO FIVE ROOMS; PRIVATE BATHS, ELECTRICITY. CALL PREMISES OR PHONE HARLEM 8230.

81ST, 148 EAST—Parlor floor, basement, suitable for physician or dentist; two and three room, newly decorated apartments; all latest improvements, or will sublease entire

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—East Side.

82D, 17 EAST (Near 5th Av.)—Attractive 2 large rooms, bath, foyer, fireplace; lease furnished or unfurnished; $130, lease; will redecorate; open for inspection. Phone Hanover 6895.

82D, 151 EAST—Two cheerful rooms, bath, kitchenette, new, modern; rental; reference.

EXCLUSIVE MURRAY HILL.
36TH ST., 163 EAST.
BUNGALOW ON ROOF, FIVE ROOMS AND TWO BATHS; PRIVATE ROOF GARDEN; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION $5,000; OPEN FIREPLACE; UNUSUAL APARTMENT.

HEATH AV., 3,004—Three blocks east 230th-Broadway subway station; four rooms front; all improvements; telephone. Inquire janitor.

MADISON AV., 935 (Corner 74th St.)—Two choice apartments, two rooms and bath each, all outside rooms; modern.

MADISON AV., 1,881 (opposite Mt. Morris Park)—Five light rooms, bath, electricity; in private house; $100.

PARK AV., 1,126—Four light rooms; steam, electricity; $70-$80. Pflaster.

Unfurnished—West Side.

13TH ST., 68 WEST—Six rooms, bath, electricity, steam; $1,500; month's rent security; references.

10TH ST., 60-62 WEST—Four rooms and bath; elevator. Apply premises.

11TH ST., 45 WEST—Attractive, light, sunny, 3-4-room apartments, including kitchen; southern exposure; modern appointments; inspection Sunday, Monday. Tel. Chelsea 4160.

12TH ST., 63 WEST—Entire floor, living room with fireplace, large bedrooms, bath and kitchen; modern in every way; $1,800 yearly. Norah MacLaren, 63 Washington Square. Spring 1652.

16TH, 144 WEST—Large living room, bedroom, bath, utility closet; new, modern, unusually comfortable; rents reasonable; immediate possession.

16TH ST., 135 WEST—Three rooms, bath, modern elevator apartment house; immediate possession; $90 monthly. I. Irving Walsh, 73 West 11th St.

28TH, 344 WEST—Attractive suites, 2 rooms, tiled baths, showers, parquet floors, electricity; residential block; references; $70-$75.

31ST ST., 19-21 WEST—Strictly high-class fireproof apartment of 2 rooms and bath; maid service optional; desirable tenants; rental $1,500; also STUDIO, 18x28, 2 bedrooms, $2,500.

37TH ST., 32 WEST—1, 2, 3 and 4 rooms, bath; for business people.

46TH, 47 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; one left; $1,080 year. Donovan.

46TH ST., 61 WEST,
superior apartment, two very large rooms, tiled bath, showers, electricity, steam, hot water; open for inspection. M. L. Harris, 6,870 Madison Square.

48TH ST., 151 WEST.
Near Broadway; modern 2-room apartments, every improvement; ample heat and hot water; immediate possession; furnished or unfurnished; moderate rents.
J. ARTHUR FISCHER, 690 6TH AV.

52D ST., 58 WEST—Attractive two-room and bath apartments; electric lights, hardwood floors, hot water heat and supply; ample closet room. Jas. A. Dowd, 874 6th Av. Circle 32.

54TH, 33 WEST (near 5th Av.)—Attractive 3 large rooms, bath, kitchenette; large closets; redecorate; furnished or unfurnished; fireplaces; entire floor; open for inspection; lease, $135. Phone Hanover 6895.

55TH, 200 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette and bath; three rooms, kitchenette and bath, just completed; all outside rooms; from $125 to $150 per month.

58TH, 200 WEST — Six-room attractive apartment of highest type. Apply Supt.

58TH, 158 W.—Attractive 7-room apartment; high-class building. Apply Superintendent.

58TH, 14 WEST—Two rooms, bath; maid service, elevator; large, light room.

72D, 328 WEST—Parlor and library floors; individually or en suite; beautiful.

73TH, 240 WEST (Near Broadway)—New 9-story, fireproof building of 3 rooms for $2,000 and 4 rooms $2,800; fully housekeeping; very spacious and high class; immediate possession. Columbus 4454.

75TH, 140 WEST—Beautiful 3-room apartment; suitable for doctor. Apply premises.

77TH, 110 WEST—Two warm rooms, bath, dumbwaiter, kitchenette; $120; 1 flight.

79TH, 121 WEST—1, 2, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, every improvement; best in city; $900 to $1,650.

81ST ST., 29 WEST—A BEAUTIFUL SUITE OF THREE ROOMS, BATH, AND FOUR ROOMS, BATH; MODERN, HIGH CLASS BUILDING; $150 MONTHLY.

81ST, 123 WEST—Apartment to let, furnished, unfurnished, 1 room, bath, kitchenette.

82D, 68 WEST—Parlor floor and front basement, suitable doctor or dentist; also private family; in excellent location. Phone 6286 Schuyler.

82D, 35 WEST—3 light, sunny rooms; immediate possession; rear, near Central Park and 81st St. L.

83D ST., 46 WEST—Sublet 5 front rooms and bath in new high-class elevator apartment house. Telephone Schuyler 5007.

86TH ST., 331 WEST (808)—A BEAUTIFUL SEVEN-ROOM AND TWO-BATH DUPLEX; LOW, WITH GARAGE, IN THE HEART OF THE WEST SIDE RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT (808), $350 MONTHLY; ALL CONVENIENCES. C. W. CAHEN.

86TH ST., 200-6 WEST—Five, six, seven and eight room apartments, with bath. Apply Superintendent on premises.

87TH, 116 WEST—Two rooms, bath, every improvement, kitchenette privilege, $75, $1,200.

69TH ST., 106 WEST.
2 rooms, bath and kitchenette in high-class apartment house; immediate possession; $1,300.
SHARP & CO., 2,489 BROADWAY.

100TH ST., 319 WEST—Private 2-room apartment, unfurnished or furnished; lease. Kiesel.

102D, 249 WEST—Choice four and five-room housekeeping apartments in private house; all conveniences. Immediate occupancy.

103D, 205 WEST—5-room apartment on ground floor; suitable for physician. Apply Mr. Peckells, Longacre 4144.

103D, 309 WEST—4 rooms, all improvements, middle-aged couple; reference. Travers.

106TH, 312 WEST—Two beautiful apartments, large rooms, many closets, modern; $125.

114TH, 551 WEST—Monterey Apartments; facing on 3 streets and 2 parks; 8-room apartments, all outside rooms; immediate possession. Supt. on premises or apply Howard C. Forbes, Rector 747.

116TH ST. (110 St. Nicholas Av.)—8 rooms, all improvements; newly decorated. Inquire in Morningside Registry.

120TH, 143 WEST—5 rooms; 4 rooms; also doctor's office. Sanders.

137TH, 612 WEST—7 rooms, high-class, elevator; new decorations; rent reasonable.

141ST, 630 WEST (Cor. Drive)—High-class, elevator, 7 rooms, 2 baths, facing Hudson; immediate possession; rent reasonable.

151ST, 448 WEST—Five all light rooms, bath, newly decorated; $70. Janitor.

156TH, 625 WEST—9 rooms, 3 baths, high-class apartment; immediate possession.

163D ST., 544 WEST—Five-room apartment; all latest improvements; $80.

180TH ST., 716 WEST—Five rooms and bath, third floor, $90; six rooms and bath, top floor, $90; all improvements; possession Jan. 1.

APARTMENT FOR SALE
in the Prasada, 50 Central Park West; eight rooms and three baths, on twelfth floor; also two rooms, bath and roof garden on floor above, connected by private stairway. Horace G. Knowles, 50 Central Park West.

ARTIST STUDIO.
57th, 116 West—Wonderful north light, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette privilege, $1,500.

BENNETT AV., 41 (corner 183d)—High-class apartment; elevator; 5 rooms; rent Jan. 1. Wadsworth 2188.

DOCTOR'S APARTMENT of four rooms or four and three adjoining, in a new fireproof building; very central; immediate possession. Apply 240 West 75th St. Columbus 4454.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.
Doctor's office, two rooms and bath. Hotel Beresford, Central Park West, 81st St.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.
Doctor's office, 3 rooms; private entrance from street. Hotel Sevilla, 117 West 58th.

DOCTOR'S APARTMENT, furnished or unfurnished. Hotel Anderson, 102 West 80th St.

ELEGANT NEW MODERN APARTMENTS ONE, TWO, THREE ROOMS, KITCHEN AND BATH, INCLUDING MAID SERVICE, GAS AND ELECTRICITY.
$103 TO $200.
350 WEST 86TH ST.
331 WEST 86TH ST.
1 WEST 95TH ST.

EXCEPTIONAL Riverside Drive modern 8-room top-floor apartment, overlooking the Hudson; 3 master bedrooms, maid's room; large, light, airy rooms; lease to Oct. 1 or longer. J 463 Times.

GENTLEMAN will sublet his apartment, entire floor, to responsible party. Academy 3357.

MANHATTAN AV., 388—Six rooms, bath, steam heat, private hall.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 20 (Cor. 116th St.)—Seven rooms, bath, modern, apartment, elevator; opposite Morningside Park; immediate possession; $125.

NATIONAL STORAGE, 146 West 90th St.—Storage $6 per month vanload, motor vans, moving; moderate rates. 1702 Riverside.

ONE and two room apartments, ready for occupancy, 31 Riverside Drive, northeast corner 75th St. Agent on premises.

RIVERSIDE, 151 (87th)—Magnificent floor; also one-room apartment; exceptional baths; lease.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790—Sublet; eight beautiful rooms, two baths, one lavatory; one block from subway and bus; strictly fireproof building; must be seen to be appreciated; rent $3,000 yearly (now vacant). A. J. Odell, Audubon 5400.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 801—Splendid apartment in new house, consisting of five rooms and bath, to sublet for a period of one year and nine months; rental $200 per month. Telephone L. P. Genet, Plaza 4110.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125 (AT 84TH ST.)—ELEVEN ROOMS, 3 BATHS; 10TH FLOOR; ALL OUTSIDE. LOUIS P. DOWDNEY, 247 WEST 72D ST.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 835—Four rooms, southern exposure and facing Hudson River. Apply Supt. on premises, or telephone office, Wadsworth 6335.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 684 (corner 146th St.)—Four rooms and bath, housekeeping modern apartment; $1,800; southwest exposure. Columbus 4454.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 240—Two and three all outside front rooms, fireproof apartment hotel; wonderful view; reduced prices.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 706 (148th St.)—Fireproof building; 6-room corner apartment; possession. Cortlandt 3804. Audubon 6804.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528 (Opp. Grant's Tomb)—Five rooms, front, elevator; every modern improvement; $115. Apply premises.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 654—5 outside rooms, exceptionally large; southern exposure; sublet.

THE MIDETTE—68 WEST 107TH ST.
Five-room apartment, $90 per month; elevator, telephone, electric light and all modern conveniences; house under personal management of the owner; only strictly private families. Apply to Superintendent.

WADSWORTH AV., 220 (184th St.)—Six rooms in Paul Jones high class elevator apartment house; immediate possession. Inquire superintendent or Harted Realty Co., 299 Broadway. Phone Worth 374.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 126—Entire floor, private house, suitable for studio, also basement with kitchen. By appointment, Spring 6316.

WEST END AV., 567 (near 87th)—Attractive two large rooms, bath, kitchenette; private entrance; entire floor; fireplace, large closets; will redecorate; furnished or unfurnished; lease; $90. Phone Hanover 6895.

WEST END AV., 326 (75th St.)—Two attractive apartments, two rooms, bath, kitchenette; moderate rental. Col. 5781.

WEST END AV., 410 (79th)—Eight rooms, fourth floor; elevator; now vacant.

WEST END AV., 738—Six large outside corner rooms; all improvements: $150.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

5 ROOMS and bath, outside rooms; elevator; river view; 45 minutes to 42d St., via subway or N. Y. Central. Phone 5300 Yonkers.

VAN CORTLANDT PARK AV., 517 (Yonkers)—To lease, three rooms and sun parlor. Telephone 5017 Yonkers.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

FULTON AV., 1,203—Three-four room apartments for sale, co-operative plan; modern improvements; legislature guarantees possession; call, investigate; bargain, $300 per room. Tremont 4443.

MONROE AV., 1,697—6 rooms, latest improvements in new private dwelling with garage near 174th St. and Concourse.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

FIVE-ROOM apartment, with sun parlor, garage, steam heat, in a new two-family house, three minutes from subway station. 1,906 80th St., Brooklyn.

STERLING PLACE, 189-191—Two and three rooms; all improvements; both subways.

55TH ST., 1,526, Brooklyn—Six-room apartment. Apply Mrs. M. E. Rosenberg.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I.—Tennix Place apartment, by station, 3 and 4 room suites; now; $1,380 up. Phone Boulevard 6320 or 6545. Also to sublet, one large room and kitchenette, $95.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

WANTED—Furnished apartment from Jan. 1 to June 1, containing 4 bedrooms and 2 baths; also maid's room and bath; do not require silver or linen; rent must be reasonable. Address C. W. Avery Cottage, Woodmere, L. I.

FURNISHED, unfurnished, living room, two master bedrooms, dining, kitchen, man's room; six months; preferably 52d to 56th 5th Av. to Park Av. L 738 Times Downtown.

FURNISHED apartment wanted in Park Av. section, 3 or 4 rooms; bath; 15; five or six rooms; rent $400 to $500. F. A. Box 372, City Hall Station.

WANTED for three or four months, furnished apartment, two rooms, bath and kitchenette. Address Apartment 11, 230 West 79th St.

WANTED—Two rooms and bath; give full particulars and lowest terms per month, also if restaurant. Albert H. Schroeder, P. O. Box 90, Wall Street station, N. Y.

APARTMENT RENTING CO.
176 West 72d St. Columbus 1278.
EXCLUSIVE CLIENTELE WAITING.

TWO rooms, kitchen, well heated, front, telephone, electricity; near subway; moderate; adults. E. S., 50 East 42d., Room 309.

WANTED by couple, 2-room apartment, bath, telephone, from 45th to 80th Sts.; limit $80. C 157 Times.

AN EXCLUSIVE CLIENTELE.
List apartments with Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 129 W. 72d. Columbus 836.

WELL furnished 5 or 6 rooms, elevator; good location; 3 adults; immediate; $150-$175; responsible. K 366 Times.

WANT purchase furnished apt.; must be reasonable. C. A. Gardner, 1306, 24 Broad St.

FOUR-ROOM apartment to June; 3 adults. Poston, 165 Broadway. Cortlandt 4800.

TWO rooms, kitchenette, furnished with piano; central city; reasonable. E 111 Times.

SEND details of your Fur. Apts. to rent. E. K. Van Winkle, 152 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

Unfurnished.

FAMILY requires possession of unfurnished apartment Jan. 15; must contain four bedrooms and two baths, also maid's room and bath; three years lease. B 1019 Times Annex.

WANTED—8-room ground floor apartment, between 72d and 96th Sts., vicinity West End Av.; physician. L. A., 124 Times.

YOUNG COUPLE want 3 or 4 rooms, all improvements; $45 to $60. Grubel, 1,064 Franklin Av., Bronx.

THREE-FOUR ROOM modern apartment, west side; about $65. P 416 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

27TH ST., East—Cheerful room, to business man; adjoins bath; modern; two in family; $35 month. Madison Square 1128.

30TH (cor. Lexington Av., 163)—Exclusively for women; $11 weekly and up; room with use of bath, $14 weekly up; room with private bath, $18 weekly and up; cozy, sunny, comfortable. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH ST. (165 Lexington Av.)—Tastefully furnished, immaculately clean outside room, with separate dressing and bedroom; also single room; independent entrance and privacy.

52D, Lexington Av.—Double room, electricity; subway; gentlemen only; references. Plaza 9360.

60TH, 18 EAST—Rooms, adjoining bath, $40-$50 month; also room, bath.

69TH, 318 EAST—Beautiful room, private house; conveniences; $10 weekly. Rhinelander 5443.

89TH, 144 EAST (Lexington Av.)—Large room, electricity, gas; board optional; private house.

93D ST., 69 EAST—Small room for gentleman, $5 week. Kiesel.

93D, 69 EAST—Large bedroom, front, fireplace; $20 week; two gentlemen. Kiesel.

BRIGHT SUITE, bath, electricity, fireplaces, steam; exclusive, private home. Rhinelander 8806, afternoons.

GRAMERCY PARK (145 East 21st)—Large room, with dressing room, suitable for two or three; top floor.

IRVING PLACE, 56—Charmingly furnished room, superior private house; centrally located; references.

LEXINGTON AV., 632 (54th)—Attractive front rooms, convenient bath; $9, $10; gentlemen.

MADISON AV., 1,222 (88th St.)—Large room to couple or two young men; kitchen privileges; reasonable. Pierce.

MADISON AV., 267—Two single rooms, running water, next to bath; $35-$50 monthly; bachelor.

MADISON AV., 783 (68th)—Attractive suites, large room, adjoining bath; $10; gentlemen.

West Side.

9TH ST., 41 WEST (Vanderbilt Studios)—Lease, could furnish in week, high-class studios, private bath, $100 to $125 monthly; small studios, $45; $15 and $25 additional for furnishing; references.

16TH, 51 WEST—Artistic, old mahogany and chintz, immaculately clean, warm, continuous hot water, restaurant connected.

24TH ST., 453 WEST—1 room, beautifully furnished, heat, electric, hardwood, telephone.

43D, 107-109 WEST—Bachelor apartments, double and all single rooms, with or without bath; modern; electric light; telephone. Durand.

47TH, 106 WEST (Raleigh Hall)—A residence for men; attractively furnished rooms, with and without baths or showers; writing, smoking, lounge, billiard rooms.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

47TH, 20 WEST—Large room; kitchenette privileges. Telephone Bryant 9752.

51ST ST., 215 WEST—Modern, comfortable room. Apt. 5. Suitable for couple.

58TH ST., 37 WEST—Large, small rooms, private baths, convenient location, elevator, subway.

61ST, 28 WEST—Beautiful back parlor, business people; central; phone; subway.

64TH, 10 WEST—Two superb connecting rooms, steam heat, twin beds. Walsh.

58TH, 148 WEST—Private house, room, running water; gentleman; $10 week

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

DESIGNER, automatic mechanisms; college man; automatic typewriter and inventor development. W 106 Times.

DRAFTING, QUANTITY ESTIMATES, maps, tracings, lettering, contract and construction drawings, civil, mechanical, electrical and architectural reproductions; nothing too large or too small; speed, accuracy; competent men. V 837 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN and machine designer desires additional work; 20 years' experience. Edward D. Roberts, 48 East 41st St.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, 15 years' experience theatres, office buildings, &c. J 365 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced detailer and tracer, technical graduate; moderate salary. E 1226 Times Bronx.

DRUGS—Wanted by licensed pharmacist, Christian American, capable of managing a store, position with well-established concern, in city or outside; vicinity, between New York and Poughkeepsie preferred. L 727 Times Downtown.

EDITOR, with additional experience as advertising manager metropolitan daily and publisher of high-grade trade journals, is open for engagement; middle-aged. J 391 Times.

ELEVATOR MAN, colored, desires position; weekly salary preferred. E 128 Times.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGER, thirteen years' experience, seeks position about beginning of January; speaks European languages. Y 2465 Times Annex.

ENGINEER, structural, graduate, ten years' experience design, construction expert, designer, builder of forms for concrete structures, wishes position with contractors. A 987 Times Downtown.

ESTIMATOR, one accustomed to figure from excavation to decoration of buildings, willing and capable to be handy with other work; correspondence, books, drawing of details and plans; also supervising jobs; salary no object at start. C 146 Times.

ESTIMATOR, experienced in requirements of general contractor's office, drafting; also supervising of construction. J 366 Times.

EXECUTIVE'S ASSISTANT—Man, 27 years old, nine years' general business experience including costs, manufacturing, sales and purchasing, analytical mind, wants permanent connection with future. E 108 Times.

EXECUTIVE'S ASSISTANT, 33, assistant works manager, planning supervisor, cost accountant; ten years' practical experience; ex-soldier; highest references; available Jan. 1. A 1065 Times Harlem.

EXECUTIVE'S ASSISTANT, experienced meeting business men, detail, office management, wants to assist busy man. K 342 Times.

FARMER — Single, 30 years' experience, wishes position as manager of farm, or full charge of pure bred herd; understands care of cows, testing, &c.; all farm machinery, tractors, &c.; highest references; available Jan. 1. Address care William Oliver, Springfield Gardens, Springfield, Long Island, New York.

FEEDER, Gordon, A1; age 32; keep books to fill in time or after hours; $25. D 275 Times.

INSTRUMENT MAKER—Electric (scientific) and mechanical experience. J 3 Times.

JOB PRESSMAN wants permanent position with future. L 693 Times Downtown.

MANAGER, charge curtain factory, desires change; reliable, competent; thoroughly experienced. Harlem 9079, 6-8 evenings. D 287 Times.

MAN wants position to take care of invalid gentleman; 20 years last place; handy. D 262 Times.

MASSEUR, first-class, licensed, 17049, wishes to go to patient's home or travel with gentleman. Phone Murray Hill 2779 from 8 to 11, morning.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER desires connection as general manager, works manager, sales manager; fully experienced. Y 2448 Times Annex.

MECHANICAL engineering graduate, 23; marine and paper mill experience. J 374 Times.

OFFICE MAN, technical college graduate, two years purchasing machinery for large corporation, good correspondent, knowledge of office routine and bookkeeping; can furnish references as to character and ability. E 79 Times.

PRODUCTION SPECIALIST, with 25 years' practical experience, solicits interview with concerns desiring to improve their production; an interview costs nothing. Address K 309 Times.

RETAIL BUSINESS BUILDER
OF PROVEN ABILITY
wants a change of position. At present in charge of large instalment store in a large Manufacturing city, earning over $10,000; successful record of past and present accomplishments; most thorough ready-to-wear experience; buying, sales campaigns; capable executive. Will arrange an interview if you address E 1 Times.

SALES EXECUTIVE—Young man, with 7 years' experience assistant manager of sales large automobile distributer, desires new connection with a sales organization where ability will gain promotion. C 156 Times.

SALESMAN—A capable young man, with initiative and ability, who is not afraid of long hours, desires inside position, preferably commercial stationery or stationery and cigar store, but willing to adapt himself to any other line. J 401 Times.

SALESMAN—Young man, 30, whose past year's earnings were $12,500, moving permanently to New Haven, Conn., is open for a real selling opportunity in that section; broad business and selling experience warrants handling any character commodity; immediate returns immaterial. J 5 Times.

SALESMAN acquainted with wholesale and retail grocers in Hudson Valley eleven years, owning own automobile, desires to represent manufacturer of grocery or drug article; best of references; salary and expenses or drawing account against commission. Address Box 249, Kingston, N. Y.

SALESMAN leaving for Minneapolis to reside would like to make connection with reliable house to cover Twin Cities and State; toilet goods or novelties preferred. J 4 Times.

SALESMAN—Photo-engraving salesman, having severed connection with present house, desires to connect with concern on strictly commission basis. P 419 Times.

SALESMAN, 7 years' Notaseme; sales correspondent, sales manager. A 1088 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN, silks, seven years' experience, acquainted with cutting-up retail trade, desires inside, outside position. C 132 Times.

SALESMAN, ribbons, jobbing trade, like to connect with manufacturer; hard worker; references. J 10 Times.

SALESMAN, hustler, refined appearance; traveled extensively; wholesale lines preferred. J 396 Times.

SALESMAN, specialty, well acquainted Pennsylvania, Maryland, New York; salary. C 150 Times.

SHIPPING and receiving clerk, 32, married, 10 years' experience, good marker; A1 references. Nicoletti, 48 Prospect St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, well educated, experienced, desires employment with engineering or architectural concern where conscientious work and strict attention to duties merit advancement; at present employed in "blind alley" job; position in a modern, sunlit office amid congenial surroundings is desired. C 140 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 24; expert and intelligent, with six years' experience and excellent references; executive ability; great speed on typewriter; trial requested. A 785 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, 22, high school graduate, executive ability, thoroughly experienced, desires position with progressive concern. K 332 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT wishes position high-class apartment house; references. A 793 Times Downtown.

TIME STUDY and production, college man; can travel; shop experience. W 105 Times.

TRAFFIC MAN, railroad and industrial experience, transportation problems, claims. K 343 Times.

TUTOR—Position wanted in private family or instructor in private school by cultured, refined man from South; age 28; university graduate; three years' experience; excellent references. Y 2468 Times Annex.

TUTOR, with long experience in preparatory and college branches, Mr. Stone, 129 West 76th St. Phone Schuyler 7725.

WRITER, graduate of newspaper managing editorship, thoroughly grounded in business, seeks position, permanent or temporary. J 390 Times.

YOUNG MAN—A capable salesman, with initiative and ability, who is not afraid of long hours, desires inside position, preferably commercial stationery or stationery and cigar store, but willing to adapt himself to any other line. J 402 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in automobiles, accessories, tires and storage batteries, nine years running own large garage and repair shop, wishes a position with a live concern in the automobile line. Y 2451 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 24, college graduate and of good business training and experience, at present employed in a very responsible capacity, desires to connect with progressive house; cause of present seeking of position due to dissolution of firm. J 394 Times.

YOUNG MAN—Ex-naval officer, 24, graduate U. S. Naval Academy, wants position with future; salary to start secondary matter; wants a chance where hard work and ability are rewarded. Y 2417 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 21, two years' experience, would like to connect with reliable firm dealing in jewelers' or dentists' fine tools and supplies or a dental depot. John Clark, 103 Autumn Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, Spanish, 23, 3 years U. S. Naval Academy, wants position where future depends upon ability; salary at start secondary matter. E 134 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, aggressive, neat appearance, sales ability, desires connection reliable mercantile concern offering opportunity. C 158 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

YOUNG FILIPINO, absolutely honest, desires work of any kind; references; houseman, butler, valet, messenger and clerical position. J 395 Times.

YOUNG MAN, salesman in hosiery, notions and underwear, thoroughly experienced for the past 6 years; can also speak Jewish and Italian. J 369 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, three years' experience stock clerk, inside salesman; millinery references. Milton Mannheim, 3,909 3d Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 21, neat, college education, business experience, desires position at anything; salary not important. K 357 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, evening engineering student, desires position. L 724 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, office, advertising salesman; future paramount. A 791 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN desires clerical position evenings; typist. T. McCloskey, 347 East 36th St.

YOUNG MAN, 19, ambitious, conscientious worker; dress trimming experience. J 368 Times.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, wishes position. 2,119 3d Av. (Box 104).

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, initiative, dependable. 217 7th Av. (Box 151).

HELP WANTED—Female.

ARTIST — Fashion, experienced, who can create; unusual opportunity for a capable fashion designer. T 598 Times.

ASSISTANT BUYER wanted in resident buyer's office, with retail experience ladies' neckwear, veilings, dress trimmings, &c.; state experience, salary, references. T 6 Times.

BOOKKEEPER,
knowledge of stenography, experienced.
WALD ELECTRIC MFG. CORP.,
248 NORTH 10TH ST., BROOKLYN,
BET. UNION AV. AND ROEBLING ST.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER — Young woman as resident bookkeeper and stenographer in physician's office. Dr. A. W. Page, 76 South Lexington Av., White Plains, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, experience handling retail store account; one with executive ability preferred. S 768 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry; references. Shirtcraft Co., Inc., 718 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, several years' experience. Tel. Madison Square 1007.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER wanted. Apply in person 136 5th Av.

BUYER FOR
WAIST
DEPARTMENT.
FREDERICK LOESER & CO.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y., REQUIRE A
BUYER AND MANAGER FOR
THEIR WAIST DEPARTMENT: A
WOMAN OF ABILITY, ENERGY
AND BROAD EXPERIENCE OF
THE HIGHEST CLASS WILL
FIND THIS AN EXCELLENT
OPPORTUNITY. APPLY PER-
SONALLY OR BY MAIL. APPLI-
CATIONS TREATED IN STRICT
CONFIDENCE IF DESIRED.

CASHIER'S ASSISTANT for foreign exchange bankers; one used large volume of business and willing to assume responsibility, preferably with banking experience; must be able to do typewriting and work on adding machine; hours, 9 A. M. to 7 P. M., also Saturday; one hour for lunch; salary $28 per week; advancement. Only those fully qualified and having A1 references. Address S. E. B., 222 Times.

CASHIER — RETAIL STORE; FAMILIAR WITH SALES SLIP ENTRIES; UNDERSTANDING TYPEING; LADY BETWEEN 28 AND 38 PREFERRED. V 841 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CASHIERS, experienced. Call Weisbecker, 268-270 West 125th.

CHAMBERMAID - WAITRESS, experienced white woman, in private family, two adults, three children. 47 Markwood Road, Forest Hills Gardens, Boulevard 6312-W.

CLEANERS wanted for hotel. Call with references after 11 A. M. Westover Court, 210 West 44th St.

CLERICAL WORKER.
Young woman at least 20 years of age to read and clip newspapers; publishing house; salary $65 monthly; state age, experience and education. Box 188, 906 Fitzgerald Building.

CLERK, thoroughly experienced, for general work in accounting department; must be quick, neat penman and able to figure accurately; at least 5 years' experience. Write, stating age, experience, nationality, previous employment, salary desired, J 398 Times.

COOK—Wanted, experienced cook, also waitress-chambermaid. 405 Park Av. Telephone Plaza 2080, mornings.

DESIGNER.
Well known children's and intermediate dress house desires the services of a designer on silk, also cotton dresses; to one with originality and creative abilities a splendid permanent position is offered. Box 788, 209 Cable Bldg.

DESIGNER on popular priced silk waists. Regent Waist Co., 3 East 28th.

FILING.
Young woman, experienced, competent, to assume charge of card and correspondence file. Apply Supt.'s office, 37th St. entrance.
STERN & EWEN & CO.,
5th Av. at 37th St.

FILE CLERK—Young lady who has had experience filing vouchers required by large steamship company; state age and salary expected. V 885 Times Downtown.

GIRL for general housework in a doctor's home. Apply Mrs. Harwich, 1,847 Intervale Av., Bronx. Phone Intervale 1496.

GIRL for fancy goods shop, 2,451 Broadway, near 90th St.

GOVERNESS, kindergarten, to undertake class of six children; excellent references essential; American, English or French preferred; not over 35. Apply for appointment to Mrs. Herbert, 36 28th St., Beechhurst, L. I. Phone Flushing 3878-J.

HOUSEKEEPER — Working for bachelor apartments; no objection husband, mother or daughter. Call after 2 P. M. 159 Lexington Av.

HOUSEKEEPER for two physicians, bachelors; entire charge apartment, including laundry; give full particulars, references, terms. J 11 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER, working, wanted, white, family of three, high wages, excellent position. Call Thursday, 10:30 to 5. Apt. 8B, 40 West 83d.

HOUSEWORKER for business couple, child 6 years; good home, plain cooking. Telephone Stuyvesant 3358.

HOUSEWORKER, general, young girl; sleep out. Apply afternoons. Patterson, 2 East 128th.

HOUSEWORKER, general, in family of five adults; no washing; $65 per month. Phone Great Neck 314.

HOUSEWORKER, general, young woman, white, two in family; reference required. Mrs. Jaqua, 159 West 118th St.

INTERIOR DECORATOR wanted; experienced person to take charge of department in store in Middle Western city. Apply by letter to Anton Hellmann, 17 East 8th St., New York City.

LADY, cultured, refined, tactful, well educated, who is resourceful and ambitious, to introduce Circle of Knowledge School Plan for American Educational Association; guaranteed salary $1,800 with bonus. B 267 Times.

MAID, intelligent; apartment of single physician. Apply 8 P. M. or write Dr. Monaghan, 1,199 Boston Road, Bronx.

MATRON, white, take charge ladies' retiring room, railroad station; attend passengers and sell toilet articles. Call 2 West Broadway, 1 flight up.

MILLINERY DESIGNER FOR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT; ONLY THOSE WITH 5TH AV. EXPERIENCE NEED APPLY J. M. GIDDING & CO., 5TH AV. AND 46TH ST.

MILLINERY
SALESLADIES.
Only those accustomed to high class clientele need apply. Mildred Hat Shop, 2,449 Broadway, near 90th St.

MILLINERY DESIGNER
for trimmed, snappy hats; wonderful opportunity for right party; salary no object. Address Sunshine Hat Co., 37 West 29th St.

MODELS
MODELS
MODELS
ATTRACTIVE, STYLISH YOUNG LADIES, SIZE 16, FOR DRESS HOUSE; EXPERIENCED ONLY. CALL 9:30 A. M.
LEO FINKENBERG, INC.,
31 EAST 31ST ST.

HELP WANTED—Female.

MODELS, SIZE 36.
SEVERAL STYLISH YOUNG LADIES FOR SUIT HOUSE; GOOD PAY.
MAX LACHMAN & SON,
302 5TH AV.

MODEL, SIZE 16; ATTRACTIVE, SMART YOUNG LADY FOR SHOWROOM. B. WEINSTEIN, 20 WEST 56TH ST.

MODEL, SUITS, SIZE 16.
GOOD PAY; PERMANENT POSITION.
PHIL KATZ, 11 EAST 26TH.

MODEL wanted, 36. Call N. Hurtig & Son, 38 West 21st St.

MOTHER'S HELPER to assist with baby 4 months 'old; experienced. Phone Mrs. Foster, Stuyvesant 4961.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR, expert, at once. Gregg & Co., 24 Clinton St., Newark, N. J.

NURSE—New Haven, Conn., family want experienced, capable white woman for child's nurse, English or Scotch woman preferred. Write, giving references to J. M. Harding, 110 Linden St., New Haven, Conn.

NURSE, white; practical nurse for infant wanted by young married couple; one who will also assist in cooking and light general housework; no washing; state nationality, salary desired and references. K 368 Times.

NURSES, graduates; good salary; general night duty. Superintendent nurses, Melrose 3265.

NURSE — Experienced graduate surgical nurse. Call in person only if prepared for immediate duty, 231 East 57th St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT; must be bright, energetic and good at figures. Apply 6th floor, 661 5th Av. (54th St.)

OFFICE CLERKS wanted; salary $15. State Employment Bureau, 310 Jay St., Brooklyn.

SALES LADY, HIGH-CLASS,
for our new millinery department; to those whose experience warrants catering to high-class patronage, exceptional opportunity for advancement and excellent salaries offered; we also have an opening for an experienced woman to take complete charge.
MARTIN'S,
Fulton, Corner Bridge St.,
Brooklyn.

SALESLADIES.
We require the services of thoroughly experienced saleslades in all our departments; steady positions; excellent salary.
MARTIN'S,
Fulton and Bridge Sts., Brooklyn.

SALESLADIES, experience unnecessary; extra; $3.50 day. Weisbecker, 270 West 125th St.

SALES MANAGER, capable young woman of good education to build up a small but efficient sales force with young, growing publishing firm, one who knows how others have done it and has ideas of her own and who is willing to start at a moderate salary with commission on the sales. Address, giving all particulars, Y 2460 Times Annex.

SALESWOMEN.
OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO.,
34th Street West,
require experienced
SALESLADIES
in their
GOWN DEPARTMENT.
Liberal salaries and commissions on all sales. Apply at Employment Bureau, 33 West 34th St. (4th Floor).

SALESWOMEN—SECURITY.
We have an unusual opportunity for several experienced security saleswomen; we are selling the preferred stock, carrying an attractive common stock bonus, in a sound industrial—a national necessity; now is the time to cash in on the reinvestment period; our proposition is strong, attractive, basically sound, and will bear the most rigid investigation; liberal commission basis. S 765 Times Downtown.

SALESWOMEN.
Splendid opportunity in high-class retail shop for women experienced in selling and alterations; attractive salary, pleasant surroundings; only experienced applicants considered. Box 31, 1626 St. James Bldg.

SALESWOMAN, experienced, for toilet preparations and to learn scientific skin treatment; must be young, well educated and of good appearance. V 118 Times.

SALESWOMEN, experienced, to solicit business for growing advertising service; excellent salary. Call at 10, Copiart, 15 Park Row.

SAMPLE GIRLS; must have experience in handling laces; references required. Box 23, 1626 St. James Building.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER — Young woman wanted in advertising department of large manufacturing concern; state experience; age, nationality and salary desired. W 111 Times.

SECRETARY.
Executive of oil company desires services of a private secretary, one with oil company experience preferred, but efficient secretarial work and best of references essential; write, experience and references. A 775 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY.
For President of large corporation; college graduate; must possess real executive ability and capacity for handling detail; very good stenographic work; salary to start $30-$35; state age, education, experience and religion; Christian firm. T 5 Times.

SECRETARY—Well-educated stenographer or dictaphonist; $25; state age, religion, education, experience. W 79 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and general office assistant—5th Av. house, has vacancy for young lady; must have had two years' experience in filing and general office work and be refined, well educated, accurate and willing; give full particulars and salary required. D 277 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant to editor in large Christian publishing house, one who has had editorial experience preferred; excellent opportunity for bright young woman possessing initiative; state salary expected, qualifications, &c. T. L., 211 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, in the editorial office of a leading medical publication as assistant to editors and take care of details; one having similar experience preferred. Address, stating qualifications, salary, &c., V 846 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, refined, educated woman by Christian advertising firm; state age, experience, education, religion, shorthand and typing speed, salary; some dictaphone work. T 3 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Bright, energetic young woman as publisher's assistant; must be accurate and rapid; salary $30; write fully education and experience. A 784 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—We have an opening for a capable stenographer; please apply by letter, giving particulars as to qualifications, experience, if any, and salary required. A. D., 204 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 25 to 30 years old; must be able to do neat, accurate work and have sense of responsibility, advertising agency; helpful; full details in letter. K 349 Times.

STENOGRAPHER — Spanish, French and English stenographer is required by large motion-picture corporation; must be able to take English dictation; state salary and experience. W 115 Times.

STENOGRAPHER who has broad knowledge of employment agency business; must know full details, with chance of interest in business; salary no object. Call between 12-1, 27 East 21st, 6th floor.

STENOGRAPHER
and assist't bookkeeper wanted by wholesale coat house; experience and accuracy essential.
CASS & ROSENTHAL,
153 WEST 27TH ST.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, also some knowledge of bookkeeping; good salary; steady employment. Apply Niagara Knitting Mills Corp., corner Henry and Radde Sts., Long Island City, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced and efficient, law; must come well recommended; no others need apply; good pay; good position; hours 8:30 to 5:30; must be industrious. Room 1312, 299 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS — Prominent brokerage firm; experience and accuracy essential; $20; excellent opportunity. V 833 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant, wanted in wholesale house; apply by letter, stating experience and salary expected. T. M. James & Co., 20 West 22d.

STENOGRAPHERS, $20-$22; several wanted by general office of large Christian concern; Oliver operators or willing to learn. Call 310 Broadway; ask for Miss Carlson.

STENOGRAPHER and general office assistant wanted by Christian firm; $15 to start; splendid opportunity for advancement. Apply Champlain Studio, 302 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, one with initiative; high school graduate; salary $25. State Employment Bureau, 310 Jay St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER,
in Brooklyn office; hours 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., Saturday noon. Write, stating age, experience and salary. R. T., 321 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter, willing worker, neat appearance, executive capacity. Write for appointment, Corporation, 41 Union Square, Room 715.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced dictation and billing; references. Shirtcraft Co., Inc., 718 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; knowledge of German required; state qualifications in letter; salary $25 to begin. K 347 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, competent, accurate; Christian firm; small office. B 1031 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced in handling correspondence; salary $25. Call Room 617, after 4 P. M., 19 West 44th St.

STENOGRAPHER,
experienced in dry goods line preferred. D. D., 222 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, by old established Christian cotton exchange firm; must be fully competent and experience in that or similar line would be appreciated; applications with full details including references and salary expected will be considered strictly confidential and no investigation will be started until after interview. Address A 782 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR for large wholesale house; experienced on busy board; refined young lady only; state age, experience, references and salary. E 139 Times.

TEACHERS—Summer camp for girls requires experienced teachers in arts and crafts, swimming, tennis, elocution and dramatics; dancing. K 385 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, by an established publishing house; pleasant surroundings; must display tact, intelligence and courtesy, salary $16 per week. Address Mr. Borthwick, Bureau of National Literature, 40 West 39th St., 2d floor.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR or supervisor, first class, to take charge of important busy switchboard; state experience, qualifications, references and salary expected. S 1041 Times Annex.

TELEPHONE switchboard operator, experienced; $45 month, board and room. Jewish Hospital, Classon and St. Mark's Avs., Brooklyn.

TYPIST and dictaphone operator as general assistant in downtown sales office; accuracy more important than speed; state salary and experience. L 717 Times Downtown.

TYPIST—Girl of neat appearance and refined desired by Christian advertising agency to do typewriting, answer small switchboard and announce callers; state age, experience, religion and salary. T 4 Times.

TYPIST—Position open in treasurer's department of large corporation for typist to assist in credit work; applicant must be accurate and well educated; salary to start $65 a month. S 767 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS, $16-$20; several wanted by general office of large Christian concern; Oliver operator or willing to learn. Call 310 Broadway; ask for Miss Carlson.

TYPISTS wanted; salary $15. State Employment Bureau, 310 Jay St., Brooklyn.

WAIST BUYER, by prominent house; state experience and salary desired. B. M., 245 Times.

WAITRESS, capable, also a chambermaid; good home and good wages. Telephone Vanderbilt 4930.

WOMAN, tactful, well educated, to present educational system in South; business experience not essential; $1,800 salary first year; bonus and transportation. T 2 Times.

YOUNG GIRL, French, as companion to 11-year-old girl, afternoons. Call mornings, Mack, 66 West 77th.

YOUNG LADY,
energetic, possessing executive ability and able to take charge of garments in stockroom; must have experience and willing to take responsibility.
H. MILGRIM & BROS.,
74TH ST. AND BROADWAY.

YOUNG LADY, clerical work in filing; one with typing experience preferred; will consider bright beginner; apply in own handwriting, state age, experience and salary. Y 2436 Times Annex.

YOUNG LADY—STOCK CLERK, FAMILIAR WITH JEWELRY LINE; ALL AROUND ASSISTANT; RETAIL STORE; STATE AGE, SALARY EXPECTED AND EXPERIENCE. V 842 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG LADY in dental office; reference required. W 101 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN with clerical or bookkeeping experience, wanted in advertising department; beginner might qualify if had high school education; state experience, age, nationality and salary desired. W 110 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, capable, wanted, experienced in demonstrating, preparing and selling food products; salary. Apply in person at Gorton Pew Fisheries Co., 98 North Moore St., New York City.

YOUNG WOMEN—Sell hosiery direct to consumer from maker; earn $25 to $50 weekly, commissions, in your spare time. Bristol Hosiery Mills, 500 5th Av.

YOUNG WOMEN to train for nurses; uniforms and maintenance furnished; also $10 a month. Apply in person, Hospital, 2,076 5th Av.

Instruction.

DON'T BE A "JOB-HUNTER."
With our school back of you positions are always available. Over 5,000 graduates holding positions in which we have placed them after a brief course of instructions. Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses. Call for particulars or send for catalog.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
1,170 Broadway, at 28th St.
Phone Madison Square 9097.

ELLIOTT-FISHER TRAINING SCHOOLS. 16th Year—8,000 Graduates—10,000 Positions. 3 to 12 week courses in Mechanical Bookkeeping Day or Evening Classes.
Profession pays $18-$40.
FREE EMPLOYMENT SERVICE.
Write for Booklet "T," or
Call for Free Demonstration.
ROOM 415, 150 NASSAU ST., N. Y. C.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED WOMEN — Big demand for high-salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail and put you in touch with big opportunities. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 118, Washington, D. C.

MOON'S SECRETARIAL SCHOOLS
for 30 and 60 day courses. Stenography, 30 days; secretarial, 60 days; standing contracts with largest firms for our graduates; free trial lessons. 50 East 42d St., New York, and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

COME ANY MINUTE AFTER BUSINESS for secretarial, bookkeeping, English, accounting. Phone Beekman 2723. Night-Day Booklet. Drake Business School, Tribune Bldg., N. Y., or Bedford Av., at Fulton St., Brooklyn.

$25-$75 WEEK through Prof. Rohrer's Hairdress, Manicure, Face, Electric, Scalp and Beauty School. 119 West 42d St. Pamphlet.

Employment Agencies.

PERSONNEL EXCHANGE,
26 John St.

MILLINERY DESIGNER—Must know her business and have experience with high-class concern; $75 week.
STENO.—Large bank, unusual opportunity; lunches and $27.
STENO.—Handle own correspondence; do simple bookwork; $25.
STENO.—Export; uptown; $25.
STENO.—Take care of switchboard; $25.
EXPERT CALCULUS—Must have 3 years' physics; $25.
MULTIGRAPH OPR.—Expert; salary open.
NO REGISTRATION CHARGE.

AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE, Inc.
W. J. SWIFT, Pres.
C. P. HASSON, Sec't. J. J. McLAUGHLIN, Treas. & Gen'l Mgr.
U. S. Realty Bldg.
115 BROADWAY.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY,
1 BEEKMAN ST., 24 PARK ROW.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.
STENO, SEC'Y—Publishing; $30.
STENO. SEC'Y—Banking; $25.
STENO. LAW—$30-$25.
STENO.—Mfg., downtown; $115.
STENO.—Harlem; $25.
STENO.—Insurance; $20.
STENO.—Beginner; $18-$20.
TYPIST.—Automobile; $23.
OFFICE ASSISTANT—Good figurer; $25; numerous; $18-$16.
TELEPHONE OPERATOR—$16; Harlem.
COMPTOMETER OPERATOR—$20.
CASHIER—$23.

BLANCHE REID EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 154 Nassau. Beekman 3551. Stenographers, brokerage, $25; electrical and engineering, $25; stenotypists, banking, $25; assistant bookkeeper, Hoboken; 10 typists, 8 clerks, (beginners considered); stencil typists; multigraph opr., $30. Clerks, typists, stenographers, dictaphone operators, Newark. Free Registration.

Broadway Stenographic Exchange (Agency), 1,482 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
MILDRED YACOB, PROP.
Formerly with E. Raphael Agency.
Open for registration of bookkeepers, stenographers, typists and general office help.

ROSE E. BOYD, 30 BROAD ST.
Typist, $23-$25; multi-color press operator, $20-$25; voucher clerk, (typing essential), $23-$25; assistant file clerk, $20-$23.

ROYBORNE, INC., 38 PARK ROW.
STENOGRAPHER, LEGAL EXPER.; $35.
OTHER VACANCIES. CALL IMMEDIATELY.
GEORGE W. GREGER, 101 West 42d St.
Bookkeepers—Stenographers—Typists.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANTS, seniors, wanted by large firm of certified public accountants doing important work; those preferred who have had a large and varied experience with other certified public accountants or with large corporations where they have had to do with the auditing and general accounts of the concern; good salary and permanency for the proper ones; give full particulars as to experience, salary desired, references, &c. A 751 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.
Merchandise manager desires as a part of his organization high grade man capable of creating merchandise budgets, controlling merchandise turnover, analyzing merchandise statistics; position is permanent and offers opportunity for advancement in a mercantile establishment doing over $50,000,000 per annum. Merchandise Manager, W 119 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS—Several seniors wanted for permanent positions on staff of long established firm of certified public accountants; replying, give experience, reference and salary desired; only those having five years or more experience need apply. L 684 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, competent, familiar with English and Spanish and cost accounting for manufacturing business, to be employed in Mexico; give full particulars. K 340 Times.

ACCOUNTANT wanted, with public accountin; experience, by C. P. A. for temporary work; position may prove permanent; state full particulars. Y 2435 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANTS, seniors, wanted by firm of public accountants; give references, experience and salary desired. A 790 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING and business manager, for eminently successful trade journal; satisfactory evidence of actual achievement and commanding executive ability with publishing house only basis for consideration; present executive head retiring; please state age and salary requirements; gross business 1920, $250,000; manager must assume full responsibility. J 399 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS, commission basis. THE DEBUTANTE MAGAZINE. Apply 1,834 Broadway.

ASSISTANT BUYER MEN'S SHIRTS. Man accustomed to doing a large volume of business; only a hustler with department store experience will be considered; good salary. Apply by mail or in person, Merchandise Office,
GOERKE CO., NEWARK, N. J.

BOND TRADER wanted by well known stock exchange firm; state experience; replies treated confidentially. S 756 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, young man, thoroughly experienced in double entry bookkeeping, who is thoroughly competent and above the average in speed and accuracy; any position for qualified man; give full details as to experience, reference, nationality, salary expected, and religion; replies confidential. W 127 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—A nearby New Jersey newspaper wants a young man bookkeeper of experience, preferably with some knowledge of advertising and circulation accounting; must live on Jersey side. Y 2437 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, living near Jamaica, to take complete charge of office, collections and correspondence, preferably typist; reply by letter only, stating salary expected, &c. Y 2461 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER (assistant to head accountant), by large export corporation; must be middle-aged man with experience; give full particulars and state lowest salary expected. A 772 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, foreign exchange experience essential; downtown bank; state experience and salary required; replies regarded as confidential. S 774 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, must understand voucher register and controls thoroughly, $140 monthly and chance for advancement; state age and references. C 152 Times.

BOYS, 3,
bright boys for general office work; must be energetic and ambitious; excellent opportunity for advancement. Apply Henry Lindenmeyr & Sons, 32 Bleecker St.

BOYS.
Definite advancement is assured for bright, ambitious office boys who wish to become associated with the largest rubber company in the world. Call mornings, employment office, 14th floor, United States Rubber Co., 1,790 Broadway.

BOY, experienced mimeograph operator; one thoroughly familiar with multigraph, addressograph and folding machine as well; this position affords a good opportunity for the right one. James W. Elliott's Business Builders, 64 West 46th St.

BOY, 16-18 YEARS OF AGE, FOR WHOLESALE MILLINERY BUSINESS; OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT TO BECOME SALESMAN AND EXECUTIVE; CHRISTIAN HOUSE. L. B., 246 TIMES.

BOYS, 14-17 years, to assist in a prominent law office, be generally useful, bright, ambitious boys; experience not necessary. Apply suite 126, 40 Wall St.

BOY, DRAFTING ROOM.
One with experience blue printing and duplicating preferred. Sprague Electric, Grand St. and Garrison Av., Maspeth, L. I.

BOY wanted in chemical commission house; good prospects. Taylor, Suite 500, 2 Rector St.

BOYS, two good openings in downtown insurance company; advancement; write salary, age. V 844 Times Downtown.

BUYER — Prominent wholesale dry goods jobbers desire a buyer experienced in buying and selling hosiery and underwear; good opportunity for resourceful experienced man; give details, how many years' experience, where employed, salary expected, &c.; all correspondence held strictly confidential. "RELIABLE," 653 Times Downtown.

BUYER, experienced in printing, stationery and office supplies; for corporation located near Times Square; state experience and salary desired. T 597 Times.

CANDY MAKER—Attractive position open; must be the best bar and bulk chocolate man. Apply by letter only. Le Roi Candy Co., 57 Green St., Newark, N. J.

CLERK as night auditor for large club; hours from midnight to 8 A. M.; state age, experience and salary desired. W 122 Times.

CLERK for a large publishing concern; state age, experience and salary expected. S 1089 Times Annex.

COUPLE to do all work house, garage and grounds. Leubuscher, 258 Broadway.

CREDIT CORRESPONDENT.
We want a man with actual experience in the credit department of a manufacturing or wholesaling concern of high-grade wearing apparel; the highest degree of tact and a command of the very best English being essential qualifications; each applicant must be prepared to undergo a rigid examination; permanent position at a good salary with a house of over fifty years' standing is offered to such a man; send full particulars regarding age and experience, Box 38, 209 Cable Bldg.

DESIGNER.
Designer wanted on chic looking dresses, one who has the unquestionable right to a good, liberal salary. Apply, in confidence, from 1 to 5 P. M., 1,182 Broadway, Room 907.

ELECTRICAL MEN WANTED.
Technical school graduates preferred; necessary to have had electrical instrument experience.
WESTON ELECTRICAL INSTRUMENT CO.,
Frelinghuysen Av. at Wesequahic Park; Elizabeth car or jitney to door.

ENGINEER and fireman for heating plant in business house; must also run elevator; references required. Apply Wile, 62 9th Av.

EXECUTIVE for office work, good correspondent, accustomed to handling men, capacity for details essential, not afraid long hours; growing concern can give unusual opportunity to the right man, willing to start at $30 per week. L 723 Times Downtown.

FENCING INSTRUCTOR,
to give foil fencing lessons at home. S 769 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN and samplemaker wanted, to understand and manage a general line of men's leather goods; salary and bonus or commission on sales; state references and nature of experience; splendid opportunity for the right party. S 739 Times Downtown.

HEAD ATTENDANT, white, to take charge colored porters in paid toilet, railroad station. Call at 10 A. M., 2 West Broadway, one flight up.

MEN.
One of New York's largest women's specialty apparel shops, requires the services of experienced
DEPARTMENT STORE
AISLEMEN
of good appearance and address; permanent positions assured. Replies confidential.
W 126 TIMES.

MACHINERY DESIGNER, draftsman; manage engine

The New York Times

Classified Advertising Rates.

	Per Agate Line.
Count six words to an Agate line. (Minimum space two lines.)	
Situations Wanted	40c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	45c
Boarders and Board Wanted	45c
Help Wanted	55c
Real Estate, &c.	55c
Lost and Found (Sunday 60c)	55c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	55c
Country Board	60c
Mortgage Loans	65c
For Sale	60c
Automobile Exchange	65c
Agents Wanted	65c
Employment Agencies	75c
	Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 20c)	15c
Buyers' Wants and Offerings to Buyers	15c

For insertion in the Sunday edition, advertisements of schools, steamships, hotels and resorts must be received in The Times Building by noon today. Real Estate and Apartment display advertisements by 6 P. M. tomorrow. Business Opportunities by 11 A. M. Saturday. All other classified advertisements not later than 12 o'clock noon Saturday.

Advertisements for insertion in the daily edition must be received by 4 P. M. on the day preceding insertion.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Moon-Hopkins billing machine, motor power; Burroughs bookkeeping and posting machine, motor power; also complete multigraph outfit; bargain. S 750 Times Downtown.

BIG BARGAINS—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

GIRL'S Juvenile Princeton bicycle, brand new, valued at $57.50, will sell for $40. Blake, 292 9th Av., New York City. Phone Chelsea 3648.

DICTAPHONE, mimeograph and adding machines on sale. Please phone Murray Hill 8690.

BRANDINEW 36-power multigraph; attachments; sell half price. Rubenstein, 338 Broadway.

RARE old violin; wonderful tone; bow and case; $40. N 213 Times.

THREE large tables for sale, suitable for silk or woolen. Apply 251 5th Av., 1st floor.

STENOTYPE, A1 condition; will sell at sacrifice. J 377 Times.

Cats and Dogs.

FOR SALE—Boston bull terrier, 5 months old, male; well marked; pedigreed. Apt. 31, 557 West 174th. Peterson. Phone Wad. 4228.

POLICE DOG, fine champion stock, male; $800; female, $500; 14 months old. Sheridan, Walton St., Englewood, N. J.

AIREDALE PUPPIES sired by Chester Buck, champion; $25 and $35. Phone Mansfield 3138-J. No dealers.

FOR SALE

Clothing.

KOLINSKY full-length cape coat, first quality Leipzig dyed skins, almost new; cost $1,800, price $550. Tel. Circle 5450, or call between 11 and 1, 200 West 58th St., 7B.

GENTLEMAN'S extremely handsome raccoon fur coat; bargain. Apply superintendent, 20 East 48th.

Furniture.

SUMPTUOUS three-piece suite, heavy brown leather couch and two armchairs; suitable for office or home library; reorganization of office necessitates quick sale; very good bargain. Call Room 814, 52 Vanderbilt Av.

REED and willow furniture for all homes direct from factory; lowest prices, largest selection in single pieces or sets. Long Beach Willow Co., 136 East 41st.

BEDROOM FURNITURE, rug for sale; also grandfather's clock; $450. Riverside 1388.

Machinery.

MOTORS, 47 D. C.; second hand; sizes from 1-16th to 22 H. P.; good condition; open for inspection. C. E. Sheppard & Co., 14th St. and Van Alst Av., Long Island City.

ALL KINDS OF MACHINES FOR SALE; ALSO 3¾ HORSE POWER MOTOR; S. & W. WAIST CO., 36 WEST 24TH ST.

Pianos and Organs.

WISSNER upright piano; good condition; leaving city; must sell at once; $125. Mr. Buckley, Main 6602.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
3 months, $8 up. AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC., 345 Broadway, at Leonard St., 20 East 23d St., opposite Madison Av. Telephone 5408 Franklin.

THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE.
10 Barclay St. Telephone 4738 Barclay.

Wanted to Purchase.

WANTED—Pay full value contents apartments, houses, pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Place. Stuyvesant 3793.

HIGHEST cash prices paid for furniture, contents of houses, hotels, apartments, pianos, books, carpets, works of art. A. Jones, 161 East 125th St. Tel. Harlem 2787.

I PAY 25% more than any one for your furniture, rugs, pianos, paintings. Griffin, 115 University Place. Stuyvesant 2298.

BOUGHT FOR SPOT CASH.
High-Grade Household Goods & Furniture. B. Grossman, 68 W. 45th St. Vanderbilt 2524

PUBLIC NOTICES.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
I, Mrs. Mina Zwiebel of 53 West 117th St., New York, do hereby give notice to all creditors I am not responsible for the debts of my son Max, as he has left my home and is no longer under my supervision.
(Signed) Mrs. MINA ZWIEBEL.
Dated Dec. 29, 1920.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

A market for used cars. All advertisements censored.

BUICK 1920 roadster.
CADILLAC 1919 touring; Victoria.
CADILLAC 1918 town landaulet.
CADILLAC 1917 limousine and touring.
HUDSON 1918 Sedan.
PACKARD 1918 suburban limousine.
PACKARD 1918 limousine.
PACKARD 2917 2-35 landaulet.
PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE CO., 10 West 60th St. Columbus 5078.

BUICK, 1919, five-passenger touring; like new throughout; cheap. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK 1919 COUPE.
In excellent condition; a bargain; $1,350. Stearns, 415 West 55th. Circle 7603.

BUICK coupe, late model, excellent, real bargain. Dunham, Hotel Berkley. Columbus 9800.

BUICK 1921 touring; exceptional opportunity. Schoonmaker-Jacod, 1,868 Broadway.

BUICKS.
Flack Co., 238-240 West 54th St.

CADILLAC 1920 "59" victoria.
CADILLAC 1920 "59" suburban sedan.
CADILLAC 1920 "59" touring.
CADILLAC 1919 victoria.
CADILLAC 1918 touring.
H. C. S. Special 1920 touring.
PACKARD 1919 3-35 Fleetwood touring.
STUTZ 1920 four-passenger.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD, 1,868 B'way.

CADILLAC VICTORIA,
Type "59,"
Driven less than 500 miles, two spare Royal cords, two bumpers and extras; no dealers; personal reasons for disposal. Y 2464 Times Annex.

CADILLAC 1917 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
Motor and body overhauled; rubber almost new; car now in paint shop; seen by appointment; price $3,250. Telephone Worth 92.

CADILLAC sedan, 1917, repainted, renickelled, in condition; owned privately; no dealers; quick action. Call on Mr. Loughney, 7th floor, 707 Broadway.

CADILLAC closed cars, coupes, sedans, landaulets, limousines, town cars, 1917, 1918, 1919 models, at reduced prices; call, make offer. 123 West 64th. Mayer.

CADILLAC suburban sedan, 1919, 57, 7-passenger; At condition. Auerbach Bros., 105 Madison Av. Madison Square 3121.

CADILLAC coupe, 1918; beautiful condition all way through. Dr. Serrati, Monmouth Garage, 126 East 54th St.

CADILLAC 1920 roadster; run 2,000 miles; condition guaranteed. Phone Columbus 4086.

CADILLAC, 1920 sedan, also 1919 coupe; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

CHANDLER chubby roadster, 1918, first-class condition; can be bought bargain. Kaplan, 214 West 65th.

CHANDLER sedan, 1920 model, run 6,000 miles; fully equipped; will sell at sacrifice. Call Spring 1461.

COLE 1919 suburban sedan; slightly used; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

DANIELS 1919 town car, in perfect condition, for sale; price for cash very reasonable; can be seen any time by appointment; dealers need not apply. Telephone Miss Eberhardt, Rector 9000.

DODGE touring $575
CHEVROLET touring 375
BUICK touring, 7 pass. 875
MAXWELL touring, 1920 675
STUDEBAKER 1919 Six Six 1,485
MOON 1919 touring 875
Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 54th & B'way.

DODGE 18 SEDAN, $890.
Excellent condition, guar. 6 months; wire wheels; payments arranged. Phone Melrose 5765.

DODGE, touring, 1920, perfect condition; 8 tires, many extras, very reasonable. Mr. Chonus, Fordham 4052-3, mornings, 9-12.

DODGE coupe, late model, mechanically perfect. Early mornings and evenings. Audubon 6897.

FIAT 1919 touring; excellent condition; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

FORD runabout, box (salesmen); new tires, demountable rim, new top, fenders, windshield, completely overhauled, also panel body; delivery; bargain. Repetti, 14th St. and Ely Av., Long Island City.

FORD '18 TOURING, $250.
Excellent condition; guaranteed 6 months; many extras; payments arranged. Phone Melrose 5765.

FORDS, all models; immediate delivery; time payments; Authorized Ford Agency. Wadsworth 5494.

FORDS, touring, roadsters, suburban sedan, commercial. 20th Century Auto, 250 West 54th.

FORD, sedan, 1920 model, self-starter, demountable rims, two months' old; price $700. J 6 Times.

HAYNES Sedan, 6 cylinder, 7-passenger, like new, $1,250. 203 West 128th.

HUDSON model H town car, $1,650; other later models at slightly higher prices, all overhauled and refinished. Hudson Used Car Dept., 236 West 59th St.

HUDSON late series sedans, overhauled and refinished, both two and four-door, at prices lower than previously advertised. Hudson Used Car Dept., 236 West 59th St.

HUDSON 1921 sport suburban sedan, 2 weeks old; will sell for $1,000 less than cost. 397 Flatbush Av. Prospect 900.

HUDSON town car, perfect condition; $1,400. L. H. Jaccard, Circle 4897.

HUDSON Cabriolet, 3-passenger, like new, fully equipped, $750. 203 West 128th.

LANCER, 1914, 7-passenger touring; Westinghouse shock absorbers; can be bought bargain. Kaplan, 214 West 65th.

LANCIA 1916 limousine and town cars; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

MAXWELL '18 TOURING, $175; balance $173; 6 payments; car like new; guaranteed 6 months. Melrose 5765.

NASH—$1,050 will buy late 1919 five-passenger touring, used very little and in A1 mechanical condition; a real bargain. Studebaker Corp., 1,700 Broadway.

OAKLAND sedan, 1919, first-class condition. Room 420, 1,777 Broadway. Circle 1417.

OLDSMOBILE sedan, late 1919 model, in exceptional condition throughout; $1,075. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 1,700 Broadway.

OVERLAND touring, 1920; 3,000 miles; perfect condition, equipment. Rhinelander 1131.

PACKARD late model sedan.
PACKARD town brougham.
PACKARD 1916, 1-35 limousine.
PACKARD late model touring.
PACKARD 1917 sedan.
PACKARD touring.
STUDEBAKER cabriolet.
PACKARD MOTOR CAR CO., 1,919 Dean St., Brooklyn. Prospect 7148.

PACKARD limousine, 1-35 model; standard Packard equipment; extra good mechanical condition; upholstery and paint almost new. O'Toole's Garage, 115 West 52d St.

PACKARD seven passenger touring, latest model, special equipment; disc steel wheels; will sell car at $3,800, below cost. Max Oberweger, 136 West 52d.

PAIGE Sedan, like new, 7-passenger, fully equipped, $950. 206 West 128th.

PEERLESS, sedan, 1919 model, excellent mechanical condition, any demonstration. Flatbush 5882-W.

PIERCE-ARROW Sedan.
Model C4, 38 H. P., $4,850.
Cadillac victoria, 1919, $3,250.
Buick coupe, 1918, $1,185.
Dodge coupe, 1918, $1,075.
Cadillac limousine, 1918, $2,650.
Chevrolet sedan, 1919, $735.
Warehouse, 152 West 90th. River. 1778.

PIERCE-ARROW, beautiful 1919 touring, dual valve; can't be told from new; condition guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

PIERCE ARROW limousine and landaulet, $2,500. L. H. Jaccard, 888 7th Av. Circle 4897.

PIERCE-ARROW 1920 French brougham; also limousine. Cook-Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

PIERCE-ARROW 1919 48 runabout; will sacrifice. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 48 landaulet; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

ROAMER 1919 runabout, also four-passenger bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

STEARNS SEDAN, 1918,
4 cyl., 5 pass.; appearance like new; price right. Stearns Co., 415 West 55th. Circle 7603.

STUDEBAKER Sedan; 1919 five passenger Light Six Sedan, reconditioned and factory guaranteed; very reasonable. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 54th St. and Broadway.

STUDEBAKER, 1919, light six, four-passenger club roadster; reconditioned and factory guaranteed; $1,250. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., Broadway and 54th St.

S. G. V. touring, 1912 model. Corvan Garage, 124 West 54th St.

WILLYS KNIGHT, 1920,
4 cyl., 5 pass.; appearance new; 6 cord tires; a real bargain; $1,500. Stearns Co., 415 West 55th St. Phone Circle 7603.

WILLYS-KNIGHT 8-cylinder, 7-passenger limousine, latest model, just like new; gone 6,000 miles; absolutely guaranteed; no dealers. Tel. Rector 2397.

WILLYS-KNIGHT TOURING, 1919, LIKE NEW. CATHEDRAL 3100.

SEDANS.
1920 Nash, 7-pass.; almost new.
1920 Oldsmobile "6"; mileage 1,400.
1920 Maxwell; scarcely used.
1919 Lexington; very exceptional.
1919 Nash, 7-pass.; like new.
1919 Cadillac, 7-passenger.
1919 Reo, 7-pass.; hardly used.
1918 Dodge Sedan; beautiful condition.
1917 Cadillac, 7-passenger.
1916 Cadillac, 7-passenger.
TIME PAYMENTS.
BRIGHTON, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

COUPES.
1920 Nash, Four-Passenger.
1920 Scripps-Booth, Four-Passenger.
1918 Cadillac, Four-Passenger.
1917 Maxwell, Two-Passenger.
1917 Reo, Three-Passenger.
TIME PAYMENTS.
BRIGHTON, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

Motor Trucks.

KNOW OF CONTRACT FOR ONE YEAR'S WORK AT GOOD PAY FOR TWO-TON TRUCK. LAWRENCE MOTOR SALES CORP., 136 WEST 52D. CIRCLE 190.

Unused Cars.

STEARNS-KNIGHT, brand new, 1921 sedan (never run), at big discount. Wayland Rupert, 323 4th Av., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Automobiles to Hire.

CADILLAC Private Renting Service, 145 West 54th St. Circle 2800. First-class service at reasonable rates, monthly specialty.

CADILLAC 1919 limousine, exceptionally handsome; monthly, hourly; reasonable. Apt. 11, Schuyler 3910.

PACKARD landaulet, highly appointed, for all occasions; owner drives. Bergerman, Morningside 2953.

LIMOUSINE, hour, day, week, monthly specialty; elegant appearance; reasonable rates. Riverside 328.

PACKARD, twin sixes, for hire; reasonable rates; monthly specialty. Muldoon, Columbus 2151.

ENCLOSED taxicab for hire on New Year's Eve; low rate. Melrose 5576.

LIMOUSINES to hire, $3 an hour; careful chauffeur. Phone Plaza 5435.

Automobiles Wanted.

WANTED—Late model town brougham; Cadillac, Pierce or Crane-Simplex; give full details and price. J 886 Times.

TOURING car, 5 or 7 passenger, Buick preferred; state full particulars; spot cash. Y 2453 Times Annex.

AUTOMOBILES—1,000 WANTED.
Highest prices paid; bring car or phone. 499 East 163d. Melrose 5765.

PIERCE-ARROW limousine, late model. Waldron, 132 West 56th St. Circle 4187.

Automobile Storage.

AUTOMOBILES,
DEAD STORAGE,
$6 AND UP PER MONTH.
Cars stored in upper part of building. Free from all dust and smoke.
INSPECTION INVITED.
LEE BROTHERS, INC.,
212 EAST 125TH ST.
PHONE HARLEM 638.

AUTOMOBILE DEAD STORAGE IN FIREPROOF WAREHOUSES AND GARAGE.
JULIUS KINDERMANN & SONS,
1,360 Webster Av. (170th St.) Tel. 104 Jerome.

HIGH-CLASS dead storage for automobiles; $15 per month, including service. Phone Columbus 4668.

GARAGE space to let; rates reasonable, 32d St. Garage, 153 East 32d St. Phone 4013 Vanderbilt.

Automobile Instruction.

AUTO INSTRUCTION.
4 and 8 weeks' courses for Owners, Chauffeurs, Mechanics, Salesmen.
WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A.,
302 West 57th St., New York.
Get booklet and pass. Special ladies' classes.

AUTOMOBILE TRAINING BY EXPERTS. Complete shop course, $66, with driving, $90; 3 weekly payments. Ask for Catalogue L.
STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL,
225 West 57th St., at Broadway.
Leading School—Founded 1908.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Medical Corps.

Newhouse, Maj. O. A., report to Comd'g Gen., 9th Corps Area, for duty.
Henry, Maj. W. H., to McCook Field.
DuFrenne, 1st Lt. M. F., report to Comd'g Gen., 8th Area, Ft. Houston, for duty.

Quartermaster Corps.

McMullin, 1st Lt. A. J., to 44th.
Stalsburg, 1st Lt. C., to Camp Meade, temp.; then to Camp Pike.

Corps of Engineers.

Murray, Capt. E. B., to 2d, Camp Travis.
Pegram, 1st Lt. E. S., Jr., to Coblenz, Germany.

Field Artillery.

Malony, Maj. H. J., and Arnold, Maj. A. V., to F. A. School, Ft. Sill, as student offrs.

Miscellaneous.

The following officers detailed in the General Staff Corps, under the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 4, 1920, are assigned to the General Staff with Troops:

COLONELS.

Rowley, A. J., F.A.	McCloskey, M., F.A.
Rhodes, C. D., inf.	Symmonds, C. J., cav.
Holbrook, L. R., F.A.	Parker, F. LeJ., cav.
Nuttman, L. W., inf.	Collins, E. T., inf.
Nugent, G. A., C.A.C.	Spinks, M. G., C.A.C.
Naylor, W. R., inf.	

LIEUT. COLONELS.

Van Voorhis D., cav.	Simonds, G. S., inf.
Heintzelman, S., cav.	Waldron, W. H., inf.
Norvell, J. S., cav.	Williams, R.H., C.A.C.
Hayne, P. T. Jr., cav.	Sweeney, W. C., inf.
Bach, C. A., cav.	Wilson, W. B., C.A.C.
Hitt, P., inf.	Locke, M. E., F.A.
Palmer, B., cav.	Riggs, K. T., inf.
Peek, E. D., C. of E.	Burtt, W. B., inf.

MAJORS.

McNair, L. J., F.A.	Barnes, J. B., inf.
McAdams, J. P., inf.	Beebee, R. E., inf.
Brabson, F. W., inf.	Hodges, H. L., cav.
Short, W. C., inf.	Miller, T., cav.
Terrell, J. P., C.A.C.	Richardson, R. C. Jr.,
Hodges, C. B., inf.	cav.
Atkins, J. A., inf.	Clark, P. H., inf.
Wainwright, J.M., cav.	Ward, R. T., C of E.
Grunert, G., cav.	

Following detailed as Acting General Staff officers under provisions of act of Congress approved June 4, 1920, and are assigned to the General Staff with troops:

MAJORS.

Chilton, A. W., inf.	Solbert, O. N., C. of E.
Hobson, J. M. Jr., inf.	Cruz, F. T., F.A.
O'Donnell, E. A., cav.	Van Natta, T. F. Jr.,
Farman, E. E. Jr., cav.	cav.
Colvin, W. M., C.A.C.	Hardy, E. N., cav.
Drysdale, W. S., inf.	

Following reliefs and assignments of General Staff officers with troops are ordered:

To 1st Corps Area—Spinks, Col. M. G.; Sweeney, Lt. Col. W. C.; Kurtt, Lt. Col. W. B.
To 2d Corps Area—Bowley, Col. A. J.; Hitt, Lt. Col. P.
To 3d Corps Area—Simonds, Lt. Col. G. S.; Fuqua, Lt. Col. S. O.
To 4th Corps Area—Symmonds, Col. C. J.; Williams, Lt. Col. R. H.
To 5th Corps Area—Holbrook, Col. L. R.
To 6th Corps Area—McClaskey, Col. M.; Heintzelman, Lt. Col. S.
To 7th Corps Area—Naylor, Col. W. K.; Locke, Lt. Col. M. E.; Myers, Lt. Col. H. B.
To 9th Corps Area—Halstead, Lt. Col. L.
To Hawaiian Dept.—Martin, Lt. Col. W. H.; McNair, Maj. L. J.; Clark, Maj. P. H.; Reynolds, Maj. S. C.
To Philippine Dept.—Rhodes, Col. C. D.; Richardson, Maj. R. C.
To Panama Canal Dept.—Nugent, Col. G. A.; Peck, Lt. Col. E. D.; Hodges, Maj. H. L.; Terrell, Maj. J. P.
To 1st Div.—Collins, Col. E. T.; Palmer, Lt. Col. B.; Grunert, Maj. G.; Atkins, Maj. J. A.
To 2d Div.—Nuttman, Col. L. M.; Van Vooris, Lt. Col. D.; Riggs, Lt. Col. K. T.
To 3d Div.—McAdam, Maj. J. P.; Wainwright, Maj. J. M.; Ward, Maj. R. T.
To 4th Div.—Bach, Lt. Col. C. A.; Beebe, Maj. R. E.; Chaffin, Maj. A. D.
To 5th Div.—Hayne, Lt. Col. P. T. Jr.; Barnes, Maj. J. B.; Brabson, Maj. F. W.
To 6th Div.—Parker, Col. F. LeJ.; Norvell, Lt. Col. G. S.; Short, Maj. W. C.; Telford, Maj. C.
To 7th Div.—Waldron, Lt. Col. W. H.; Miller, Maj. T.; Hodges, Maj. C. B.; Hodges, Maj. H. L.
Nugent, Col.; Peek, Lt. Col., and Terrell, Maj., to Panama about Feb. 10.
Wilson, Lt. Col., and Majs. McNair and Clark, to Honolulu about Feb. 5.
Richardson, Maj., to Manila about Feb. 5.
Clear, Maj. T. L., Fin. Dept., to office of Insp. Gen., this city.
Councilman, Maj. H. P., C. A. C., retired.
Hay, Maj. D. D., Inf., to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.
Febiger, 1st Lt. P. C., Cav., to Disciplinary Barracks, Alcatraz, Cal., for duty.

Leaves.

Sayler, Maj. H. B., C. A. C., 15 days.
Douglas, Capt. R. D., Inf., 1 mo., 7 days.
MacNab, Capt. C. L., Inf., 30 days ext.
Love, 1st Lt. J. V., C. A. C., 1 mo., 2 days.
Zerbee, 1st Lt. A. F., Cav., 30 days.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—AMOSKEAG MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Complainant, against BAUMAN CLOTHING CORPORATION, Defendant.—To all creditors of Bauman Clothing Corporation, Bauman Clothing Corporation and to all other persons interested in said estate,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that pursuant to an order of this court, dated November 3, 1920, the undersigned receivers will on January 4, 1921, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of S. T. Leidesdorf & Co., 447 Fifth Avenue, New York City, receive sealed bids for the property and assets of the defendant described below:

Parcel 1.

The entire contents of the premises occupied by the defendant in the Myrick and Crane Buildings, Springfield, Mass., consisting of factory equipment, machinery and machinery parts, excepting about fifty-five pressing machines claimed by the U. S. Hoffman Machinery Co. under a certain conditional bill of sale; electrical and other equipment and pipe fittings and all other fittings; office furniture and equipment, excepting such fixtures as may be so affixed to the real estate as to be a part thereof. This parcel also includes all the right, title and interest of the receivers and defendant in and to any leases or agreements held by or for the defendant relating to the use or occupation of the premises.

Parcel 2.

All factory equipment, machinery and machinery parts, excepting about fifty-five pressing machines claimed by the U. S. Hoffman Machinery Co. under a certain conditional bill of sale; electrical and other equipment, pipe fittings and all other fittings; office furniture and fixtures contained in the premises occupied by the defendant in the Myrick Building, Springfield, Mass., excepting such fixtures as may be so affixed to the real estate as to be part thereof.

Parcel 3.

All factory equipment, machinery and machinery parts, excepting about fifty-five pressing machines, claimed by the U. S. Hoffman Machinery Co. under a certain conditional bill of sale; electrical equipment, pipe fittings and all other fittings; office furniture and fixtures contained in the premises occupied by the defendant in the Crane Building, Springfield, Mass., excepting such fixtures as may be so affixed to the real estate as to be part thereof.

Parcel 4.

All office furniture and fixtures contained in the premises occupied by the defendant in the Crane and Myrick Buildings, Springfield, Mass., excepting such fixtures as may be so affixed to the real estate as to be part thereof.

Parcel 5.

All the right, title and interest of the receivers and defendant in and to any leases or agreements held by or for the defendant relating to the use or occupation of the premises occupied by the defendant in the Crane and Myrick Buildings, Springfield, Mass.

No bids will be received except for one or more entire Parcels set forth as above.

The receivers reserve the right, subject to approval by the court, to award the property to bidders for Parcel 1, or to bidders for separate Parcels other than Parcel 1, in the event that the aggregate of such separate Parcel bids exceeds the bids for Parcel 1.

All of the above property and assets are offered for sale without representation or warranty as to quality or condition and no allowance will be made to purchasers except for shortage for quantity as now contained in the said premises. Bidders are invited to make inspection of the same before submitting bids.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check to the order of the receivers for not less than twenty (20%) per cent of the amount thereof. The balance of the purchase price to be paid by successful bidders will be payable not later than five days from date of confirmation of sale.

All property purchased must be removed from the premises within five days from date of confirmation of sale and purchasers will be required to properly indemnify the receivers against any obligations incurred by or charged against them thereafter by reason of the continued use or occupation of the premises. Purchasers will also be required to effect their own insurance on all property purchased, to take effect within five days from date of confirmation of sale.

The receivers and the court reserve the right to reject any and all bids for any of the above assets offered for sale. All sales are subject to confirmation by the court. A hearing on confirmation will be held before Hon. Martin T. Manton, Circuit Judge, at Room 235, Post Office Building, New York City, on January 4, 1921, at 3 o'clock, at which time any party interested may make such objection to the confirmation of the sale or apply for such other relief as he may deem advisable.

Further particulars as to the above sale may be had on application to the offices of the receivers and their attorneys, or at the respective plants of the Bauman Clothing Corporation. The properties will be open to inspection by prospective bidders from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. daily until January 3, 1921.

Dated, New York, December 23, 1920.

The attention of prospective bidders is drawn to the fact that about 75 pressing machines are claimed by United States Hoffman Machine Co. and about 50 buttonhole machines by Reece Buttonhole Machine Company, respectively. The receivers offer said property subject to the above claims of title.

SAMUEL D. LEIDESDORF,
JOHN B. JOHNSTON,
Receivers.

ALLEN R. MEMHARD, HENRY H. KAUFMAN, 120 Broadway, New York, N. Y., Solicitors for Receivers.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Pressure was high Wednesday over the Southeastern States and low over practically all other regions. Rain has fallen within the last twenty-four hours on the North Pacific States and the Northern Plateau region, and light snow in the region of the Great Lakes. Elsewhere the weather was generally fair.

The temperature rose Wednesday in the region of the Great Lakes, the Central Valley and the Middle and West Gulf States, and it continued considerably above normal throughout the plains States and the Northwest. Killing frosts were reported Wednesday morning as far south as the Alabama Coast and extreme Northeast Florida, and heavy frost at Tampa, Fla.

The outlook is for generally fair weather in the States east of the Mississippi River Thursday and Friday except that snow is probable Friday in Northern Michigan. The temperature changes will not be important, however. The weather will be slightly warmer Thursday in the Atlantic and East Gulf States.

FORECAST FOR TODAY AND FRIDAY.

New Jersey—Partly cloudy Thursday and Friday, somewhat warmed Thursday.

North New England—Cloudy Thursday and Friday, somewhat warmer Thursday.

South New England—Partly cloudy Thursday and Friday, somewhat warmer Thursday.

Eastern New York—Partly cloudy Thursday and Friday, somewhat warmer Thursday in south portion.

West New York—Cloudy Thursday and Friday, not much change in temperature.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1920.	1919.		1920.	1919.
3 A. M.	20	22	4 P. M.	30	26
6 A. M.	20	20	6 P. M.	32	23
9 A. M.	23	17	9 P. M.	31	22
12 M.	28	22	11 P. M.	30	21

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 26; for the corresponding date last year it was 22; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 32.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 24; at 8 P. M. it was 32. Maximum temperature, 33 degrees at 1:50 P. M.; minimum, 19 degrees at 7:20 A. M. Humidity, 53 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 67 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.01 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.02 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M.
12:20—105 Greenwich St., Ideal Sign & Show Card Co. ..... Not given
3:30—118 W. 135th St.; Thomas Miller. ..... Not given
5:10—804 8th Av., Hazel Brown. ..... Slight
7:30—146 Ludlow St. ..... Not given
8:20—77 Chambers St., B. Wasserman ..... Not given
9:50—2,681 8th Av., H. Salzman. ..... Slight
11:00—160 W. 140th St., Hart Realty Co. ..... Not given
11:05—1,721 Fillmore St., Jos. Schaefer Jr. ..... Not given
11:50—51 E. 132d St., Sarah Rose. ..... Not given
11:55—508 Stebbins Av., Henry Greenstein ..... Not given
P. M.
12:10—259 E. 10th St., J. Berkowitz. ..... Slight
1:40—270 Avenue A, Henry L. Olting. ..... Slight
2:45—225 W. 50th St., Nathan Nanis. ..... Slight
3:10—490 Claremont Parkway; S. Sade. ..... Not given
4:55—8,283 Broadway, George Ohbol. ..... Slight
5:45—405 E. 8th St.; Albert Brown. ..... Not given
5:55—E. Bach, Lt., W. Becher. ..... Not given
6:25—193 Mercer St.; New York Waste Paper Co. ..... Not given
6:30—414 B'way; Louis Diamond. ..... Not given
6:50—64 Leroy St.; Umberto Younas. ..... Not given
7:25—44 W. 28 st.; Ladin Bros. ..... Not given
8:35—1,114 Madison Av. ..... Slight
9:00—30 Cherry St.; Frank Jowe. ..... Not given
10:00—347 E. 77th St.; Schaeffer & Co. ..... Not given

The fire record yesterday reported a fire in the premises of A. H. Steinfeld, 55 Mercer St. The fire was in the building, but the premises of A. H. Steinfeld were not damaged.

Estates Appraised.

CONGER, SIDNEY C. (May 5)—Gross estate $87,942, net estate $83,719. The estate consists of $71,778 in real estate, $5,000 mortgages, and $4,932 cash. The widow, Augusta J., 430 West 119th Street, receives a life estate in the whole sum, with remainder of one-half to Stephen C., infant son, and one-quarter each to Marion C. Wright and Esther S. Conger, daughters.

INGHAM, SCHUYLER B. (July 23, 1919)—Gross estate $414,138, net estate nothing. In the assets scheduled by the executors, Edwin M. Carter and Mrs. Fannie V. A. Ingham, were large holdings in Rock Island, Great Western, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis, Northern Pacific, Wabash, Union Pacific, New York Central and Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Co. and United States Steel, appraised at $395,420. Set over against this valuation were claims that ate up the estate. So the appraisers found nothing on which to base a tax charge. Edwin M. Carter and Mrs. Fannie V. A. Ingham, as executors, have appealed to the courts from the appraisal in a copy of the will of Ingham, in which numerous bequests of large sums are made to relatives, from a son to a set of grandnieces and grandchildren.

KAHN, SOLOMON (July 28, 1919)—Gross estate $352,267, net estate $320,457. The estate consists of real estate equities, $28,770; stocks and bonds, $26,801; cash, $6,064, and one-half interest in Kahn Bros., $310,000. The beneficiaries are Julia Kahn, sister, $21,675; Sol. S. Kahn, cousin, and Nora Kahn, life estate in $282,576, with remainder to the relatives named.

REICHMAN, WILLIAM (Sept. 29, 1919)—Gross estate, $97,125; net estate, $88,616. The estate consists of stocks, bonds and mortgages. The son, Arthur, is sole legatee.

VAN CLEAF, JOHN C. (April 4)—Gross estate, $436,343; net estate, $387,929, including capital stock of the National Park Bank, Bankers' Trust Company, St. Louis & San Francisco R. R., and Mutual Insprance Company bonds. The beneficiaries are the widow, Mary E., $10,000 outright and a life interest in $233,202, and John C., son, the remainder of his mother's life interest if he survives; life interest in $58,937 and a temporary interest until he reaches the age of 30 years in $45,289. The National Paric Bank is executor.

GOODHART, WILLIAM (April 24)—Gross estate, $74,334; net estate, $64,800. The estate consists of the interest of Goodhart in the firm of Goodhart & Co. The widow Millie, receives a life estate in the entire amount, with remainder to relatives in the firm.

WATSON, GEORGE F. (in Pennsylvania Jan. 4)—Gross estate, $183,285; net estate, $179,253. Beneficiaries are Harry W. Logan, Ohio, son, and Vernah W. Shewman and Cora Fite of Tionesta, Pa.; Georgina Buzard, Lamison, Ala., and Mrs. Fred Sloum of Erie, Pa., daughters, share and share alike.

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications for foreman of sewer repairs, Grade 3, will be received until 4 P. M. on Jan. 7. Candidates must be at least 21 years of age. The subjects and weights of the examination will be experience 5, duties 4, citizenship 1. A qualifying physical test will be given. Candidates must be brick masons, with at least two years' experience in sewer construction as foreman or inspector. There is one vacancy in the Engineering Bureau, Manhattan, at $3,232.

United States.

The commission announces an examination for assistant gas inspector, man, 20 to 45 years of age, in the Osage Indian Agency, Oklahoma, at $2,000 to $2,400 a year. Appointees may be allowed the increase granted by Congress of $20 a month. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on education 15, experience 85, report (to be submitted with application) 20. Applicants must have graduated from a standard four years' high school course or have completed a course of study equivalent to that required for such graduation, and have had at least one year's experience in metering and measuring gas, including the checking of meters and measuring the open flow capacity and rock pressure of wells. Age limits do not apply to persons entitled to preference because of military or naval service. Classified employes who have reached the retirement age and have served fifteen years are entitled to retirement with an annuity.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—The Bureau of Navigation today published the following orders:

Niblack, R. Adm. A. P., as Comdr. Nav. Forces operating in European waters.
Dennis, Capt. J. B., to command Nav. Hosp., Great Lakes, Ill.
Denny, Lt. Comdr. A. D., to Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corp. and in command the La Vallette when commissioned.
Caldoun, Lt. Comdr. G. K., to the Bancroft.
Gaines, Lt. B. W., to Mar. Barr., Quantico.
Haly, Lt. J. B., to Nav. Ammunition Depot, Dover, N. J.
Kellers, Lt. H. J., to Bur. of Med. and Surg., Navy Dept.
Minnirick, Lt. W. T., to Bur. of Med. and Surg., Navy Dept., for a course of instruction.
Stephan, Lt. A. R., to the Connecticut.

SWEDISH AMERICAN LINE
Short Route to Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Finland, Russia, Germany, &c.
Direct to
GOTHENBURG—SWEDEN
LARGE MODERN STEAMERS
S. S. DROTTNINGHOLM..Dec. 30

One of 2 buildings for Alcohol Products Company, Monmouth Junction, N. J. Boylan & Saxe, Architects.

Perhaps your plant is in Albany, Syracuse, Buffalo, Hartford, Providence, or some other city some way off.

Seems like a big drawback to our building the new factory or warehouse you need, doesn't it?

But, really, you don't care where the organization comes from that saves you time and money, do you?

The proof? Our "Speed with Economy" records on C. B. Dolge Co. factory, Saugatuck, Conn., Hudson River Woolen Mills Dye House, Newburgh, N. Y., Stuyvesant Properties Inc., Buffalo, Joseph Fahys & Co., Sag Harbor, L. I., etc.—buildings finished sooner than promised or for less than estimated cost, or both.

Going to build? Phone us Bryant 2908, or write us 110 W. 40th St., New York.

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Business men of today are encircled with a Ring of Question Marks. Additional Tax Assessments? Tax Refunds? Inventory Valuations? Advisability Of Re-Organizing?

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SOLDIERS AT SCHOOL.

Interesting photograph in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday will show men of the Fifth Division at Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C., getting clerical and vocational training at the country's expense in addition to their pay.—Advt.

CHARGES ATTEMPT AT CLOTHING HOLD-UP

Amalgamated Chief Says He Rejected New York Manufacturers' Proposal.

DENIAL FROM EMPLOYERS

President Bandler Calls the Charge "Most Damnable"—Attributes High Prices to Labor.

BOSTON, Dec. 29.—Charges that representatives of the clothing manufacturers in New York City had approached Sidney Hillman, President of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, a few months ago with a proposal for combinations in that industry similar to those disclosed in the building trades inquiry in New York were made by Mr. Hillman in addressing 2,500 members of the organization here today.

Mr. Hillman said the proposal called for "friendly strikes and lockouts" that would force a clothing shortage and make it possible for the manufacturers to "bleed the public to the limit."

"We rejected their plans," he said, "and later, when manufacturers in Chicago, Baltimore and Rochester refused to join them, the plans fell through."

A resolution declaring that the employes would not return to work in any shop unless the agreement of the Amalgamated with the manufacturers was in effect was unanimously adopted. The resolution charged that the Boston manufacturers in announcing recently a discontinuance of relations with the Amalgamated had joined those in New York in a conspiracy to break the organization and to retard production to such an extent that high prices would prevail, and that the workers would return to sweatshop conditions.

President Hillman told the workers that "the conditions the employers lay down as the only ones they will operate their shops under will never prevail, as the workers will never enter them." He said the workers would be cared for in any fight that might come.

"The Boston situation is only a tail to the kite to be flown by the New York manufacturers," Mr. Hillman said. "It is up to labor to see that its forces are united to meet the attack which is about to be launched. The clothing industry has been ruined by the unrestricted profiteering that took place in New York. I have confidence that individual manufacturers will see the light and come out and be willing to be honest with us, the public and themselves."

Indignant Denial by Employers.

William A. Bandler, President of the New York Clothing Manufacturers' organization, said last night:

"Mr. Hillman's statement is the most damnable I have ever heard of in my thirty years' experience in the clothing business. I defy Mr. Hillman to bring any proof of the charges he makes. Mr. Hillman and his workers are responsible for the high prices that existed during the war in the New York clothing market. Mr. Hillman and his labor leaders deliberately urged the workers to demand more pay or stop work. And they repeatedly stopped work in order to force the manufacturers, who had orders on hand which they had to fill, to pay more money in order to get the work done.

"Mr. Hillman makes it appear that the manufacturers caused lockouts to create a shortage and maintain high prices. That is absolutely untrue. The manufacturers today sent out notices that early in January they would open their Spring lines to their customers and guarantee deliveries at prices greatly under those of last season; that they would be able to make great reductions because the members of the New York Clothing Manufacturers' Association were today operating without the walking delegate, which meant that they had control over their factories and production."

Mr. Bandler said that if it were not for the labor leaders who were trying to hold their jobs fully 75 per cent. of the workers would be back at work now.

URGENT FOR RECIPROCITY.

Longworth Thinks It Will Be the Solution of Revenue Problem.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 29.—Representative Nicholas Longworth spoke at the Chamber of Commerce Forum today before 500 representative business men and bankers.

"As individuals and as a nation we must observe the strictest economy as the day of final reckoning is not coming, but is here," Mr. Longworth said. "We shall be fortunate to have an income equal to expenditures at the end of the next fiscal year."

The problem, he explained, is not to reduce income, but to lighten the taxation burdens, as the debt cannot be funded, but must be paid from revenue.

"The solution is reciprocity. This would save American markets for America, yet allow other nations to trade with advantage both to themselves and to us.

TRACE COLGATE ROW TO FRATERNITY MEN

Members Said to Have Resented Expulsion of Students as Honor System Offenders.

Special to The New York Times.

HAMILTON, N. Y., Dec. 29.—Activities of faculty and undergraduate members of a Colgate University fraternity to prevent two of their men from being dismissed from college for violating the honor system is blamed for the so-called revolt of 200 non-fraternity students there, the resignation of the student governing body and demands for a reorganization of the methods of ruling the undergraduate body.

These students, according to the report today, were caught cheating in examinations. Unable to answer certain questions asked, they sought assistance from G. W. Joel. Declaring that he would not violate the honor system of the university established in 1906, he refused. Repeated threats, however, followed by promises of punishment, broke the will of Joel, and he gave the upper classmen the information they sought during the examination.

Joel did not tell other students that the upper classmen had forced him to break the honor system. The story leaked out later. Hauled before the Governing Board, they were tried, found guilty of violating the system after testimony had been taken and were sentenced to be expelled from Colgate by the Governing Board, made up of seniors and juniors, all fraternity men.

The fraternity of which these two men were members declared itself to be insulted. Faculty members of the organization also took up the gauntlet. They appealed to Dr. M. S. Read, President of the University. He investigated, found the Governing Board's action lawful and upheld the expulsion of the two students.

Joel, who is not a member of a fraternity, was then the victim of the wrath of the fraternity brothers of the two men who were expelled. They blamed him for "giving away" their fellow members. Other fraternities took the side of the "insulted" fraternity and conditions were serious until the climax was reached with the "paddling" of Joel.

ARRESTS IN MINGO SHOOTING

Skirmish Between Mine Employes and Strikers Is Traced.

WILLIAMSON, W. Va., Dec. 29.—A skirmish between employes of the Thacker Coal and Coke Company and striking miners living in tents at Thacker, W. Va., Dec. 18, came to light today in a statement from the office of Sheriff Blankenship here that five men had been arrested in connection with the shooting. The men were released on $500 bail each for a preliminary hearing, which has been set for tomorrow.

The men arrested give their iames as Corbet Estep and Elliott Hatfield, employes of the coal company, and Dewey Coppley, Lee Sipples and "Doc" Sloan, striking miners.

Statements of the men conflict as to who started the shooting. Estep and Hatfield say they were fired upon first, and the tent colonists say they were attacked before firing. The Sheriff's reports indicate that no one was wounded in the shooting.

Of the four union mines in the Williamson district three have ceased operations, it was reported at military headquarters. The exception is the Bishop Hatfield Wagon Mine, employing 32 men. The closed mines are that of the Alma Thacker Fuel Company, employing 270 men; the Superior Thacker Mine, with 75 employes, and the P. M. C. Coal Company, employing 75. It is said that lack of orders caused the shut-downs. Military headquarters tonight reported the entire Mingo strike region quiet.

CATHOLIC SCHOOL NEEDS.

Plea for More Teachers Made at Pittsburgh Convention.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 29.—An address and discussion on the subject of "Thought Development versus Memorization" featured the second day's session of the Catholic Educational Association convention here today. Sister Eustachia of the Sisters of Mercy delivered the address. She declared that it was better to develop thought than to memorize. Father Felix of Harminie led the discussion.

Father Phillips of Harrisburg made a plea for additional teachers. He said that, while there were many Catholic girls entering church organizations for charitable work, there was a scarcity of girls inclined to teaching.

WILL QUIT SHIP BOARD.

C. H. Rowell, Recently Named, Will Join California Railway Commission.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Dec. 29.—Chester H. Rowell of Fresno, Cal., recently appointed by President Wilson to be a member of the United States Shipping Board, announced today that he soon would give up his work on that body to become a member of California's State Railway Commission.

ASHURST INVADES WHITEHOUSE ON BILL

Policemen Dazed by Senator's Entrance—Mrs. Wilson Refers Him to Tumulty.

HE SPENDS HOURS ON TRAIL

Learns President Has Not Acted on Mine Extension Measure, Demanded by West.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Pressed by his constituents for information as to the fate of the mine assessment bill sent by Congress to the President Dec. 21, Senator Ashurst, Democrat, of Arizona, spent several hours today trailing the measure through the executive offices, the Interior Department and even the White House itself and found out nothing beyond the fact that the President had not yet signed the bill.

The Senator from Arizona walked into the White House executive offices soon after 1 P. M. and found Mr. Tumulty absent. On being told that the bill was with the President, and having pressed the attachés vainly to tell the President of his desire for a conference, Senator Ashurst walked up the path to the residential section of the White House, declaring that "as an American citizen and a United States Senator" he proposed to obtain information.

At the White House door the Senator was met by an attendant, who led him to a seat within and went to seek Mrs. Wilson. The President had just finished his luncheon and had retired to his study on the second floor. Mrs. Wilson directed the attendant to tell the Senator that he would have to take up his business first with Mr. Tumulty, as the bill had not been received by the President, whereupon Senator Ashurst retired again to the executive offices in pursuit of the bill.

White House policemen, bewildered by the unconventional entrance of Senator Ashurst into the White House, sought information later from headquarters as to how far their jurisdiction extended over a United States Senator, or whether the constitutional immunity of a member of Congress from arrest would protect a Senator from being forcibly refused admittance to the residence of the President.

After waiting for Mr. Tumulty a short time Senator Ashurst left the executive offices for the Interior Department, to which bills relating to mining are generally referred by the President. He had gone only two blocks when the executive offices received word that Mr. Tumulty was returning, and a messenger was sent after the Senator.

Mr. Ashurst retraced his steps and upon Mr. Tumulty's arrival requested a "frank and manly" statement as to the status of the bill. He was informed that everything possible would be done to expedite action on the measure. Senator Ashurst thereupon set out again for the Interior Department in quest of information there.

Secretary Tumulty, during the Senator's absence and upon the return of President Wilson from his daily automobile ride, went to the White House for a conference with the President. Senator Ashurst soon after 6 o'clock visited the executive offices for the fourth time, and said after his visit that he had the promise of an answer by telephone within an hour after Mr. Tumulty had talked with Secretary Payne at Pinehurst, N. C.

Senator Ashurst had received no word at 7:30 o'clock from the executive offices, and told newspaper men that he would wait no longer, as he had an engagement.

After dinner Mr. Tumulty arrived at the executive offices about 9 o'clock, and within half an hour Senator Ashurst stopped in. It was then that the Senator was informed that no action had yet been taken by the President on the bill.

In talking about the bill Senator Ashurst said that claim jumpers were "sitting like black birds on a fence," waiting to jump mining claims at midnight Friday night if the bill was vetoed.

The bill extends for six months the provision of the law requiring $100 worth of work on mining claims before midnight Dec. 31.

It was explained at the executive offices during one of the intervals between the Senator's visits that the President had until midnight of Jan. 4 to sign or veto the bill.

Senator Ashurst, however, declared that for the President to sign the measure after Dec. 31 would be like pardoning a man after he was hanged, since hundreds of Western mine owners would be dispossessed by the claim jumpers.

"To say the least," he added, "protracted and very extensive litigation would ensue should the President fail to sign the bill before Jan. 1."

In addition to Senator Ashurst, Senators Smoot of Utah, Nugent of Idaho, and Pittman of Nevada, and other Western Senators and Representatives called to see Mr. Tumulty during the day to press for action on the bill.

MAY AVERT HARBOR TIE-UP.

Mediators Hope to Bring Employers and Marine Workers Together.

State industrial mediators began efforts yesterday to bring about a compromise in the threatened strike of mediators. It was said that both sides had expressed a willingness to submit their differences. Mediators Colonel Michael J. Regan and John J. Bealin said that they would submit a plan for arbitration to the townboat owners at a meeting today.

The mediators discussed the situation with M. P. Dalzell of the Dalzell Towing Company, a prominent figure in the Towboat Exchange. Afterward they conferred with Captain William Maher, manager of the Masters, Mates and Pilots Association, and Arthur Olsen, Secretary of the Harbor Boatmen's Union, the two organizations which have voted to strike on Saturday morning. Mr. Dalzell and the union leaders are said to be favorably disposed toward arbitration.

Efforts of the mediators to bring about a settlement without tying up the harbor were favorably received by Mr. Olsen, who agreed with Captain Maher that the workers were willing to await the outcome of a settlement. They believe that today will see the beginning of a compromise.

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The Annual Review of The Annalist, Jan. 3, 1921, will contain three important charts—Stock Exchange averages for the last nine years, a bond chart and chart of the food cost of living since 1914. Ten cents a copy at news stands. —Advt.